CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY

(a Component Unit of the County of Orange, California)

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Prepared by:

Michael Garcell, CPA (inactive)

Director of Finance

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page(s)
INTRODUCTORY SECTION:	
Letter of Transmittal.	i
Board of Commissioners.	iv
Organization Chart	v
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	vi
FINANCIAL SECTION:	
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)	5
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position.	17
Statement of Activities	18
Governmental Fund Balance Sheet.	19
Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet	
to the Statement of Net Position	20
Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance.	21
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balance of the Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities	22
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	
Budget and Actual	23
Notes to Basic Financial Statements.	24
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	48
Schedule of Commission Contributions - Pension	49
Schedule of Changes in Commission Net OPEB Liabilities	50
Schedule of Commission Contributions – OPEB	51
Supplementary Information	
Schedule of First 5 California Funding	53

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

STATISTICAL SECTION:	
Financial Trends	
Net Position by Component.	
Changes in Net Position.	
Fund Balances – General Fund.	
Changes in Fund Balance – General Fund	
Revenue Capacity	
First 5 California County Tax Revenue Capacity	
State of California - Cigarette Taxes and Other Tobacco Products Surtax Revenue	
State of California – Cigarette Distributions and Per Capita Consumption	
Debt Capacity	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	
Demographic Information	
Demographic Data	
Live Births, California Counties	
Children's Score Card Orange County	
Operating Information	
Capital Asset Statistics	
Principal Employers	
Employees by Function	
COMPLIANCE REPORT:	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters based on an Audit of Financial Statement Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	S
Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance	



November 21, 2022

Board of Commissioners First 5 Orange County Children and Families Commission of Orange County 1505 East 17th Street, Suite 230 Santa Ana, CA 92705

Dear Commissioners,

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the Children and Families Commission of Orange County (the Commission) is hereby submitted. This report contains financial statements that have been prepared in conformity with United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) prescribed for governmental entities. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Commission. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material aspects and is reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and changes to the financial position of the Children and Families Commission of Orange County. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Commission's financial activities have been included.

The ACFR has been audited by the independent certified public accounting firm of Eide Bailly, LLP. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements of the Commission for the year ended June 30, 2022, are free of material misstatement. The independent certified public accounting firm has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the Commission's financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

This letter of transmittal is designed to complement and should be read in conjunction with the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that immediately follows the independent auditor's report. The MD&A provides a narrative introduction, overview, and an analysis of the basic financial statements.

Profile of the Commission

The Commission was established by the Orange County Board of Supervisors in September 1999 following the passage of Proposition 10, through which California voters made an unprecedented investment in early childhood development. The Commission's activities have been built to develop, adopt, promote and implement programs to support early childhood development. Since inception, the Commission has made a lasting positive impact in Orange County through its expenditures of approximately \$858 million toward grants, programs and operations that improve the well-being of young children and families in Orange County.

Relevant Financial Policies

Financial Plan

In April 2022, the Board of Commissioners reviewed the updated Long-Term Financial Plan (LTFP). The LTFP, which is reviewed annually to incorporate the prior year-end financials as well as updated revenue projections and continues to anticipate annual decreases in Proposition 10 tobacco tax collections. Since its peak in 2000, the Commission has had an overall reduction of over 45% in revenue, and tobacco revenue is projected to continue to decline at a rate of 3% to 4% annually.

Beginning in July 2019, three Commissioner-led panels met multiple times to review program information, receive stakeholder input and make recommendations for program funding for Fiscal Year 2020-2021 to Fiscal Year 2022-2023. The funding review panels were divided into three categories: Homeless Prevention, Quality Early Learning, and Prenatal-to-Three, and included Commissioners and their appointees. Each panel met multiple times between July 2019 and January 2020, reviewing background information, relevant data, and program evaluation findings. During this time, staff also met with all stakeholders that would be impacted by the proposed funding recommendations.

For the three-year funding cycle from Fiscal Year 2020-2021 to Fiscal Year 2022-2023, First 5 Orange County proposes to invest in each of the three funding categories. Recommended funding totals approximately \$35,000,000 over the three-year period, allocated as follows:

- \$3,750,000 for Homeless Prevention;
- \$17,000,000 for Quality Early Learning; and
- \$14,275,000 for Prenatal-to-Three.

This overall funding, which includes some set asides for future anticipated programming and catalytic funding, can be accommodated within the projected program expenditures of the 10-year Financial Plan. It also creates approximately \$3 million in annual budget reductions that may be used to offset volatile tobacco tax revenue and for potential system building work in alignment with the Strategic Plan.

Strategic Plan

In April 2021, First 5 OC updated its Strategic Plan envisioning an Orange County in which "All children reach their full potential." The updated Plan was reviewed again in April 2022. The groundwork for this vision to be achieved is set during a child's earliest years. First 5 OC partners with many organizations working towards creating and maintaining an early childhood system that families experience as a seamless network of care. The conditions needed for children to thrive are:

- Early and Ongoing Health and Development;
- Equitable Distribution of Resources;
- A Safe, Stable, and Nurturing Home; and
- Neighborhoods that Support Young Children and Families.

First 5 OC uses four guiding strategies to provide a lens through which to prioritize our work. We believe these four strategies have the most impact on improving the conditions needed for children and families to thrive:

- Get Involved Early;
- Elevate Equity;
- Empower Champions; and
- Align Systems of Care.

Other Financial Information

Internal Control

The management of the Commission is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the public entity are protected from loss, theft, or misuse. Management is also responsible for ensuring that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Budgetary Control

The objective of budgetary control is to ensure that spending is limited to the total amount authorized by the Board of Commissioners. The initial budget for Fiscal Year 2021-2022 was adopted on June 2, 2021. The President/CEO has the discretion to adjust the budget as defined within the budget policy of the Board of Commissioners. Monthly financial highlights are provided to the Board of Commissioners.

Risk Management

The Commission manages its risk exposure in part through the purchase of Workers Compensation, Property, General Liability, Auto, Crime and Directors and Officers insurance through the County of Orange.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Commission for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This was the tenth consecutive year that the Commission has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the Commission must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. I believe that the current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

I would like to express my sincere appreciation to Commission staff and the staff of the certified public accounting firm of Eide Bailly, LLP. I hope this report will be of interest and use to those in the County of Orange, other governmental agencies, and the public interested in the financial activity of the Commission.

Sincerely,

Kimberly Goll President/CEO

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CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

COMMISSION BOARD MEMBERS (9)

Ramin Baschshi, M.D. (A)

Chair

Debra Baetz (M) Social Services Agency

Katherine Chiu, M.D., MBA (A)

Jackie Filbeck (A)

Susan McClintic (A)

(M) Mandatory members(A) At-large members

Doug Chaffee (M)

Board of Supervisors

Vice Chair

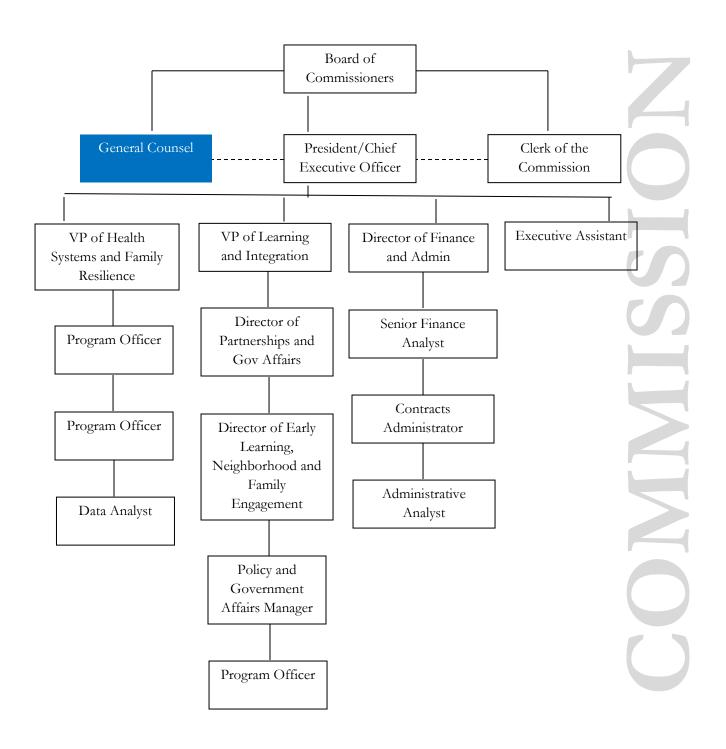
Clayton Chau, M.D., Ph.D. (M)

Health Care Agency

Leah Ersoylu (A)

Yvette Lavery (A)

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY ORGANIZATION CHART FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Children and Families Commission of Orange County California

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Executive Director/CEO

Christopher P. Morrill



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Commissioners Children and Families Commission of Orange County Santa Ana, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund of the Children and Families Commission of Orange County, a component unit of the County of Orange, California as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the general fund of the Commission, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Commission and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Commission has adopted the provisions of Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*, for the year ended June 30, 2022. Accordingly, a restatement has been made to the governmental activities net position as of July 1, 2021, to restate beginning net position. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
 financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability and schedule of the Commission's contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements. The schedule of First 5 California Funding is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of First 5 California Funding is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 21, 2022, on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Laguna Hills, California

November 21, 2022

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

As management of the Children and Families Commission of Orange County (Commission), we offer readers of the Commission's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report this overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Please read in conjunction with the Commission's basic financial statements and accompanying notes.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of the Commission as reported on the Statement of Net Position exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$64 million at the end of the current fiscal year, an increase of \$6.7 million (11.7%) from the prior fiscal year. The increase in Net Position is primarily due to the receipts of program reimbursement revenues, a one-time increase in tobacco tax revenue from backfill payments, and planned decreases in overall program spending.
- As of June 30, 2022, the Commission's governmental fund statements reported an ending fund balance totaling \$63.4 million, an increase of \$6.3 million (11.1%).
- The total ending fund balance of \$63.4 million was classified into the following categories: \$2.3 million as non-spendable, \$18.2 million as committed, \$23 million as assigned, and \$19.8 million as unassigned.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual comprehensive financial report consists of three parts: the introduction section, the basic financial statements including government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements, and the statistical section. The Commission's financial statements, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), offer key, high-level financial information about the activities during the reporting period.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Commission's finances and activities. These statements are prepared using the full accrual basis of accounting and a total economic resource measurement focus, in order to provide both long-term and short-term information about the Commission's overall financial status. A detailed definition of these methods is described in Note 1 of the basic financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all Commission assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Changes in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Commission is improving or declining.

The Statement of Activities presents changes in the Commission's net position during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but not received, unused vacation leave, net pension liability).

Fund Financial Statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund accounting is used to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related and legal requirements. All Commission activities are accounted for in the general fund.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on *balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year*. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Commission's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of government funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Commission's near-term financial decisions. Reconciliations are presented for the Balance Sheet of governmental funds and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of governmental funds to facilitate comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements are prepared on a modified accrual basis, which means that they measure only current financial resources and uses. Capital assets and long-term liabilities are not presented in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements, as they do not represent current available resources or obligations. The Commission adopts an annual appropriated budget for the general fund. A budgetary comparison statement for the general fund is presented in the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the adopted budget.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

ANALYSIS OF THE COMMISSION'S GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Net Position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Commission, net position was approximately \$64 million at the end of the current fiscal year, an 11.7% increase from the prior fiscal year's net position. Due to the implementation of GASB 87, the Commission recognized Net Investments in Capital Assets for office and equipment leases. Following is a summary of the government-wide Statement of Net Position comparing balances at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

Most of the Commission's net position as of June 30, 2022 is considered unrestricted because their use is not for a purpose narrower than the Commission's purpose and were comprised of the following:

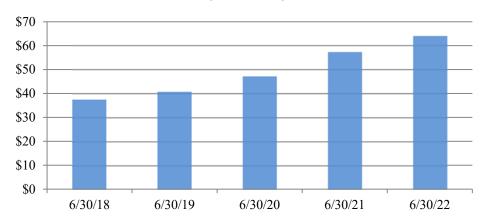
CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			Percent
			Increase
	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	(Decrease)
Assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 65,347,677	\$ 52,741,932	23.9%
Imprest cash	10,000	10,000	-
Interest receivable	105,400	74,139	42.2%
Due from County of Orange	449,768	929,205	-51.6%
Due from other governments	2,127,405	8,483,440	-74.9%
Prepaids	106,675	-	
Advances to others	2,122,468	2,201,635	-3.6%
Capital Assets - Right to use leased assets,	101,206	-	
net of amortization	,		
Net Pension Asset	811,951	612,417	32.6%
Total assets	71,182,550	65,052,768	9.4%
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Pension related amounts	791,016	379,497	108.4%
OPEB related amounts	96,000	67,000	43.3%
Total deferred outflows of resources	887,016	446,497	98.7%
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	2,125,922	2,240,171	-5.1%
Due to County of Orange	1,442	36,768	-96.1%
Due to other governments	3,442,946	3,298,607	4.4%
Retentions payable	790,668	1,093,292	-27.7%
Accrued wages and benefits	57,568	60,181	-4.3%
Non-Current liabilities:	<i>51,500</i>	00,101	1.5 / 0
Compensated absences:			
Payable within one year	74,116	76,769	-3.5%
Payable after one year	22,444	22,435	0.0%
Lease payables:	,	,	0.00,
Payable within one year*	77,555	_	
Payable after one year*	25,759	_	
Net OPEB Liability	231,000	271,000	-14.8%
Total liabilities	6,849,420	7,099,223	-3.5%
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Pension related amounts	1,203,511	1,140,631	5.5%
OPEB related amounts	87,000	35,000	148.6%
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,290,511	1,175,631	9.8%
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets*	(2,108)	_	
Unrestricted	63,931,743	57,224,411	11.7%
Total net position	\$ 63,929,635	\$ 57,224,411	11.7%
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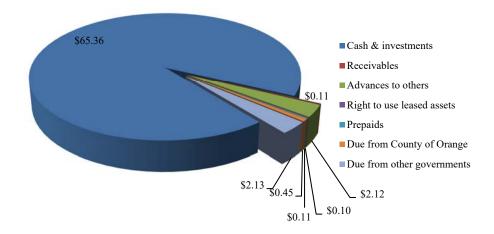
^{*} First year of implementation for GASB No. 87

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net Position Comparison of Last Five Fiscal Years (\$ in millions)



Assets As of June 30, 2022



CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Assets, Current and Other

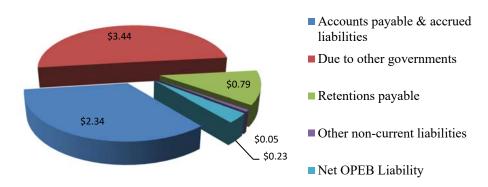
- Cash and investments totaled \$65.4 million. All \$65.4 million was invested in the Orange County Investment Pool (OCIP), except for a small petty cash fund held at the Commission. The investments in OCIP are managed by the County Treasurer and reviewed for compliance with the Commission's Annual Investment Policy. Cash and investments increased by 23.9% due to a lower baseline of program expenditures compared to revenue receipts. This approach has been intentional to build a fund balance to supplement future-year revenue declines.
- Due from other governments totaled \$2.1 million. Of this amount, \$1.6 million is Prop 10 tobacco tax revenue due from the State of California for the June 2022 allocation.
- Advances to others totaled \$2.1 million and represents funds advanced to contractors for services not provided by June 30, 2022. Approximately \$1.4 million was remaining as an advance for Emergency Shelter Catalytic programs. The advances cover future periods up to Fiscal Year 2022/2023.
- Prepaids represents early payments made to the Orange County Employee's Retirement System for employer contributions that will be applied towards contributions after the next measurement date of December 31, 2022.
- Capital Assets Right to use leased assets, net of amortization totaled \$101,206 for the Commissions office space lease and copier lease. This is the first year of reporting the right to use leased assets due to the implementation of GASB 87. Note 9 to the Commission financial statements provides further detail on the Commission's leases.
- Net pension asset of \$811,951 is reported compared to a net pension asset of \$612,417 million in the prior year. Several factors contributed to the change in the net pension asset. The most significant factor is the recognition of new deferred outflows/inflows due to the difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

- The Commission participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer pension plan, the Orange County Employees
 Retirement System, and the cost-sharing multiple-employer County of Orange Retiree Benefit Plan. As a
 participant, the Commission is required to report its proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources
 related to pensions and other post-employment benefits.
- Deferred outflows of resources include \$791,016 which represents pension related amounts for measurement period ending December 31, 2021. Also included are total deferred outflows related to OPEB of \$96,000 as of measurement period ending December 31, 2021.
- Note 8 and 12 to the Commission financial statements provides further detail of all deferred outflows of resources reported in Fiscal Year 2021-2022.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Liabilities As of June 30, 2022



Liabilities

- Accounts payable and due to other governments total \$5.6 million. These payables are for funded program services not yet billed at June 30, 2022 are based on established contract terms. The current balance represents a minor change from the prior year because several Commission funded programs had similar budgets compared to the prior year and the timing of invoices for program partners followed the same schedule.
- Retentions payable total \$790,668. Retentions payable are held until end of contract audits are completed and received by the Commission to ensure compliance with contract terms.
- Other liabilities total \$210,681 consisting of amounts due to the County of Orange and accrued wages, benefits, compensated absences, and leases that are due within the next year.
- Non-current liabilities assets total \$48,203 consisting of amount due in more than one year for compensated absences and leases.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

- The Commission participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer pension plan, the Orange County Employees Retirement System, and the cost-sharing multiple-employer County of Orange Retiree Benefit Plan. As a participant, the Commission is required to report its proportionate share of deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other post-employment benefits.
- Total deferred inflows of resources of \$1.3 million is the result of the differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions, net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments, and changes in the Commission's proportionate share occurring over the measurement period ending December 31, 2021.
- Note 8 and 12 to the Commission financial statements provides further detail of all deferred inflows of resources recognized in Fiscal Year 2021-2022.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Changes in Net Position

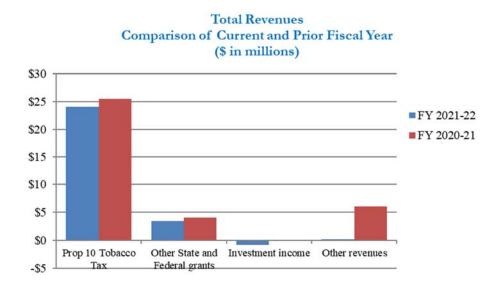
For the year ended June 30, 2022, current year operations increased the Commission's net position by \$6.7 million. The increase is due to both the timing of revenues from outside program funding, increased tobacco tax revenue, and the overall planned reduction of program expenditures. The following is a summary of the Commission's Statement of Activities comparing revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	Percent Increase (Decrease)
Revenues:			
Program Revenues			
Tobacco taxes	\$ 24,080,410	\$ 25,496,594	-5.55%
Other State and Federal operating grants and contributions	3,522,697	4,063,798	-13.32%
Interest income earned on tobacco taxes at the State	11,467	15,412	-25.60%
Total program revenues	27,614,574	29,575,804	-6.63%
General Revenues			
Investment income net of decrease in fair value	-787,916	131,764	-697.97%
Miscellaneous revenues	171,583	6,075,163	-97.18%
Total general revenues	-616,333	6,206,927	-109.93%
Total revenues	26,998,241	35,782,731	-24.55%
Expenses:			
0-5 Child development programs	19,218,830	24,581,349	-21.82%
Salaries and benefits	1,074,187	1,105,824	-2.86%
Total expenses	20,293,017	25,687,173	-21.00%
Change in net position:	6,705,224	10,095,558	
Net position – July 1	57,224,411	47,128,853	21.42%
Net position – Juny 1 Net position – June 30	\$ 63,929,635	\$ 57,224,411	11.72%
The position June 50	Ψ 03,747,033	Ψ 31,441,111	11./2/0

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Total revenues

The Commission's total revenues are comprised of both program revenues, which are restricted to one or more specific program uses, and general revenues.



Program revenues

The Commission's program revenues totaled \$27.6 million in Fiscal Year 2021. This represented a decrease of \$2 million (-6.6%) from Fiscal Year 2020-2021 program revenues. The decrease is due to lower tobacco tax revenue from a decline in statewide tobacco product sales.

- Tobacco Tax revenue includes revenues from taxes levied on tobacco products by the State of California and distributed amongst all counties based on the percentage of county birthrates as established in Proposition 10. This revenue decreased by \$1.4 million from the prior fiscal year.
- Other State and Federal operating grants and contributions for Fiscal Year 2021/2022 includes revenue
 from the state-wide IMPACT and Home Visiting program reimbursements that are variable from year to
 year and based on actual expenses. Of the total operating grants and contributions, \$1.6 million was for the
 state-wide IMPACT program and \$1.6 was for the CalWORKS Home Visiting Program.

General revenues

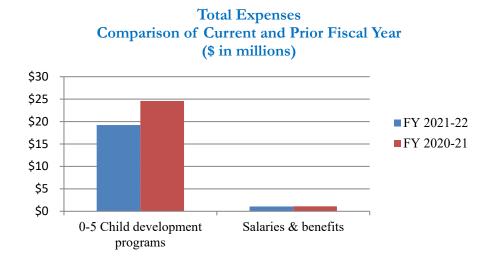
The Commission's general revenues totaled -\$616,333 in Fiscal Year 2021-2022. General revenues include all revenues that do not qualify as program revenues, such as investment income and other miscellaneous revenue reimbursements including the Home Visiting Program.

- Investment income decreased from the prior fiscal year. The decrease in investment income from the Orange County Investment Pool (OCIP), which is administered by the County Treasurer, is due to the fair value adjustment. The Commission is required to record changes in the fair value of investments, and the negative fair value adjustment was reported against revenue in the operating statement.
- Miscellaneous revenue decreased significantly (-97.18%) due to the ending of the Dental Transformation Initiative.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Governmental Activities Expenses

Total expenses decreased by \$5.4 million (-21%) from the prior fiscal year. The decrease is due to the ending of the state funded Dental Transformation Initiative.



- Zero-to-five child development programs decreased by \$5.4 million (-21.8%) from the prior fiscal year to fund
 programs serving children and families within the Commission's strategic goal areas of Prenatal-to-Three,
 School Readiness Initiative, and Systems Building. The decrease is due to the previously mentioned ending of
 the state funded Dental Transformation Initiative.
- Salaries and benefits decreased by \$31,637 (-2.9%) from the prior fiscal year due to positions being vacant for part of the year.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

ANALYSIS OF THE COMMISSION'S GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS

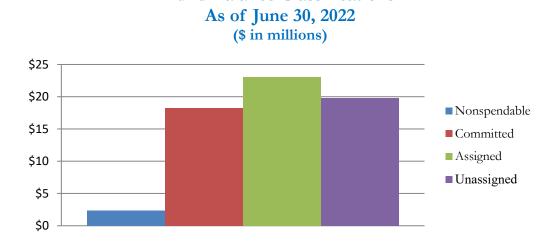
As noted earlier, the Commission uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The activities are contained in the general fund of the Commission. The focus of the Commission's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Commission's financing requirements. In particular, fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources, both committed and available for future operational needs. Program revenues of approximately \$.6 million were not received within the Commission's period of availability and, as such, are recorded as deferred inflows on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Commission's general fund reported total ending fund balance of \$63.4 million, an increase of \$6.3 million (11.1%) in comparison with the prior fiscal year.

Fund Balance Classifications



Budget Amendments

The budget amendments are approved during each fiscal year for the General Fund in order to reflect the most current revenue trends and to account for shifts in funding objectives.

 No budget amendments occurred during the fiscal year. The initial approved budget was not adjusted and remained as the final budget.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Budget to Actual Comparisons

This section contains an explanation of the significant differences between the Commission's Final Budget amounts and actual amounts recorded for revenues and expenditures for Fiscal Year 2021-2022 as detailed on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual.

- Total actual revenues were below budgeted revenues in Fiscal Year 2021-2022 by \$292,952. Total revenues, not including the fair market adjustment, were nearly \$1 million above budget due to tobacco tax revenue above projections.
- Total budgeted appropriations exceeded actual expenditures in Fiscal Year 2021-2022 by \$4.5 million due to program funds spent under the Bridges and Home Visitation Program and the timing of distributions of onetime Catalytic funds.
 - O 0-5 child development program expenditures were less than budgeted appropriations by \$3.5 million. This was due mostly to the timing of expenditures for the Home Visitation Program and the IMPACT programs. The original appropriations for these programs represent total funds available through each program award, but each program has unique scheduling and timelines that guide when funds are expended.
 - o Salaries and benefits actual expenditures were less than budgeted appropriations by approximately \$307,000 due to staff positions that were vacant for portions of the year.
 - O Catalytic expenditures were less than budgeted appropriations by approximately \$658,000. Fiscal Year 2021-2022 was the ninth year of Round 1 and 2 catalytic funding. The total funding amount of approximately \$65.9 million was approved by the Commission as detailed below. Expenditures are recognized as services are provided and deliverables met for each separate Catalytic program. At budget adoption, the timing of Fiscal Year 2021-2022 distributions and expense recognition were not known. Each Catalytic program has a unique scope and budget. Final payment terms are included in the contracts approved by the Commission for each Catalytic program. Remaining Catalytic funding will be included in future year budgets as defined in the related Catalytic contract payment and deliverable schedules.

Commission Catalytic funding	
Round 1:	#2 0,000,000
Children's Dental Programs	\$20,000,000
Early Developmental Services / Autism Program	7,000,000
Year-Round Emergency Shelter	7,000,000
Early Literacy and Math	5,000,000
Healthy Child Development	5,582,500
VISTA / AmeriCorps transition feasibility	25,000
•	\$44,607,500
Round 2:	
Capacity Building	\$3,250,000
Partnership for Children's Health	6,023,474
Prevention Services	500,000
Nutrition and Fitness	365,000
Pediatric Vision Services	1,500,000
Healthy Steps	850,000
Catalytic Unallocated and Matching Funds	8,804,026
	\$21,292,500

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

CURRENTLY KNOWN FACTS, DECISIONS OR CONDITIONS

On November 8, 2022, Proposition 31 passed which upheld a statewide ban on the sale of flavored tobacco products. As a result, projections for future tobacco tax revenues will decline below previous estimates. The flavor ban will impact revenue receipts and projections beginning in Fiscal Year 2022-2023.

The Commission's financial plan has historically been conservative when estimating future-year revenues and maintains a fund balance in anticipation of future-year declining revenues. The assumptions used to project annual expenses/program funding throughout the ten-year financial plan will be adjusted to align with updated revenue projections from the California Department of Finance.

REQUESTS FOR FINANCIAL INFORMATION

This annual comprehensive financial report is intended to provide the public with an overview of the Commission's financial operations and condition for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the President/CEO, Children & Families Commission of Orange County, 1505 East 17th Street, Suite 230, Santa Ana, California 92705

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	ERNMENTAL CTIVITIES
ASSETS	
Cash and investments in County Treasury	\$ 65,347,677
Imprest cash	10,000
Interest receivable	105,400
Due from County of Orange	449,768
Due from other governments	2,127,405
Prepaids	106,675
Advances to others	2,122,468
Capital Assets - Right to use leased assets, net of amortization	101,206
Net pension asset	811,951
Total Assets	71,182,550
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related amounts	791,016
Other postemployment benefits related amounts	 96,000
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	887,016
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	2,125,922
Due to County of Orange	1,442
Due to other governments	3,442,946
Retentions payable	790,668
Accrued wages and benefits	57,568
Non-Current liabilities:	
Compensated absences:	
Payable within one year	74,116
Payable after one year	22,444
Leases payables:	
Payable within one year	77,555
Payable after one year	25,759
Net OPEB liability	 231,000
Total Liabilities	6,849,420
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related amounts	1,203,511
Other postemployment benefits related amounts	 87,000
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,290,511
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(2,108)
Unrestricted	 63,931,743
Total Net Position	\$ 63,929,635

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			D	D	,	xpense) Revenue
			Prog	Program Revenues		ges in Net Position
		Expenses	_	erating Grants Contributions	Gover	nmental Activities
Governmental Activities:						
Child development	\$	20,293,017	\$	27,614,574	\$	7,321,557
	Inv Ne	ral Revenues: estment income t decrease in fair scellaneous	value o	f investments		324,488 (1,112,404) 171,583
		Total General I	Revenue	s		(616,333)
		Change in Net	Position	1		6,705,224
	Net I	Position, July 1				57,224,411
	Net I	Position, June 30			\$	63,929,635

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2022

		General Fund		
ASSETS				
Cash and investments in County Treasury	\$	65,347,677		
Imprest cash		10,000		
Interest receivable		105,400		
Due from County of Orange		449,768		
Due from other governments		2,127,405		
Prepaid Items		206,761		
Advances to others		2,122,468		
Total Assets	\$	70,369,479		
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	2,125,921		
Due to County of Orange		1,442		
Due to other governments		3,442,945		
Retentions payable		790,668		
Accrued wages and benefits		57,568		
Total Liabilities		6,418,544		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Inflows - unavailable revenue		588,666		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		588,666		
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable fund balance		2,329,229		
Committed fund balance		18,239,879		
Assigned fund balance		23,016,569		
Unassigned fund balance		19,776,592		
Total Fund Balances		63,362,269		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources				
and Fund Balances	\$	70,369,479		

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Fund balances of governmental funds	\$	63,362,269
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Prepaid items included as a deferred outfow on the accrual basis used in the government-wide statements		(100,086)
Long term assets/(liabilities) are not included in the governmental funds		
Net pension asset		811,951
Lease Liability		(103,314)
Right to use leased assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds		
Right to use assets at historical cost	177,886	
Accumulated amortization	(76,680)	101,206
Deferred outflows of resources:		
Pension related amounts		791,016
Other postemployment benefits		96,000
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not		
require the use of current financial resources; and therefore, are		
not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds until		
paid. The following amounts represent the net effect of these		
differences in the treatment of long-term liabilities:		(0.6.5.62)
Change in Compensated Employee Absences		(96,562) (231,000)
Other postemployment benefits related amounts		(231,000)
Certain revenues in the governmental funds are deferred because		588,666
they are not collected within the prescribed time period after year-		
end. However, the revenues are included on the accrual basis used		
in the government-wide statements.		
Deferred inflows of resources:		
Pension related amounts		(1,203,511)
Other postemployment benefits		(87,000)
Net Position of governmental activities	\$	63,929,635

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund	
REVENUES		
Prop 10 Tobacco Tax	\$	24,080,410
Investment income earned on tobacco taxes at the State level		11,467
Other State operating grants and contributions		1,615,672
CalWORKS Home Visiting Program		1,643,966
Medi-Cal Administrative Activities		531,566
Investment income		324,488
Net decrease in fair value of investments		(1,112,404)
Other revenue		171,597
Total Revenues		27,266,762
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
Salaries and benefits		1,726,003
Expenditures related to the "Zero to Five" Programs		18,146,011
Catalytic Round 1 and 2 Program Funding		992,258
Debt Service:		
Principal Retirement		74,572
Interest		3,881
Total Expenditures		20,942,725
Change in Fund Balance		6,324,037
FUND BALANCE, July 1		57,038,232
FUND BALANCE, June 30	\$	63,362,269

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net changes in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 6,324,037
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance differs from the amounts reported in the statement of activities because:	
Lease Principal Expense reported in Governmental Funds and not reported in the Statement of Activities	74,572
Amortization Expense reported in the Statement of Acitivities and not reported in Governmental Funds	(76,680)
Governmental funds report pension contributions and OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statements of Activities, pension and OPEB expense is measured as the change in the net pension and net OPEB liability and the amortization of deferred outflows and inflows related to pensions and OPEB. This amount represents the change in pension and OPEB related amounts.	
Pension related amounts	654,174
Other postemployment benefits related amounts	(5,000)
Compensated absences expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount represents the net change in the compensated absences liability.	2,642
Certain revenues in the governmental funds are deferred because they are not collected within the prescribed time period after year-end. However, the revenues are included on the accrual basis used in the government-wide statements.	(268,521)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 6,705,224

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budgeted	l Ar	nouts	Actual		riance with al Budget - Positive
	Original Final		Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES							
Prop 10 Tobacco Tax	\$	23,354,480	\$	23,354,480	\$ 24,080,410	\$	725,930
Investment income earned on tobacco taxes at the State level		-		-	11,467		11,467
Other State operating grants and contributions		1,622,534		1,622,534	1,615,672		(6,862)
CalWORKS Home Visiting Program		2,000,000		2,000,000	1,643,966		(356,034)
Medi-Cal Administrative Activities		250,000		250,000	531,566		281,566
Investment income		100,000		100,000	324,488		224,488
Net decrease in fair value of investments					(1,112,404)		(1,112,404)
Other revenue		232,700		232,700	171,597		(61,103)
Total Revenues		27,559,714		27,559,714	 27,266,762		(292,952)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Salaries and benefits		2,032,667		2,032,667	1,726,003		306,664
Expenditures related to the "Zero to Five" Program		21,670,695		21,670,695	18,146,011		3,524,684
Catalytic Round 1 and 2 Program Funding		1,650,000		1,650,000	992,258		657,742
Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement		93,120		93,120	74,572		18,548
Interest		3,790		3,790	3,881		(91)
Total Expenditures		25,450,272		25,450,272	 20,942,725		4,507,547
Net Change in Fund Balance		2,109,442		2,109,442	6,324,037		4,214,595
FUND BALANCE, July 1		57,038,232		57,038,232	 57,038,232		-
FUND BALANCE, June 30	\$	59,147,674	\$	59,147,674	\$ 63,362,269	\$	4,214,595

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Children and Families Commission of Orange County (the Commission) was established by the Orange County Board of Supervisors in 1999 under the provisions of the California Children and Families Act of 1998 (Act). The Commission is a public entity legally separate and apart from the County. The purpose of the Commission is to develop, adopt, promote and implement early childhood development and school readiness programs in the County of Orange consistent with the goals and objectives of the Act. The Commission's programs are funded primarily by taxes levied by the State of California on tobacco products.

A governing board of nine members, which are appointed by the County Board of Supervisors, oversees the Commission. Three members are considered Mandatory Members, comprised of representatives of the County Health Care Agency, Social Services Agency and Board of Supervisors. Other members are considered At-Large Members. The Board of Supervisors Mandatory Member serves for a one-year term without limitation on the number of terms he/she may serve. Other Mandatory Members serve until removed by the Board of Supervisors. At-Large Members serve for terms ranging from two to four years, not to exceed eight consecutive years. The County Board of Supervisors may remove any Commission Member at any time. The Commission is considered a discretely presented component unit of the County of Orange.

Upon termination of the commission, all assets of the Commission shall be returned to the State of California. The liabilities of the Commission shall not become liabilities of the County upon either termination of the Commission or the liquidation or disposition of the Commission's remaining assets.

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The basic financial statements of the Commission are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the basic financial statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements consist of the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements are presented on an economic resources measurement focus. All economic resources and obligations of the reporting government are reported in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting all assets, liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources of the Commission are included on the statement of net position. The difference between the Commission's assets, liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources is its net position. Net position represents the resources the Commission has available for use in providing services. The Commission's net position is classified as:

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements, (Continued)

<u>Unrestricted</u> – This category represents neither restrictions nor right to use assets and may be used by the Commission for any purpose though they may not be necessarily liquid.

<u>Net Invested in Capital Assets</u> – This category includes the Commission's leases that are amortized over the life of the lease period, and the balance presented includes all related liabilities.

The statement of activities presents a comparison of the direct expenses and program revenues for the Commission's governmental activities. Program revenues include grants and contributions restricted for the operational requirements of a particular program. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met. Program revenues include tobacco taxes, First 5 California programs and federal revenues. General revenues are all revenues that do not qualify as program revenues and include investment income and miscellaneous income. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements consist of the balance sheet, the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance, and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual of the Commission's general fund. These statements are presented on a current financial resources measurement focus. Generally, only current assets, deferred inflows of resources, and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the governmental fund generally presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenditures) in net current resources. All operations of the Commission are accounted for in the general fund.

The fund financial statements have been prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Revenues are considered available if they are received within 60 days after year-end. Revenues susceptible to accrual include tax revenues, grant revenues and investment income. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred except for compensated absences, which are recognized when due and payable at year-end.

Fair Value Measurement

The Commission categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Commission does not have any investments that are measured using Level 3 inputs.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods. The Commission has a deferred inflow, unavailable revenue, which occurs only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the items are reported only in the governmental fund balance sheet. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The Commission also recognizes deferred outflows and inflows related to pensions and other post-employment benefits under the accrual basis of accounting. These items are reported only in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation

Capital assets, including right to use lease assets, are not considered to be a financial resource and therefore, is not reported as an asset in the fund financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized and reported at cost, net of accumulated depreciation in the government-wide financial statements. There were no additions to the capital assets in the current year. Right to use assets are amortized over the lease term.

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. The Commission capitalizes assets with cost in excess of \$5,000, following the County of Orange schedule of asset definitions, and a useful life greater than one year. The Commission depreciates capital assets using a straight-line method over the estimated useful life of each asset. The estimated useful life of equipment, ranges from 5 to 10 years.

Adjustments Between Fund Financial Statements and Government-Wide Financial Statements

Prepaid Items

Prepaid pension contributions are reported as a prepaid item in the fund financial statements and in the Statement of Net Position. The prepaid pension contributions, at the fund level, pertain to the contributions required for the related payroll periods of July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023. A balance of \$206,761 is reported as of June 30, 2022 after any remaining contributions for the fiscal year were deducted from the prepaid account. Because the next actuarial valuation to determine the Commission's net pension liability will occur on December 31, 2022, the prepaid contributions are recognized as a deferred outflow of resources on the government wide statements to account for the portion that will be applied to the calculation of net pension liability.

Compensated absences

Compensated absence obligations are considered long-term in nature and are reported in the fund financial statements as expenditures in the period paid or when due and payable at year-end under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Compensated absences have been accrued in the government-wide financial statements and are included in long-term liabilities. Compensated absences are liquidated by the general fund.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Differences Between Fund Financial Statements and Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Leases

The Commission is a lessee for noncancelable lease of office space and equipment. The Commission recognizes a lease liability and a right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the Commission initially measured the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the Commission determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The Commission uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the Commission generally uses the County of Orange incremental borrowing rate as the discount for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments.

The Commission monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.

Pensions

In government-wide financial statements, retirement plans (pensions) are required to be recognized and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting regardless of the amount recognized as pension expenditures on the governmental fund statements, which use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

In general, the Commission recognizes a net pension liability/asset, which represents the Commission's proportionate share of the excess of the total pension liability/asset over the fiduciary net position reflected in the actuarial report provided by the Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS). The net pension liability/asset is measured as of OCERS' prior fiscal year end December 31, 2021 and is reported on the same basis as they are reported by OCERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Changes in the net pension are recorded, in the period incurred, as pension expense or as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources depending on the nature of the change. The changes in net pension that are recorded as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources (that arise from changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs and differences between expected or actual experience) are amortized in the respective pension plan and are recorded as a component of pension expense beginning with the period in which they are incurred.

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB")

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about fiduciary net position of the County of Orange Retiree Benefit Plan ("OPEB Plan") and additions to/deductions from OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments, which are reported at amortized cost.

The following timeframes are used for OPEB reporting:

OPEB

Valuation Date June 30, 2021 Measurement Date December 31, 2021

Measurement Period January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

Due to other governments

Due to other governments represents amounts owed to grantees and governmental agencies for services provided to the Commission in accordance with the Commission's strategic plan.

Retentions payable

The Commission retains a percentage of amounts billed by grantees and vendors in accordance with executed contracts. Upon fulfilling the requirements of the grantee agreement or contract, the amounts are released.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Also, the preparation of the financial statements inherently requires the rounding of amounts and estimates.

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Budget and Budget Reporting

The Commission is required by Orange County ordinance to prepare a budget each year based on estimates of revenues and expected expenditures. The Commission's Board of Commissioners adopted an annual budget of expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2022, which is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The accompanying statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual includes the budgeted expenditures for the year, along with management's estimate of revenues for the year. The legal level of budgetary control is at the total fund level.

Fund Balance

Fund balance classifications comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. The Commission established the following classifications and definitions of fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Nonspendable – Resources that cannot be spent because they are not in an expendable form (e.g. prepaid asset, advances to others) or must be maintained intact (e.g. endowment principal).

Restricted - Resources that are constrained to specific purposes by an external provider (e.g. grantors, contributors, governmental laws and regulations) or by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - Resources with self-imposed limitations and require both the approval of the highest level of decision-making authority (Board of Commissioners) and the same formal action to remove or modify the limitations. The formal action required by the Board of Commissioners for funds to be committed is action by the way of resolution allocating funding for a specific purpose, program or initiative.

Assigned - Resources with self-imposed limitations but do not require approval by the highest level of decision-making authority (may be a body, committee or individual designated by Board of Commissioners) or the same level of formal action to remove or modify limitations. Includes appropriation of a portion of existing fund balance sufficient to eliminate subsequent year's budget deficit, resources assigned to specific program for which there is an approved budget, and resources approved by the Commission for a long-range financial plan.

Unassigned - Resources that cannot be reported in any other classification.

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of the limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The Commission itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purpose determined by a formal action of the Commission. The Commission is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Commission for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Commission adopts an annual budget and gives authority to the Executive Director and staff to assign fund balance for approved contracts in force. Unlike commitments, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment.

The Commission's spending priority is to spend restricted fund balance first, followed by committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance.

Refer to Note 6 for additional details regarding the GASB 54 classification of fund balance.

Encumbrances

The Commission utilizes an encumbrance system as a management control technique to assist in controlling expenditures. Encumbrances of \$31.3 million represent Board-approved future year contracts for Catalytic Programs (\$7.9 million) and annual programs and operations (\$23.4 million). The two most significant Catalytic Program encumbrance are for Children's Dental (\$3.4 million) and Developmental Screenings (\$4.5 million). The two largest program encumbrance balances are for the Bridges: Maternal Child Health Network (\$10.4 million) and School District Partnerships (\$6 million). Encumbrances for Catalytic Programs are reported in Committed fund balance and encumbrances for other programs are reported in Assigned fund balance.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Children and Families Commission Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS) plan and additions to/deductions from OCERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OCERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Effect of New Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Pronouncements

Effective This Fiscal Year

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, was established to increase the usefulness of governments, financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset.

Beginning net position was restated to retroactively adopt the provisions of GASB No. 87 as follows:

Net position at June 30, 2021	\$57,224,411
Add Right to use assets	177,786
Add lease liability	(177,786
Net position at July 1, 2021, as restated	\$57,224,411

GASB Statement No. 89, *Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*, has been evaluated and has no impact on the Commission's financial reporting or notes.

GASB Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, has been evaluated and has no impact on the Commission's financial reporting or notes.

GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, has been evaluated and has no impact on the Commission's financial reporting or notes.

GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, has been evaluated and has no impact on the Commission's financial reporting or notes.

GASB has issued the following pronouncements prior to June 30, 2022, that have effective dates which may impact future financial statement presentation. The effect of these statements is currently under review by the Commission:

GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations

GASB Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements

GASB Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2020

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments are classified in the financial statements as follows:

Cash and investments in County Treasury	\$ 65,347,677
Imprest Cash	 10,000
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 65,357,677

Cash and investments consisted of the following at June 30, 2022:

Orange County Investment Pool:

Equity in pooled Money Market fund	\$ 65,347,677
Imprest Cash	 10,000
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 65,357,677

<u>Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the Commission Investment Policy Statement</u>

Authorized investment instruments include:

- Certificates of Deposit (insured or collateralized)
- Orange County Investment Pool
- "AAAm" rated Money Market Mutual Funds
- U.S. Treasury securities
- U.S. Government Agency securities: Debt securities issued by U.S. Government sponsored enterprises and federally related institutions. These government agencies include: Federal Home Loan Banks (FHLB), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC or Freddie Mac), Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA or Fannie Mae), Federal Farm Credit Banks (FFCB)

All Money Market Mutual Funds must be AAAm rated by two NRSROs, invest only in direct obligations in US Treasury bills, notes, bonds, U.S. Government Agencies, Municipal debt and repurchase agreements with a weighted average maturity of 60 days or less, and have a minimum of \$500 million in assets under management. Money Market Mutual Funds that do not maintain a constant NAV (Net Asset Value) will be prohibited.

The Commission is a participant in the County Treasurer's Orange County Investment Pool (OCIP). The OCIP is an external investment pool, is not rated and is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC). The County Treasury Oversight Committee conducts OCIP oversight. Cash on deposit in the OCIP at June 30, 2022, is stated at fair value. The OCIP values participant shares on an amortized cost basis during the year and adjusts to fair value at year-end. For further information regarding the OCIP, refer to the County of Orange Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements

The Commission categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. As of June 30, 2022, the Commission held no individual investments. All funds are invested in OCIP.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The Commission's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

Deposits and withdrawals in the OCIP are made based on \$1 and not fair value. Accordingly, the Commission's proportionate share of investments in the OCIP at June 30, 2022 of \$65,347,677 is measured based on an uncategorized input not defined as a Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3 input.

NOTE 3 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The due from other governments account represents amounts due to the Commission from the California Children and Families Commission ("State Commission") for Prop 10 related revenues and other governmental agencies. The amounts due to the Commission at June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Due from State Commission:

Prop 10 revenue for:	
June 2022	\$1,565,908
Surplus Money Investment Fund Allocations	11,467
First 5 IMPACT Program	541,915
First 5 Home Visiting Coordination	8,115
Total Due from Other Governments	\$2,127,405

NOTE 4 – DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The due to other governments account represents amounts due to the Regents of the University of California, Orange County school districts, and other local governmental agencies. The amounts due to the other governments at June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Due to government agencies:	
FY 2021-2022 Contract Payment Accruals	\$ 3,442,946

NOTE 5 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The vested compensated absences liability balance at June 30, 2022 consists of the following activity:

Balance			Balance	Due Within	Due Beyond
July 1, 2021	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	June 30, 2022	One Year	One Year
\$99,204	\$116,253	<u>\$118,895</u>	\$96,560	\$74,116	<u>\$22,444</u>

NOTE 6 – FUND BALANCE

Fund balance is classified using a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Fund balance as of June 30, 2022 consists of the following:

Nonspendable: Prepaids and Advances	\$2,329,229
Committed for: Catalytic Round 1 and 2 programs	18,239,879
Assigned for: Approved contracts	23,016,569
Unassigned	19,776,592
Total fund balance	\$63,362,269

Fund Balance Category Descriptions

Nonspendable – consists of prepaid retirement contributions for Fiscal Year 2022-23 that were paid during the fiscal year. Refer to Note 8 for further details. Included in Nonspendable are Catalytic funding amounts advanced to grantees for project scopes not completed by June 30, 2022.

Committed for contractual obligations – consists of contract amounts approved by Commission action as of June 30, 2022 for Fiscal Years 2020-2023 and future years of Commission Round 1 and 2 Catalytic funding.

Assigned for approved contracts – consists of Fiscal Year 2022-2023 programs that were approved by Commission action and included in the Fiscal Year 2022-2023 Operating Budget.

NOTE 7 – CONTINGENCIES

The Commission is involved in various legal proceedings from time to time in the normal course of business. In management's opinion, the Commission is not involved in any legal proceeding that will have a material adverse effect on financial position or changes in financial position of the Commission.

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. All full-time employees of the Commission participate in the Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS). OCERS was established by the County of Orange in 1945. OCERS is administered by the Board of Retirement and governed by the County Employee's Retirement Law of 1937 California Government Code Section 31450 et. seq.). OCERS is a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system whose main function is to provide service retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits to the Safety and General members employed by the County of Orange. OCERS also provides retirement benefits to the employee members of the Orange County Courts, the Orange County Retirement System, two cities and thirteen special districts.

The management of OCERS is vested with the Orange County Board of Retirement. The Board consists of nine members and one alternate. The County Treasurer is a member of the Board of Retirement by law. Four members are appointed by the Board of Supervisors, one of whom may be a County Supervisor. Two members are elected by the General membership; one member and one alternate are elected by the Safety membership, and one member is elected by the retired members of the System. All members of the Board of Retirement serve terms of three years except for the County Treasurer whose term runs concurrent with her term as County Treasurer. OCERS issues a stand-alone annual financial report, which can be obtained at www.ocers.org.

Benefits Provided. OCERS provides service retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits to eligible employees. All regular full-time employees of the County of Orange or contracting agencies who work a minimum of 20 hours per week become members of OCERS effective on the first day of employment in an eligible position. There are separate retirement plans for General and Safety member employees. Safety membership is extended to those involved in active law enforcement, fire suppression, and certain probation officers. Any new Safety Member who becomes a member on or after January 1, 2013 is designated PEPRA Safety and is subject to the provisions of California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA), California Government Code 7522 et seq. All other employees are classified as General members. New General Members employed after January 1, 2013 are designated as PEPRA General subject to the provisions of California Government Code 7522 et seq.

General Information about the Pension Plan

General members prior to January 1, 2013, including all members of Plan T and Plan W hired on or after January 1, 2013, are eligible to retire once they attain the age of 50 and have acquired ten or more years of retirement service credit. A member with 30 years of service is eligible to retire regardless of age. General members who are first hired on or after January 1, 2013, excluding member of Plan T and Plan W, are eligible to retire once they have attained the age of 52, and have acquired five years of retirement service credit.

All General members can also retire at the age of 70 regardless of service.

The retirement benefit the member will receive is based upon age at retirement, final average compensation, years of retirement service credit and retirement plan and tier.

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

General member benefits are calculated pursuant to the provisions of Sections 31676.01, 31676.1, 31676.1, 31676.12, 31676.16, 31676.18 or 31676.19. For section 31676.01, the monthly allowance is equal to 1/90th of final compensation times years of accrued retirement service credit times age factor from that Section. For Section 31676.1, the monthly allowance is equal to 1/60th of final compensation times years of accrued retirement service credit times age factor from the Section. For Sections 31676.12, 31676.16, 31676.18 or 31676.19, the monthly allowance is equal to 1/50th of final compensation times years of accrued retirement service credit times age factor from the corresponding Section. General member benefits for those who are first hired on or after January 1, 2013, excluding members of Plan T, are calculated pursuant to the provision California Government Code Section 7522.20(a). The monthly allowance is equal to the final compensation multiplied by years of accrued retirement credit multiplied by the age factor from Section 7522.20(a).

For members with membership dates before January 1, 2013, including all members of Plan T and Plan W hired on or after January 1, 2013, the maximum monthly retirement allowance is 100% of final compensation. There is no maximum with membership dates on or after January 1, 2013, excluding members of Plan T and Plan W.

Final average compensation consists of the highest 12 consecutive months for a General Tier 1 or Safety Tier 1 member and the highest 36 consecutive months for a General Tier 2, General PEPRA, Safety Tier 2 or Safety PEPRA member.

The member may elect an unmodified retirement allowance or choose an optional retirement allowance. The unmodified retirement allowance provides the highest monthly benefit and a 60% continuance to an eligible surviving spouse or domestic partner is one married to or registered with the member one year prior to the effective retirement date. Certain surviving spouses or domestic partners may also be eligible if marriage or domestic partnership was at least two years prior to the date of death and the surviving spouse or domestic partner has attained age 55. There are four optional retirement allowances the member may choose. Each of the optional retirement allowances requires a reduction in the unmodified retirement allowance in order to allow the member the ability to provide certain benefits to a surviving spouse, domestic partner, or named beneficiary having an insurable interest in the life of the member.

OCERS provides an annual cost-of-living benefit to all retirees. The cost-of-living adjustments, based upon the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers for the Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County Area, is capped at 3.0%.

Contributions. The Commission contributes to the retirement plan based upon actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the Board of Retirement. Employer contribution rates are adopted annually based upon recommendations received from OCERS' actuary after the completion of the annual actuarial valuation. The average employer contribution rate for the first six months of calendar year 2021 or the second half of fiscal year 2020-2021 (based on the December 31, 2018 valuation) was 40.02% of compensation. The average employer contribution rate for the last six months of calendar year 2021 or the first half of fiscal year 2021-2022 (based on the December 31, 2019 valuation) was 41.49% of compensation. Contributions recognized by the plan in FY 2021-22 were \$177,498.

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

All members are required to make contributions to OCERS regardless of the retirement plan or tier in which they are included. The average member contribution rate for the first six months of calendar year 2021 or the second half of fiscal year 2020-2021 (based on the December 31, 2018 valuation) was 12.47% of compensation. The average member contribution rate for the last six months of calendar year 2021 or the first half of fiscal year 2021-2022 (based on the December 31, 2019 valuation) was 12.31% of compensation.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the Commission reported a net pension asset of (\$811,951) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL)/(asset). The NPL/(asset) was measured as of December 31, 2021. Plan Fiduciary Net Position (plan assets) was valued as of the measurement date while the Total Pension Liability (TPL) was determined based upon rolling forward the TPL from actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. At December 31, 2021, the Commission's proportion was -0.040% percent allocated based on the actual employer contributions within the Commission's rate group. This represents a decrease from 0.025%, from the proportionate measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Commission recognized pension expense of (\$467,174). As of June 30, 2022, the Commission reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$559,732	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	113,879	\$1,089,285
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		92,133
Difference between expected and actual experience	17,319	22,093
Commission contributions subsequent to the measurement date	100,086	
Total	\$791,016	\$1,203,511

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Amounts reported as contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of \$100,086 will be recorded as an addition to net pension asset in the next fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2023	\$ (292,722)
2024	(113,560)
2025	(91,606)
2026	20,750
2027	(35,443)
	\$ (512,581)

Actuarial assumptions. For the measurement period ended December 31, 2021 (the measurement date), total pension liability (TPL) was determined by rolling forward the December 31, 2020 (the valuation date) total pension liability. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an experience study for the period from January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2019.

Net investment return: 7.00%

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases General: 4.00% to 11.00%, varying by service, including inflation

Cost of Living Adjustments 2.75% of retirement income

Post – Retirement Mortality Rates:

Healthy: For General Members: Pub-2010 General Healthy Retiree Amount-Weighted Above-

Median Mortality Table (separate tables for males and females) with rates increased by 5%, projected generationally with the two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-

2019

Disabled: For General Members: Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree Amount-Weighted

Mortality Table (separate tables for males and females) with rates decreased by 5%, projected generationally with the two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-

2019

Beneficiaries: Pub-2010 Generational Contingent Survivor Amount-Weighted Mortality Table

(separate tables for males and females) with rates increased by 5%, projected

generationally with the two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2019

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in 2020 using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adding expected inflation and subtracting expected investment expenses and a risk margin. The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses are shown in the following table. This information was used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumption for the December 31, 2021 and 2020 actuarial valuation. This information will change every three years based on the actual experience study.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return
Large Cap Equity	23.10%	5.43%
Small Cap Equity	1.90%	6.21%
International Developed Equity	13.00%	6.67%
Emerging Markets Equity	9.00%	8.58%
Core Bonds	9.00%	1.10%
High Yield Bonds	1.50%	2.91%
TIPS	2.00%	0.65%
Emerging Market Debt	2.00%	3.25%
Corporate Credit	1.00%	0.53%
Long Duration Fixed Income	2.50%	1.44%
Real Estate	3.01%	4.42%
Private Equity	13.00%	9.41%
Value Added Real Estate	3.01%	7.42%
Opportunistic Real Estate	0.98%	10.18%
Energy	2.00%	9.68%
Infrastructure (Core Private)	1.50%	5.08%
Infrastructure (Non-Core Private)	1.50%	8.92%
CTA – Trend Following	2.50%	2.38%
Global Macro	2.50%	2.13%
Private Credit	2.50%	5.47%
Alternative Risk Premia	<u>2.50%</u>	2.50%
Total	100.00%	5.67%

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.00% as of December 31, 2021 and 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits for current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL as of both December 31, 2021 and 2020.

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Commission's proportionate share of the NPL/(asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Commission's NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease	1% Decrease Current Discount Rate	
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Net pension liability (asset)	73,242	(\$811,951)	(\$1,533,465)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OCERS financial report.

NOTE 9 – LEASES

Office Lease

The Commission entered an agreement to lease office space beginning November 2013. The current amended lease terminates October 2023. Under the terms of the lease, the Commission pays a predetermined monthly base fee that was \$6,353 for that last 8 months of fiscal year 2021-2022 and will increase to \$6,480 beginning November 2022. A security deposit of \$5,929 is currently held by the lessor.

At June 30, 2022, the Commission has recognized a right to use asset of \$98,931 and a lease liability of \$101,005 related to this agreement. During the fiscal year, the Commission recorded \$74,198 in amortization expense and \$3,772 in interest expense for the right to use the office space. The Commission used a discount rate of 3% representing the Commission's incremental borrowing rate.

Equipment Lease

The Commission entered an agreement to lease a copier beginning June 2017. The current amended lease terminates May 2023. Under the terms of the lease, the Commission pays a pre-determined monthly base fee of \$213 for the copier unit. Additional charges are for the number of copies charged for actual use each month.

At June 30, 2022, the Commission has recognized a right to use asset of \$2,275 and a lease liability of \$2,310 related to this agreement. During the fiscal year, the Commission recorded \$2,483 in amortization expense and \$109 in interest expense for the right to use the copier. The Commission used a discount rate of 3% representing the Commission's incremental borrowing rate.

Remaining obligations associated with these leases are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30		<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
	2023	\$77,555	\$2,041
	2024	25,759	161
Total		\$103,314	\$2,202

The Commission amortized the right to use assets as follows during the fiscal year:

Right to Use Asset	July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2022
Office Space	\$173,129	-	(\$74,198)	\$98,931
Equipment	4,758	-	(2,483)	2,275
Total Right to Use Asset	\$177,887	-	(\$76,680	\$101,206

NOTE 10 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Commission contracts with the County to provide accounting, banking and investment, purchasing, human resources, risk management and other administrative services. The Commission participates in the County's risk management programs (commercial and self-insurance programs) for general and automobile liability insurance, public official liability, rental interruption, personal property, worker's compensation, group health indemnified plans, group salary continuance plan, group dental plan and unemployment benefit plan. The Commission records its portion of related insurance premiums charged by the County as an expense. Insurance expense for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$36,099. The Commission incurred expenses totaling \$330,109 for all other County services provided during the year ended June 30, 2022. The amount owed to the County of Orange for related party transactions at June 30, 2022 was \$435,107. Amounts owed to the Commission from the County of Orange are \$449,768. An additional \$1,442 is owed to the County of Orange for services provided to the Commission.

The Commission paid \$1,771,734 of service provider grants to organizations represented by a member of the Board of Commissioners, although all members abstain from all votes regarding funding to the organization represented. The Commission incurred a total of \$1,572,159 in expenses paid to the County of Orange for program services delivered by the Health Care Agency and Social Services Agency.

NOTE 11 – PROGRAM EVALUATION

In accordance with the Standards and Procedures for Audits of California Counties Participating in the California Children and Families Program, issued by the California State Controller, the Commission is required to disclose the amounts expended during the fiscal year on program evaluation. Program evaluation costs pertain to those activities undertaken to support the collection, production, analysis and presentation of evaluation information for Commission management, Commissioners and other interested parties. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Commission expended \$839,499 for program evaluation.

NOTE 12 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - RETIREE MEDICAL PLAN

At June 30, 2022, net OPEB liability and related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are as follows:

Deferred outflows of resources:

2 0101100 00011000 01 1000011000	
OPEB contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$20,000
Changes in assumptions	7,000
Changes in proportion and differences between employer	,
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	69,000
	\$96,000
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$37,000
Changes in assumptions	10,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan	38,000
investments	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	2,000
-	\$87,000
Net OPEB Liability:	\$231,000

NOTE 12 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - RETIREE MEDICAL PLAN (continued)

Plan Description. In accordance with the Commission's participation agreement entered into in July 2007, the Commission is a participant in the County of Orange Retiree Medical Plan (the Plan). The Plan is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit retiree medical plan. The Plan provides a grant for medical benefits to eligible retirees and their dependents and lump-sum payments for employees separating from employment prior to being eligible for the grant. The County Board of Supervisors maintains the authority to establish and amend the Plan's benefit provisions. The financial statements and required supplementary information of the Plan are included in the County of Orange's fiscal year 2021-2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The Commission is reported in the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report as a discretely presented component unit. That report may be obtained by contacting the County of Orange, Auditor Controller, 12 Civic Center Plaza, Room 200, Santa Ana, California 92702.

Eligibility. An employee who is credited with at least ten years of service at the time the employee becomes a retiree shall be eligible to receive a grant in accordance with the County of Orange Retiree Medical Plan. An employee who becomes a retiree eligible for the grant and does not immediately begin to receive a retirement allowance from OCERS is not eligible to participate in the plan until the employee's retirement allowance commences. In order to be eligible to receive the grant, a participant must be covered under a Qualified Health Plan and/or Medicare. Coverage in a Qualified Health Plan must be elected within 30 days of the commencement of retirement allowance from OCERS. A covered retiree or surviving dependent who is age 65 or older must be enrolled in Medicare Part A (if eligible for coverage without a premium) and Part B in order to be eligible for the grant. A Qualified Health Plan is defined as a health insurance plan made available to employees and/or retirees, including a County Health Plan or a plan administered by an Employee Organization that the County of Orange has agreed shall be a Qualified Health Plan. A lump sum payment is available under limited circumstances as defined in the plan for an employee whose employment terminates prior to becoming eligible for a grant.

Benefits Provided. The monthly benefit paid to an eligible retiree is equal to \$10 multiplied by the number of full years of credited service (with a maximum of 25 years). The monthly benefit shall not exceed the actual cost to the retiree for coverage under a qualified health plan and Medicare premiums. The benefit is reduced by 7.5% per year for each year the retiree is less than 60, based on the date the employee takes active retirement from OCERS. Conversely, the benefit is increased by 7.5% per year for each year the retiree is in excess of 60, and no adjustment is made for years of age after age 70. A 50% reduction adjustment applies to retirees and surviving dependents eligible for both Medicare Part A (without premium) and Part B. A surviving dependent of a retiree previously receiving a benefit is eligible to receive a monthly survivor benefit equal to 50% of the amount the retiree was eligible to receive. The monthly benefit is adjusted annually (not to exceed 3% per year) based on the average increase or decrease across all County retiree health plans.

Contribution. The Commission makes contributions to the plan equal to the actuarially determined contribution. The percentage contributions are established by a Participation Agreement with the County of Orange. All contributions are employer contributions and are made through the County of Orange payroll system. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Commission's contributions were \$42,000.

At June 30, 2022, the Commission reported a liability of \$231,000 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The Commission's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the Commission's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating member agencies, actuarially determined. At December 31, 2021, the Commission's proportion was 0.090 percent, an increase of 0.009% from the prior measurement date.

NOTE 12 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - RETIREE MEDICAL PLAN (continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Commission recognized OPEB expense of \$25,000. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Commission reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
OPEB contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$20,000	
Differences between expected and actual experience		\$37,000
Changes of assumptions	7,000	10,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		38,000
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	69,000	2,000
Total	\$96,000	\$87,000

The \$20,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the December 31, 2021 measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as expense as follows:

	Deferred
	Outflows and
Fiscal Year	Inflows
Ended June 30:	Of Resources
2023	\$(7,000)
2024	(12,000)
2025	(7,000)
2026	(4,000)
2027	7,000
2028+	12,000

NOTE 12 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - RETIREE MEDICAL PLAN (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 valuation date was determined using the following significant actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Funding Policy Discount rate Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on Investments General Inflation Salary Increases	Employer contributes full ADC Starting 2021/22 Employer will contribute ADC for cash benefit and pay the blended rates benefit on a pay-as-you-go basis 7.00% 7.00%, net of investment expenses 2.50% per annually Aggregate – 3.00% annualy
Grant Increase Rate	Merit – OCERS 2017-2019 Experience Study AFSCME – lesser of 5% and Medical Trend Non-AFSCME – lesser of 3% and Medical Trend
Mortality, Disability, Termination, Retirement	OCERS 2017-2019 Experience Study
Mortality Improvement	Mortality projected fully generational with Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2019
Medical Trend	 Non-Medicare – 6.50% for 2023, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2076 Medicare (Non-Kaiser) – 5.65% for 2023, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2076 Medicare (Kaiser) – 4.60% for 2023, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2076
Cost Sharing	The Grant increase rate limits specified in the plan document (3% or 5%, depending on bargaining group) are assumed to remain applicable in the future with no charges
Changes of assumptions	 General inflation assumption lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, decreasing medical trend and aggregate payroll increase assumptions by 0.25% Decreased medical trend rate for Kaiser Senior Advantage Updated OCERS 2017-2019 Experience Study used for demographic assumptions Mortality improvement scale was updated to Scale MP-2019
Changes to benefit terms	None

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 12 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - RETIREE MEDICAL PLAN (continued)

The target asset allocation and long-term rates of return for each asset class are summarized in the following

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap Equity	23.10%	5.43%
Small Cap Equity	1.90%	6.21%
International Developed Equity	13.00%	6.67%
Emerging Markets Equity	9.00%	8.58%
Core Bonds	9.00%	1.10%
High Yield Bonds	1.50%	2.91%
TIPS	2.00%	0.65%
Emerging Market Debt	2.00%	3.25%
Corporate Equity	1.00%	0.53%
Long Duration Fixed Income	2.50%	1.44%
Real Estate	3.01%	4.42%
Private Equity	13.00%	9.41%
Value Added Real Estate	3.01%	7.42%
Opportunistic Real Estate	0.98%	10.18%
Energy	2.00%	9.68%
Infrastructure (Core Private)	1.50%	5.08%
Infrastructure (Non-Core Private)	1.50%	8.92%
CTA – Trend Following	2.50%	2.38%
Global Macro	2.50%	2.13%
Private Credit	2.50%	5.47%
Alternative Risk Premia	<u>2.50%</u>	2.50%
Total Portfolio	100.00%	

⁻Assumed Long-Term Rate of Inflation – 2.50%

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate.

The following presents the Commission's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the Commission's proportionate share of net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase			
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)			
Net OPEB Liability	\$309,000	\$231,000	\$165,000			

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates.

The following presents the Commission's net OPEB liability, as well as what the Commission's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using health care cost trend rate that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current						
		Healthcare Cost					
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase				
Net OPEB Liability	\$218,000	\$231,000	\$241,000				

⁻Expected Long-Term Net Rate of Return – 7.00%

NOTE 13 – FIRST 5 CALIFORNIA IMPACT PROGRAM AND REGIONAL HUB

First 5 California funded a statewide program to implement the California Quality Rating and Improvement System (QRIS). The QRIS is a systemic approach to asses, improve, and communicate the level of quality in early education programs. The Commission received First 5 IMPACT funds that were contracted to the Orange County Department of Education (OCDE) as the local organization with expertise for implementing early education quality programs. First 5 California funding for IMPACT is \$3,263,424 for a three-year period that began July 1, 2020. Funds claimed for the period ending June 30, 2022 totaled \$1,137,707, and all IMPACT funds require a two to one program partner match of two dollars of First 5 CA funding to every dollar of local funding.

First 5 California also provided funding for two other programs. The Home Visiting Coordination program coordinates efforts among the various organizations providing home visiting services. While First 5 Orange County has been the primary funder of home visiting in the county, there is not a comprehensive countywide plan for sustained home visiting services. The funding helps to build understanding about what home visiting services are available and who receives them, cultivate leadership around the importance of home visiting in the PN3 system, and develop a shared vision among key stakeholders in Orange County

NOTE 14 – ADVANCES TO OTHERS

Advances to others as of June 30, 2022 were \$2,122,468. Advances to others include Catalytic Round 1 and 2 funds advanced to service providers. The Commission invested in Catalytic programs expanding the service capacity of service providers in both Early Learning and Homeless Prevention. In December 2013, the Commission advanced \$6,250,000 to HomeAid Orange County to construct emergency shelters to serve homeless families with young children, provide operational support for no less than five years, including staffing and direct services for additional emergency shelter beds, and leverages matching funds obtained by implementing agencies for continued operational support. The balance of advances includes approximately \$1.4 million for HomeAid Orange County, \$500,000 for Pretend City, and \$140,000 for miscellaneous deposits with funded partners. The advanced funds are expensed as services are provided.



CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST 10 YEARS*

	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2022
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.078%	0.071%	0.061%	0.019%	0.010%	(0.013%)	(0.015%)	(0.040%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$3,957,426	\$4,066,522	\$3,158,290	\$962,203	\$630,611	(\$646,472)	(\$612,417)	(\$811,951)
Covered payroll	\$1,043,030	\$1,042,786	\$925,031	\$849,266	\$966,061	\$1,061,044	\$1,167,468	\$1,304,766
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	379.42%	389.97%	341.43%	113.30%	65.28%	(60.93%)	(52.46%)	(62.23%)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total plan pension liability	67.15%	64.73%	71.16%	74.93%	70.03%	76.67%	81.69%	91.45%
Measurement date	12/31/2014	12/31/2015	12/31/2016	12/31/2017	12/31/2018	12/31/2019	12/31/2020	12/31/2021

^{*} Fiscal Year 2014-2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, less than ten years are shown from the information available.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF COMMISSION CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION LAST 10 YEARS*

	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2022
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$319,651	\$333,800	\$245,077	\$266,614	\$90,445	\$117,300	\$152,265	\$177,498
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	(319,651)	(333,800)	(245,077)	(266,614)	(90,445)	(117,300)	(152,265)	(177,498)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Covered payroll	\$1,005,475	\$1,001,202	\$821,497	\$864,802	\$1,050,566	\$1,208,381	\$1,221,222	\$1,203,464
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	31.79%	33.34%	29.83%	30.83%	8.61%	9.71%	12.47%	14.75%

^{*} Fiscal Year 2014-2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, less than ten years are shown from the information available.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN COMMISSION NET OPEB LIABILITIES LAST 10 YEARS*

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Commission's proportion of the net OPEB liability	\$276,000	\$290,000	\$245,000	\$271,000	\$231,000
Commission's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	0.0689%	0.0698%	0.0688%	0.081%	0.090%
Commission's covered payroll	\$819,000	\$930,000	\$975,000	\$1,088,000	\$1,292,000
Commission's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	33.70%	31.18%	25.13%	24.91%	17.88%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	42.30%	42.56%	51.02%	55.38%	65.43%
Measurement Date	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2021

^{*} Fiscal Year 2017-2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, less than ten years are shown from the information available.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF COMMISSION CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB LAST 10 YEARS*

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)	\$34,000	\$39,000	\$41,000	\$38,000	\$42,000
Contribution in relation to the ADC	(34,000)	(39,000)	(41,000)	(38,000)	(42,000)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$877,000	\$975,000	\$1,091,000	\$1,154,000	\$1,189,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	3.90%	4.00%	3.76%	3.29%	3.53%

^{*} Fiscal Year 2017-2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, less than ten years are shown from the information available.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FIRST 5 CALIFORNIA FUNDING YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

First 5 California Funding

	- -				
		Beginning			Ending Program
	Funding	Program Balance	Revenue*		Balance
Program Title	<u>Source</u>	(As of July 1)	F5CA Funds	Expenditures	(As of June 30)
IMPACT	F5CA Program Funds	\$2,653,202	\$1,137,707	\$1,137,707	\$1,515,495
	County, Local Funds			\$1,400,934	
Home Visiting Coordination	F5CA Program Funds	\$195,321	\$17,175	\$17,175	\$178,146

^{*} For the purpose of this schedule, the revenue and expenditures reported, in amount of \$1,137,707 for IMPACT and \$17,175 for Home Visiting Coordination represents the amount claimed by the Commission. For governmental fund or modified accrual financial reporting purposes, a total of \$550,030 was identified as unavailable revenue as it was not received within the Commission's period of availability to recognize revenue as described in Note 1.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

The information in this section is not covered by the Independent Auditor's Report, but it is presented as supplemental data for the benefit of the readers of the annual comprehensive financial report. The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional detailed information as a context for understanding what the financial statements, notes to financial statements, and required supplementary information say about the Commission's economic condition.

	Page(s)
Financial Trends	55
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Commission's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. (Schedules 1 -4)	
Revenue Capacity	63
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the Commission's most significant revenue base. (Schedules 5 -7)	
Debt Capacity	67
This schedule contains trend information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Commission's current levels of outstanding debt and the Commission's ability to issue additional debt in the future. (Schedule 8)	
Demographic Information	68
These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand how the information in the Commission's financial report relates to the services the Commission provides and the activities it performs. (Schedules 9 -11)	
Operating Information	72
This schedule contains infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Commission's financial report relates to the services the Commission performs. (Schedules 12 -14)	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant years.

(1) Since certain data (i.e. total personal income, per capita personal income and unemployment) are not considered relevant to Commission operations, substitute information specific to the Commission is presented.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY FINANCIAL TRENDS NET POSITION BY COMPONENT SCHEDULE 1

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year

	2022*		2021		2020		2019
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	\$	(2,108) 63,931,743	\$	- 57,224,411	\$	47,128,853	\$ 40,695,150
Total net position	\$	63,929,635	\$	57,224,411	\$	47,128,853	\$ 40,695,150

^{*} First year of implementation for GASB No. 87

^{**} First year of implementation for GASB No. 75

^{***} First year of implementation for GASB No. 68

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY FINANCIAL TRENDS NET POSITION BY COMPONENT SCHEDULE 1 (CONTINUED)

Fiscal Year

2018**	2017	2016	2015***		201 ²		2013
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
 37,446,530	 44,034,865	 51,621,511		54,471,707		64,690,535	72,411,134
\$ 37,446,530	\$ 44,034,865	\$ 51,621,511	\$	54,471,707	\$	64,690,535	\$ 72,411,134

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY FINANCIAL TRENDS CHANGES NET POSITION SCHEDULE 2

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Fisca	1 Ye	ar	
	2022	2021		2020	2019
Expenses: Governmental activities:					
Salaries and benefits Child development	\$ 1,074,187 19,218,830	\$ 1,105,824 24,581,349	\$	854,804 29,826,480	\$ 961,012 26,092,909
Total expenses	\$ 20,293,017	\$ 25,687,173	\$	30,681,284	\$ 27,053,921
Revenues: Governmental activities: Operating grants and contributions					
Prop 10 Tobacco taxes First 5 CARES Plus First 5 Child Signature Program	\$ 24,080,410	\$ 25,496,594	\$	24,991,179	\$ 23,573,280
First 5 IMPACT and Hubs, DDL, HV CalWORKS Home Visiting Other State operating grants and	1,347,166 1,643,966	1,407,032 2,277,595		4,124,541	2,120,578
Federal operating grants Investment income earned on tobacco taxes at the State Level (SMIF)	531,566 11,467	379,171 15,412		6,599,710 86,655	3,009,855 64,514
General revenues Investment income, net of fair value Miscellaneous revenue	(787,916) 171,583	131,764 6,075,163		1,021,339 302,616	1,188,495 345,819
Total revenues	\$ 26,998,241	\$ 35,782,731	\$	37,126,040	\$ 30,302,541
Change in Net Position	\$ 6,705,224	\$ 10,095,558	\$	6,444,756	\$ 3,248,620

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY FINANCIAL TRENDS CHANGES NET POSITION SCHEDULE 2 (CONTINUED)

Fiscal Year										
2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
\$ 1,149,377 32,076,788	\$	1,215,649 33,178,190	\$	1,727,197 30,870,890	\$	1,689,772 34,608,366	\$	1,747,564 36,672,235	\$	1,704,815 33,341,947
\$ 33,226,165	\$	34,393,839	\$	32,598,087	\$	36,298,138	\$	38,419,799	\$	35,046,762
\$ 21,867,232	\$	24,790,836	\$	25,879,036	\$	25,943,624	\$	26,395,725	\$	27,024,505
2,745,724		976,964		246,281 2,042,528		575,300 3,350,818		269,033 2,719,243		237,504 90,171
1,628,595 31,875		445,121 20,192		696,686 12,315		260,297 8,082		902 , 242 7 , 071		668,105 9,588
431,764 191,640		343,403 230,677		441,810 429,235		206,029 151,086		349,366 56,520		122,358 320,180
\$ 26,896,830	\$	26,807,193	\$	29,747,891	\$	30,495,236	\$	30,699,200	\$	28,472,411
\$ (6,329,335)	\$	(7,586,646)	\$	(2,850,196)	\$	(5,802,902)	\$	(7,720,599)	\$	(6,574,351)

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY FINANCIAL TRENDS FUND BALANCES – GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE 3

FUND BALANCES - GENERAL FUND

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year								
	2022		2021		2020		2019		
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable fund balance	\$ 2,329,229	\$	2,385,722	\$	3,958,321	\$	3,889,032		
Committed fund balance	18,239,879		15,241,303		13,237,942		14,472,082		
Assigned fund balance	23,016,569		37,229,072		26,129,406		18,932,072		
Unassigned fund balance	19,776,592		2,182,135						
Total fund balances	\$ 63,362,269	\$	57,038,232	\$	43,325,669	\$	37,293,186		

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY FINANCIAL TRENDS FUND BALANCES – GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE 3 (CONTINUED)

Fiscal Year

2018	2017	2016		2015		2014	2013
\$ 4,542,478	\$ 5,566,849	\$	7,277,958	\$ 9,340,291	\$	10,782,162	\$ 5,624,041
18,596,717	21,769,602		26,486,583	30,112,816		34,561,184	44,990,092
14,001,862	19,957,923		20,866,371	15,589,112		16,374,998	21,350,266
\$ 37,141,057	\$ 47,294,374	\$	54,630,912	\$ 55,042,219	\$	61,718,344	\$ 71,964,399

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY FINANCIAL TRENDS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE 4

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GENERAL FUND

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year							
		2022*		2021		2020		2019
Revenues:								
Prop 10 Tobacco taxes	\$	24,080,410	\$	25,496,594	\$	28,541,094	\$	20,023,365
First 5 CARES Plus	"	, ,		, ,		, ,	"	, ,
First 5 Child Signature Program								
Other State operating grants and contributions		1,615,672		4,713,034		1,238,020		2,755,797
CalWORKS Home Visiting		1,643,966		2,277,595				
Investment income earned on tobacco taxes at the		11,467		15,412		151,169		
State Level (SMIF)								
Medi-Cal Administrative Activities		531,566		379,171		193,505		674,988
Investment income		324,488		131,764		1,021,339		1,188,495
Net decrease in fair value of investments		(1,112,404)						
Other revenue		171,597		7,007,478		6,259,051		3,031,938
Total revenues		27,266,762		40,021,048		37,404,178		27,674,583
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Salaries and benefits		1,726,003		1,724,112		1,545,217		1,429,545
Expenditures related to "Zero to Five" Program		18,146,011		22,943,993		26,470,166		21,571,504
Catalytic Round 1 and 2 Program Funding		992,258		1,640,380		3,356,314		4,521,405
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		74,572						
Interest		3,881						
Total expenditures		20,942,725	_	26,308,485		31,371,697		27,522,454
Excess (deficiency) or revenues over (under) expenditures		6,324,037		13,712,563		6,032,481		152,129
Total changes in fund balance	\$	6,324,037	\$	13,712,563	\$	6,032,481	\$	152,129

^{*} First year of implementation for GASB No. 87

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY FINANCIAL TRENDS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE 4 (CONTINUED)

Fige 1	Voor
Hiscal	

	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
\$	21,867,232	\$	24,790,836	\$	25,879,036	\$	25,943,624	\$	26,395,725	\$	27,024,505
π	,00,,_0_	π	_ 1,17 0,000	π	320,200	π	272,815	π	306,465	П	217,258
					4,451,854		2,666,529		117,853		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	977,176		1,419,176		, ,		, ,		,		
	31,875		20,192		12,315		8,082		7,071		9,588
	519,989		445,121		696,686		420,247		741,798		603,957
	431,764		343,403		441,810		206,029		349,365		122,358
	1,300,246		230,677		429,236		151,086		282,705		320,180
	25,128,282		27,249,405		32,231,137		29,668,412		28,200,982		28,297,846
	3,204,810		1,407,753		1,771,554		1,736,171		1,774,802		1,708,344
	26,410,285		26,146,461		24,621,958		28,193,233		31,347,721		28,712,645
	5,666,504		7,031,729		6,248,932		6,415,133		5,324,514		4,629,302
	35,281,599		34,585,943		32,642,444		36,344,537		38,447,037		35,050,291
	(10,153,317)		(7,336,538)		(411,307)		(6,676,125)		(10,246,055)		(6,752,445)
\$	(10,153,317)	\$	(7,336,538)	\$	(411,307)	\$	(6,676,125)	\$	(10,246,055)	\$	(6,752,445)

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY REVENUE CAPACITY TAX REVENUE CAPACITY SCHEDULE 5

FIRST 5 CALIFORNIA COUNTY TAX REVENUE CAPACITY

	Orange County	State Total
Actual Tobacco Tax Revenues Received (1)		
2009/2010	\$29,706,126	\$381,995,574
2010/2011	\$28,809,921	\$374,284,018
2011/2012	\$28,988,350	\$377,690,133
2012/2013	\$27,024,505	\$360,434,399
2013/2014	\$26,395,725	\$347,802,124
2014/2015	\$25,943,624	\$342,274,305
2015/2016	\$25,879,036	\$341,825,349
2016/2017	\$24,790,836	\$322,951,561
2017/2018	\$21,867,232	\$285,852,695
2018/2019	\$23,573,280	\$302,205,278
2019/2020	\$24,991,179	\$315,315,235
2020/2021	\$25,496,594	\$324,935,472
2021/2022	\$24,080,410	\$308,031,131
Projected Tobacco Tax Revenues (2)		
,		
2022/2023	\$22,933,472	\$293,359,758
2023/2024	\$21,768,348	\$278,455,758
2024/2025	\$20,721,675	\$265,066,958
2025/2026	\$20,139,926	\$257,625,358
2026/2027	\$19,583,506	\$250,507,758

⁽¹⁾ Historical data and projected revenues are presented to communicate tax revenue capacity as a dedining revenue source

⁽²⁾ Source: First 5 California County Tax Revenue Projections for 2021/22 to 2025/26 (Updated 6/6/21 utilizing DOF May Revise 2021 Tobacco Tax Projections and DOF Birth Projections for California State and Counties 1990-2040)

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY REVENUE CAPACITY SURTAX REVENUE SCHEDULE 6

STATE OF CALIFORNIA - CIGARETTE TAXES AND OTHER TOBACCO PRODUCTS SURTAX REVENUE

FY 1959-60 TO 2020-2

		Cig	arette tax		Other tobacco p	roducts surtax
•		Distributors'	Gross value of			
Fiscal year	Revenue a/	discounts b/	tax indicia c/	Refunds	Revenue	Rate (%
2020-21	1,700,943,000	5,053,000	1,705,996,000	335,000	266,694,000	56.93%
2019-20	1,708,597,000	5,075,000	1,713,672,000	1,191,000	258,560,000	59.279
2018-19	1,786,074,000	5,305,000	1,791,379,000	3,659,000	271,772,000	62.78%
2017-18	1,882,025,000	5,590,000	1,887,615,000	1,033,000	211,440,000	65.080
2016-17	950,676,000	6,091,000	956,768,000	1,185,000	95,330,000	27.30
2015-16	741,937,000	6,360,000	748,297,000	1,262,000	101,427,000	28.13°
2014-15	748,022,000	6,413,000	754,434,000	837,000	86,949,000	28.959
2013-14	751,513,000	6,443,000	757,956,000	600,000	86,424,000	29.820
2012-13	782,115,000	6,705,000	788,820,000	498,000	82,548,000	30.68
2011-12	820,322,000	7,032,000	827,355,000	1,017,000	80,424,000	31.739
2010-11	828,831,000	7,105,000	835,937,000	1,308,000	77,016,000	33,020
2009-10	838,709,000	7,187,000	845,896,000	1,583,000	84,617,000	41.119
2008-09	912,724,000	7,819,000	920,543,000	626,000	85,506,000	45.139
2007-08	955,030,000	8,185,000	963,215,000	727,000	85,929,000	45.13
2006-07	998,723,000	8,558,000	1,007,281,000	1,330,000	79,946,000	46.76
2005-06	1.026.497.000	8,795,000	1,035,293,000	1,707,000	67,348,000	46.76°
2004-05	1,024,272,000	8,778,000	1,033,051,000	1,653,000	58,441,000	46.76
2003-04	1,021,366,000	8,755,000	1,030,121,000	4,721,000	44,166,000	46.769
2002-03	1,031,772,000	8,845,000	1,040,617,000	13,248,000	40,996,000	48.899
2001-02	1,067,004,000	9,146,000	1,076,150,000	10,774,000	50,037,000	52.659
2000-01	1,110,692,000	9,503,000	1,120,195,000	8,741,000	52,834,000	54.899
1999-00	1,166,880,000	9,980,000	1,176,859,000	9,413,000	66,884,000	66.509
1998-99	841,911,000	7,206,000	849,117,000	6,808,000	42,137,000	61.539
1997-98	612,066,000	5,244,000	617,309,000	5,448,000	39,617,000	29.37
1996-97	629,579,000	5,394,000	634,973,000	5,060,000	41,590,000	30.389
1995-96	639,030,000	5,469,000	644,499,000	6,193,000	32,788,000	31.20
1994-95	656,923,000	5,628,000	662,551,000	11,159,000	28,460,000	31.20
1993-94	647,993,000	5,553,000	653,546,000	8,353,000	19,773,000	23.039
1992-93	667,479,000	5,715,000	673,195,000	9,138,000	21,480,000	26.82°
1991-92	711,275,000	6,086,000	717,362,000	7,791,000	22,016,000	29.359
1990-91	729,612,000	6,242,000	735,854,000	7,904,000	24,064,000	34.17
1989-90	770,042,000	6,581,000	776,623,000	11,615,000	24,956,000	37.479
1988-89	499,712,000	4,273,000	503,984,000	4,968,000	9,994,000	41.679
1987-88	254,869,000	2,180,000	257,049,000	2,970,000		
1986-87	257,337,000	2,202,000	259,539,000	2,661,000		
1985-86	260,960,000	2,231,000	263,190,000	2,834,000		
1984-85	265,070,000	2,267,000	267,337,000	2,390,000		
1983-84	265,265,000	2,267,000	267,532,000	2,756,000		
1982-83	273,748,000	2,336,000	276,084,000	2,060,000		
1981-82	278,667,000	2,383,000	281,050,000	1,843,000		

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY REVENUE CAPACITY SURTAX REVENUE SCHEDULE 6 (CONTINUED)

STATE OF CALIFORNIA - CIGARETTE TAXES AND OTHER TOBACCO PRODUCTS SURTAX REVENUE

FY 1959-60 TO 2020-2

			Other tobacco p	roducts surtax		
•		Distributors'	Gross value of			
Fiscal year	Revenue a/	discounts b/	tax indicia c/	Refunds	Revenue	Rate (%)
1980-81	280,087,000	2,395,000	282,482,000	1,567,000		
1979-80	272,119,000	2,327,000	274,446,000	1,645,000		
1978-79	270,658,000	2,315,000	272,973,000	1,408,000		
1977-78	275,042,000	2,352,000	277,394,000	1,239,000		
1976-77	270,502,000	2,315,000	272,817,000	832,000		
1975-76	269,852,000	2,309,000	272,161,000	927,000		
1974-75	264,182,000	2,262,000	266,444,000	745,000		
1973-74	259,738,000	2,222,000	261,960,000	632,000		
1972-73	253,089,000	2,167,000	255,256,000	626,000		
1971-72	248,398,000	2,127,000	250,525,000	677,000		
1970-71	240,372,000	2,058,000	242,430,000	552,000		
1969-70	237,220,000	2,032,000	239,253,000	455,000		
1968-69	238,836,000	2,046,000	240,882,000	492,000		
1967-68	208,125,000	1,862,000	209,987,000	328,000		
1966-67	75,659,000	1,543,000	77,202,000	129,000		
1965-66	74,880,000	1,528,000	76,407,000	88,000		
1964-65	74,487,000	1,520,000	76,007,000	61,000		
1963-64	71,530,000	1,459,000	72,989,000	71,000		
1962-63	70,829,000	1,445,000	72,274,000	79,000		
1961-62	68,203,000	1,390,000	69,593,000	47,000		
1960-61	66,051,000	1,675,000	67,726,000	76,000		
1959-60	61,791,000	767,000	62,558,000	67,000		

Source: CDTFA Open Data Portal: Cigarette Taxes and Other Tobacco Products Surtax Revenue, 1959-60 to 2020-21

Note: Detail may not compute to total due to rounding.

- a. Net of refunds for tax indicia on cigarettes that become unfit for use (See Refunds).
- b. A discount of .85 percent of gross value of tax indicia is granted to distributors for affixing the stamps. From July 1, 1960, until August 1, 1967, the discount rate was 2 percent.
- c. Includes sales of indicia purchased on credit. Effective July 16, 1961, distributors have been able to purchase tax indicia on credit.
- d. Effective April 1, 2017, the overall tax rate on cigarettes was increased from 87 cents to \$2.87 per pack.
- e. From July 1, 2001, through September 9, 2001, the surtax rate on smokeless tobacco ranged from 131 percent for moist snuff to 490 percent for chewing tobacco. Effective September 10, 2001, the surtax rate on smokeless tobacco was lowered to 52.65 percent.
- f. Effective January 1, 1999, the overall tax rate on cigarettes was increased from 37 cents to 87 cents per pack under voter-approved Proposition 10. The additional 50-cent-per-pack tax was imposed to raise funds for early childhood development programs. Excludes \$87,978,766 in 1998-99 from the floor stocks taxes for both cigarettes and other tobacco products levied on January 1, 1999.
- g. From July 1, 1998, through December 31, 1998, the surtax rate was 26.17 percent for other tobacco products. Effective January 1, 1999, the new surtax imposed under Proposition 10 raised the combined surtax rate to 61.53 percent for other tobacco products. The new surtax is equivalent (in terms of the wholesale costs of other tobacco products) to a 50-cent-perpack tax on cigarettes.
- h. Effective January 1, 1994, the overall tax rate on cigarettes was increased from 35 cents to 37 cents per pack. The additional 2-cent-per-pack tax was imposed to raise funds for breast cancer research and education.
- i. Effective January 1, 1989, an additional 25-cent-per-pack surtax was imposed on cigarettes and a new 41.67 percent surtax was imposed on other tobacco products. Excludes \$57,927,856 in 1988-89 and \$595,000 in 1989-90 from the floor stocks tax levied on January 1, 1989.
- j. Effective August 1, 1967, the tax rate was increased from 3 cents to 7 cents per pack. On October 1, 1967, the rate was further increased to 10 cents per pack, with the stipulation that 30 percent of the tax be allocated to cities and counties. Includes \$6,515,209 from the 4-cent-per-pack floor stocks tax levied on August 1, 1967; and \$4,889,485 from the 3-cent-per-pack floor stocks tax imposed October 1, 1967.
- k. Refunds made for distributors' discounts in the 1960-61 fiscal year on purchases made in the 1959-60 fiscal year have been deducted. Refunds amounted to \$324,000.
- 1. Effective July 1, 1960, a discount was allowed at the time tax indicia were purchased.
- m. Includes \$2,673,048 from the 3-cent-per-pack floor stocks tax imposed July 1, 1959; and also includes the amount of distributors' discounts which were refunded after purchase of indicia. During July and August of 1959, the tax was collected by invoice and no discount was allowed on these collections of \$8,123,700, nor on the \$2,673,048 tax on floor stocks.
- n. The total 2017-18 expenditures for Prop 56 are \$4,932,471. The breakdown by fund is: 1) \$677,227 Fund 3304, 2) \$4,255,244 Fund 3308 (please note that in 2017-18 the fund was 3308 and now 3319 is a subaccount of this fund). The total 2018-19 expenditures for Prop 56 are \$3,638,637. The breakdown by fund is: 3) \$521,404 Fund 3304, 4) \$3,117,233 Fund 3319. Funds are used to reimburse the CDTFA for expenses incurred in the administration, enforcement, collection and distribution of the tax imposed by Proposition 56.
- r. Revised

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY REVENUE CAPACITY DISTRIBUTIONS AND PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION SCHEDULE 7

STATE OF CALIFORNIA - CIGARETTE DISTRIBUTIONS AND PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION, 1959-60 TO 2020-21

		Reported distributions (Millions of packages)					
Fiscal year	Total	Tax paid	Tax exempt	consumption (a.) (In packages)			
1	2	3	4	5			
2020-21	601	594	7	15.2			
2019-20	628	597	31	15.8			
2018-19	635	624	11	15.9			
2017-18	665	651	14	16.7			
2016-17	818	805	14	20.7			
2015-16	875	860	15	22.3			
2014-15	881	867	14	22.8			
2013-14	889	871	18	23.2			
2012-13 2011-12	930 972	907 951	23 21	24.5 25.8			
2010-11	989	961	28	25.8			
2009-10	1,002	972	30	26.9			
2008-09	1,090	1,058	32	28.5			
2007-08	1,131	1,107	24	29.9			
2006-07	1,177	1,158	20	31.3			
2005-06	1,209	1,190	19	32.5			
2004-05	1,224	1,187	37	33.3			
2003-04	1,234	1,184	50	34.0			
2002-03	1,227	1,196	31	34.5			
2001-02	1,271	1,237	34	36.3			
2000-01	1,324	1,288	37	38.5			
1999-00	1,390	1,353	38	41.2			
1998-99	1,568	1,523	45	47.3			
1997-98	1,717	1,668	48	52.6			
1996-97	1,777	1,716	61	55.2			
1995-96	1,811	1,742	69	56.9			
1994-95	1,871	1,791	80	59.2			
1993-94 1992-93	1,903 2,010	1,824 1,923	79 86	60.6 64.5			
1991-92	2,144	2,050	94	69.8			
1990-91	2,196	2,102	93	72.8			
1989-90	2,311	2,219	92	78.2			
1988-89	2,431	2,353	78	84.7			
1987-88	2,657	2,570	87	94.9			
1986-87	2,690	2,595	95	98.4			
1985-86	2,730	2,632	98	102.3			
1984-85	2,781	2,673	108	106.7			
1983-84	2,792	2,675	117	109.9			
1982-83	2,889	2,761	128	115.8			
1981-82	2,947	2,811	136	120.4			
1980-81	2,966	2,825	141	123.6			
1979-80	2,892	2,744	148	122.9			
1978-79	2,887	2,730	157	125.1			
1977-78	2,940	2,774	166	130.0			
1976-77	2,900	2,728	172 187	130.9			
1975-76 1974-75	2,909	2,722 2,664	187	133.7			
1974-75	2,857 2,827	2,664	207	133.7 134.4			
1972-73	2,762	2,553	207	133.2			
1971-72	2,720	2,505	215	132.9			
1970-71	2,635	2,424	211	130.5			
1969-70	2,594	2,393	201	130.2			
1968-69	2,616	2,409	207	133.0			
1967-68	2,596	2,383	213	134.0			
1966-67	2,737	2,573	164	143.8			
1965-66	2,706	2,547	159	144.9			
1964-65	2,679	2,534	145	146.7			
1963-64	2,564	2,433	131	144.3			
1962-63	2,545	2,409	136	147.9			
1961-62	2,450	2,320	130	147.3			
1960-61	2,382	2,258	124	147.8			
1959-60	2,190	2,085	105	139.7			

Source: CDTFA Open Data Portal: Table 30B - Cigarette Distributions and Per Capita Consumption,1959-60 to 2020-21

Note: Detail may not compute to total due to rounding.

Based on reported distributions and latest estimate of January 1 population for each fiscal year.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY DEBT CAPACITY RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE SCHEDULE 8

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Governmental Lease Liability ¹	Total Outstanding	Percentage of Personal Income ²		Debt per Capita ⁴
2022	\$101.206	\$101.206	**	**	**

^{*} Fiscal Year 2022 was the first year of Right of use Lease debt (The only debt for the Commission); therefore, only one year of debt is shown.

Sources:

- 1. Lease Liability for Commission office space and equipment
- 2. Personal Incomes are not included in the Commission's report but are taken from the County of Orange Demographic and Economic Statistics table
- 3. California Department of Finance, Demographic Research Unit, most current information available is 2021
- 4. Debt per Capital is Total Outstanding Debt divided by Population

^{**} Data is unavailable

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY **DEMOGRAPHIC INFOMATION DEMOGRAPHIC DATA SCHEDULE 9**

ORANGE COUNTY DEMOGRAPHIC DATA

Calendar Year	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Total Population	3,209,272	3,190,832	3,195,197	3,195,455	3,188,779	3,169,925	3,154,363	3,132,650	3,110,857	3,086,559
White	1,328,850	1,326,050	1,332,715	1,337,681	1,343,625	1,344,555	1,346,706	1,346,692	1,346,584	1,345,911
Black	49,562	48,930	48,709	48,461	48,291	47,967	47,666	47,378	46,861	46,338
American Indian or Alaska Native	6,907	6,847	6,814	6,803	6,757	6,694	6,646	6,616	6,567	6,501
Asian	582,917	580,384	582,038	582,939	578,861	572,878	568,260	562,210	556,929	551,357
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	9,245	9,196	9,214	9,229	9,179	9,118	9,062	8,976	8,907	8,804
Multiracial	85,700	84,081	83,019	81,798	80,332	78,567	76,945	75,229	73,659	72,096
Hispanic (any race)	1,146,091	1,135,344	1,132,688	1,128,544	1,121,734	1,110,146	1,099,078	1,085,549	1,071,350	1,055,552
Female	1,610,836	1,601,896	1,603,925	1,604,432	1,601,624	1,592,776	1,586,166	1,576,358	1,566,605	1,555,811
Male	1,598,436	1,588,936	1,591,272	1,591,023	1,587,155	1,577,149	1,568,197	1,556,292	1,544,252	1,530,748
Under 5 years	179,784	182,219	186,052	189,077	190,548	190,418	191,761	190,781	190,673	192,015
5-9 years	193,155	193,823	194,249	195,181	197,550	199,511	200,327	201,722	202,687	201,720
10-14 years	202,157	202,417	205,066	207,164	207,123	206,040	206,963	207,959	208,771	209,070
15-19 years	221,344	221,175	223,102	224,592	225,606	229,594	231,068	232,205	233,344	236,225
20-24 years	231,002	232,884	234,883	238,125	242,422	241,899	237,404	232,533	226,620	218,780
25-34 years	386,982	382,813	385,438	388,463	390,626	393,549	399,655	405,611	409,265	412,055
35-44 years	403,777	405,022	408,397	409,018	408,554	409,183	413,829	420,177	427,246	433,173
45-54 years	438,902	442,648	449,860	457,322	462,522	462,357	461,678	458,394	454,950	452,278
55-59 years	216,450	217,903	219,708	218,745	217,212	214,016	209,792	203,586	198,210	191,660
60-64 years	201,114	196,699	192,323	188,312	182,801	176,306	169,450	163,416	158,957	155,147
65-74 years	301,247	290,037	281,321	273,042	264,872	254,836	245,537	234,506	223,007	211,452
75-84 years	163,374	155,970	150,379	144,546	138,024	132,651	129,015	125,221	122,220	118,979
85+	69,984	67,222	64,419	61,868	60,919	59,565	57,884	56,539	54,907	54,005
									,	

California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. Report P-2A, P-2B, P-2C, P-2D: Population Projections, Sources:

California Counties, 2010-2060 (Baseline 2019 Population Projections; Vintage 2020 Release). Sacramento: California. July 2021.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY DEMOGRAPHIC INFOMATION LIVE BIRTHS SCHEDULE 10

LIVE BIRTHS, CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2011-2020(By Place of Residence)* FISCALYEAR COUNTY 2020 2019 2018 2017 2014 2013 2012 2011 2016 2015 CALIFORNIA 448,754 446,548 454,244 488,925 491,789 502,973 494,392 503,788 471,806 502,023 18,082 18,197 18,225 18,896 19,442 19,248 ALAMEDA 19,576 19,657 19,550 19.002 ALPINE 17 10 AMADOR 307 321 314 305 303 305 291 261 285 269 BUTTE 2,083 2,149 2,419 2,389 2,491 2,442 2,482 2,415 2,397 2,392 CALAVERAS 392 401 375 421 374 380 348 337 347 326 253 249 293 298 COLUSA 267 285 313 314 302 316 CONTRA COSTA 11,999 11,811 11,995 12,186 12,344 12,599 12,560 12,149 12,061 12,057 DELNORTE 300 235 281 269 269 310 324 302 337 315 ELDORADO 1,577 1,531 1,678 1,572 1,602 1,596 1,618 1,533 1,513 1,629 14,367 14,051 15,134 15,796 15,735 15,953 16.157 FRESNO 14,413 14,546 15,363 GLENN 398 398 365 379 376 416 399 391 HUMBOLDT 1,371 1,491 1,445 1,406 1,365 1,372 1,474 1,531 1,511 1,448 IMPERIAL 2,553 2,618 2,628 2,924 2,990 3,217 3,270 3,068 3,041 3,075 INYO 177 191 176 212 182 203 226 230 219 213 KERN 13,330 13,733 14,199 13.068 12,772 12.874 13.769 14,145 14,558 14,287 KINGS 2,206 2.101 2,256 2.375 2.248 2,275 2.342 2,394 2.357 2.565 724 729 750 758 739 LAKE 732 714 749 748 715 LASSEN 294 294 245 284 307 301 306 326 298 300 LOS ANGELES 106,450 106,987 110,167 116,850 122,940 124,438 130,150 128,523 131,697 130,312 MADERA 2,117 2,066 2,121 2,355 2.225 2.258 2,076 2,313 2,314 2,401 2,288 MARIN 2,059 2,083 2,122 2.238 2.255 2,403 2,320 2,306 2,385 MARIPOSA 156 132 154 141 148 138 134 132 166 161 MENDOCINO 950 926 896 992 1,024 1,052 1,020 1,014 1,153 1,061 MERCED 4,029 3,851 3.870 4.202 4,105 4.158 4,281 4.117 4,161 4,311 MODOC 29 89 100 88 80 63 87 MONO 128 129 147 131 152 149 150 99 131 156 6,222 MONTEREY 6,426 5,777 5,882 5,887 5,813 6,458 6,547 6,652 6,814 NAPA 1,278 1,294 1,206 1,291 1,407 1,456 1,478 1,449 1,431 1,572 NEVADA 812 810 79 783 876 817 816 761 ORANGE 35,201 34,909 35,643 37,395 38,121 37,622 38,610 37,256 38,186 38,100 3,759 PLACER 3,660 3,664 3,691 3,733 3,748 3,644 3,684 3,648 3,832 PLUMAS 149 162 168 173 169 163 147 152 151 165 RIVERSIDE 28 908 28.255 28,684 29,880 30.682 30.510 30.271 29 930 30.316 30.610 SACRAMENTO 19,130 18,988 19,052 19,206 19,592 19,430 19,886 19,367 19,618 19,998 SAN BENITO 802 791 735 720 697 752 701 772 SAN BERNARDINO 29,035 28,688 28,964 29,708 31,114 30,619 31,306 30,201 30,691 30,573 SAN DIEGO 38,936 38,645 40,008 41,251 42,741 43,961 44,596 43,627 44,391 43,621 8.396 8.690 8.972 8.807 9.070 SAN FRANCISCO 8.346 8.950 9.061 9.102 8.813 SAN JOAQUIN 10,184 10,076 9,811 9,929 10,269 9,986 10,095 9,799 10,129 10,328 SAN LUIS OBISPO 2,522 2.464 2.433 2.551 2,582 2.668 2,595 2,650 2,580 2,632 SAN MATEO 8,157 8,253 8,326 8,586 8,961 9,040 9,098 8,821 9,182 9,047 SANTA BARBARA 5,456 5,512 5.256 5,533 5.501 5,673 5,829 5,753 5,584 5,803 SANTA CLARA 20,971 21,100 21,267 22,137 23,044 23,393 23,759 23,296 24,308 23,652 SANTA CRUZ 2,425 2,395 2,447 2,661 2,803 2,841 3,047 2,867 3,084 3,232 SHASTA 1,876 1,876 1,961 2,008 2,048 2,074 2,083 2,140 2,110 2,021 SIERRA 20 24 26 32 32 31 21 14 19 23 SISKIYOU 332 434 438 451 443 472 446 462 466 501 SOLANO 5,119 5,053 5,039 5,133 5,262 5,132 5.251 5,061 5,158 5,144 SONOMA 4,333 4.377 4.525 4,645 4.964 5.016 5.075 4.982 5.150 STANISLAUS 7,469 7,295 7,339 7,443 7,867 7,700 7,521 7,579 7,592 7,737 SUTTER 1,249 1,255 1,266 1,263 1,368 1,302 1,317 1,285 1,258 1,326 767 728 TEHAMA 803 788 731 743 789 828 787 753 TRINITY 94 113 112 100 123 108 126 109 102 125 TULARE 6,944 6,763 6,900 7,131 7,146 7,412 7,618 7,651 8,000 7,966 TUOLUMNE 450 470 454 475 459 430 464 466 456 466

9,025

2,127

1,099

8,829

2.080

1.167

8,819

2,203

1,200

VENTURA

YOLO

YUBA

9,592

2,423

1.239

10,062

2,402

1,155

10,471

2.395

1.193

10,441

2,491

1.200

10,641

2,452

1.213

10,656

2,340

1.282

9,321

2.271

1.184

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY DEMOGRAPHIC INFOMATION CHILDREN'S SCORECARD SCHEDULE 11

CHILDREN'S SCORECARD ORANGE COUNTY TRENDS, 2011-2020

	2020	2019
GOOD HEALTH		
Total percentage of women who received early prenatal care*	**	88.60%
Newborns with low birth weight (less than 2,500 grams)*	**	2,374
Percent of Infants with low birth weight*	**	6.8%
Infants taken into protective custody due to positive testing for alcohol/drug exposure at birth* (FY)	196	233
Children adequately immunized at Kindergarten entry*	94.7%	95.5%
Infant Mortality Rate (per 1,000 live births)*	**	2.9
Birth rates per 1,000 females ages 15-19 in Orange County*	**	7.5
Breastfeeding Percentages (any)*	**	94.3%
Breastfeeding Percentages (exclusive)*	**	67.0%
ECONOMIC WELL-BEING		
Children receiving financial assistance though CalWORKS* (FY)	25,098	26,545
Percent of children receiving CalWORKS of total population under 18* (FY)	3.5%	3.7%
Percentage of students eligible for free and reduced lunch* (FY)	48.6%	48.6%
Number of participants served by the WIC program* (FY)	**	27,666
Total number of child support cases* (FY)	62,851	68,878
Total child support collections \$ (in millions)* (FY)	199.1	185.3
EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT		
Total public school enrollment* (FY)	473,066	478,149
Number of English learner students* (FY)	102,141	105,441
Average \$ expenditure per pupil for grades K-12* (FY)	12,600	12,200
Total number of students K-12 receiving special education* (FY)	**	**
SAFE HOMES AND COMMUNITIES		
Average monthly number of children in out-of-home care* (FY)	2,184	2,336
Average monthly number of dependents of the œurt* (FY)	3,089	2,925
Total juvenile arrests for youth 10 to 17 years of age*	**	**
Total number of juveniles referred to probation, 10 to 18 years*	**	3,417

^{*} The 27th Annual Report on the Condition of Children in Orange County 2020 presents dates through calendar year 2020. Data through FY 2021-22 not yet available.

^{**} Not yet available

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY DEMOGRAPHIC INFOMATION CHILDREN'S SCORECARD SCHEDULE 11 (CONTINUED)

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
89.90%	86.90%	84.40%	85.20%	86.10%	88.30%	88.6%	88.7%
2,227	2,222	2,397	2,360	2,433	2,330	2,401	2,550
6.3%	5.8%	6.3%	6.3%	6.3%	6.3%	6.3%	6.7%
180	190	178	121	110	98	82	128
95.7%	95.7%	95.5%	92.5%	90.1%	88.7%	89.3%	89.5%
2.8	3.1	1.5	2.7	3.0	3.3	3.4	4.2
8.3	9.9	10.9	12.0	14.8	16.7	19.2	20.2
94.8%	95.0%	95.1%	94.8%	94.0%	93.2%	93.2%	92.7%
66.1%	66.1%	67.1%	64.6%	62.7%	62.1%	59.8%	55.6%
30,816	34,485	38,982	42,345	42,877	43,916	45,950	46,809
4.3%	4.7%	5.5%	6.0%	6.0%	6.1%	6.2%	5.9%
49.1%	47.7%	49.1%	49.0%	50.0%	47.9%	46.4%	45.4%
57,874	61,406	71,367	78,856	87,408	92,303	98,219	103,563
66,296	70,403	68,117	67,732	68,635	70,608	77,582	89,852
184.3	184.0	182.3	178.8	177.9	178.6	180.1	177.4
485,099	489,791	492,886	497,116	500,487	501,801	502,195	502,895
113,938	119,315	123,001	129,390	130,570	123,390	130,076	126,226
11,420	10,926	9,105	9,128	8,274	7,950	7,952	7,827
57,141	55,908	54,231	53,512	53,005	52,216	51,905	51,613
37,111	33,700	31,231	33,312	33,003	32,210	31,503	51,015
2,190	2,134	2,107	2,192	2,279	2,257	2,215	2,018
2,861	2,762	2,627	2,799	2,683	2,862	2,791	2,795
2,729	3,770	4,521	4,829	6,580	6,892	8,566	10,797
4,250	5,098	5,617	5,808	7,156	7,821	8,882	10,454

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY OPERATING INFOMATION CAPTIAL ASSETS STATISTICS SCHEDULE 12

CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS

Capital Assets (equipment) are used by the Commission for general operating and administrative functions. Proposition 10 funds (tobacco taxes) were not used to purchase any capital assets.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY OPERATING INFOMATION PRINCIPLE EMPLOYERS SCHEDULE 13

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

LAST YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

2022*						
Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment			
University of California, Irvine	26,182	1	1.63%			
The Walt Disney Co.	25,000	2	1.55%			
County of Orange	18,139	3	1.13%			
Providence	13,079	4	0.81%			
Kaiser Permanente	8,800	5	0.55%			
Albertsons Southern California Division	7,853	6	0.49%			
Hoag Memorial Hospital Presbyterian	7,051	7	0.44%			
Walmart Inc.	6,3 00	8	0.39%			
Target Corporation	6,000	9	0.37%			
MemorialCare	5,490	10	0.34%			

20	74	44

Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Walt Disney Co.	22,000	1	1.38%
University of California, Irvine	21,291	2	1.34%
St. Joseph Health System	12,048	3	0.76%
Boeing Co.	7,700	4	0.48%
Bank of America Corp.	6,300	5	0.40%
Yum Brands Inc.	6,300	6	0.40%
Kaiser Permanente	5,968	7	0.37%
Target Corp.	5,527	8	0.35%
Cedar Fair LP	5,200	9	0.33%
California State University, Fullerton	5,173	10	0.32%

^{*} Source: Orange County Business Journal, Book of Lists 2022

^{**} Source: Orange County Business Journal, Book of Lists 2012

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY OPERATING INFOMATION EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION SCHEDULE 14

EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year 2018 2017 2015 2014 2013 Number of Employees by Function General Administration Finance Contracts Administration Program Management & Evaluation Total Employees

^{*} Table presents Regular and Limited-Term Employees



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board Commissioners Children and Families Commission of Orange County Santa Ana, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund of the Children and Families Commission of Orange County (Commission), a component unit of the County of Orange, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 21, 2022. Our report included an emphasis of matter paragraph regarding the Commission's adoption of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*, for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Laguna Hills, California
November 21, 2022



Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance

To the Board of Commissioners Children and Families Commission of Orange County Santa Ana, California

Report on Compliance

Opinion

We have audited the Children and Families Commission of Orange County's (Commission), a component unit of the County of Orange, California, compliance with the requirements specified in the State of California's Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act, issued by the State Controller's Office, applicable to the Commission's statutory requirements identified below for the year ended June 30, 2022.

In our opinion, the Commission complied in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the California Children and Families Program for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the State of California's *Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act*, issued by the State Controller's Office. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Commission and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Commission's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the California Children and Families Program.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Commission's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the State of California's *Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Commission's compliance with the requirements of the California Children and Families Program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding the Commission's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above
 and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances;
- Obtain an understanding of the Commission's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
 internal control over compliance in accordance with the State of California's Standards and Procedures
 for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal controls over
 compliance. Accordingly, we express no such opinion; and
- Select and test transactions and records to determine the Commission's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

Audit Guide <u>Procedures</u>	Procedures <u>Performed</u>
6	Yes
3	Yes
3	Yes
4	Yes
2	Yes
1	Yes
3	Yes
2	Yes
	Procedures 6 3 4 2 1 3

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identify during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention from those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing over compliance and the results of that testing based on the State of California's *Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ede Saelly LLP Laguna Hills, California

November 21, 2022