

Financial Statements
June 30, 2025

**West Cities Police Communications
Joint Powers Authority**

West Cities Police Communications Joint Powers Authority

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June 30, 2025

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors
West Cities Police Communications Joint Powers Authority
Cypress, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund of the West Cities Police Communications Joint Powers Authority (the "Authority"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the general fund of the Authority as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund, and the required pension and other postemployment benefit schedules, as listed on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing

the information for consistency with management’s responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2025, on our consideration of the Authority’s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority’s internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority’s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

The image shows a handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Eide Bailly LLP".

Laguna Hills, California
December 19, 2025

WEST CITIES POLICE COMMUNICATIONS JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2025

The discussion and analysis of the West Cities Police Communications Joint Powers Authority (Authority) financial performance provides an overall review of the Authority's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Authority's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the basic financial statements, as well as the prior year's report for the year ended June 30, 2024, to enhance their understanding of the Authority's financial performance.

The financial section of this report has been prepared to show the results of the financial administration, financial condition, and operations of the Authority. The combined financial statements in this report have been audited by the firm of Eide Bailly LLP, whose opinion is included.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FUND GROUPINGS

The government-wide financial statements are presented on an "*economic resources*" measurement focus and, accordingly, all of the Authority's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets and long-term liabilities, are reflected in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. The government-wide financial statements also are structured to reflect the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on a spending or "*current financial resources*" measurement focus. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenditures) in fund balances. Additionally, the governmental fund statements are also presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to pay for expenditures of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to long-term liabilities are recorded only when payment is due. The Authority maintains funds in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and other rule-making entities.

FINANCIAL DISCUSSION

In the government-wide financial statements, net position of the Authority increased by \$238,306. Net position at June 30, 2025 was comprised of amounts invested in capital assets (\$907,485) which are unavailable to pay for future operations and unrestricted amounts (\$2,237,729) that can be used to pay for future dispatch-related services and capital outlay purchases.

WEST CITIES POLICE COMMUNICATIONS JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2025

Summary of Changes in Net Position
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Revenues		
Program Revenues:		
Capital grants and contributions	\$ 5,337	\$ 1,341
General Revenues:		
Member contributions	3,150,931	3,174,994
Investment earnings	221,918	214,367
Miscellaneous income	167,714	160,191
Total Revenues	<u>3,545,900</u>	<u>3,550,893</u>
Expenses		
Dispatch services	<u>3,307,594</u>	<u>3,238,721</u>
Total Expenses	<u>3,307,594</u>	<u>3,238,721</u>
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	238,306	312,172
Net Position		
Beginning Net Position	2,906,908	2,594,736
Ending Net Position	<u>\$ 3,145,214</u>	<u>\$ 2,906,908</u>

The following impacts contributed to the change in net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025:

- Member contributions account for nearly 89 percent of total revenues and decreased slightly from the prior year. Member contributions are directly determined during the annual budget process, which included higher budgeted investment earnings than the prior year, causing member contribution to go down slightly.
- Total expenses, comprised exclusively of dispatch services, increased modestly (2.1 percent) over the prior year. The increase is primarily attributed to negotiated salary and benefit increases.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the Authority reported an excess of revenues over expenditures of \$443,735. At the end of the current fiscal year, the nonspendable fund balance of the Authority was \$69,317, the committed fund balance was \$1,428,725 (compared to \$1,043,755 at the beginning of the year), the assigned fund balance was \$3,400,000 (compared to \$3,000,000 at the beginning of the year) while total fund balance was \$4,951,490 (compared to \$4,507,755 at the beginning of the year). The total fund balance that is not committed or nonspendable (comprised of assigned and unassigned fund balance amounts) represents 116.8 percent (compared with 105.6 percent from the previous year) of the fund's total current expenditures. The committed fund balance is comprised exclusively of amounts set-aside and accumulated for the future purchase of capital equipment which includes software enhancements and replacements.

WEST CITIES POLICE COMMUNICATIONS JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2025

The assigned fund balance (\$3,400,000) has been accumulated to offset identified liabilities related to employee benefits. These liabilities include unfunded pensions, accrued leave payable and future health benefits provided to retirees.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the Authority's balance of cash and cash equivalents were \$4,985,736, an increase of \$414,329 from the prior fiscal year. Total receivables and prepaid costs at the end of the fiscal year were \$131,226, which is an increase from the prior year total of \$103,277.

Summary of Changes in Fund Balances
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

	2025	2024	Change
Revenues			
Member contributions	\$ 3,150,931	\$ 3,174,994	\$ (24,063)
Intergovernmental	5,337	1,341	3,996
Investment income	221,918	214,367	7,551
Other income	167,714	160,191	7,523
Total Revenues	<u>3,545,900</u>	<u>3,550,893</u>	<u>(4,993)</u>
Expenditures			
Current:			
Dispatch Services	2,956,136	2,904,189	51,947
Capital outlay	210,969	162,775	48,194
Total Expenditures	<u>3,167,105</u>	<u>3,066,964</u>	<u>100,141</u>
Other Financing Sources			
Issuances of leases	10,214	-	10,214
Issuances of subscriptions	54,726	-	54,726
Total Other Financing Sources	<u>64,940</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>64,940</u>
Increase/(decrease) in fund balance	<u>\$ 443,735</u>	<u>\$ 483,929</u>	<u>\$ (40,194)</u>

Total revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 decreased by \$4,993 from the prior year. Individual changes to the Authority's major revenues during the past year are highlighted as follows:

- Annual member contributions are directly tied to budgeted expenditures (less all non-member contribution revenue), and represent the majority of Authority revenues. Member contributions were slightly lower due to budgeting more interest revenues than in the prior year, which fully offset the growth in expenditures caused by negotiated salary and benefit increases.
- Investment income increased due to continuing to receive a higher market interest rates earned on the Authority's cash investments than historically received in the past. Over the last three years, the average yield to maturity on Authority investments has risen from just under one percent to over four percent for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

WEST CITIES POLICE COMMUNICATIONS JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2025

Notable changes in expenditures during the year ended June 30, 2025 follow:

- Personnel costs for the 18 budgeted full-time positions of the Authority comprise the majority of expenditures for dispatch services. There were several full-time vacancies throughout the past year, and overall personnel costs increased modestly from the prior year due to salary savings offsetting negotiated salary and benefit increases.

Authority General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Authority approved three changes to the adopted budget for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. The appropriation increases of \$128,104 were for additional costs related to the purchase of replacement dispatch consoles and replacement computer monitors. The final amended budget totaled \$3,655,097 and actual expenditures were less than this amount.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide residents of the agencies served by the Authority, taxpayers, creditors and investors with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to show the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the West Cities Police Communications Joint Powers Authority, 911 Seal Beach Blvd, Seal Beach, California 90740.

West Cities Police Communications Joint Powers Authority
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2025

	Primary Government Governmental Activities
Assets	
Current assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 4,985,736
Receivables	
Accounts	25,863
Accrued interest	36,046
Prepaid expenses	69,317
Total current assets	5,116,962
Noncurrent assets	
Capital assets, net	946,602
Total assets	6,063,564
Deferred Outflow of Resources	
Pension-related	763,776
OPEB-related	25,021
Total deferred outflow of resources	788,797
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	91,951
Unearned revenue	73,521
Compensated absences	89,508
Lease liability	1,834
Subscription liabilities	15,033
Total OPEB liability	40,000
Total current liabilities	311,847
Noncurrent liabilities	
Compensated absences	268,525
Lease liability	6,868
Subscription liabilities	15,382
Total OPEB liability	606,033
Net pension liability	2,092,495
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,989,303
Total liabilities	3,301,150
Deferred Inflow of Resources	
Pension-related	49,311
OPEB-related	356,686
Total deferred inflow of resources	405,997
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	907,485
Unrestricted	2,237,729
Total net position	\$ 3,145,214

West Cities Police Communications Joint Powers Authority
Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2025

	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Program Revenues Capital Contributions and Operating Grants</u>	<u>Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position</u>
Primary government			
Governmental activities			Governmental Activities
Dispatch services	\$ 3,307,594	\$ 5,337	\$ (3,302,257)
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 3,307,594</u>	<u>\$ 5,337</u>	<u>\$ (3,302,257)</u>
General revenues			
Member contributions			\$ 3,150,931
Investment earnings			221,918
Miscellaneous income			<u>167,714</u>
Total general revenues			<u>3,540,563</u>
Change in Net Position			238,306
Net Position at Beginning of Year			<u>2,906,908</u>
Net Position at End of Year			<u>\$ 3,145,214</u>

West Cities Police Communications Joint Powers Authority

Balance Sheet –
Governmental Fund
June 30, 2025

	General Fund
Assets	
Cash and investments held by the City of Cypress	\$ 4,985,736
Receivables	
Accounts	25,863
Accrued interest	36,046
Prepaid costs	69,317
Total assets	\$ 5,116,962
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$ 91,951
Unearned revenues	73,521
Total liabilities	165,472
Fund Balances	
Nonspendable	
Prepaid costs	69,317
Committed	
Future capital replacement	1,428,725
Assigned	
Employee benefits	3,400,000
Unassigned	53,448
Total fund balances	4,951,490
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 5,116,962

West Cities Police Communications Joint Powers Authority
 Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Fund
 to the Statement of Net Position
 June 30, 2025

Fund balances of governmental funds		\$ 4,951,490
<p>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:</p>		
<p>Capital assets used in governmental funds are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet:</p>		
Capital assets, net	\$ 893,293	
Lease assets, net	8,627	
Subscription assets, net	<u>44,682</u>	946,602
<p>Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities consist of the following:</p>		
Compensated Absences	(358,033)	
Lease liability	(8,702)	
Subscription liability	<u>(30,415)</u>	(397,150)
<p>Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefit related debt applicable to the Agency's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are only reported in the Statement of Net Position as the changes in these amounts effects only the government-wide statements for governmental activities:</p>		
Deferred outflows of resources - pension-related		763,776
Deferred inflows of resources - pension-related		(49,311)
Net pension liability		(2,092,495)
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB related		25,021
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB-related		(356,686)
Total OPEB liability		<u>(646,033)</u>
Net position of Governmental Activities		<u><u>\$ 3,145,214</u></u>

West Cities Police Communications Joint Powers Authority
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –
Governmental Fund
Year Ended June 30, 2025

	General Fund
Revenues	
Member contributions	\$ 3,150,931
Intergovernmental	5,337
Investment income	221,918
Other income	167,714
Total revenues	3,545,900
Expenditures	
Current	
Dispatch services	2,956,137
Capital outlay	210,968
Total expenditures	3,167,105
Excess of Revenues Over/Under Expenditures	378,795
Other Financing Sources	
Issuances of leases	10,214
Issuances of subscriptions	54,726
Total other financing sources	64,940
Net Change in Fund Balances	443,735
Fund Balance - Beginning	4,507,755
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 4,951,490

West Cities Police Communications Joint Powers Authority
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
of the Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2025

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	443,735
<p>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:</p>		
<p>Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.</p>		
Capital outlay	\$ 210,968	
Depreciation and amortization	<u>(130,440)</u>	80,528
<p>Compensated absences reported on the Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The net change is reported on the Statement of Activities.</p>		
		(46,400)
<p>OPEB expenditures reported on the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the net change in Retirees' Health Benefit for the current period.</p>		
		(30,751)
<p>Pension expense reported in the governmental funds includes the annual required contributions. In the Statement of Activities, pension expense includes the change in the net pension liability, and related change in pension amounts for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.</p>		
		(169,689)
<p>Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position</p>		
Principal payments - leases	1,512	
Principal payments - subscriptions	24,311	
Issuance of leases	(10,214)	
Issuance of subscriptions	<u>(54,726)</u>	<u>(39,117)</u>
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	<u><u>238,306</u></u>

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**A. Description of Reporting Entity**

The West Cities Police Communications Joint Powers Authority (the Authority) was formed on December 23, 1996 pursuant to the provisions of Section 6500 of Article 1, Chapter 5, Division 7, Title 1 of the Government Code of the State of California relating to the joint exercise of powers common to public agencies. The purpose of the Authority is to provide police dispatching services for the member agencies including the City of Cypress, the City of Los Alamitos, and the City of Seal Beach. The Authority also has a contract in place to serve the Orange County Park Rangers who operate the regional recreational facilities and manage the historical and natural resources in Orange County. The Authority is governed by a three-member Board of Directors with each member City having one City Council member sit on the Board.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the Authority are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity with its own self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses. These funds are established for the purpose of carrying out specific activities or certain objectives in accordance with specific regulations, restrictions or limitations. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Authority's Government-Wide Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of Governmental Activities for the Authority.

The basic financial statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the "accrual basis of accounting". Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Under the "economic resources" measurement focus, all of the Authority's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Under the "accrual basis of accounting", revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. The Authority's program revenues include State reimbursements.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balance as presented in these statements to the net position presented in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period.

Revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual (collected within 60 days after year-end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the Authority, are member contributions and earnings on investments. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related liability is incurred.

The reconciliations of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements are provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34.

C. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The Authority's cash and investments are pooled with the City of Cypress (the City) to maximize the yield.

The City pools its available cash for investment purposes. The City considers pooled cash and investment amounts, with original maturities of three months or less, to be cash equivalents.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Investments that are not traded on a market, such as investments in external pools, are valued based on the stated fair value represented by the external pool.

The City participates in an investment pool managed by the State of California titled Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), which has invested a portion of the pooled funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. LAIF's investments are subject to credit risk with the full faith and credit of the State of California collateralizing these investments. In addition, these Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities are subject to market risk due to changes in interest rates.

Refer to the City of Cypress's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the full cash and investment policies available on the City's website at <https://www.cypressca.org/home>.

D. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include machinery and equipment (radios, computers, etc.) and buildings and improvements, are reported in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Capital assets are defined by the Authority as all buildings, computers and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and improvements with costs of more than \$10,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed (except for subscription-based information technology arrangements (subscription assets) and lease assets, the measurement of which is discussed in note 1.N and 1.O, respectively, below). Donated or annexed capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation or annexation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Depreciation and amortization is recorded in the Government-Wide Financial Statements on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets as follows

Capital Asset Classes	Lives
Building and improvements	15 to 40 years
Furniture and equipment	5 to 15 years
Subscriptions/Leases	Lesser of cancellable term or 5 to 10 years

E. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and the governmental fund balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The Authority has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category and that are reported in the statement of net position:

- Deferred outflow related to pensions that is equal to employer contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability.
- Deferred outflow related to pensions are amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining services lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the Plan, except for deferred outflows relating to the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, which is amortized straight line over 5 years.
- Deferred outflow related to other post-employment benefits that is equal to employer contributions made after the measurement date of the total other post-employment benefits liability.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the governmental fund balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Authority has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category and that are reported in the statement of net position:

- Deferred inflows from pensions are amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining services lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the Plan, except for deferred inflows relating to the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, which is amortized straight line over 5 years.
- Gains and losses related to changes in Total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The recognition period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss.

F. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the Authority may fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the Authority's general practice to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted- net position is applied.

G. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund.

Since unexpended and encumbered appropriations of the governmental funds automatically lapse at the end of the fiscal year, they are not included in reported expenditures and the authorization for expenditure must be re-established through inclusion in the subsequent year's appropriation.

H. Net Position

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, net position may be classified in the following categories:

- Net investment in Capital Assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation/amortization.
- Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

I. Fund Balances

In the Governmental Fund Financial Statements, fund balances are classified in the following categories:

- Nonspendable fund balance represents amounts that are either not in a spendable form or are legally or contractually required to remain intact.
- Restricted fund balance includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers such as grantors or enabling federal, state, or local legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers.
- Committed fund balance represents amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by of the adoption of an ordinance committing fund balance for a specified purpose by the Authority's Board prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until the resources have been spent for the specified purpose or the Board adopts another ordinance to remove or revise the limitation.
- Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are intended to be used by the Authority for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board has by resolution authorized the finance director to assign fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance, as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.
- Unassigned fund balance represents the residual amount for the general fund that is not contained in the other classifications. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Additionally, any deficit fund balance within the other governmental fund types is reported as unassigned.

J. Spending Policy

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which all restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are available, the Authority's policy is to apply in the following order:

- Restricted
- Committed
- Assigned
- Unassigned

K. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Authority's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

L. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the Total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and the OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2024
Measurement Date	June 30, 2025
Measurement Period	July 1, 2024 to June 30, 2025

M. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. In addition, estimates affect the reported amount of expenses. Actual results could differ from these estimates and assumptions.

N. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

The Authority is a subscriber for noncancellable subscriptions of information technology services. The Authority recognizes a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription assets (subscription asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The Authority recognized subscription liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$1,000 or more.

At the commencement of a subscription, the Authority initially measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of subscription payments made. The subscription asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, adjusted for subscription payments made at or before the subscription commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs, if applicable. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. Key estimates and judgments related to subscription include how the Authority determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected subscription payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) subscription payments.

The Authority uses the interest rate charged by the vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the vendor is not provided, the Authority generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for subscriptions.

The subscriptions term includes the noncancellable period of the subscription. Subscription payments included in the measurement of the subscription liability are composed of fixed payments that the Authority is reasonably certain to exercise.

The Authority monitors changes in circumstances that would require a measurement of its subscriptions and will remeasure the subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the subscription liability.

O. Leases

The Authority recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The Authority recognized lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$1,000 or more.

At the commencement of the lease, the Authority initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs, if applicable. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the Authority determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

The Authority uses the interest rate charged by the vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the vendor is not provided, the Authority generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments that the Authority is reasonably certain to exercise.

The Authority monitors changes in circumstances that would require a measurement of its leases and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

P. Adoption of New Standard

As of June 30, 2025, the Authority adopted GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The provisions of this standard modernize the types of leave that are considered a compensated absence and provides guidance for a consistent recognition and measurement of the compensated absence liability. There was not a significant effect on the Authority's financial statements as a result of the implementation of this standard.

West Cities Police Communications Joint Powers Authority

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

Note 2 - Cash and Investments

The Authority's cash and investments are pooled with the City of Cypress (the City). The Authority does not own specifically identifiable securities in the City's pool. Investment income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated quarterly to the various funds based on the average cash balance in each fund. At June 30, 2025, the cash and investments balance of the Authority was as follows:

	Government- Wide Statement of Net Position Governmental Activities
Cash and investments held by the City of Cypress	\$ 4,985,736

Authorized Investments

Under provision of the City's annually adopted investment policy, and in accordance with Section 53601 of the California Government Code, the City may deposit and invest in the following:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
United States Treasury Bills and Notes	5 years	None	N/A
Federal Agency Issues	5 years	None	N/A
Certificates of Deposit (or Time Deposits) placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies	1 year	25%	N/A
Bankers' Acceptances	180 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	25%	10%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Local Agency Investment Fund	None	75 million*	N/A
Investment Trust of California (CalTRUST)	None	50 million*	N/A
Passbook Savings Account demand deposits	5 years	None	N/A
Medium- term Notes	5 years	25%	N/A
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%

* Separate limit for City and Cypress Park and Recreation District

N/A - Not Applicable

Deposits and Risks

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loans associations to secure a City's deposit by pledging government securities with a value of 110% of a City's deposits, or by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a total value of 150% of the City's total deposits.

Interest Rate Risk - As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy provides that final maturities of securities cannot exceed five years. At June 30, 2025, approximately 100% of the Authority's entire pooled cash and cash equivalents had a maturity of less than one year.

Investment Type	Remaining Maturity (in Months) 12 Months or Less
City of Cypress investment pool	\$ 4,985,736

Credit Risk - State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). It is the City's practice to limit its investments in these investment types to the top rating issued by NRSROs, including raters Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service. The California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) is not rated but has a separate investment policy governed by Government Code Sections 16480-16481.2 that provides credit standards for its investments.

Custodial Credit Risk - The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. All securities owned by the City with the exception of LAIF and CalTRUST are deposited in trust for safekeeping with a custodial bank. Securities are not held in broker accounts. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: California Government Code requires a financial institution to secure deposits made by local governments by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The fair value of pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the governments. The investment in a Repurchase Agreement is uninsured with the collateral for the repurchase agreement held in the name of the bank but not the name of the City. For investments identified herein as held by a fiscal agent, the trustee selects the investment under the terms of the applicable trust agreement, acquires the investment, and holds the investment on behalf of the City.

External Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in LAIF, which is an external investment pool regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California through which local governments may pool investments. The City may invest up to \$75,000,000 in the fund. Investments in LAIF are considered highly liquid, as deposits can be converted to cash within 24 hours without loss of interest.

The City values its investments in LAIF at the fair value provided by LAIF. At June 30, 2025, the factor used was 1.01198310. The City's investment with LAIF includes a portion of pool funds invested in structured notes and asset-backed securities. At June 30, 2025, the City invested in LAIF, which had invested 3.81% of the pool's funds in structured notes and asset-backed securities.

Fair Value Measurements

The Authority categorizes its fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the relative inputs used to measure the fair value of the investments. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The Authority's investment in the City of Cypress investment pool is not subject to the fair value hierarchy.

West Cities Police Communications Joint Powers Authority
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2025

Note 3 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of capital assets for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2025:

	Balance at July 1, 2024	Additions	Deletions	Transfer	Balance at June 30, 2025
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized					
Construction-in-progress	\$ 39,439	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (39,439)	\$ -
Total capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	<u>39,439</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(39,439)</u>	<u>-</u>
Capital assets, being Depreciated/Amortized					
Buildings and improvements	177,587	-	-	-	177,587
Equipment	2,572,477	146,028	-	39,439	2,757,944
Furniture	58,152	-	-	-	58,152
Subscription assets	27,849	54,726	(27,849)	-	54,726
Lease assets	-	10,214	-	-	10,214
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	<u>2,836,065</u>	<u>210,968</u>	<u>(27,849)</u>	<u>39,439</u>	<u>3,058,623</u>
Less accumulated depreciation/ amortization					
Buildings and improvements	(177,586)	-	-	-	(177,586)
Equipment	(1,776,003)	(111,847)	-	-	(1,887,850)
Furniture	(34,954)	-	-	-	(34,954)
Subscription assets	(20,887)	(17,006)	27,849	-	(10,044)
Lease assets	-	(1,587)	-	-	(1,587)
Total accumulated depreciation/ amortization	<u>(2,009,430)</u>	<u>(130,440)</u>	<u>27,849</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(2,112,021)</u>
Total governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 866,074</u>	<u>\$ 80,528</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 946,602</u>

Depreciation and amortization expense for capital assets in the amount of \$130,440 is charged to dispatch services for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Note 4 - Subscription-Based Technology Arrangements

As of June 30, 2025, the Authority had five active subscriptions. The subscriptions have payments that range from \$0 to \$15,739 and interest rates that range from 2.321% to 2.999%. As of June 30, 2025, the total combined value of the subscription liability is \$30,415. The combined value of the right to use asset, as of June 30, 2025, of \$54,726 with accumulated amortization of \$10,044 is included within the Subscription assets shown in Note 3.

	Balance at July 1, 2024	Additions	Reduction	Balance at June 30, 2025	Due within One Year
Software subscriptions	\$ -	\$ 54,726	\$ 24,311	\$ 30,415	\$ 15,033

West Cities Police Communications Joint Powers Authority

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

Note 5 - Leases

As of June 30, 2025, the Authority has one active lease. The lease has annual payments of \$1,725 and an implicit interest rate of 2.9990%. As of June 30, 2025, the total combined value of the lease liability is \$8,702, the total combined value of the short-term lease liability is \$1,834. The combined value of the right to use asset, as of June 30, 2025, of \$10,214 with accumulated amortization of \$1,587 is included within the Lease assets shown in Note 3.

	Balance at July 1, 2024	Additions	Reduction	Balance at June 30, 2025	Due within One Year
Lease liability	\$ -	\$ 10,214	\$ 1,512	\$ 8,702	\$ 1,834

Note 6 - Compensated Absences

Compensated absences represents the estimated liability for all vacation, compensatory time, and 50% of the sick leave, as noted below, for all employees of the Authority.

	Balance at July 1, 2024	Net Change	Balance at June 30, 2025	Due within One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 311,632	\$ 46,400	\$ 358,032	\$ 89,508

Permanent employees may accumulate sick leave with no limitation as to the number of hours of accumulation. However, vacation leave is limited to a maximum accrual of 320 hours. Employees who are terminated for any reason are paid for 100% of their accumulated vacation pay. Employees, terminated for any reason, with 5 years of service and having 60 days or more of accumulated sick leave (equal to 480 hours), will be paid for 50% of their accumulated sick leave. Employees, terminated for any reason, with 5 years of service and having between 240 hours and 480 hours, will be paid for 50% of their accumulated leave for their hours only in excess of 240 hours. All other terminated employees will not be paid for their accumulated sick leave.

Note 7 - Pension Plan – Public Employees’ Retirement System (Calpers)

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Authority's 2% at 55 (Tier I) and 2% at 62 (PEPRA) Miscellaneous Employee Pension Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and Authority resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension Plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

West Cities Police Communications Joint Powers Authority

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 to 62 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-industrial disability benefits after five (5) years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plan's provisions and benefits in effect at the June 30, 2025, reporting date, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous	
	Prior to January 1, 2023	On or After January 1, 2013
Hire date	2% @ 55	2% @ 62
Benefit formula	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit vesting schedule	monthly for life	monthly for life
Benefit payments	50-63	52-67
Retirement age	7.00%	8.25%
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	13.26% + 121,241	8.00%
Required employee contribution rates		
Required employer contribution rates		

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The Authority is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contribution requirements are classified as plan member contributions. Plan contributions for the year equaled \$340,807.

West Cities Police Communications Joint Powers Authority

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2025, the Authority reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as follows:

	Net Pension Liability
Miscellaneous Plan - Cost-sharing	\$ 2,092,495
Total pension plans	\$ 2,092,495

The Authority's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. The Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Authority's long-term share of contributions to the pension Plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

The Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2024 and 2025 was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2024 (measured June 30, 2023)	0.042910%
Proportion - June 30, 2025 (measured June 30, 2024)	0.043260%
Change	0.000350%

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$510,493. At June 30, 2025, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 340,807	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	53,781	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	180,915	(7,060)
Adjustments due to differences in proportions	67,811	-
Differences in proportionate share	-	(42,251)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	120,462	-
Total	\$ 763,776	\$ (49,311)

West Cities Police Communications Joint Powers Authority

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

The \$340,807 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Fiscal year ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2026	\$ 136,930
2027	275,936
2028	2,073
2029	(41,281)
Total	\$ 373,658

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2023
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Actuarial Assumptions	
Discount Rate	6.90%
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases	Varies by entry age and service
Mortality Rate Table ⁽¹⁾	Derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	The lesser of contract COLA up to 2.30% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance floor on purchasing power applies, 2.30% thereafter

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 2001 to 2019. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include generational mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from November 2021 that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Expected Average Remaining Service Lifetime (EARSL)

The EARSL for the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Plan (PERF C) for measurement date ending June 30, 2024, is 3.8 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 630,177 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 166,163 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired) in the PERF C. Inactive employees and retirees have remaining service lifetimes equal to 0. Total future service is based on the members' probability of decrementing due to an event other than receiving a cash refund.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90% for the Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for the plan, CalPERS stress tested Plan that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing of the Plan, the tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 6.90% discount rate is appropriate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 6.90% is applied to all Plan in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained from the CalPERS website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated and, combined with risk estimates, are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return.

West Cities Police Communications Joint Powers Authority

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as followed:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return ^{1,2}
Global equity-cap-weighted	30.00%	4.54%
Global equity-non-cap-weighted	12.00%	3.84%
Private equity	13.00%	7.28%
Treasury	5.00%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed securities	5.00%	0.50%
Investment grade corporates	10.00%	1.56%
High yield	5.00%	2.27%
Emerging market debt	5.00%	2.48%
Private debt	5.00%	3.57%
Real assets	15.00%	3.21%
Leverage	-5.00%	-0.59%

¹ An expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period.

² Figures are based on the 2021 Asset Liability Management study.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Discount Rate -1 Percent 5.90%	Current Discount Rate 6.90%	Discount Rate +1 Percent 7.90%
Proportionate share of net pension liability/(asset)	<u>\$ 3,579,598</u>	<u>\$ 2,092,495</u>	<u>\$ 868,390</u>

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Note 8 - Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Obligations

Plan Description - The Authority provides medical benefits to eligible retirees through the CalPERS healthcare program entitled Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA) as a part of the Authority's agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The Authority pays the PEMHCA minimum amount (\$157 per month for 2024 and \$158 for 2025) for all eligible retirees who choose to continue with their coverage through PEMHCA. All eligible employees become participants in PEMHCA on their date of hire.

In addition to the PEMHCA minimum amount, certain members of the retiree group with at least 10 years of continuous service receive supplemental retiree health benefits directly from the Authority. The benefits are based on negotiated memorandums of understanding with the employee association. The Authority provides a monthly contribution up to \$200 based on years of continuous service and employee classification, which can be used by the retiree to either continue their health care benefits as may be available under the Authority's current health care contract through PEMHCA or to use the monthly contribution amount to purchase alternative health care benefits. The Authority's supplemental contribution plan is a single-employer plan and terminates for retirees on the date the retiree reaches age 65 or becomes Medicare eligible, whichever comes first.

As of June 30, 2025, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, the Authority's plan has 18 active employees.

Employees Covered - Plan membership, at June 30, 2025, consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries	1
Active plan members	18
Total	19

Funding Policy - The contribution for PEMHCA is established and amended by CalPERS. The Authority pays the monthly contribution for all employees and retirees. The contribution requirements for the Supplemental Post-Employment Health care plan are established and amended by the Authority. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements.

Total OPEB Liability

The Authority's Total OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2025, and the Total OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2025. Standard actuarial update procedures were used to project/discount from valuation to measurement dates.

Actuarial assumptions. The Total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age, Level Percent of Pay
Amortization Valuation	20-year amortization (as a level percent of pay)
Asset Valuation Method	Market value
Inflation	2.50%
Payroll Growth	2.75%
Healthcare cost- trend rates	7.50% for 2025 decreasing to 5.80% for 2029, 5.50% for 2030-2034, 4.70% for 2035-2044, 4.60% for 2045-2054, 4.50% for 2055-2074, and 4.00% for 2075 and later years; Medicare ages: 5.50% for 2025, 5.00% for 2026, 4.75% for 2027, 4.50% for 2028-2074, and 4.00% for 2075 and later years.
Retirement Age	The Authority offers the same plans to its retirees as to its active employees, with the general exception that upon reaching age 65 and becoming eligible for Medicare, the retiree must join one of the Medicare Supplement coverages offered under PEMHCA.
Preretirement Mortality	Pre- retirement mortality rates for Public Agency Miscellaneous from CalPERS Experienced Study (2000-2019).
Postretirement Mortality	Post- retirement mortality rates for Public Agency Miscellaneous from CalPERS Experienced Study (2000-2019).

Discount Rate

GASB 75 requires a discount rate that reflects the following:

- a) The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments – to the extent that the OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position (if any) is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments and assets are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve that return;
- b) A yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher – to the extent that the conditions in (a) are not met.
- c) The current discount rate is 5.20% based on the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO bond index, which is an increase from the previous discount rate of 3.97% which was based on the Fidelity GO AA 20 year bond index.

West Cities Police Communications Joint Powers Authority

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

The changes in the Total OPEB liability for the Plan are as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ 626,615
Changes recognized for the measurement period:	
Service cost	37,072
Interest on total OPEB liability	26,285
Difference between expected and actual	(1,800)
Changes of assumptions	(38,912)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(3,227)
Net changes	19,418
Balance at June 30, 2025	\$ 646,033

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (4.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.20 percent) than the current discount rate:

	Discount Rate -1 Percent 4.20%	Current Discount Rate 5.20%	Discount Rate +1 Percent 6.20%
Total OPEB liability/(asset)	\$ 724,402	\$ 646,033	\$ 579,112

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (5.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.00 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	HC Cost Trend Rate -1 Percent 5.00%	Current HC Cost Trend Rate 6.00%	HC Cost Trend Rate +1 Percent 7.00%
Total OPEB liability/(asset)	\$ 565,007	\$ 646,033	\$ 745,381

West Cities Police Communications Joint Powers Authority

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the Authority recognized OPEB expense of \$33,978. As of fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes of assumptions	\$ 25,021	\$ (285,860)
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	(70,826)
Total	\$ 25,021	\$ (356,686)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal year ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2026	\$ (26,596)
2027	(47,404)
2028	(48,132)
2029	(48,132)
2030	(48,132)
Thereafter	(113,269)
Total	\$ (331,665)

Note 9 - Commitments and Contingencies

The Authority may be a defendant in certain other legal actions arising in the normal course of operations. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, any liability resulting from these actions will not result in a material adverse effect on the Authority's financial position.

As of June 30, 2025, in the opinion of Authority management, there were no outstanding matters that would have a significant effect on the financial position of the funds of the Authority.

Note 10 - Risk Management**Description of Self-insurance Pool Pursuant to Joint Powers Agreement**

The West Cities Police Communications Center is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (CJPIA). CJPIA is composed of 126 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq. The purpose of CJPIA is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. The California JPIA began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee.

Self-insurance Programs of the CJPIA

Each member pays an annual contribution at the beginning of the coverage period. The total funding requirement for primary self-insurance programs is based on an actuarial analysis. Costs are allocated to individual agencies based on payroll and claims history, relative to other members of the risk-sharing pool.

Primary Liability Program

Claims are pooled separately between police and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$100,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$100,000 to \$500,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs from \$500,000 to \$50 million, are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers.

The overall coverage limit for each member, including all layers of coverage, is \$50 million per occurrence. Subsidence losses also have a \$50 million per occurrence limit. The coverage structure is composed of a combination of pooled self-insurance, reinsurance, and excess insurance. Additional information concerning the coverage structure is available on CJPIA's website: <https://cjpia.org/coverage/risk-sharing-pools/>.

Purchased Insurance**Property Insurance**

The West Cities Police Communications Center participates in the all-risk property protection program of the CJPIA. This insurance protection is underwritten by several insurance companies. West Cities Police Communications Center property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by the West Cities Police Communications Center to CJPIA. West Cities Police Communications Center property currently has all-risk property insurance protection in the amount of \$963,812. There is a \$10,000 deductible per occurrence except for non-emergency vehicle insurance which has a \$2,500 deductible.

Adequacy of Protection

During the past three fiscal years, none of the above programs of protection experienced settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There were also no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage in 2024-25.

Required Supplementary Information
June 30, 2025

**West Cities Police Communications
Joint Powers Authority**

West Cities Police Communications Joint Powers Authority
 Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
 Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan
 Last Ten Years

	2025	2024*	2023*	2022*	2021*	2020*	2019*	2018*	2017*	2016*
<u>Miscellaneous Plan</u>										
Plan's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.04326%	0.04429%	0.04266%	0.04036%	0.03974%	0.03795%	0.03509%	0.03461%	0.03389%	0.01362%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,092,495	\$ 2,145,682	\$ 1,915,659	\$ 694,093	\$ 1,588,049	\$ 1,445,616	\$ 1,317,192	\$ 1,364,200	\$ 1,178,390	\$ 935,168
Plan's Covered Payroll	\$ 1,610,893	\$ 1,419,500	\$ 1,403,238	\$ 1,483,000	\$ 1,594,000	\$ 1,639,000	\$ 1,647,230	\$ 1,475,771	\$ 1,398,850	\$ 1,321,136
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll	129.90%	151.16%	136.52%	46.80%	99.63%	88.20%	79.96%	92.44%	84.24%	70.79%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability	78.1%	76.2%	76.7%	82.1%	71.4%	72.5%	73.4%	72.7%	73.9%	79.0%

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes:

*RSI was restated to conform with current presentation

There were no changes to benefit terms.

Changes of Assumptions:

There were no assumption changes in 2024. Effective with the June 30, 2021 valuation date (2022 measurement date), the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.15% to 6.90%. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated, combined with risk estimates, and are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. In addition, demographic assumptions and the inflation rate assumption were changed in accordance with the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions.

West Cities Police Communications Joint Powers Authority
Schedule of Contributions
Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan
Last Ten Years

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
<u>Miscellaneous Plan</u>										
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 340,807	\$ 310,943	\$ 316,981	\$ 297,318	\$ 290,063	\$ 273,487	\$ 252,442	\$ 230,706	\$ 202,797	\$ 129,952
Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	<u>(340,807)</u>	<u>(310,943)</u>	<u>(316,981)</u>	<u>(297,318)</u>	<u>(290,063)</u>	<u>(273,487)</u>	<u>(252,442)</u>	<u>(230,706)</u>	<u>(202,797)</u>	<u>(129,952)</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>									
Covered Payroll	1,583,035	1,610,893	1,419,500	1,403,238	1,483,000	1,594,000	1,639,000	1,647,230	1,475,771	1,398,850
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	21.53%	19.30%	22.33%	21.19%	19.56%	17.16%	15.40%	14.01%	13.74%	9.29%

Note to Schedule:

Valuation Date:

June 30, 2024

Methods and assumptions used

to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method

Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Amortization method/period

Direct Rate Smoothing

Asset valuation method

Market value

Discount rate

6.90%

Inflation

2.30%

Salary increases

Varies by entry age and services

Mortality rate table

Derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds

Post-retirement benefit increase

The lesser of contract COLA or 2.30% until purchasing power protection allowance floor on purchasing power applies, 2.30% thereafter

West Cities Police Communications Joint Powers Authority
Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Last Ten Years (1)

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability								
Service cost	\$ 37,072	\$ 31,429	\$ 31,696	\$ 44,864	\$ 73,666	\$ 71,520	\$ 50,225	\$ 51,790
Interest on the total OPEB liability	26,285	23,633	22,741	15,522	20,004	18,801	23,363	20,030
Actual and expected experience difference	(1,800)	-	(76,063)	-	(20,449)	(13,883)	(1,733)	-
Changes in assumptions	(38,912)	(8,586)	(7,266)	(145,566)	(250,395)	135,913	39,477	(26,496)
Benefit payments	(3,227)	(1,364)	(622)	-	-	-	-	(483)
Net change in total OPEB liability	19,418	45,112	(29,514)	(85,180)	(177,174)	212,351	111,332	44,841
Total OPEB liability - beginning	626,615	581,503	611,017	696,197	873,371	661,020	549,688	504,847
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	646,033	626,615	581,503	611,017	696,197	873,371	661,020	549,688
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contribution - employer	678	622	622	-	-	-	-	(483)
Benefit payments	(678)	(622)	(622)	-	-	-	-	483
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total OPEB Liability/(Assets) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 646,033	\$ 626,615	\$ 581,503	\$ 611,017	\$ 696,197	\$ 873,371	\$ 661,020	\$ 549,688
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered-employee payroll	1,973,251	2,077,501	1,832,657	1,767,116	1,645,026	1,665,073	1,645,733	1,661,400
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	32.74%	30.16%	31.73%	34.58%	42.32%	52.45%	40.17%	33.09%

(1) Historical information is required only for the measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2018 was the first year of implementation. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

Notes to Schedule: The Authority does not make contributions to a qualifying trust to pay for future benefits; as such, no fiduciary net position is reported.

Changes in assumptions: The discount rate which is based on the Bond Buyer 20-year bond changed as follows:

- Fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 - The discount rate increased from 3.97% to 5.20%
- Fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 - The discount rate was increased from 3.86% to 3.97%
- Fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 - The discount rate was increased from 3.54% to 3.86%
- Fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 - The discount rate was increased from 2.16% to 3.54%
- Fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 - The discount rate was decreased from 2.20% to 2.16%
- Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 - The discount rate was decreased from 3.50% to 2.20%
- Fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 - The discount rate was decreased from 3.90% to 3.50%

West Cities Police Communications Joint Powers Authority
 Budgetary Comparison Schedule -
 General Fund
 Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Budget Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Member contributions	\$ 3,150,931	\$ 3,150,931	\$ 3,150,931	\$ -
Intergovernmental	22,288	22,288	5,337	(16,951)
Investment income	160,000	160,000	221,918	61,918
Other income	167,714	167,714	167,714	-
Total revenues	<u>3,500,933</u>	<u>3,500,933</u>	<u>3,545,900</u>	<u>44,967</u>
Expenditures				
Current:				
Dispatch services	3,329,993	3,329,933	2,956,137	373,796
Capital outlay	197,000	325,164	210,968	114,196
Total expenditures	<u>3,526,993</u>	<u>3,655,097</u>	<u>3,167,105</u>	<u>487,992</u>
Excess of Revenues over Under Expenditures	(26,060)	(154,164)	378,795	532,959
Other Financing Sources				
Issuance of leases	-	-	10,214	(10,214)
Issuance of subscriptions	-	-	54,726	(54,726)
Total other financing sources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>64,940</u>	<u>(64,940)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	(26,060)	(154,164)	443,735	597,899
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>4,507,755</u>	<u>4,507,755</u>	<u>4,507,755</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$ 4,481,695</u>	<u>\$ 4,353,591</u>	<u>\$ 4,951,490</u>	<u>\$ 597,899</u>

Note 1 - Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental funds. The Authority follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements: After January 1, the Treasurer and Dispatch Administrator prepare estimates for required appropriations for the fiscal year commencing on the following July 1. The proposed budget includes estimated expenditures and forecasted revenues for the fiscal year. The data is presented to the Administrative Oversight Staff for review. Prior to June 1, the Dispatch Administrator submits to the Authority Board, a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on the following July 1. The operating budget includes a summary of the proposed expenditures and financial resources of the Authority, as well as historical data for the prior fiscal period. Prior-year operating appropriations lapse unless they are re-appropriated through the Authority Board for approval. Encumbered appropriations from the previous year are not included in the adopted budget for the current year. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through approval of the Board.

The Dispatch Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the department and capital outlay may be transferred between accounts. Additional appropriations of fund balances may be made only if authorized by the Authority Board. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the fiscal year for governmental fund types. The Authority maintains legally adopted budgets for all governmental funds. The budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgeted amounts presented are as originally adopted or as amended (if applicable) by the Authority Board.



Independent Auditor’s Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Directors
West Cities Police Communications Joint Powers Authority
Cypress, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and general fund information of the West Cities Police Communications Joint Powers Authority (the “Authority”), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority’s basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority’s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority’s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority’s internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity’s financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Eide Sully LLP".

Laguna Hills, California
December 19, 2025