FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

JUNE 30, 2020

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

REPRESENTATIVE	CATEGORY	OFFICE HELD
Dr. Keith Butler	K12, ADA of <15,000	President
Ms. Mays Kakish	K12, ADA of <15,000	Vice President
Ms. Susan Hume	K12, ADA of <15,000	Treasurer
Mr. Peter Hardash	Community College Districts	Member
Mr. Phil Hillman	K-8 Member Districts	Member
Mr. Michael Johnston	K12, ADA of >15,000	Member
Ms. Barbara Ott	K12, ADA of <15,000	Member
Mr. Tien Phan	Joint Powers Authority	Member
Ms. Andrea Reynolds	K-8 Member Districts	Member
Ms. Cheryl Sullivan	Joint Powers Authority	Member
Ms. Irene Sumida	Charter Public Schools	Member
Ms. Yumi Takahashi	K12, ADA of >15,000	Member
Mr. Fred Williams	Community College Districts	Alternate
Mr. Cameron Abbott	Community College Districts	Alternate
Ms. Lydia Cano	K12, ADA of <15,000	Alternate
Mr. Marc Chaldu	K12, ADA of <15,000	Alternate
Mr. Tim Corcoran	Community College Districts	Alternate
Mr. Clark Hampton	K12, ADA of $> 15,000$	Alternate
Ms. Karen Kimmel	K12, ADA of <15,000	Alternate
Mr. Michael Krause	K12, ADA of <15,000	Alternate
Dr. Monica Oviedo	K12, ADA of <15,000	Alternate
Mr. Dean West	K12, ADA of <15,000	Alternate
Ms. Connie Wu	K12, ADA of <15,000	

ADMINISTRATION

Mr. Fritz J. Heirich	Chief Executive Officer
Mr. Jeff Grubbs	Chief Operations/Financial Officer
Mr. Stephan Birgel	Chief Claims Officer, Property & Liability
Mr. Dan Sanger	Executive Director of Health Benefits
Ms. Nidra Kumaradas	Executive Director of Workers' Compensation
Ms. Lynn Truong	Senior Director of Finance
Ms. Nancy Anderson	Senior Director of Member Services
Mr. Reshan Cooray	Senior Director of Property & Casualty
Ms. Martha Espinoza	Senior Director of Risk Control Services
Ms. Felicia Williams	Board Clerk

TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2020

	PAGE
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Net Position	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	19
Statement of Cash Flows	20
Notes to Financial Statements	21
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Note to Required Supplementary Information	46
Reconciliation of Claims Liabilities by Type of Contract	47
Claims Development Information	48
Schedule of Changes in ASCIP's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	53
Schedule of ASCIP's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	54
Schedule of ASCIP's Pension Contributions	55
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	
Note to Additional Information	56
Combining Statement of Net Position	57
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	58
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	59
OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	60



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs Cerritos, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise ASCIP's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Captive Insurance for Public Agencies Limited (CIPA), a blended component unit, which statements reflect total assets of \$25,495,617 as of June 30, 2020 and total revenues of \$10,721,174 for the year then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for CIPA, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the State Controller's *Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts*, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Governing Board Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs Page 2

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of ASCIP as of June 30, 2020, and the changes in financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise ASCIP's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements and the "Memo only" column in the basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Governing Board Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 25, 2020, on our consideration of ASCIP's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of ASCIP's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering ASCIP's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

GILBERT CPAs

Sacramento, California

Gilbert CPAS

November 25, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of ASCIP's financial position and activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The MD&A should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and accompanying notes which follow this section.

Overview of ASCIP

Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP) is a public agency Joint Powers Authority (JPA) which provides a number of insurance coverages including property & liability, workers' compensation, and health benefits insurance coverage to public educational institutions including school districts and community colleges in the State of California. Formed in 1980 as a joint purchase pool, ASCIP became a self-funded risk sharing pool in 1985.

In addition to providing insurance coverage, ASCIP also offers an extensive array of risk management services, including safety and loss control, health and wellness, claims and litigation management to prevent and mitigate losses, which are all inclusive in the program costs. ASCIP also offers an Owner-Controlled Insurance Program (OCIP) for school construction and a host of customized insurance products, including booster/auxiliary club, student accident, and underground storage tank coverages, to meet its members' needs.

In, 2005, ASCIP formally established Captive Insurance for Public Agencies Limited (CIPA) in the State of Hawaii and began to operate the OCIP through CIPA.

In 2006 ASCIP established a health benefits program for its membership by approving the merger of Los Angeles Regionalized Insurance Services Authority (LARISA) and ASCIP. Initially ASCIP offered self-funded and fully-insured dental and vision programs to its membership. As a result of the success of these programs, ASCIP launched its self-funded and fully-insured medical program in 2008.

In 2016, ASCIP implemented a program enhancement to its liability program called Student Accident Coverage, designed to provide limited benefits for Pre-K to twelfth-grade students injured at school supervised and sponsored activities, including interscholastic sports. Covered benefits include reimbursement for medical expenses and additional benefits in the event of accidental injury, death, dismemberment, or paralysis. Coverage is excess of collectible insurance from other sources and is designed to supplement parent or student medical insurance. CIPA provides reinsurance support for this new program on a 50% quota-share basis with a fronting carrier.

ASCIP's Executive Committee consists of thirteen members who represent the membership categories of Community College Districts, K-12 Districts, K-8 Districts, Charter Schools, and partner School District JPAs. Committee members for each category are elected by the membership and serve staggered terms of three-year duration. In addition, there are a minimum of thirteen alternates. The Executive Committee appoints alternates and may fill vacancies which occur prior to the expiration of a voting member's term. The Executive Committee is responsible for providing overall leadership to the JPA, including the development of long-range goals and policies to guide and direct the organization's staff.

The Executive Committee is supported by the following member-led committees; Finance & Investment Committee, Risk Control Committee, Personnel Committee, Claims & Coverage Committee and the Health Benefits Committee. The day-to-day operations are administered by an in-house staff of forty eight professionals.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

Description of the Basic Financial Statements

ASCIP's financial statements are prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America including standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The Statement of Net Position, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and the Statement of Cash Flows are included along with the Notes to Financial Statements to clarify accounting policies and financial information. *The Statement of Net Position* provides information on all ASCIP's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference reported as net position. Increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of ASCIP is improving or deteriorating. *The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position* provides information on total revenues, total expenses and how ASCIP's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. *The Statement of Cash Flows* is presented using the direct method to reflect the operations of ASCIP based on the inflow and outflow of cash.

ASCIP's financial activities are reported in three separate funds: Property & Liability Fund, Workers' Compensation Fund, and Health Benefits Fund. The Property & Liability Fund consists of revenues and expenditures relating to the five core coverage programs (property, general liability, auto liability, auto physical damage, and crime) along with several ancillary programs. The Workers' Compensation Fund consists of revenues and expenditures relating to the workers' compensation program. The Health Benefits Fund consists of revenues and expenditures relating to all fully-insured and self-insured medical, dental, and vision plans, and other miscellaneous plans such as life insurance, income protection, and long-term care. The assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues and expenses for the three funds are reported on a full accrual basis. CIPA's financial statements are included in ASCIP's financial statements as a component unit of ASCIP. CIPA's financial statements reflect the revenues, expenditures, assets and liabilities of the OCIP, Student Accident, Pupil Transportation, and workers' compensation loss portfolio transfer programs.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	2018-2019	2019-2020
ASSETS		
Current assets	\$ 220,567,698	\$ 218,642,102
Noncurrent assets	268,588,039	313,161,687
Capital assets, net	4,537,851	4,296,461
Total Assets	493,693,588	536,100,250
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources for pension & OPEB	1,539,202	1,382,261
Deterred outflows of resources for pension & of ED	1,557,202	1,502,201
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities	113,093,590	133,817,056
Unpaid claims and claims adjustment expense, net of current portion	178,187,482	176,447,289
Net OPEB liability	442,816	647,441
Net pension liability	1,869,795	2,120,535
Total Liabilities	293,593,683	313,032,321
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows of resources for pension & OPEB	277,662	84,477
NET POSITION		
Invested in capital assets, net	4,537,851	4,296,461
Net position, restricted	7,585,129	13,928,190
Net position, unrestricted	189,238,465	206,141,062
1		
Total Net Position	\$ 201,361,445	\$ 224,365,713

ASCIP 2019-20 Operating Budget

Each year, ASCIP's Executive Committee adopts a budget which serves as a blueprint for the Executive Committee to achieve its objective of providing the highest quality products and services to its members. It is designed as a tool for financial planning, control, and evaluation of pool performance in the coming year. The budget incorporates various fiscal and economic assumptions and factors such as insurance market trends, level of reinsurance coverage, claims trends and developments, investment performance and administrative costs.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

ANALYSIS OF SIGNIFICANT VARIATION BETWEEN BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budget	Actual	\$ Variance	% Variance
Operating Revenues:				
Premium contributions from members	\$ 265,276,700	\$ 269,248,591	\$ 3,971,891	1%
Other income	450,000	4,286,368	3,836,368	853%
Total Operating Revenues	265,726,700	273,534,959	7,808,259	3%
Operating Expenses:				
Claims expense	141,032,100	126,592,024	(14,440,076)	-10%
Provision for IBNR and case reserves	22,200,000	2,459,069	(19,740,931)	-89%
Provision for ULAE reserves	500,000	(311,203)	(811,203)	-162%
Excess/resinsurance premiums	22,835,000	23,639,078	804,078	4%
Health benefits insurance premiums	62,109,000	66,937,513	4,828,513	8%
Contract services	13,023,600	11,931,465	(1,092,135)	-8%
Loss control and risk management services	4,290,000	2,877,678	(1,412,322)	-33%
General and administrative	9,977,400	10,133,793	156,393	2%
Premium dividends		26,928,805	26,928,805	N/C
Total Operating Expenses	275,967,100	271,188,222	(4,778,878)	-2%
Operating income (loss)	(10,240,400)	2,346,737	12,587,137	-123%
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):				
Interest and dividend income, net of fees	8,797,500	8,872,195	74,695	1%
Net unrealized gain (loss) on investments	<u>-</u> _	11,785,336	11,785,336	N/C
Total Non-Operating Income	8,797,500	20,657,531	11,860,031	135%
Increase (decrease) in net position	(1,442,900)	23,004,268	24,447,168	-1694%
Net position, beginning of year	232,866,869	201,361,445	(31,505,424)	-14%
Net position, end of year	\$ 231,423,969	\$ 224,365,713	<u>\$ (7,058,256)</u>	-3%
Capital Outlay	\$ 300,000	\$ 242,914	\$ (57,086)	

Commentary on Budget Variances

Actual premium contributions from members were approximately \$4 million or 1% higher than the budget mainly due to higher Health Benefits program premiums as a result of adding one new member and overall increase in enrollment in the Kaiser plan.

Interest income was pretty much in line with the budget, only came in 1% higher than the budgeted amount due to slightly higher interest rate than predicted.

Other income was \$3.8 million higher than the budgeted amount mainly due to the income collected from the Monrovia USD Loss Portfolio Transfer that was not budgeted.

Actual claims expense was approximately \$14.4 million or 10% less than budgeted due to lower claims payments in the

Property & Liability and Health Benefits programs than were anticipated.

Provision for IBNR and case reserves was much lower than budgeted primarily due to a significant decrease in IBNR in the Worker's Compensation and Health Benefits programs.

Provision for ULAE reserves was lower than budgeted due to the decrease in the Worker's Compensation program's IBNR reserves since ULAE reserves are calculated as a percentage of IBNR reserves.

Excess/reinsurance premiums came in higher than the budget predominately due to the payments made to the reinsurers for the Monrovia USD Loss Portfolio Transfer.

Actual Health Benefits premium paid to carriers were higher than budgeted by approximately \$4.8 million primarily due to addition of one new member in the Kaiser plan.

Contract services came in approximately \$1.1 million lower than budgeted mainly due to lower claim administration costs in the Medical and Dental programs as a result of a decrease in claims in these two programs.

Loss control expense was approximately \$1.4 million lower than budgeted due to lower ultilization of services during the year.

Premium dividends were not budgeted but the Board declared a rebate of \$15.2 million in the Workers' Compensation program and \$11.7 million in the Health Benefits program.

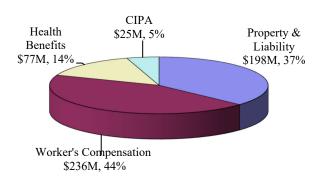
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

ANALYSIS OF OVERALL FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

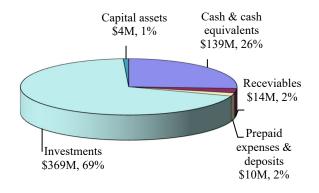
Assets

Total assets increased by \$42.4 million from \$493.7 million as of June 30, 2019 to \$536.1 million as of June 30, 2020. The increase in cash and investments contributed to the majority of the increase in total assets. ASCIP invests those funds not immediately necessary for claims payments in long-term securities in order to optimize the rate of return. ASCIP's investments are managed by Public Financial Management (PFM) and are held in a custodial account with Bank of New York. The managed portfolio consists of fixed income securities purchased and held in accordance with ASCIP's investment policy and the California Government Code. As of June 30, 2020, ASCIP's investments have a total fair market value of \$369 million, an increase of \$16.9 million from the prior fiscal year. This increase was driven by \$11.7 in unrealized gains, \$7.1 million in interest earnings, and offset with a net of sale of investments of \$1.9 million.

Total Assets by Program at June 30, 2020



Total Assets by Types at June 30, 2020



Liabilities

Total liabilities increased by \$19.4 million, primarily due to the increase in premium dividends by \$13.3 million, outstanding claim liabilities by \$2.9 million, and accounts payable by \$4.3 million, offsetting by the net decrease of \$1.1 million in unearned premium revenues and other liabilities.

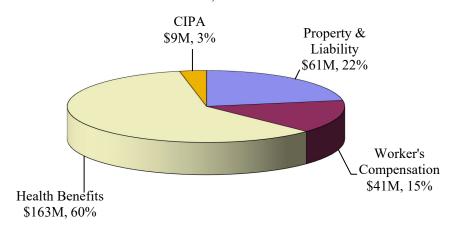
Revenues

Total premium revenues were approximately \$273.5 million, an increase of 7% from the previous year or \$18.6 million. This year all programs generated an increase in revenues. The Property & Liability and the Health Benefits programs had the most increase in premium revenues, increasing by \$5.7 million and \$6.5 million, respectively, primarily driven by the increased cost of coverage. The Workers' Compensation program's revenues increased by \$2.6 million, primarily due to the execution of a loss portfolio transfer, while CIPA's revenues increased by \$3.8 million, driven by an increase in covered projects.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

Interest income decreased by approximately \$570,000 or 6% primarily due to lower interest rates. ASCIP's investments ended the year with a net unrealized gain of \$11.8 million due to the drop in market interest rates, compared to the unrealized gain of \$7.4 million in the previous year.

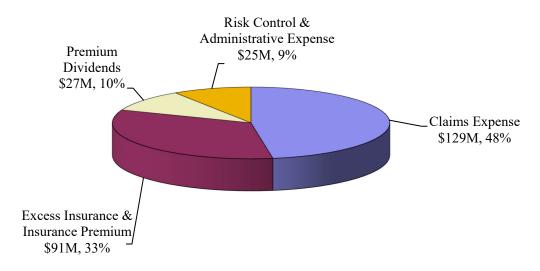
Premium Revenues by Program for the Year Ended June 30, 2020



Expenses

Total expenses were \$271.2 million, a decrease of \$3.6 million or 1% from the prior year. The provision for case reserves, IBNR, and ULAE reserves decreased by a total of \$27.0 million, offset by the increase of \$22.3 million in excess insurance and health benefits premiums and dividends combined. In fiscal year 2019-20, the Executive Committee declared a total rebate of \$26.9 million from the Workers' Compensation and Health Benefits programs, which was an increase of \$14.4 million over the previous year amount.

Breakdown of Expenses for the Year Ended June 30, 2020

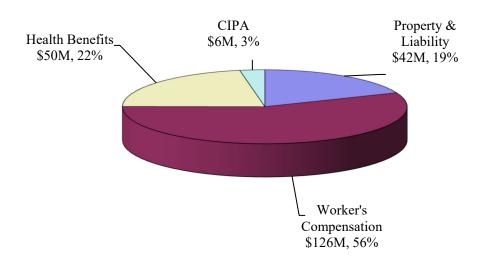


MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

Net Position

ASCIP's financial health continued to remain exceptionally strong, ending the year with a net position of \$224.4 million, an increase of \$23 million from the prior year. This year all programs generated an increase in net position, with the Workers' Compensation program posting the highest surplus of \$14.7 million, after a premium dividend of \$15.2 million.

Net Position by Program at June 30, 2020



ANALYSIS OF BALANCES AND TRANSACTION OF INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

Property & Liability Program

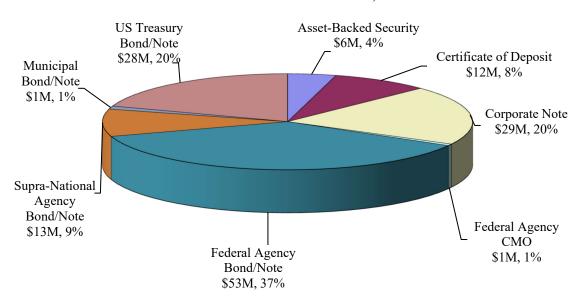
The total assets in the Property & Liability fund increased by \$10.4 million to \$197.6 million as of June 30, 2020. The increase was mainly attributable to the increase in cash, offset by the decrease in investments and reinsurance recovery receivable. Total cash balance increased by nearly \$23.0 million, ending the year with almost \$40.9 million. Excess and reinsurance recoveries decreased by \$3.7 million to \$7.5 million at the end of the year.

The Property & Liability investment portfolio balance decreased by approximate \$9.0 million to an ending balance of \$143.6 million as of June 30, 2020. The decrease was mainly due to the liquidation of \$16.0 million in investments to raise cash to cover operating expenses and excess reinsurance renewals prior to year-end. For the fiscal year, the portfolio earned almost \$3.0 million in interest income which was reinvested in the portfolio and had an unrealized market value gain of \$3.5 million as a result of the declining interest rate environment and realized gain of \$629,000 on sales of investments. As of June 30, 2020, the portfolio had an average yield of 1.81% and an average maturity of 2.62 years.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

The following graph depicts the asset allocation of the investment portfolio:

Property & Liability Program Investment Asset Allocation at June 30, 2020



The total liabilities increased by \$5.7 million to \$156.1 million as of June 30, 2020, primarily due to the increase of \$4.2 million in unpaid claims liabilities. This was the result of a \$7.9 million increase in IBNR, offset by \$3.7 million decrease in case reserves. The actuary indicated that the IBNR increase was mostly due to the increase in childhood sexual assault (CSA) claims and the overall moderate deterioration in the liability program loss experience. The outstanding claims liability for unpaid losses was recorded at the actuarially determined undiscounted central estimate.

Net position in the Property & Liability fund increased by \$4.7 million to an ending balance of \$42.2 million as of June 30, 2020.

Total premium revenues increased by \$5.7 million from the prior year to approximately \$61 million, primarily due to the increase in rates in the general liability (which includes CSA coverage) and property lines of coverage. The composite renewal rate increased by 7.3% from the prior year. The program added one new member and lost two existing members in this program year which reduced the total number of members to 114. In 2019-20, the program insured almost \$34 billion in property values and nearly 1.2 million students. For the year, the program earned a total of \$3.2 million in investment income and recognized an unrealized gain in investment fair value of \$4.1 million. The program also generated \$302,000 in other income from ancillary programs such as the Booster Club, Underground Storage Tanks and Rent-a-Risk Manager services. These programs are offered to members as optional coverages/services.

The total operating expenses decreased by \$15.5 million predominantly due to the decrease of \$16.2 million in the change in the provision for IBNR and case reserves. In the prior year, the change in the provision for IBNR and case reserves was \$20.7 million, compared to only \$4.5 million this year, a significant drop due to stabilized case reserves. The decrease of \$1.4 million in risk control expenses also contributed to the overall decrease in the total operating expenses, mainly due to lower utilization of services during the last three months of the fiscal year when the pandemic occurred.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

To avoid incurring a catastrophic or severe loss in any one program year, ASCIP purchases excess and/or reinsurance coverage in many of its programs. In fiscal year 2019-20, the total excess and reinsurance premiums increased by \$2.1 million, mainly due to the increase in excess property premiums as a result of the rise in wildfire damage.

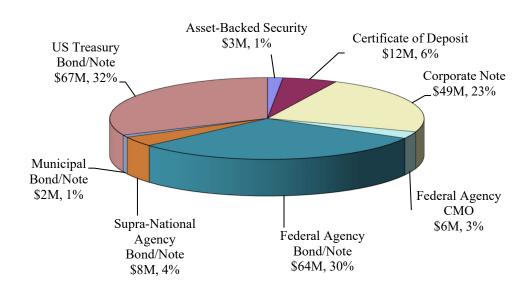
This year, ASCIP continued to retain the self-insured retention of the General Liability coverage at \$2.5 million. ASCIP purchased reinsurance for the \$2.5 million in excess of \$2.5 million layer with no aggregate deductible and took a 20 percent quota share of losses with four reinsurers in this layer. Regarding the Property coverage portion of this program, ASCIP continued to carry a \$1 million deductible as it has in previous years. However, this year ASCIP had an aggregate corridor deductible of \$2.5 million in the layer above the first \$1 million deductible. Due to the hard property market, ASCIP entered into a reinsurance program with thirteen different carriers, compared to just one carrier in the prior years.

Workers' Compensation Program

The Workers' Compensation program ended the year with total assets of \$235.9 million, an increase of \$19.8 million from the prior year. The total assets included \$22.3 million in cash and cash equivalents, \$1.4 million in accounts receivable, and \$212.2 million in investments. During the fiscal year, \$10.0 million was transferred from the Los Angeles County Treasury Pool to the PFM investment portfolio. As a result, the portfolio balance rose to \$212.2 million as of June 30, 2020. For the year, the program earned a total of \$4.2 million in interest income that was re-invested in the portfolio and recognized an increase in unrealized investment market value of \$7.7 million. As of June 30, 2020, the portfolio had an average yield of 1.89% and an average maturity of 3.49 years.

The following graph depicts the asset allocation of the investment portfolio:

Workers Compensation Program Investments Asset Allocation at June 30, 2020



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

The total liabilities in the Workers' Compensation program increased by \$5.1 million to almost \$110.0 million at the end of the fiscal year. The increase was mainly driven by the increase in premium dividend payable. Due to the substantial equity in the program and to help members with their fiscal challenges, this year ASCIP's Executive Committee declared the biggest premium rebate in the history of the program, totaling \$15.2 million. This was \$7.7 million more than the prior year. Over the last fourteen years, the Workers' Compensation program has returned a total of \$51 million back to its members.

The unpaid claims liability decreased by \$2.7 million to \$77.6 million. This decrease was a net of a \$2.6 million increase in case reserves and \$5.3 million decrease in IBNR. The decrease was primarily driven by the reduction in the projected ultimate losses for the years prior to June 30, 2019. The unallocated claims adjustment expense (ULAE) decreased by \$573,000 to \$11.9 million as a result of the decrease in claims and IBNR reserves. ASCIP handles all claims for both the SIR program and the 1st Dollar Program participants even when the losses are 100% ceded, as was the case between July 1, 2009 and June 30, 2012.

Despite the large rebate, the Workers' Compensation program closed the fiscal year with an increase in net position of \$14.7 million, which brought the ending net position to \$126.3 million as of June 30, 2020. This increase was mainly attributable to favorable loss experience and an overall well-managed program.

Member contributions decreased by \$1.4 million to \$37 million, mainly due to the decrease in rates. This year, the overall composite rate decreased by 3.5%, to its lowest rates in the history of the program. The Workers' Compensation program premiums are based on payroll. The program had a total payroll of \$2.8 billion, decreased by \$186 million from the previous year due to a departure of a large member, even though the program added two new members for the year. The program insured a total of 47 members in 2019-20. This year the program also earned \$3.97 million in other income from a loss portfolio transfer agreement with a member school district to assume the member's claims liability.

Total operating expenses increased by almost \$5.0 million from the prior year, primarily due to the increase in premium dividend expense. The total excess insurance premiums were \$3.75 million higher than last year's premium due to the premium paid to the reinsurers for the loss portfolio transfer mentioned above.

Health Benefits Programs

Effective July 1, 2006, ASCIP began offering health benefits to its membership. In addition to the core health benefits, such as medical, dental and vision, ASCIP also offers several other ancillary programs including life insurance, income protection plan, long-term care, and a social security alternative plan.

As of June 30, 2020, the Health Benefits program had total assets of \$77.1 million, an increase of almost \$9.0 million from prior year mainly due to the increase in cash. The total assets included \$71.6 million in cash and cash equivalents, \$4.7 million in prepaid deposits, and \$843,000 in accounts receivable.

The total liabilities increased by \$8.0 million to \$27.9 million. The increase was attributable to the increase in accounts payable of \$3.9 million and dividend payable of \$5.6 million, offset with a decrease in unpaid claims liability of \$1.4 million. The decrease in unpaid claims liability was largely driven by the decrease of the IBNR reserves in the self-funded medical plan by \$790,000 and dental plan by \$617,000. The actuary indicated that the decrease was mainly due to the drop in claims during the pandemic.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

Member contributions totaled \$163.0 million including \$113.4 million from the medical and miscellaneous plans, \$44.1 million from the dental plans, and \$5.5 million from the vision plans. Total member contributions for fiscal year 2019-20 was \$6.5 million higher compared to the prior year mainly due to the overall increase in enrollment in the medical and dental plans and the addition of one large member district in the fully-insured medical plan and the self-funded dental and vision plans. The program earned a total interest income of \$1.1 million, down slightly from the prior year due to a lower interest rate environment.

The Health Benefits program incurred total operating expenses of \$163.2 million, an increase of \$5.1 million. The increase was predominantly due to the increase in carrier premiums for the fully-insured medical plan as a result of adding one new member. Another reason for the overall increase in total operating expense was the increase in premium dividend. Similar to last year, due to the program's favorable overall loss experience and substantial equity balance, the Executive Committee declared another large rebate in the amount of \$11.7 million, which brought the total rebate to \$24.4 million in the last three years.

Despite of a large premium dividend, the program still had a net income of \$940,000. The drop in claims payments in the last three months of the fiscal year due to the pandemic contributed to the good year-end result. The Health Benefits program ended the year with a net position of \$49.5 million.

Captive Insurance for Public Agencies, Limited. (CIPA)

CIPA is a licensed pure captive insurance company to operate for the sole benefit of ASCIP. CIPA was incorporated and received its Certificate of Authority from the Insurance Commissioner of the State of Hawaii in 2005.

ASCIP provides administrative oversite services to CIPA. CIPA utilizes, a captive administrator with an office in Honolulu, Hawaii, along with contracted staff to manage the Owner-Controller Insurance Program (OCIP) to insure new construction and renovation projects undertaken by participating districts, which covers contractors and all their subcontractors on any work at or emanating from the project site.

ASCIP provides administrative oversite to CIPA, including assistance with services such as business development, enrollment of participating projects, procurement of insurance coverage from third-party insurance carriers, claims adjusting services, brokerage and administrative services. CIPA serves as a risk funding mechanism for portions of risk under the OCIP.

Prior to February 1, 2018, CIPA provided OCIP workers' compensation, employers' liability and general liability deductible reimbursement coverage of \$500,000 per occurrence with no aggregate limit. Effective February 1, 2018, CIPA converted the coverage to a reinsurance assumed arrangement with a fronting carrier, with no changes in the covered limits.

Effective July 1, 2016, CIPA provides reinsurance for a student accident insurance program offered to all ASCIP members. Under the terms of a reinsurance agreement with a fronting carrier, CIPA participates on a 50% quota share basis in the program.

Effective July 1, 2018, ASCIP extended automobile liability and errors and omissions liability coverage to Whittier Union High School District (WUHSD) for its pupil transportation services, where ASCIP retains \$500,000 per occurrence and obtained specific reinsurance for \$4,500,000 excess of the \$500,000 retention. CIPA provides self-insured retention reimbursement coverage to ASCIP for losses within the \$500,000 retention, subject to a WUHSD's \$25,000 deductible per occurrence.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

Owner-Controller Insurance Program (OCIP)

In fiscal year 2019-20, the OCIP program enrolled eleven new construction projects and closed ten projects with a total enrolled premium of \$7.1 million. In compliance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the OCIP program recognized revenues over the life of the projects. For fiscal year 2019-20, the OCIP program earned a total premium of nearly \$8 million. Collected but unearned revenue of \$9.4 million will be recognized in future fiscal years.

Total expenses for the fiscal year 2019-20 were \$6.1 million. Included in the total expenses were excess insurance premium of \$1.01 million, IBNR adjustment of \$773,000, loss payment of \$1.5 million, OCIP administrator and broker's fees of \$1.6 million, and general administrative expenses of \$1.2 million.

For the year, the OCIP program had an increase in net position of \$2.3 million, bringing the total net position to almost \$5 million as of June 30, 2020. The increase in net position was primarily due to the increase in earned revenues as a result of the increase in project enrollment.

At June 30, 2020, the OCIP program's total assets were \$22.2 million and liabilities were \$17.2 million. The total assets included \$4.4 million investments in various types of fix-income securities and \$8.8 million in certificate of deposit. In order to maximize investment returns, CIPA utilizes PFM as its investment advisor to manage its investment portfolio.

Student Accident Program

For fiscal year 2019-20, the Student Accident program earned a total premium of \$466,000, a decrease of \$29,000 from the previous year due to a lower rate. This premium is 50% share of the program gross premium of \$931,000 with the fronting carrier.

Total expenses for the fiscal year were \$199,000, a decrease of \$44,000 from the prior year. Included in the total expenses were \$82,000 of paid losses, a reduction of \$52,000 in IBNR and case reserves, \$71,000 of intermediary fee and commission, \$35,000 of claims adjusting fees, \$37,000 of carrier fronting fee, and \$26,000 of other contract services and expenses.

For the year, the Student Accident program had a net income of \$266,000. At June 30, 2020, the program's total assets were \$1,152,000 including \$616,000 of funds held by the carrier and accounts receivable of \$536,000. Total liabilities included \$38,000 of case reserves and IBNR.

The fronting carrier requires CIPA to provide appropriate collateral as security for its obligations, where CIPA's obligations are comprised of unpaid loss reserves and unearned premium reserves. CIPA satisfies the requirement under a funds withheld arrangement. If the funds withheld are not sufficient to cover CIPA's obligations, CIPA may need to provide additional collateral.

Under the reinsurance agreement, 80% of the excess funds withheld will be released to CIPA 12 months following expiration of the coverage, with remaining amounts released 18 months after expiration.

Pupil Transportation Program

The Pupil Transportation program generated a net income of \$149,000, comprised of premium earned of \$171,000 less provision for losses of \$22,000.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

Workers' Compensation Loss Portfolio Transfer (LPT)

Effective December 31, 2019, ASCIP entered into an agreement with a member school district to assume certain workers' compensation liabilities from the member district. In a separate loss portfolio transfer agreement effective on the same date, ASCIP transferred 100% of its ultimate net loss related to the aforementioned liabilities to two different reinsurance partners on a 50-50 percent basis. One of these reinsurance partners was CIPA.

ASCIP received a premium of \$3,970,000 for this portfolio transfer and remitted \$3,916,000 to these reinsurance partners. CIPA received 50% share of this premium, amounting to \$1,958,000. At the end of the year, CIPA generated a nominal net income of \$555 after recording the provision for losses of \$1.8 million, intermediary fees and premium taxes of \$102,000, and a rebate payable of \$120,000. The LPT agreement consists of a provision for a premium rebate, in which ASCIP will return a percentage of the underwriting profit to the member school district, subject to regulatory approval, as determined as of December 31, 2024. This rebate will be returned from the funds held at CIPA.

<u>Facts or Conditions That Are Expected to Have a Significant Effect on The Financial Position or Result of Operations</u>

One of the fastest growing exposures is personal tort liability claims arising from accusations of lack of oversight and protection with regards to childhood sexual assault involving students. While the number of claims in this category over the last five years represents only about 6% of ASCIP's total third-party liability claims, the dollars associated with this liability exceed 30% of our total claim liabilities.

The recent passage of California Assembly Bill 218, which took effect January 1, 2020, substantially increases the statute of limitations for filing claims based on such accusations. While the future is uncertain and dependent on many case-by-case factors, this could have a substantial negative impact on not only future claim liabilities, but also on insurance and reinsurance carrier's willingness to underwrite this coverage for schools in the State of California.

In an effort to control the uncertainty of this potential liability ASCIP moved its coverage for this risk from occurrence-based to claims-made policy coverage effective July 1, 2020.

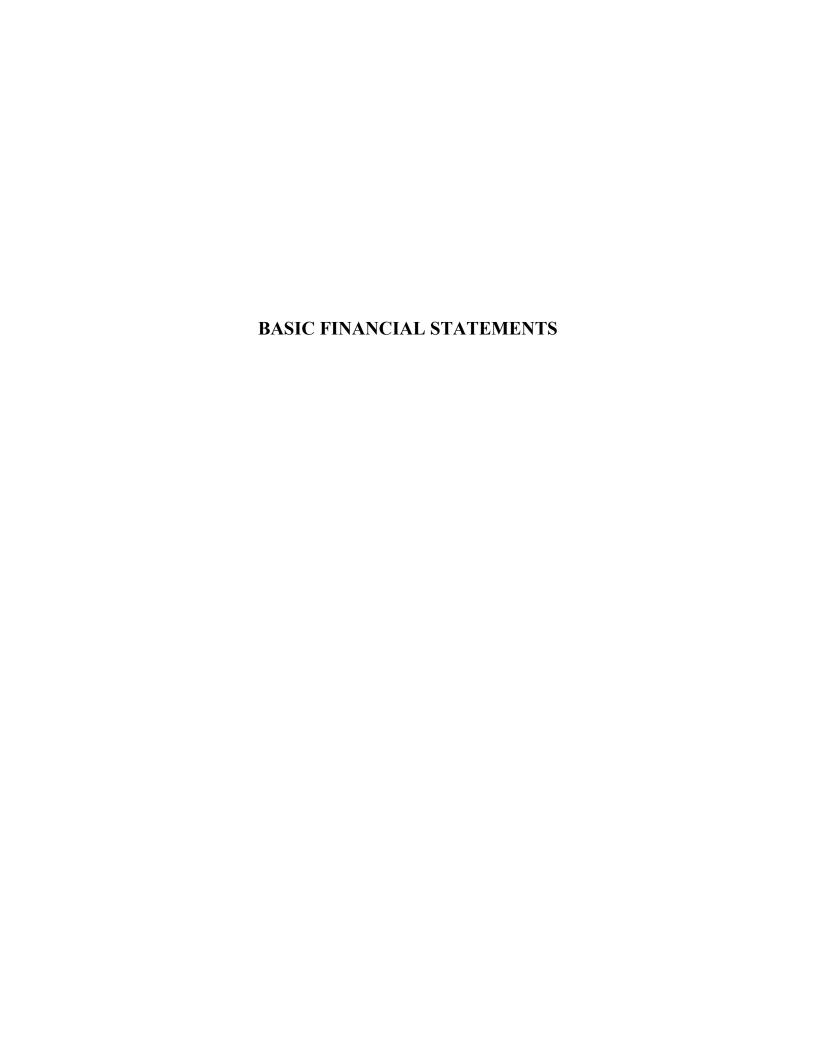
Another area of concern is the rising cost of property coverage as a result of the growing number of catastrophic wildfires in the State of California. The last three years have seen billions of dollars of losses throughout the State. While the public utility companies strive to mitigate this risk with planned power outages, these outages create other risks of loss, such as the loss of stored refrigerated supplies and revenue as a result of school closings. Many carriers have or are threatening to leave the California market and rates have increased substantially in the last three years. Whether or not coverage will continue to be available, rates are expected to continue to rise at a double digit rate.

Cyber security is another growing risk. Attacks such as ransomware, malware, phishing, hacking, identity theft, financial security breaches and social engineering are expected to continue to increase, with schools becoming a growing target for such attackers. ASCIP has devoted increased staff and resources to assist our members in protecting themselves from this growing threat, both before and after an attack. This is a global geo-economic problem and the cost, both economic and social, is expected to continue to rise.

Insurance providers, such as ASCIP, depend heavily on investment returns to fund a portion of our claims liabilities. Market rates for fixed income securities declined substantially last year and are expected to remain at historically low levels for many years into the future.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2020

The COVID-19 pandemic is affecting the entire country in various ways. In the fourth quarter of fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 ASCIP saw a distinct drop in claims in all of our programs, primarily driven as a result of schools moving to a remote-work and teaching environment and the temporary shutdown of many medical service providers. While existing litigated claims have slowed in development due to the temporary closing of most courthouses, this is not expected to affect their ultimate financial cost. Medical claims, including dental and vision, seem to have returned to normal levels within a few months following year-end, as medical service providers have reopened. As the California legislature continues to pass laws to protect employees from the risks associated with contracting the virus in a work-related environment, it is unclear how this will affect ASCIP's various programs in the future.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Current assets:	ASSETS:	2020	Memo Only 2019
Cash and cash equivalents \$126,589,938 \$96,331,096 Restricted cash and cash equivalents \$12,379,275 \$11,224,364 Accounts receivables \$13,995,049 \$18,825,544 Prepaid expenses and other assets \$5,205,907 \$5,996,448 Investments maturing within one year \$46,633,283 \$80,649,046 Restricted investments maturing within one year \$13,838,650 \$74,442,00 Total current assets \$218,642,102 \$220,567,698 Noncurrent assets \$1,650,000 \$4,650,000 \$4,650,000 Capital assets, net \$4,296,461 \$4,537,851 \$4,537,851 Total noncurrent assets \$317,458,148 \$273,125,890 \$493,693,588 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred outflows of resources for pension & OPEB \$1,382,261 \$1,539,202 LIABILITIES: Current liabilities: \$4,296,461 \$1,539,202 LiABILITIES: Current liabilities: \$9,531,170 \$11,809,369 Accounts payable \$15,547,114 \$11,280,342 Unearned premium revenues			2017
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Licensing agreement obligation 54,749 157,548 Risk management deposit fund 10,526,315 9,940,584 Safety credit payable 1,763,420 1,182,851 Current portion of unpaid claims 51,131,015 46,464,428 Unallocated claims adjustment expense 18,333,637 18,644,840 Total current liabilities 133,817,056 113,093,590 Noncurrent liabilities: 176,447,289 178,187,482 Net pension liability & OPEB liability 2,767,976 2,312,611 Total noncurrent liabilities 179,215,265 180,500,093 Total liabilities 313,032,321 293,593,683 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows of resources for pension & OPEB 84,477 277,662 NET POSITION: Invested in capital assets 4,296,461 4,537,851 Restricted 13,928,190 7,585,129 Unrestricted 206,141,062 189,238,465 Total net position \$224,365,713 \$201,361,445	Unearned premium revenues	9,531,170	11,809,286
Risk management deposit fund 10,526,315 9,940,584 Safety credit payable 1,763,420 1,182,851 Current portion of unpaid claims 51,131,015 46,464,428 Unallocated claims adjustment expense 18,333,637 18,644,840 Total current liabilities 133,817,056 113,093,590 Noncurrent liabilities: Variable of the current portion of the current portion of the current liabilities 176,447,289 178,187,482 Net pension liability & OPEB liability 2,767,976 2,312,611 Total noncurrent liabilities 179,215,265 180,500,093 Total liabilities 313,032,321 293,593,683 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows of resources for pension & OPEB 84,477 277,662 NET POSITION: Invested in capital assets 4,296,461 4,537,851 Restricted 13,928,190 7,585,129 Unrestricted 206,141,062 189,238,465 Total net position \$224,365,713 \$201,361,445	Premium dividends payable	26,929,636	13,613,711
Safety credit payable 1,763,420 1,182,851 Current portion of unpaid claims 51,131,015 46,464,428 Unallocated claims adjustment expense 18,333,637 18,644,840 Total current liabilities 133,817,056 113,093,590 Noncurrent liabilities: 176,447,289 178,187,482 Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses, net of current portion 176,447,289 178,187,482 Net pension liability & OPEB liability 2,767,976 2,312,611 Total noncurrent liabilities 179,215,265 180,500,093 Total liabilities 313,032,321 293,593,683 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows of resources for pension & OPEB 84,477 277,662 NET POSITION: Invested in capital assets 4,296,461 4,537,851 Restricted 13,928,190 7,585,129 Unrestricted 206,141,062 189,238,465 Total net position \$ 224,365,713 \$ 201,361,445	Licensing agreement obligation	54,749	157,548
Current portion of unpaid claims 51,131,015 46,464,428 Unallocated claims adjustment expense 18,333,637 18,644,840 Total current liabilities 133,817,056 113,093,590 Noncurrent liabilities: 176,447,289 178,187,482 Net pension liability & OPEB liability 2,767,976 2,312,611 Total noncurrent liabilities 179,215,265 180,500,093 Total liabilities 313,032,321 293,593,683 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows of resources for pension & OPEB 84,477 277,662 NET POSITION: Invested in capital assets 4,296,461 4,537,851 Restricted 13,928,190 7,585,129 Unrestricted 206,141,062 189,238,465 Total net position \$224,365,713 \$201,361,445	Risk management deposit fund	10,526,315	9,940,584
Unallocated claims adjustment expense 18,333,637 18,644,840 Total current liabilities 133,817,056 113,093,590 Noncurrent liabilities: Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses, net of current portion 176,447,289 178,187,482 Net pension liability & OPEB liability 2,767,976 2,312,611 Total noncurrent liabilities 179,215,265 180,500,093 Total liabilities 313,032,321 293,593,683 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows of resources for pension & OPEB 84,477 277,662 NET POSITION: Invested in capital assets 4,296,461 4,537,851 Restricted 13,928,190 7,585,129 Unrestricted 206,141,062 189,238,465 Total net position \$201,361,445	Safety credit payable	1,763,420	1,182,851
Total current liabilities 133,817,056 113,093,590 Noncurrent liabilities: Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses, net of current portion 176,447,289 178,187,482 Net pension liability & OPEB liability 2,767,976 2,312,611 Total noncurrent liabilities 179,215,265 180,500,093 Total liabilities 313,032,321 293,593,683 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows of resources for pension & OPEB 84,477 277,662 NET POSITION: Invested in capital assets 4,296,461 4,537,851 Restricted 13,928,190 7,585,129 Unrestricted 206,141,062 189,238,465 Total net position \$ 224,365,713 \$ 201,361,445	Current portion of unpaid claims	51,131,015	46,464,428
Noncurrent liabilities: Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses, net of current portion 176,447,289 178,187,482 Net pension liability & OPEB liability 2,767,976 2,312,611 Total noncurrent liabilities 179,215,265 180,500,093 Total liabilities 313,032,321 293,593,683 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows of resources for pension & OPEB 84,477 277,662 NET POSITION: Invested in capital assets 4,296,461 4,537,851 Restricted 13,928,190 7,585,129 Unrestricted 206,141,062 189,238,465 Total net position \$ 224,365,713 \$ 201,361,445	Unallocated claims adjustment expense	18,333,637	18,644,840
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses, net of current portion 176,447,289 178,187,482 Net pension liability & OPEB liability 2,767,976 2,312,611 Total noncurrent liabilities 179,215,265 180,500,093 Total liabilities 313,032,321 293,593,683 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows of resources for pension & OPEB 84,477 277,662 NET POSITION: Invested in capital assets 4,296,461 4,537,851 Restricted 13,928,190 7,585,129 Unrestricted 206,141,062 189,238,465 Total net position \$ 224,365,713 \$ 201,361,445	Total current liabilities	133,817,056	113,093,590
Net pension liability & OPEB liability 2,767,976 2,312,611 Total noncurrent liabilities 179,215,265 180,500,093 Total liabilities 313,032,321 293,593,683 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows of resources for pension & OPEB 84,477 277,662 NET POSITION: Invested in capital assets 4,296,461 4,537,851 Restricted 13,928,190 7,585,129 Unrestricted 206,141,062 189,238,465 Total net position \$ 224,365,713 \$ 201,361,445	Noncurrent liabilities:		
Net pension liability & OPEB liability 2,767,976 2,312,611 Total noncurrent liabilities 179,215,265 180,500,093 Total liabilities 313,032,321 293,593,683 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows of resources for pension & OPEB 84,477 277,662 NET POSITION: Invested in capital assets 4,296,461 4,537,851 Restricted 13,928,190 7,585,129 Unrestricted 206,141,062 189,238,465 Total net position \$ 224,365,713 \$ 201,361,445	Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses, net of current portion	176,447,289	178,187,482
Total liabilities 313,032,321 293,593,683 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows of resources for pension & OPEB 84,477 277,662 NET POSITION: Invested in capital assets 4,296,461 4,537,851 Restricted 13,928,190 7,585,129 Unrestricted 206,141,062 189,238,465 Total net position \$ 224,365,713 \$ 201,361,445	Net pension liability & OPEB liability	2,767,976	2,312,611
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows of resources for pension & OPEB 84,477 277,662 NET POSITION: Invested in capital assets 4,296,461 4,537,851 Restricted 13,928,190 7,585,129 Unrestricted 206,141,062 189,238,465 Total net position \$ 224,365,713 \$ 201,361,445	Total noncurrent liabilities	179,215,265	180,500,093
Deferred inflows of resources for pension & OPEB 84,477 277,662 NET POSITION: 3,296,461 4,537,851 Restricted 13,928,190 7,585,129 Unrestricted 206,141,062 189,238,465 Total net position \$224,365,713 \$201,361,445	Total liabilities	313,032,321	293,593,683
Deferred inflows of resources for pension & OPEB 84,477 277,662 NET POSITION: 3,296,461 4,537,851 Restricted 13,928,190 7,585,129 Unrestricted 206,141,062 189,238,465 Total net position \$224,365,713 \$201,361,445	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Invested in capital assets 4,296,461 4,537,851 Restricted 13,928,190 7,585,129 Unrestricted 206,141,062 189,238,465 Total net position \$ 224,365,713 \$ 201,361,445		84,477	277,662
Invested in capital assets 4,296,461 4,537,851 Restricted 13,928,190 7,585,129 Unrestricted 206,141,062 189,238,465 Total net position \$ 224,365,713 \$ 201,361,445	NET POSITION:		
Restricted 13,928,190 7,585,129 Unrestricted 206,141,062 189,238,465 Total net position \$ 224,365,713 \$ 201,361,445		4 296 461	4 537 851
Unrestricted 206,141,062 189,238,465 Total net position \$ 224,365,713 \$ 201,361,445	•		
Total net position <u>\$ 224,365,713</u> <u>\$ 201,361,445</u>			
	Total net position		
	The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statem		18

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	2020	Memo Only 2019
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Premium contributions from members	\$ 269,248,591	\$ 254,248,987
Other income	4,286,368	677,756
Total operating revenues	273,534,959	254,926,743
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Claims expense, net of reimbursements of \$16,020,786	126,592,024	126,551,107
Provision for IBNR and case reserves	2,459,069	28,267,195
Provision for ULAE reserves	(311,203)	873,518
Excess/reinsurance premiums	23,639,078	19,535,330
Health benefits insurance premiums	66,937,513	62,157,909
Contract services	11,931,465	10,523,129
Loss control and risk management	2,877,678	4,166,915
General and administrative	10,133,793	9,204,471
Premium dividends	26,928,805	13,547,632
Total operating expenses	271,188,222	274,827,206
Operating income (loss)	2,346,737	(19,900,463)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Interest and dividend income	8,872,195	9,442,383
Net unrealized gain on investments	11,785,336	7,416,890
Total non-operating income	20,657,531	16,859,273
Increase (decrease) in net position	23,004,268	(3,041,190)
Net position, beginning of year	201,361,445	204,402,635
Net position, end of year	\$ 224,365,713	\$ 201,361,445

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	2020	Memo Only 2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Cash received from premium contributions and other income	\$ 272,267,646	\$ 261,751,237
Cash paid for claims	(144,382,357)	(161,355,043)
Cash received from reinsurer	22,096,844	27,238,554
Cash paid for benefits, insurance, and other expenses	(115,641,143)	(112,874,110)
Cash paid to employees	(6,683,297)	(5,895,119)
Cash paid to pension plan and retirees	(507,430)	(535,930)
Net cash provided by operating activities	27,150,263	8,329,589
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchase of capital assets	(104,943)	(242,915)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchase of investments	(186,538,198)	(235,598,894)
Proceeds from sale or maturity of investments	180,636,234	196,212,175
Interest and investment income received	10,270,397	9,249,988
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	4,368,433	(30,136,731)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	31,413,753	(22,050,057)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	107,555,460	129,605,517
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 138,969,213	\$ 107,555,460
RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 126,589,938	\$ 96,331,096
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	12,379,275	11,224,364
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 138,969,213	\$ 107,555,460
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating income (loss)	\$ 2,346,737	\$ (19,900,463)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	346,333	331,381
(Increase) decrease in:		
Accounts receivables	4,264,258	(9,808,927)
Prepaid expenses and other assets and deposits	790,541	(4,359,170)
Deferred outflows of resources	156,941	222,958
Increase (decrease) in:	10.000.407	2.044.225
Accounts payable and other liabilities	18,060,467	3,844,335
Unearned premium revenues	(2,278,116)	10,204,316
Risk management deposit fund	585,731	(1,136,282)
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expense	2,615,191	29,140,718
Net pension liability & OPEB liability Deferred inflows of resources	455,365 (193,185)	(44,099) (165,178)
Net cash provided by operating activities		\$ 8,329,589
	\$ 27,150,263	φ 0,349,309
NONCASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	¢ 16.012.225	¢ 46.924.606
Net increase in fair value of investments	\$ 16,912,335	\$ 46,824,696

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Reporting Entity

Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP) was formed in October 1985, under a joint powers agreement (JPA) between participating school districts located within Los Angeles and Orange Counties, pursuant to Title 1, Division 7, Chapter 5, Article 1 (Section 6500 et seq.) of the California Government Code. Subsequently, ASCIP expanded to a statewide charter effective 1994. The purpose of ASCIP is to provide a more viable and economical insurance program to its members than they might otherwise be able to obtain operating on their own. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, there were 139 participants in ASCIP programs. Members may withdraw from ASCIP at the end of any fiscal year by notifying the Executive Committee in writing at least 90 days prior to the close of the insurance coverage year.

The annual deposit premium for each member is calculated based upon factors normally used to calculate annual insurance premiums. Prior years' premiums will be recalculated and adjusted until all claims are closed or until the Executive Committee determines that sufficient facts are known so that no additional calculations should be made.

In the event of the dissolution of ASCIP, the participating members would receive a pro-rata share of any fund equity or be liable for a pro-rata share of any debts and liabilities based upon the premiums and claims of such school districts.

ASCIP includes all funds that are controlled by or dependent on ASCIP's governing board for financial reporting purposes. ASCIP has considered all potential component units in determining how to define the reporting entity, using criteria set forth in accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which ASCIP is financially accountable. Component units may include organizations that are fiscally dependent on ASCIP in that ASCIP approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which ASCIP is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with ASCIP is such that exclusion would cause ASCIP's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. For financial reporting purposes, the component unit discussed below is reported in ASCIP's financial statements because of their relationship with ASCIP. The component unit, although a legally separate entity, is reported in the financial statements using the blended presentation method as if they were part of ASCIP's operations.

The Captive Insurance for Public Agencies Limited (CIPA) was incorporated on January 25, 2005, in the State of Hawaii, and is authorized to transact the business of a captive insurance company.

CIPA insures (or reinsures) coverages that are either, materially non-homogenous across the membership of ASCIP and feasible to be insured or reinsured (e.g. OCIP) or are non-District risks which ASCIP or its members have facilitated being insured as reducing potential risk to ASCIP programs or its members (e.g. OCIP, Pupil Transit, Student Accident, and Workers' Compensation Loss Portfolio Transfer coverage).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

CIPA's fiscal year end is June 30. ASCIP retains a local captive manager and program administrator of CIPA's insurance program. CIPA issues separate financial statements which are maintained by ASCIP.

Basis of Presentation

For financial reporting purposes, ASCIP is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are presented as a proprietary fund on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with governmental generally accepted accounting principles. Under the accrual basis, revenues and the related assets are recognized when earned, and expenses and related liabilities are recognized when the obligation is incurred. Operating revenues include premium deposits from members net of any applicable rate credits. Operating expenses include the provision for claims and claims adjustment expenses, insurance premiums, premium dividends, and general and administrative expenses.

Proprietary Funds – Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service. ASCIP has three enterprise funds and no internal service funds.

1) Property & Liability Fund

Members participate in the following programs:

General & Auto Liability Insurance:

A self-funded liability insurance plan covering claims up to \$5,000,000 per occurrence. Members have the option to choose deductibles ranging from \$0 - \$250,000, and with reinsurance support as follows:

A reinsured liability insurance program covering claims beyond \$2,500,000 up to \$5,000,000 in which ASCIP takes a 20 percent quota share position.

Property Insurance:

A self-funded property insurance plan covering claims up to \$1,000,000 per occurrence. Members have the option to choose deductibles ranging from \$5,000 - \$250,000.

A fully reinsured property insurance program covering claims beyond the \$1,000,000, up to \$600,000,000 per occurrence.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Crime Insurance:

A self-funded crime insurance plan covering claims above each school district's \$500 deductible with the following limits:

Employee faithful performance, depositor's forgery, and wire fund transfer:

A self-funded insurance plan covering claims up to \$250,000.

A fully insured insurance plan covering claims between \$250,000 and \$5,000,000.

Theft, disappearance, and destruction coverage form and robbery and safe burglary coverage form:

A self-funded insurance plan covering claims up to \$250,000.

A fully insured insurance plan covering claims between \$250,000 and \$1,000,000.

Auto Physical Damage Insurance:

A self-funded auto physical insurance plan covering the replacement cost of the damaged vehicle above each school district's \$1,500 deductible.

2) Workers' Compensation Fund

Members participate in the following programs:

A self-funded workers' compensation plan covering claims up to \$1,000,000 per occurrence for workers' compensation and employer liability benefit. Members have the option to choose deductibles ranging from \$0 - \$350,000.

A fully insured excess program covering claims excess of \$1,000,000 per occurrence to statutory limits.

3) Health Benefits Fund

Members participate in the following programs:

Medical:

A fully-insured Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) program administered through United Healthcare and Kaiser Permanente covering medical benefits with various plan options.

A fully-insured Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) program administered through United Healthcare covering medical benefits with various plan options.

A self-funded Blue Cross/Blue Shield Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) and a flex-funded Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) program up to \$150,000 per individual per year, administered through the Self-Insured Schools of California (SISC).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Dental:

A self-funded PPO dental program administered through Delta Dental of California covering benefits with various plan designs.

A fully-insured dental HMO program administered through DeltaCare USA covering benefits with various plan designs.

Vision:

A self-funded PPO vision program administered through Vision Service Plan covering benefits with various plan designs.

A fully-insured vision program administered through DeltaCare Vision covering benefits with various plan designs.

Ancillary Programs:

A fully-insured Income Protection program administered through Voya Financial covering short-term and long-term disability.

A fully-insured Long-Term Care Program administered through Unum Provident covering benefits for assistance in daily living activities or cognitive impairment.

A fully-insured Life Insurance Program administered through Voya Financial covering Life and Accidental Death and Dismemberment (AD&D) with various coverage limits.

A defined contribution alternative plan offered in lieu of social security for part-time, seasonal, and temporary employees administered through MetLife.

In addition to these three funds, ASCIP's component unit, CIPA, accounts for the following three programs on a full-accrual basis.

1) Owner-Controlled Insurance Program (OCIP) Fund

Members may participate in the following programs:

A self-funded Owner-Controlled Insurance Program (OCIP) that covers public school construction projects for workers' compensation, general liability, pollution liability, and owners protective professional liability coverage for the districts and their construction contractors and subcontractors up to \$500,000 per occurrence.

A fully-reinsured OCIP program between \$500,000 to statutory limit for workers' compensation benefits, between \$500,000 to \$17,000,000 for general liability, and between \$500,000 to \$5,000,000 for pollution liability, and \$100,000 for owners protective professional liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

2) Student Accidental Fund

Members participate in the following program:

A self-funded student accident program that provides reimbursement for medical expenses and benefits for accidental death and dismemberment. The coverage has a \$250 deductible with varying maximum limits between \$10,000 and \$25,000 depending on the benefit.

3) Pupil Transit Fund

Members participate in the following program:

A self-funded pupil transit program that provides automobile liability and errors and omissions liability coverage up to \$500,000 per occurrence with member deductible of \$25,000 per occurrence.

A fully-insured pupil transit program that provides automobile liability and errors and omissions liability coverage between \$500,000 to \$5,000,000 per occurrence.

4) Workers' Compensation Loss Portfolio Transfer

Members participate in the following program:

A self-funded assumption of certain workers' compensation claims below purchased deductibles ranging from \$100,000 to \$1,000,000 for past years.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, ASCIP considers investments in the Los Angeles County Treasury Pool (LACTP), investment in the State of California's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), and money market mutual funds to be cash equivalents.

Investment and Investment Pools

ASCIP records its investments at fair value and cash in LAIF and LACTP investment pools at cost which approximates fair value. Changes in fair value are reported as revenue in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. The effect of recording investments and investment pools at fair value is reflected as a net unrealized gain (loss) on investments in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Fair value of investments has been determined based on quoted market prices. ASCIP's investments in investment pools have been valued based on the relative fair value of the entire external pools to the external pool's respective amortized cost.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets arise when restrictions on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. The CIPA OCIP program requires

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

that certain investments be set aside as collateral for the self-insured retention. These are classified as restricted investments because their use is limited. In addition, amounts equivalent to the Risk Management Deposit Fund (Note 10) and Safety Credit Payable (Note 11) are also classified as restricted cash and equivalents because they can only be used at member direction to offset future premiums or for other risk management and safety expenses.

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses represent amounts paid in advance of receiving goods or services.

Deposits

Deposits represent amounts paid on variable cost reserve calculation, which is based on one and a half months of projected claim payments.

Capital Assets

Equipment acquired by ASCIP is capitalized. Depreciation of capital assets is charged as an expense against operations, and accumulated depreciation is reported on the statement of net position. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives ranging from three to ten years using the straight-line method of depreciation. Depreciation expense amounted to \$346,333 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Unearned Revenue (Premium Income)

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet the criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by ASCIP prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when revenue recognition criteria are met, or when ASCIP has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the statement of net position and revenue is recognized.

Unpaid Claims Liabilities

ASCIP establishes claims liabilities based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. The length of time for which such costs must be estimated varies depending on the coverage involved. Estimated amounts of salvage and subrogation and reinsurance recoverable on unpaid claims are deducted from the liability for unpaid claims. Because actual claims costs depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in doctrines of legal liability, and damage awards, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount, particularly for coverages such as general liability. Claims liabilities are recomputed periodically using a variety of actuarial and statistical techniques to produce current estimates that reflect recent settlements, claim frequency, and other economic and social factors. A provision for inflation in the calculation of estimated future claims costs is implicit in the calculation because reliance is placed both on actual historical data that reflect past inflation and on other factors that are considered to be appropriate modifiers of past experience. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which they are made.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the statement of net position reports separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. Conversely, deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Contributions made to ASCIP's pension and OPEB plans after the measurement date but before the fiscal year end are recorded as a deferred outflow of resources and will reduce the net pension liability and total OPEB liability in the next fiscal year.

Additional factors involved in the calculation of ASCIP's pension and OPEB expenses and liabilities include the differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, differences between projected and actual investment earnings, changes in proportion, and differences between ASCIP's contributions and proportionate share of contributions. These factors are recorded as deferred outflows and inflows of resources and amortized over various periods.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of ASCIP's portion of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) Miscellaneous plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of ASCIP's (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Premium Dividends

An accrual for premium dividends is estimated based on ASCIP's historical and current claims experience and recorded upon approval by the Board.

Excess Insurance

ASCIP uses excess and reinsurance agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses on all types of insured events. Excess insurance permits recovery of a portion of losses from excess insurers, although it does not discharge the primary liability of ASCIP as direct insurer of the risks insured.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

ASCIP does not report excess insured risks as liabilities unless it is probable that those risks will not be covered by excess insurers.

Income Taxes

ASCIP's income is exempt from Federal income taxes under Internal Revenue Code Section 115 and the corresponding section of the California Revenue and Taxation Code.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Total Investments

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2020, consist of the following:

Cash on hand and in banks Investments classified as cash equivalents: Investment in Local Agency Investment Fund Investment in LA County Treasury Pool Investment in Money Market Mutual Funds	\$ 5,061,861 63,066,471 70,586,469 254,412
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 138,969,213
Investments	
Investments as of June 30, 2020, are classified as follows:	
Investments maturing within one year Unrestricted Restricted	\$ 46,633,283 13,838,650
Investments maturing after one year Unrestricted	308,511,687

\$ 368,983,620

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Policies and Practices

ASCIP is authorized under *California Government Code* to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Investment in Los Angeles County Treasury Pool

ASCIP is a voluntary participant in the Los Angeles County Treasury pool. The cost of ASCIP's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon ASCIP's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. For additional information visit the Los Angeles County Treasurer's website at: https://ttc.lacounty.gov/.

Investment in the State of California's Local Agency Investment Fund

ASCIP is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by *California Government Code* Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The cost of ASCIP's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statement at amounts based upon ASCIP's pro-rata share provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. For additional information visit LAIF's website at: www.treasurer.ca.gov/pmia-laif.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

General Authorizations

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage Of Portfolio	Maximum Investment In One Issuer
Municipal Securities	5 years	100%	100%
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	100%	100%
Federal Agency Securities	5 years	100%	100%
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	25%
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	100%	100%
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	25%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposits	5 years	30%	25%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	25%
Money Market Funds	N/A	20%	100%
Mortgage- and Asset-Backed Securities	5 years	20%	100%
Supranationals	5 years	30%	100%
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	100%	100%
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	100%	100%
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	100%	100%

Additional notes:

- LAIF maximum of \$75 million per investor.
- Maximum of 25% in any one non-governmental issuer.
- The purchase of U.S. Treasury Instruments and Federal Agency and Instrumentality Securities with maturities in excess of five years is permitted, subject to the following constraints: U.S. Treasury and Federal Agency securities shall have a maximum remaining maturity at time of purchase of eleven years or less, and Federal Agency mortgage-backed securities (including pass-throughs and CMOs) shall have a maximum remaining average life of ten years or less. A maximum of 35% of the workers compensation portfolio may be invested in securities with maturities in excess of five years.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. ASCIP has a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. ASCIP manages its exposure to interest rate risk by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of ASCIP's investments classified as cash equivalents and investments to market interest rate fluctuation is provided by the following schedule that shows the distribution of ASCIP's investment by maturity:

Cash/Investment Type	Reported Amount	12 Months Or Less	13-24 Months	25-60 Months	More Than 60 Months
County Pool	\$ 70,586,469	\$ 70,586,469	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State Investment Pool	63,066,471	63,066,471	-	-	-
Money Market Mutual Fund	s 254,412	254,412	-	-	-
·	133,907,352	133,907,352			
U.S. Treasury Obligations Negotiable Certificates of	96,726,729	5,190,293	19,376,657	53,908,552	18,251,227
Deposit	24,279,513	13,289,410	3,607,640	7,382,463	-
Federal Agencies	, ,				
Obligations	126,137,729	-	22,169,452	103,968,277	-
Corporate Notes	86,621,795	26,453,125	11,210,510	48,958,160	-
Supranational Obligations	21,520,896	15,539,105	1,981,280	4,000,511	-
Mortgage- and Asset-Backet	1				
Securities	10,210,442	-	3,510,044	6,700,398	-
Municipal Securities	3,486,516	-	-	3,486,516	-
-	368,983,620	60,471,933	61,855,583	228,404,877	18,251,227
Total	\$ 502,801,432	\$194,289,745	\$61,855,583	\$228,404,877	\$ 18,251,227

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by ASCIP's investment policy, which is in conformance with the *California Government Code*, and the actual rating as of the yearend for each investment type.

	Minimum			S&P and Fitch Ratings as of Year End			
Cash/Investment Type	Fair Value	Legal Rating	AAA	AA	A	BBB	Unrated
U.S. Treasury Obligations Negotiable Certificates of	\$ 96,726,729	**	\$ -	\$ 96,726,729	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Deposit	24,279,513	*	=	7,382,463	16,897,050	-	-
Federal Agencies							
Obligations	126,137,729	*	-	126,137,729	-	-	-
Corporate Notes	86,621,795	A	-	17,623,334	62,245,173	6,753,288	-
Supranational Obligations	21,520,896	AA	21,520,896	-	-	-	-
Mortgage- and Asset-							
Backed Securities	10,210,442	AA	8,961,757	823,818	-	-	424,867
Municipal Securities	3,486,516	*	=	3,486,516	-	-	=
County Pool	70,496,929	*	-	-	-	-	70,496,929
State Investment Pool	63,066,471	*	=	-	-	-	63,066,471
Money Market Mutual							
Funds	254,412						254,412
Total	\$ 502,801,432		\$ 30,482,653	\$ 252,180,589	\$ 79,142,223	\$ 6,753,288	\$ 134,242,679

^{*} Not required to be rated

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investor's holdings in a single issuer. The investment policy of ASCIP limits the investment in any one non-governmental issuer to 25%. GASB Statement No. 40 requires that investments in any one issuer (other than those explicitly guaranteed or issued by the U.S. government or those invested in mutual funds, external investment pools or other pooled investments) that represent 5% or more of total investments be disclosed. The table below identifies the investment at June 30, 2020 in a single issuer that represent 5% or more of ASCIP's total investments.

Issuer	June 30, 2020
Federal National Mortgage Association	\$ 101,191,009

^{**} Exempt from disclosure

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Custodial Credit Risk

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, ASCIP's deposits may not be returned to it. ASCIP does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the *California Government Code* requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (the governmental unit may waive collateral for amounts covered by Federal deposit insurance). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2020, ASCIP's bank balance was insured and/or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the name of ASCIP.

3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The framework for measuring fair value provides a fair value hierarchy that categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within a fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Uncategorized – Investments in the Los Angeles County Treasury Investment Pool, the Local Agency Investment Fund, and Money Market Mutual Funds are not measured using the input levels above because ASCIP's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

ASCIP's fair value measurements are as follows at June 30, 2020:

Fair Value Measurements Using

Investment Type]	Fair Value	Level 1 Inputs		Level 2 Inputs	U	ncategorized
U.S. Treasury Obligations	\$	96,726,729	\$ 96,726,729	\$	_	\$	-
Negotiable Certificates of							
Deposit		24,279,513	-		24,279,513		-
Federal Agencies Obligations		126,137,729	-		126,137,729		-
Corporate Notes		86,621,795	-		86,621,795		-
Supranational Obligations		21,520,896	-		21,520,896		-
Mortgage- and Asset-Backed							
Securities		10,210,442	-		10,210,442		-
Municipal Securities		3,486,516	-		3,486,516		-
County Pool		70,496,929	-		-		70,496,929
State Investment Pool		63,066,471	-		-		63,066,471
Money Market Mutual Funds		254,412	 	_		_	254,412
Total	\$	502,801,432	\$ 96,726,729	\$	272,256,891	\$	133,817,812

4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivables at June 30, 2020, consist of the following:

	Property & Liability Fund	Workers' Compensation Fund	Health Benefits Fund	CIPA	Total
Accrued investment income Excess insurance recoveries Other accounts receivable	\$ 742,585 7,479,535 244,328	\$ 1,051,678 901 375,062	\$ 201,724 641,476	\$ - 3,257,760	\$ 1,995,987 7,480,436 4,518,626
Total	\$ 8,466,448	\$ 1,427,641	\$ 843,200	\$3,257,760	\$13,995,049

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2020, consists of the following:

]	Balance Beginning of Year	 Additions	Disp	osals	E	Balance nd of Year
Land and buildings Equipment Accumulated depreciation	\$	6,349,856 1,686,935 (3,498,940)	\$ 104,943 (346,333)	\$	- - -	\$	6,349,856 1,791,878 (3,845,273)
Capital assets, net	\$	4,537,851	\$ (241,390)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	4,296,461

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

6. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable at June 30, 2020 consist of the following:

Type		roperty & Liability Fund		Workers' mpensation Fund		Health Benefits Fund		CIPA		Total
Salaries and benefits	\$	305,565	\$	108,275	\$	129,233	\$	_	\$	543,073
Accrued vacation	Ψ	276,778	Ψ	112,512	Ψ	121,150	Ψ	_	Ψ	510,440
Other operating		774,769		193,921	1	0,704,864		1,644,274		13,317,828
Due to members		241,156		934,617		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		1,175,773
Total	\$	1,598,268	\$	1,349,325	\$ 1	0,955,247	\$	1,644,274	\$	15,547,114

7. UNEARNED PREMIUM REVENUES

Unearned premium revenues at June 30, 2020, consist of the following:

Health Benefits Fund	\$ 5	55
CIPA	9,530,6	15
Total	\$ 9,531,1	70

8. PREMIUM DIVIDENDS

ASCIP is required by its bylaws to recalculate and adjust prior years' premium deposits at annual intervals until all claims are closed or until the Executive Committee determines that sufficient facts are known so that no additional calculations should be made. In 2020, retrospective adjustments for workers' compensation and health benefits were \$15,210,025 and \$11,719,611, respectively. The adjustments were calculated related to workers' compensation for the ten years ended June 30, 2003 through June 30, 2012 and related to health benefits for the ten years ended June 30, 2007 through June 30, 2016.

9. LICENSING AGREEMENT OBLIGATION

ASCIP entered into software licensing agreements where the agreements stipulated that ASCIP would make installment payments over the terms of the agreements until the obligations have been fulfilled. At June 30, 2020, ASCIP outstanding licensing agreement obligation amounted to \$54,749.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

10. RISK MANAGEMENT DEPOSIT FUND

The Risk Management Deposit Fund (RMDF) was established to provide participating members with the option to defer receipt of distributions made by ASCIP. The deferred funds may be used to off-set future ASCIP premiums or other district related needs. Deferral requires both written authorization by the member's senior administrative official and approval by ASCIP's Executive Committee. ASCIP limits the total amount of funds held in the RMDF to the member's total annual premiums from the prior year. ASCIP credits interest income to member funds held within the RMDF and provides members with quarterly statements. Withdrawal of RMDF funds requires written instructions from the senior administrator or their designee(s). As of June 30, 2020, ASCIP reported a total balance of \$10,526,315 in its RMDF. This balance is classified under restricted cash and cash equivalent.

11. SAFETY CREDIT PAYABLE

The Safety Credit program was established by ASCIP to offer its members with the ability to utilize portions of their premiums set aside by ASCIP to finance flexible safety-oriented activities and programs conducted by the members. The Safety Credit program is administered by ASCIP as a reimbursement-basis program. Members are reimbursed upon the submission of adequate supporting documents. Annually, one percent of member premium contributions are set aside for the Safety Credit program for each member participating in ASCIP property & liability and workers' compensation insurance programs. Safety credits set aside by ASCIP are subject to three-years rolling expiration. Due to the current COVID-19 pandemic, the safety credit amounts for program year 2017-18, scheduled to expire on June 30, 2020, have been extended for 12 months until June 30, 2021. A corresponding amount is included in restricted cash and cash equivalents since the credits can only be utilized by members and are not subject to use by ASCIP until expiration. As of June 30, 2020, ASCIP reported the following Safety Credit payable:

Property & Liability Fund Workers' Compensation Fund	\$ 1,070,406 693,014
Total	\$ 1,763,420

12. UNPAID CLAIMS AND CLAIMS ADJUSTMENT EXPENSES

ASCIP establishes case reserves and incurred but not reported (IBNR) based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including estimated expenses for investigating and settling claims) that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. ASCIP uses insurance agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. The insurance agreement discharges the primary liability of ASCIP as direct insurer of the risks insured above certain specified retentions.

The liability recorded for incurred losses is based on information obtained from independent actuarial reports. The supporting information provided by ASCIP relies on the continuance of certain historical trends and forecasts of future activities and conditions. Although management believes that the claims payable for losses and loss expenses at June 30, 2020, is adequate, the ultimate settlement of claims and related expenses may vary from the liability recorded.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

13. RECONCILIATION OF UNPAID CLAIMS AND CLAIMS ADJUSTMENT EXPENSES

As discussed in Note 12, ASCIP establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of future payments of losses and related legal expenses. The following represents changes in those aggregate liabilities for ASCIP during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

	2020	2019
Unpaid claims at beginning of year	\$ 243,296,750	\$ 214,156,032
Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses:	134,095,726	140 204 927
Provision for insured events of current year		149,294,837
Increase (decrease) in provision for insured events of prior years		6,396,983
Total Incurred Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses	128,739,890	155,691,820
Payments:		
Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to insured		
events of current year	72,846,652	82,941,663
Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to insured		
events of prior years	53,278,047	43,609,439
Total Payments	126,124,699	126,551,102
Total unpaid claims at end of year	\$ 245,911,941	\$ 243,296,750
•		
Current portion	\$ 69,464,652	\$ 65,109,268
Noncurrent portion	176,447,289	178,187,482
Total unpaid claims at end of year	\$ 245,911,941	\$ 243,296,750

14. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

ASCIP provides pension benefits to its employees through ASCIP's Miscellaneous Plan (the Plan), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan maintained by CalPERS, an agency of the State of California. ASCIP had less than 100 active members as of the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation. As a result, qualified employees are covered under the Miscellaneous 2% at 55 Risk Pool. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. CalPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for this plan. This report is available online at www.calpers.ca.gov.

The California Legislature passed and the Governor signed the "Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013" (PEPRA) on September 12, 2012. PEPRA contained a number of provisions intended to reduce future pension obligations. PEPRA primarily affects new pension plan members who are enrolled for the first time after December 2012. Benefit provisions and other requirements are established by State statute.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Benefits Provided

The benefits for the Plan are established by contract with CalPERS, in accordance with the provisions of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL). The benefits are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. To be eligible for service retirement, members must be at least 50 and have a minimum of five years of CalPERS-credited service. Members after December 2012 must be at least 52 to be eligible for service retirement.

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the PERL requires employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and are effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The contributions are determined through the CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The Plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. ASCIP is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. ASCIP's required contribution rate on covered payroll for the measurement period ended June 30, 2019 (the measurement date) was 9.409% and 6.842% of annual pay for Classic and PEPRA employees, respectively. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the employer contributions to the plan were \$565,107.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

ASCIP's Net Pension Liability (NPL) for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the NPL. The NPL of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2019 for the year ended June 30, 2020. The total pension liability (TPL) used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 rolled forward to June 30, 2019 using standard update procedures. As of June 30, 2020, ASCIP's proportionate share of the Plan's NPL was \$2,120,535.

Using ASCIP's individual employer rate plan's share of the risk pool TPL and Fiduciary Net Position (FNP), the proportionate shares of the TPL and FNP at the measurement date are determined for ASCIP by the actuary. ASCIP's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2018 and 2019 were as follows:

	Plan
Proportion - June 30, 2018 Proportion - June 30, 2019	.049614%
Change - increase (decrease)	.003340%

For the year ended June 30, 2020, ASCIP recognized pension expense of \$926,549.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

At June 30, 2020, ASCIP reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Oı	Deferred of the sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	147,280	\$	11,411	
Changes of assumptions		101,117		35,845	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings					
on pension plan investments		-		37,074	
Net changes in proportionate share of net pension					
liability		194,970		-	
Changes in proportionate share of contributions		204,614		-	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date		565,107			
Total	\$	1,213,088	\$	84,330	

As of June 30, 2020, the \$565,107 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the NPL in the year ending June 30, 2021. As of June 30, 2020, other amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense (benefit) as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Amount			
2021	\$	378,464		
2022	*	103,166		
2023		74,530		
2024		7,491		
Total	\$	563,651		

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The collective TPL for the June 30, 2019 measurement period was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, with update procedures used to roll forward the TPL to June 30, 2019. The collective TPL was based on the following assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	Endy-Age Normal
A	
Investment Rate of Return	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Mortality Rate Table ⁽¹⁾	Derived using CalPERS' Membership data for all Funds
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	Contract COLA up to 2.50% until Purchasing Power
	Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies

⁽¹⁾ The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Changes of Assumptions

There were no changes in assumption for the measurement period ending June 30, 2019.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for PERF C was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class.

Asset Class ⁽¹⁾	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 – 10 ⁽²⁾	Real Return Years 11+ ⁽³⁾
Global Equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	-	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%		-0.92%
Total	100.00%		

⁽¹⁾ In the system's CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.

⁽²⁾ An expected inflation of 2.00% was used for this period.

⁽³⁾ An expected inflation of 2.92% was used for this period.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Sensitivity of ASCIP's Proportional Share of the NPL to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents ASCIP's Proportional Share of the NPL of the Plan as of the June 30, 2019 measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what ASCIP's Proportional Share of the NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.15%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.15%) than the current rate:

		Current		
	Discount	Discount]	Discount
	Rate – 1% (6.15%)	Rate (7.15%)		Rate + 1% (8.15%)
ASCIP's Proportionate Share of Plan's NPL	\$ 3,765,407	\$ 2,120,535	\$	762,811

15. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description

The Postemployment Benefit Plan (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by ASCIP. The Plan provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. As of June 30, 2020, ASCIP had not established an irrevocable trust or designated a trustee for the payment of plan benefits. As such, there are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75. During the year ended June 30, 2020, ASCIP paid benefits to retirees of \$5,221.

Benefits Provided

Employees who retire from ASCIP may be eligible for post-employment medical benefits pursuant to the provisions below:

Eligibility

- Retire from active service
- 10 years of service
- Hired prior to July 1, 2017

Dependent Eligibility Survivor Eligibility Benefits

Yes No

All Employees

- Retirees age 55 with at least 10 years of service who retire from ASCIP are offered a lifetime subsidy to be applied for medical coverage.
- Benefits are capped at \$12,162 per year.
- The cap to be used for medical coverage is based on the retiree's years of service at retirement.
- A retiree with 10 years of service at retirement receives a lifetime subsidy of 15% of ASCIP cap for active employees at the time of their retirement.
- For each additional year of service at retirement, a retiree receives an additional 1% of the cap. For example, a retiree with 25 years of service at retirement would receive 30% of the cap for active employees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Employees Covered

As of the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation, the following inactive and active employees were covered by the benefit terms under the OPEB Plan:

Active Participants	32
Retired Participants	2
Total	34

Total OPEB Liability

ASCIP's total OPEB liability of \$647,441 was measured as of June 30, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2020, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate (1)	2.66%
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases (2)	2.75%
Mortality (3)	CalPERS' Data
Retirement (3)	CalPERS' Data
Termination (3)	CalPERS' Data

- (1) Based on the 20-year municipal bond yield as of the Measure Date. The discount rate changed from 2.79% as of June 30, 2019 to 2.66% as of June 30, 2020.
- (2) Benefits are not salary based and therefore a wage inflation assumption of 2.75% was used. This assumption is only used for the application of the actuarial cost method.
- (3) The mortality rate table, retirement rate table, and termination rate table used were developed based on CalPERS 2017 experience study.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

The changes in the Total OPEB liability for the OPEB Plan are as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability (TOL)						
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 442,816						
Changes recognized for the measurement period:							
Service cost	31,144						
Interest cost	13,151						
Changes of benefit terms	-						
Differences between expected and actual experience	44,226						
Changes in assumptions	121,325						
Actual benefit payments	(5,221)						
Net changes	204,625						
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 647,441						

Sensitivity of ASCIP's Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of ASCIP, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		(Current			
	 ount Rate (1.79%)	_	Discount te (2.79%)	Discount Rate +1% (3.79%)		
Total OPEB liability	\$ 766,869	\$	647,441	\$	549,960	

Sensitivity of ASCIP's Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of ASCIP, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Health Care			Health Care
	Trend Rate	Trend Rate -1% Health C Trend R		Trend Rate +1%
Total OPEB liability	N/A	\$	647,441	N/A

⁽¹⁾ Note that benefits provided are cash payments and therefore a healthcare cost trend does not directly apply.

Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense.

The recognition period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Net differences between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	5 years
All other amounts	Expected average working lifetime (active and inactive participants) of plan participants

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, ASCIP recognized OPEB expense of \$62,897. At June 30, 2020, ASCIP reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 40,992 128,174	\$ 144 				
Total	\$ 169,166	\$ 144				

Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30, 2021 2022 2023 2024	Deferr Outflow/I <u>Resour</u>	nflow
2021	\$ 18	8,602
2022	18	8,602
2023	18	8,602
2024	18	8,602
2025	18	8,602
Thereafter	70	5,012

16. PARTICIPATION IN PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

ASCIP's member agencies are members of the Schools Excess Liability Fund (SELF) public entity risk pool. Member agencies pay an annual premium to SELF, which is collected by ASCIP and forwarded to SELF, for excess insurance coverage for liability claims from \$5,000,000 to \$55,000,000. The relationship between ASCIP and SELF is such that SELF is not a component unit of ASCIP for financial reporting purposes. The SELF governing board consists of elected representatives of the members by region.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

SELF has budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and its financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; additionally, fund transactions between SELF and ASCIP are not included in these statements. The payments to SELF for the year ended June 30, 2020, were \$10,719,758. Audited financial statements are available from SELF at their website, www.selfjpa.org.

17. CONTINGENCIES

ASCIP is subject to legal proceedings and claims which arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the amount of ultimate liability with respect to these actions will not materially affect the financial position or results of operations of ASCIP.

18. LOSS PORTFOLIO TRANSFER

Effective December 31, 2019 ASCIP entered into an agreement with a member school district to assume certain liabilities related to deductibles under purchased workers' compensation policies with injury dates prior to July 1, 2018. In a separate loss portfolio transfer agreement effective on the same date, ASCIP transferred 100% of its ultimate net loss related to the aforementioned deductibles to two different reinsurance partners on a 50-50 percent basis. One of these reinsurance partners was Captive Insurance for Public Agencies Limited (CIPA).

ASCIP received a premium of \$3,970,000 for this portfolio transfer. All of which was received in cash. After payment of life-time loss adjustment expenses and other administrative costs, ASCIP remitted \$3,916,000 to these reinsurance partners. CIPA's 50% share of this premium amounted to \$1,958,000.

The LPT agreement also includes a provision for a premium rebate, in which ASCIP will return a percentage of the underwriting profit to the member school district, subject to regulatory approval, as determined as of December 31, 2024. CIPA is responsible for this entire rebate. As of June 30, 2020, the premium rebate payable and deferred gain on the loss portfolio transfer amounted to \$116,382 and \$3,988, respectively, totaling \$120,370.

19. RISK AND UNCERTAINTIES

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization characterized coronavirus (COVID-19) as a pandemic, and on March 13, the President of the United States declared a national emergency relating to the disease. In addition to the President's declaration, state and local authorities have recommended social distancing and have imposed quarantine and isolation measures on large portions of the population, including mandatory business closures. These measures are designed to protect the overall public health, however are expected to have material adverse impacts on domestic and foreign economies and may result in the United States entering a period of recession.

As a result of COVID-19, there has been heightened market risk and volatility associated with the pandemic, and this could materially affect investment balances and the amounts reported in the statement of net position, as mentioned above. Because of the uncertainty of the markets during this time, the Agency is unable to estimate the total impact the pandemic will have.



NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

1. PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Reconciliation of Claims Liability by Type of Contract

This schedule presents information on how ASCIP establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of future payments of losses and related legal expenses.

Claims Development Information

This schedule presents information on how ASCIP's insurance funds illustrates how earned revenues and investment income compare to related costs of loss and other expenses assumed by the insurance fund as of the end of each of the last ten years.

Schedule of Change in ASCIP's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This schedule presents information on ASCIP's total OPEB liability and related ratios. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Schedule of ASCIP's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents information on ASCIP's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), the plans' fiduciary net position. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Schedule of ASCIP's Contributions

This schedule presents information on ASCIP's required contributions, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

RECONCILIATION OF CLAIMS LIABILITIES BY TYPE OF CONTRACT JUNE 30, 2020

	Property 6	& Liability	Workers Co	ompensation	Health	Benefits	CI	PA	To	otal
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at the beginning of the fiscal year	<u>\$ 139,456,707</u>	\$ 118,760,936	\$ 92,794,484	\$ 86,121,180	\$ 6,004,972	\$ 5,558,132	\$ 5,040,587	\$ 3,715,784	\$ 243,296,750	\$ 214,156,032
Incurred claims and claim adjusts	ment expenses:									
Provision for insured events of the current fiscal year Increase (Decrease) in provision	40,655,275	44,011,835	21,914,451	23,680,241	69,314,569	80,018,595	2,211,431	1,584,166	134,095,726	149,294,837
for insured events of prior fiscal years	1,948,022	13,895,446	(11,454,347)	(5,390,397)	2,265,755	(2,411,901)	1,884,734	303,835	(5,355,836)	6,396,983
Total incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses	42,603,297	57,907,281	10,460,104	18,289,844	71,580,324	77,606,694	4,096,165	1,888,001	128,739,890	155,691,820
Payments: Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of the current fiscal year	4,139,733	5,359,568	3,106,820	3,053,744	65,338,030	74,471,413	262,069	56,938	72,846,652	82,941,663
Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of the prior fiscal years	33,952,669	31,851,942	10,641,239	8,562,796	7,778,857	2,688,441	905,282	506,260	53,278,047	43,609,439
Total Payments	38,092,402	37,211,510	13,748,059	11,616,540	73,116,887	77,159,854	1,167,351	563,198	126,124,699	126,551,102
Total Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at the end of the fiscal year	\$ 143,967,602	\$ 139,456,707	\$ 89,506,529	\$ 92,794,484	\$ 4,468,409	\$ 6,004,972	\$ 7,969,401	\$ 5,040,587	\$ 245,911,941	\$ 243,296,745

CLAIMS DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

The following tables illustrate how ASCIP's earned revenue (net of reinsurance) and investment income compare to related costs of loss (net of loss assumed by reinsurers) and other expenses assumed by ASCIP as of the end of each of the years. The rows of the table are defined as follows:

- 1. This line shows the total of each fiscal year's gross earned contribution revenue and investment revenue, contribution revenue ceded to reinsurers, and net earned contribution revenue, and reported investment revenue.
- 2. This line shows each fiscal year's other operating costs of ASCIP including overhead and claims expense not allocable to individual claims.
- 3. This line shows ASCIP's gross incurred claims and allocated claim adjustment expenses, claims assumed by reinsurers, and net incurred claims and allocated adjustment expenses (both paid and accrued) as originally reported at the end of the first year in which the event that triggered coverage under the contract occurred (called *policy year*).
- 4. This section of rows shows the cumulative net amounts paid as of the end of successive years for each policy year.
- 5. This line shows the latest re-estimated amount of claims assumed by reinsurers as of the end of the current year for each accident year.
- 6. This section of rows shows how each policy year's net incurred claims increased or decreased as of the end of successive years. (This annual re-estimation result from new information received on known claims, reevaluation of existing information on known claims, and emergence of new claims not previously known).
- 7. This line compares the latest re-estimated net incurred claims amount to the amount originally established (line 3) and shows whether this latest estimate of net claims cost is greater or less than originally thought. As data for individual policy years mature, the correlation between original estimates and re-estimated amounts commonly is used to evaluate the accuracy of net incurred claims currently recognized in less mature policy years. The columns of the table show data for successive policy years.

PROPERTY & LIABILITY PROGRAM CLAIMS DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION (in Thousands) JUNE 30, 2020

		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017	2018			2019		2020
1. Premiums and investment revenue:	•	61.500	•	50.400	•	50.51.4	•		Φ.		•	50.006	•	50.250	•	55 00 4	•	62.064	•	60.00 <i>5</i>
Earned	\$	61,583	\$	59,400	\$	58,514	\$	56,514	\$	56,671	\$	59,326	\$	58,378	\$	57,984	\$	62,064	\$	68,295
Ceded	Φ.	(11,620)	Φ.	(11,617)	Φ.	(11,448)	Φ.	(13,759)	Φ.	(13,578)	Φ.	(14,080)	Φ.	(17,787)	Φ.	(17,932)	Φ.	(21,678)	Φ.	(21,678)
Net earned	\$	49,963	\$	47,783	\$	47,066	\$	42,755	\$	43,093	\$	45,246	\$	40,591	\$	40,052	\$	40,386	\$	46,617
2. Unallocated expenses	\$	8,302	\$	8,893	\$	7,749	\$	5,898	\$	8,912	\$	8,432	\$	9,139	\$	10,041	\$	9,029	\$	6,592
3. Estimated incurred claims and expenses,																				
end of policy year:	¢.	20.421	¢.	21.054	e.	50.221	e.	20.047	ø	21 200	ø	12 524	ø	20.007	er.	40.251	e	<i>(5.</i> 100	ø	<i>(5.</i> 100
Incurred	\$	29,431	\$	31,054	\$	50,221	\$	38,947	\$	31,380	\$	43,524	\$	39,887	\$	40,351	\$	65,100	\$	65,100
Ceded	Φ.		Φ.	21.054	0	(9,402)	Φ.	(1,599)	Φ.	21 200	Φ.	(9,164)	Φ.	(4,918)	Φ.	(5,597)	Φ.	(21,273)	Φ.	(24,777)
Net incurred	\$	29,431	\$	31,054	\$	40,819	\$	37,348	\$	31,380	\$	34,360	\$	34,969	\$	34,754	\$	43,827	\$	40,323
4. Paid (cumulative) as of:																				
End of policy year	\$	4,219	\$	3,415	\$	3,963	\$	3,393	\$	1,586	\$	2,673	\$	1,378	\$	3,309	\$	5,360	\$	4,140
One year later	\$	10,209	\$	11,646	\$	7,493	\$	7,429	\$	3,846	\$	9,193	\$	6,375	\$	9,134	\$	8,396		
Two years later	\$	28,000	\$	16,354	\$	17,984	\$	11,615	\$	13,624	\$	13,835	\$	15,047	\$	18,571				
Three years later	\$	32,663	\$	23,286	\$	24,598	\$	20,228	\$	16,088	\$	23,188	\$	23,534						
Four years later	\$	32,811	\$	26,461	\$	35,322	\$	20,633	\$	23,419	\$	31,777								
Five years later	\$	37,077	\$	36,101	\$	33,639	\$	20,465	\$	23,972										
Six years later	\$	42,802	\$	31,626	\$	34,492	\$	22,754												
Seven years later	\$	37,383	\$	31,485	\$	34,544														
Eight years later	\$	37,010	\$	31,493																
Nine years later	\$	37,278																		
5. Reestimated ceded losses and expenses	\$	22,199	\$	7,366	\$	20,543	\$	3,665	\$	13,712	\$	20,970	\$	25,859	\$	12,595	\$	20,357	\$	28,337
6. Reestimated incurred claims and expense:*																				
End of policy year	\$	29,431	\$	31,054	\$	40,819	\$	37,348	\$	31,380	\$	34,360	\$	34,969	\$	34,754	\$	43,827	\$	40,323
One year later	\$	35,195	\$	33,302	\$	33,972	\$	30,298	\$	28,082	\$	31,206	\$	33,584	\$	39,901	\$	39,433		
Two years later	\$	42,040	\$	34,914	\$	33,611	\$	29,198	\$	29,866	\$	31,722	\$	44,963	\$	42,096				
Three years later	\$	41,600	\$	33,903	\$	38,819	\$	28,860	\$	29,596	\$	37,313	\$	44,441						
Four years later	\$	42,032	\$	34,219	\$	39,963	\$	28,293	\$	28,014	\$	39,877								
Five years later	\$	40,001	\$	34,791	\$	39,540	\$	24,400	\$	27,746										
Six years later	\$	39,430	\$	34,852	\$	36,586	\$	24,759												
Seven years later	\$	39,691	\$	32,010	\$	37,079														
Eight years later	\$	38,891	\$	31,907																
Nine years later	\$	38,950																		
7. Increase (Decrease) in estimated incurred																				
claims and expense from end of policy year	\$	9,519	\$	853	\$	(3,740)	\$	(12,589)	\$	(3,634)	\$	5,517	\$	9,472	\$	7,342	\$	(4,394)	\$	<u>-</u>

WORKERS' COMPENSATION PROGRAM CLAIMS DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION (in Thousands) JUNE 30, 2020

		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	 2016		2017	2018			2019	_	2020
Premiums and investment revenue:																			
Earned	\$	25,343	\$	26,101	\$	27,774	\$	28,903	\$	34,771	\$ 38,103	\$	33,770	\$	31,528	\$	37,407	\$	37,711
Ceded	_	(16,721)	_	(16,787)	_	(1,321)	_	(1,397)	_	(1,399)	 (1,558)		(1,595)	_	(1,601)		(1,824)	_	(5,632)
Net earned	\$	8,622	\$	9,314	\$	26,453	\$	27,506	\$	33,372	\$ 36,545	\$	32,175	\$	29,927	\$	35,583	\$	32,079
2. Unallocated expenses	\$	3,619	\$	4,010	\$	5,304	\$	9,853	\$	6,127	\$ 5,350	\$	9,139	\$	6,341	\$	6,175	\$	6,309
3. Estimated incurred claims and expenses,																			
end of policy year:																			
Incurred	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,718	\$	30,055	\$	32,989	\$ 31,464	\$	32,947	\$	32,273	\$	34,471	\$	32,423
Ceded		-		-		(2,385)	_	(9,296)		(9,957)	 (9,370)		(10,903)		(11,497)		(11,328)	_	(9,936)
Net incurred	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$	23,333	\$	20,759	\$	23,032	\$ 22,094	\$	22,044	\$	20,776	\$	23,143	\$	22,487
4. Paid (cumulative) as of:																			
End of policy year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,450	\$	2,445	\$	2,982	\$ 2,981	\$	2,615	\$	2,750	\$	3,054	\$	3,107
One year later	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,008	\$	5,029	\$	5,880	\$ 6,432	\$	6,076	\$	5,912	\$	7,567		
Two years later	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,085	\$	7,020	\$	7,797	\$ 8,692	\$	8,162	\$	7,964				
Three years later	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,398	\$	8,287	\$	9,004	\$ 10,026	\$	9,244						
Four years later	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,706	\$	8,926	\$	9,874	\$ 11,064								
Five years later	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,493	\$	9,334	\$	10,603									
Six years later	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,831	\$	9,763											
Seven years later	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,185													
Eight years later	\$	-	\$	-															
Nine years later	\$	-																	
5. Reestimated ceded losses and expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,756	\$	6,346	\$	6,500	\$ 6,882	\$	10,966	\$	8,728	\$	11,871	\$	9,936
6. Reestimated incurred claims and expense:																			
End of policy year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	23,333	\$	20,759	\$	23,032	\$ 22,094	\$	22,044	\$	20,776	\$	23,143	\$	22,487
One year later	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,451	\$	17,685	\$	20,920	\$ 23,614	\$	20,438	\$	19,430	\$	24,857		
Two years later	\$	-	\$	-	\$	19,721	\$	18,706	\$	21,113	\$ 21,518	\$	21,461	\$	17,577				
Three years later	\$	-	\$	-	\$	19,267	\$	17,138	\$	18,171	\$ 19,972	\$	18,216						
Four years later	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,553	\$	15,556	\$	17,237	\$ 17,140								
Five years later	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,852	\$	14,911	\$	15,216									
Six years later	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,841	\$	13,544											
Seven years later	\$	_	\$	-	\$	16,180													
Eight years later	\$	-	\$	-															
Nine years later	\$	-																	
7. Increase (Decrease) in estimated incurred																			
claims and expense from end of policy year	\$		\$		\$	(7,153)	\$	(7,215)	\$	(7,816)	\$ (4,954)	\$	(3,828)	\$	(3,199)	\$	1,714	\$	-

HEALTH BENEFITS PROGRAM CLAIMS DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION (in Thousands) JUNE 30, 2020

		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
1. Premiums and investment revenue:																				
Earned	\$	92,888	\$	97,649	\$	112,778	\$	120,532	\$	135,613	\$	172,556	\$	173,474	\$	159,828	\$	151,735	\$	152,444
Ceded		(34,130)		(34,347)		(1,607)		(2,105)		(3,120)		(5,740)		(6,097)		(5,630)		(5,285)	_	(5,451)
Net earned	\$	58,758	\$	63,302	\$	111,171	\$	118,427	\$	132,493	\$	166,816	\$	167,377	\$	154,198	\$	146,450	\$	146,993
2. Unallocated expenses	\$	5,891	\$	5,980	\$	5,344	\$	5,296	\$	6,134	\$	7,764	\$	7,077	\$	7,007	\$	5,448	\$	5,579
3. Estimated incurred claims and expenses,																				
end of policy year:	ø	£2 £01	ø	52,803	er.	40 205	ø	48,715	ø	40.276	ø	76.057	ø	04 (15	e.	02 204	e.	79,988	ø	12 (01
Incurred	\$	53,581	\$	52,803	\$	48,285	\$	48,/15	\$	49,376	\$	76,957	\$	84,615	\$	82,304	\$	/9,988	\$	13,601
Ceded	Φ.	52.501	Φ.	52.002	Φ.	40.005	Φ.	40.715	Φ.	40.276	•	76.057	•	04.615	Φ.		Φ.	70.000		12 (01
Net incurred	\$	53,581	\$	52,803	\$	48,285	\$	48,715	\$	49,376	\$	76,957	\$	84,615	\$	82,304	\$	79,988	\$	13,601
4. Paid (cumulative) as of:																				
End of policy year	\$	49,253	\$	47,661	\$	45,121	\$	45,989	\$	49,943	\$	72,487	\$	79,071	\$	77,199	\$	74,471	\$	65,338
One year later	\$	60,396	\$	54,051	\$	51,152	\$	51,522	\$	56,606	\$	76,304	\$	86,679	\$	81,575	\$	69,889		
Two years later	\$	60,399	\$	54,051	\$	51,152	\$	51,522	\$	56,607	\$	76,304	\$	86,679	\$	81,575				
Three years later	\$	60,399	\$	54,051	\$	51,152	\$	51,522	\$	56,607	\$	76,304	\$	86,679						
Four years later	\$	60,399	\$	54,051	\$	51,152	\$	51,522	\$	56,607	\$	76,304								
Five years later	\$	60,399	\$	54,051	\$	51,152	\$	51,522	\$	56,607										
Six years later	\$	60,399	\$	54,051	\$	51,152	\$	51,522												
Seven years later	\$	60,399	\$	54,051	\$	51,152														
Eight years later	\$	60,399	\$	54,051																
Nine years later	\$	60,399																		
5. Reestimated ceded losses and expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
6. Reestimated incurred claims and expense:																				
End of policy year	\$	53,581	\$	52,803	\$	48,285	\$	48,715	\$	89,722	\$	76,957	\$	84,615	\$	82,304	\$	79,988	\$	13,601
One year later	\$	60,539	\$	53,961	\$	51,176	\$	51,611	\$	56,607	\$	76,338	\$	86,702	\$	81,602	\$	127,750		
Two years later	\$	60,399	\$	54,051	\$	51,176	\$	51,522	\$	56,607	\$	76,304	\$	86,702	\$	81,602				
Three years later	\$	60,399	\$	54,051	\$	51,176	\$	51,522	\$	56,607	\$	76,304	\$	86,702		,				
Four years later	\$	60,399	\$	54,051	\$	51,176	\$	51,522	\$	56,607	\$	76,304		,						
Five years later	\$	60,399	\$	54,051	\$	51,176	\$	51,522	\$	56,607		,								
Six years later	\$	60,399	\$	54,051	\$	51,176	\$	51,522												
Seven years later	\$	60,399	\$	54,051	\$	51,176		- ,-												
Eight years later	\$	60,399	\$	54,051		. ,														
Nine years later	\$	60,399	~	,																
7. Increase (Decrease) in estimated incurred		•																		
claims and expense from end of policy yea	¢	6,818	•	1,248	\$	2,891	S	2,807	\$	7,231	\$	(653)	\$	2,087	\$	(702)	\$	47,762	\$	
ciamis and expense from end of policy year	ι φ	0,010	Φ	1,240	Ф	2,071	Φ	2,007	Φ	1,231	Φ	(033)	Φ	2,007	Φ	(702)	Φ	77,702	-	

CIPA (OCIP, STUDENT ACCIDENT, AND PUPIL TRANSIT PROGRAM) CLAIMS DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION (in Thousands) JUNE 30, 2020

		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017*		2018	2	019**		2020
1. Premiums and investment revenue:																				
Earned	\$	4,504	\$	3,204	\$	2,113	\$	2,504	\$	1,653	\$	1,786	\$	2,455	\$	2,621	\$	4,900	\$	12,435
Ceded		(1,179)		(1,422)		(152)		(965)		(505)		(496)		(465)		(536)		(1,021)		(2,564)
Net earned	\$	3,325	\$	1,782	\$	1,961	\$	1,539	\$	1,148	\$	1,290	\$	1,990	\$	2,085	\$	3,879	\$	9,871
2. Unallocated expenses	\$	1,029	\$	329	\$	686	\$	675	\$	305	\$	473	\$	571	\$	784	\$	1,525	\$	2,883
3. Estimated incurred claims and expenses, end of policy year:																				
Incurred	\$	1,690	\$	672	\$	408	\$	670	\$	521	\$	504	\$	818	\$	630	\$	1,464	S	4,795
Ceded	Ψ	-,0,0	Ψ	-	Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-,	Ψ	.,,,,,
Net incurred	\$	1,690	\$	672	\$	408	\$	670	\$	521	\$	504	\$	818	\$	630	\$	1,464	\$	4,795
Net incurred	Ψ	1,070	Ψ	072	Ψ	700	Ψ	070	Ψ	321	Ψ	304	Ψ	010	Ψ	030	Ψ	1,707	Ψ	ч,175
4. Paid (cumulative) as of:																				
End of policy year	\$	233	\$	108	\$	120	\$	19	\$	39	\$	8	\$	119	\$	43	\$	57	\$	262
One year later	\$	867	\$	377	\$	349	\$	21	\$	160	\$	47	\$	246	\$	85	\$	163		
Two years later	\$	1,242	\$	411	\$	406	\$	22	\$	226	\$	79	\$	438	\$	180				
Three years later	\$	1,780	\$	459	\$	428	\$	23	\$	239	\$	166	\$	3,548						
Four years later	\$	2,189	\$	1,278	\$	449	\$	26	\$	260	\$	716								
Five years later	\$	2,964	\$	1,286	\$	454	\$	33	\$	274										
Six years later	\$	3,595	\$	1,295	\$	459	\$	42												
Seven years later	\$	5,697	\$	1,298	\$	464														
Eight years later	\$	5,864	\$	1,299																
Nine years later	\$	8,963																		
5. Reestimated ceded losses and expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
6. Reestimated incurred claims and expense:																				
End of policy year	\$	1,297	\$	290	\$	408	\$	670	\$	521	\$	504	\$	818	\$	630	\$	1,464	\$	4,795
One year later	\$	1,943	\$	432	\$	848	\$	372	\$	502	\$	442	\$	630	\$	486	\$	3,015	-	.,,,,
Two years later	\$	2,329	\$	758	\$	747	\$	231	\$	437	\$	915	\$	608	\$	836	•	-,		
Three years later	\$	3,585	\$	1,565	\$	644	\$	139	\$	432	\$	879	\$	501	-					
Four years later	\$	3,599	\$	1,376	\$	636	\$	134	\$	377	\$	1,005	Ψ	201						
Five years later	\$	4,374	\$	1,361	\$	568	\$	112	\$	297	Ψ	1,000								
Six years later	\$	4,489	\$	1,073	\$	545	\$	106	Ψ											
Seven years later	\$	3,157	\$	1.045	\$	552	Ψ	100												
Eight years later	\$	3,772	\$	1,073	Ψ	002														
Nine years later	\$	3,671	Ψ	1,075																
7. Increase (Decrease) in estimated incurred																				
claims and expense from end of policy year	\$	1,981	\$	401	\$	144	\$	(564)	\$	(224)	\$	501	\$	(317)	\$	206	\$	1,551	\$	

^{*} From 2017 forward also in includes Student Accident program

^{**} From 2019 forward also includes Pupil Transit program

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASCIP'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE MEASUREMENT PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 LAST 10 YEARS*

	2020	2010	2010
TOTAL OPEN LIABILITY	 2020	 2019	 2018
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY			
Service cost	\$ 31,144	\$ 31,214	\$ 31,716
Interest	13,151	12,440	11,553
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	44,226	1,347	(201)
Changes of assumptions	121,325	14,196	10,083
Benefit payments	 (5,221)	 (5,221)	 (3,396)
NET CHANGE IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY	204,625	53,976	49,755
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY, Beginning	 442,816	 388,840	 339,085
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY, Ending	\$ 647,441	\$ 442,816	\$ 388,840
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,969,754	\$ 4,162,439	\$ 4,368,366
ASCIP's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	16%	11%	9%

Notes to Schedule:

The discount rate changed from 2.79% as of June 30, 2019 to 2.66% as of June 30, 2020. No assets accumulated in trust.

^{*} Fiscal year 2018 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only three years are presented.

SCHEDULE OF ASCIP'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AS OF JUNE 30, 2020 LAST 10 YEARS*

	Measurement Date June 30										
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014					
ASCIP's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0529%	0.0496%	0.0499%	0.0473%	0.0457%	0.0201%					
ASCIP's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,120,535	\$1,869,795	\$ 1,967,870	\$ 1,643,087	\$ 1,252,869	\$ 1,224,143					
ASCIP's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,518,359	\$ 4,558,579	\$ 4,137,910	\$ 3,269,226	\$ 2,912,480	\$ 2,520,782					
ASCIP's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	46.93%	41.02%	47.56%	50.26%	43.02%	48.56%					
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	75.26%	75.00%	73.00%	76.00%	81.00%	81.00%					

Notes to Schedule:

Change in benefit terms - There were no changes to benefit terms.

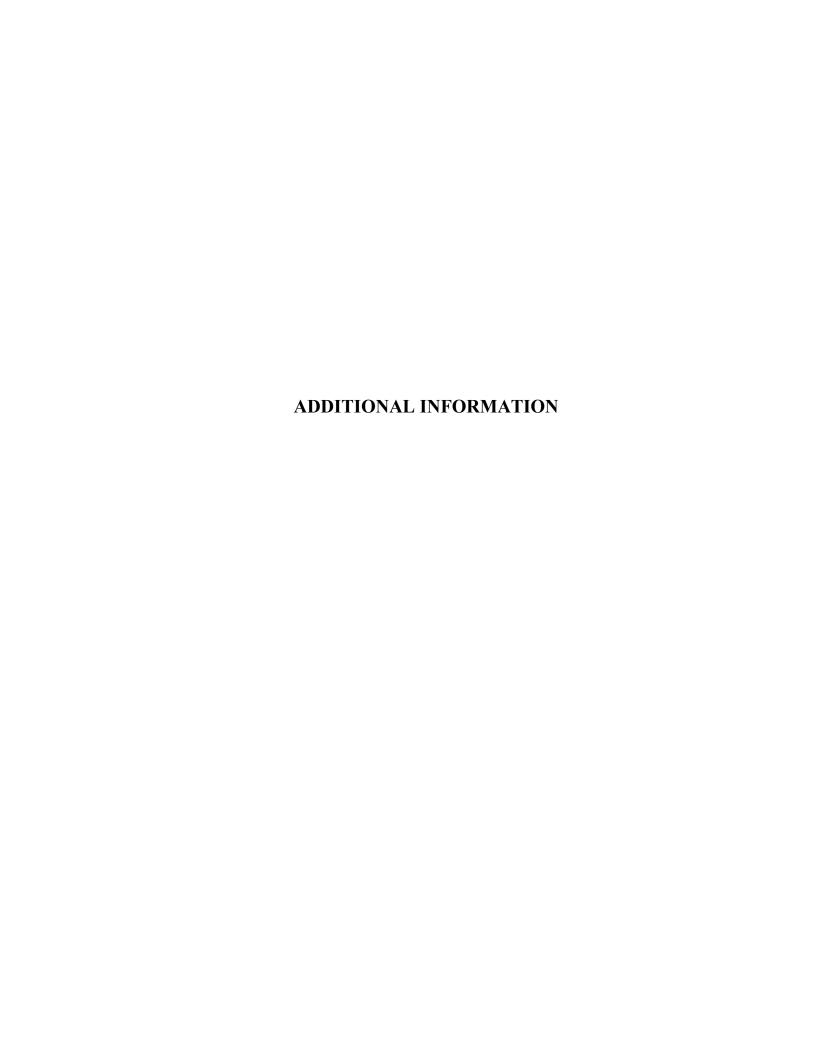
Changes in assumptions - For the measurement period ending June 30, 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance with CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes to the discount rate.

^{*} Measurement period 2014 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only six years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF ASCIP'S CONTRIBUTIONS AS OF JUNE 30, 2020 LAST 10 YEARS*

	Fiscal Year											
	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$	565,107	\$	576,780	\$	456,855	\$	411,681	\$	338,763	\$	354,308
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions		(565,107)		(576,780)		(456,855)		(411,681)		(338,763)		(354,308)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
ASCIP's covered-employee payroll	\$	5,060,784	\$	4,518,359	\$	4,558,579	\$	4,137,910	\$	3,269,226	\$	2,912,480
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		11.17%		12.77%		10.02%		9.95%		10.36%		12.17%

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only six years are shown.



NOTE TO ADDITIONAL INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

1. PURPOSE OF STATEMENTS

Combining - Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and Statement of Cash Flows.

The Combining Statement of Net Position, Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and Combining Statement of Cash Flows are included to provide information regarding the programs that have been included in the insurance funds column on the Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and the Statement of Cash Flows.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

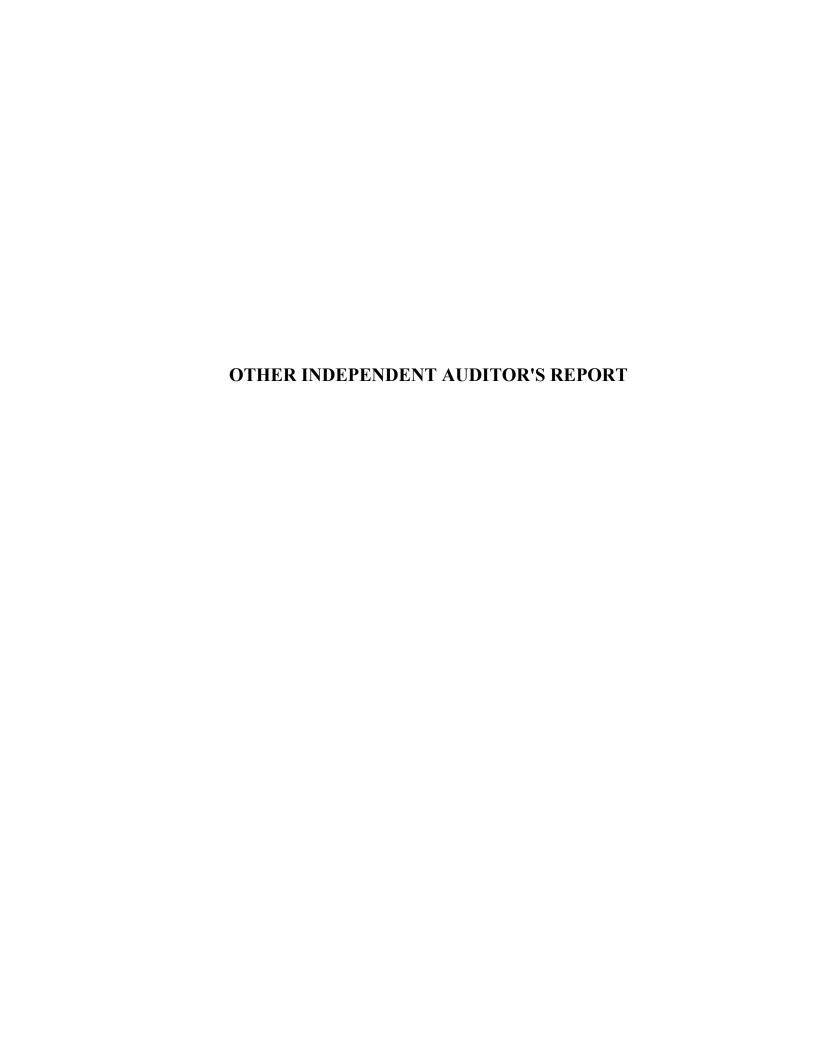
	D 4 0	XX7 1 1	TT 1/1		
ASSETS:	Property & Liability	Workers' Compensation	Health Benefits	CIPA	Total
Current assets:	Liability	Compensation	Belletits		Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 31,740,060	\$ 19,027,228	\$ 71,637,845	\$ 4,184,805	\$ 126,589,938
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	9,125,740	3,253,535	Ψ 71,037,013	ψ 1,101,005 -	12,379,275
Accounts receivables	8,466,448	1,427,641	843,200	3,257,760	13,995,049
Prepaid expenses and other assets	363,386			4,842,521	5,205,907
Investments maturing within one year	27,559,620	18,922,022	_	151,641	46,633,283
Restricted investments maturing within one year	5,038,650	-	_	8,800,000	13,838,650
Total current assets	82,293,904	42,630,426	72,481,045	21,236,727	218,642,102
Noncurrent assets:	02,253,501	12,030,120	72,101,013	21,230,727	210,012,102
Investments, net of amount maturing within one year	110,996,682	193,256,115		4,258,890	308,511,687
Deposits	110,770,062	173,230,113	4,650,000	7,230,630	4,650,000
Capital assets, net	4,296,461	-	4,030,000	_	4,296,461
Total noncurrent assets	115,293,143	193,256,115	4,650,000	4,258,890	317,458,148
Total assets	197,587,047	235,886,541	77,131,045	25,495,617	536,100,250
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:					
Deferred outflows of resources for pension & OPEB	714,952	269,579	397,730	=	1,382,261
LIABILITIES:					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	1,598,268	1,349,325	10,955,247	1,644,274	15,547,114
Unearned premium revenues	-	-	555	9,530,615	9,531,170
Premium dividend payable	-	15,210,025	11,719,611	-	26,929,636
Licensing agreement obligation	54,749	-	-	-	54,749
Risk management deposit fund	7,965,794	2,560,521	-	-	10,526,315
Safety credit payable	1,070,406	693,014	-	-	1,763,420
Current portion of unpaid claims	33,952,000	10,641,000	4,124,514	2,413,501	51,131,015
Unallocated claims adjustment expense	5,626,539	11,893,642	343,895	469,561	18,333,637
Total current liabilities	50,267,756	42,347,527	27,143,822	14,057,951	133,817,056
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses, net					
of current portion	104,389,063	66,971,888	-	5,086,338	176,447,289
Net pension liability & OPEB liability	1,426,660	546,319	794,997		2,767,976
Total noncurrent liabilities	105,815,723	67,518,207	794,997	5,086,338	179,215,265
Total liabilities	156,083,479	109,865,734	27,938,819	19,144,289	313,032,321
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:					
Deferred inflows of resources for pension & OPEB	3,353	15,335	65,789	_	84,477
Deferred filliows of resources for pension & Of EB		15,555	03,789	_	04,477
NET POSITION:					
Invested in capital assets	4,296,461	-	-	-	4,296,461
Restricted	5,128,190	-	-	8,800,000	13,928,190
Unrestricted	32,790,516	126,275,051	49,524,167	(2,448,672)	206,141,062
Total net position	\$ 42,215,167	\$ 126,275,051	\$ 49,524,167	\$ 6,351,328	\$ 224,365,713

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Property &	Workers'	Health	CIDA	T11:	T. 4.1
OPERATING REVENUES:	Liability	Compensation	Benefits	CIPA	Eliminations	Total
Premium contributions from members	\$ 60,666,289	\$ 37,026,903	\$ 163,045,464	\$ 10,467,935	\$ (1,958,000)	\$ 269,248,591
Other income	301,541	\$ 37,026,903 3,970,000	9,708	5,119	\$ (1,958,000)	4,286,368
					(1.050.000)	
Total operating revenues	60,967,830	40,996,903	163,055,172	10,473,054	(1,958,000)	273,534,959
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Claims expense, net of reimbursements						
of \$16,020,786	38,092,402	13,748,059	73,116,887	1,634,676	-	126,592,024
Provision for IBNR and case reserves	4,178,776	(2,715,297)	(1,418,914)	2,414,504	-	2,459,069
Provision for ULAE reserves	332,119	(572,658)	(117,649)	46,985	-	(311,203)
Excess/reinsurance premiums	13,677,286	5,454,398	5,451,271	1,014,123	(1,958,000)	23,639,078
Health benefits insurance premiums	-	-	66,937,513	-	-	66,937,513
Contract services	1,739,826	2,915,171	4,414,118	2,862,350	-	11,931,465
Loss control and risk management	1,641,904	1,177,134	58,640	-	-	2,877,678
General and administrative	3,901,845	3,019,073	3,062,864	150,011	-	10,133,793
Premium dividends	<u> </u>	15,209,194	11,719,611	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u> _	26,928,805
Total operating expenses	63,564,158	38,235,074	163,224,341	8,122,649	(1,958,000)	271,188,222
Operating income (loss)	(2,596,328)	2,761,829	(169,169)	2,350,405	-	2,346,737
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPEN	ISES):					
Interest and dividend income, net of fees	3,242,952	4,314,771	1,109,396	205,076	-	8,872,195
Net unrealized gain on investments	4,084,122	7,658,170	-	43,044	-	11,785,336
Total non-operating income	7,327,074	11,972,941	1,109,396	248,120		20,657,531
Increase in net position	4,730,746	14,734,770	940,227	2,598,525		23,004,268
Net position, beginning of year	37,484,421	111,540,281	48,583,940	3,752,803		201,361,445
Net position, end of year	\$ 42,215,167	\$ 126,275,051	\$ 49,524,167	\$ 6,351,328	<u>\$</u>	\$ 224,365,713

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Property & Liability	Workers' Compensation	Health Benefits	CIPA	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Cash received from premium contributions and					
other income	\$ 61,587,164	\$ 39,615,143	\$ 162,569,409	\$ 8,495,930	\$ 272,267,646
Cash paid for claims	(54,113,187)	(15,984,932)	(73,116,887)	(1,167,351)	(144,382,357)
Cash received from reinsurer	19,758,504	2,338,340	, , ,	() , , ,	22,096,844
Cash paid to benefits, insurance, and other expenses	(16,321,280)	(15,832,410)	(80,349,998)	(3,137,455)	(115,641,143)
Cash paid to employees	(3,623,023)	(1,471,222)	(1,589,052)	-	(6,683,297)
Cash paid to pension plan and retirees	(262,062)	(108,471)	(136,897)		(507,430)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	7,026,116	8,556,448	7,376,575	4,191,124	27,150,263
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Purchase of capital assets	(104,943)				(104,943)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Purchase of investments	(78,375,721)	(91,657,539)	-	(16,504,938)	(186,538,198)
Proceeds from sale or maturity of investments	90,577,565	77,214,118	-	12,844,551	180,636,234
Interest and investment income received	3,821,081	4,956,248	1,244,948	248,120	10,270,397
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	16,022,925	(9,487,173)	1,244,948	(3,412,267)	4,368,433
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	22,944,098	(930,725)	8,621,523	778,857	31,413,753
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	17,921,702	23,211,488	63,016,322	3,405,948	107,555,460
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 40,865,800	\$ 22,280,763	\$ 71,637,845	\$ 4,184,805	\$ 138,969,213
RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF					
NET POSITION	e 21.740.060	e 10.027.220	e 71 (27 045	e 4.104.005	# 126 500 020
Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 31,740,060	\$ 19,027,228	\$ 71,637,845	\$ 4,184,805	\$ 126,589,938
•	9,125,740	3,253,535	-	_	12,379,275
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 40,865,800	\$ 22,280,763	\$ 71,637,845	\$ 4,184,805	\$ 138,969,213
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Operating income (loss)	\$ (2,596,328)	\$ 2,761,829	\$ (169,169)	\$ 2,350,405	\$ 2,346,737
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	t				
cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation expense	346,333	-	-	-	346,333
(Increase) decrease in:					
Accounts receivables	3,722,810	726,219	(485,752)	300,981	4,264,258
Prepaid expenses and other assets and deposits	(100,707)	-	-	891,248	790,541
Deferred outflows of resources	96,497	18,458	41,986	-	156,941
Increase (decrease) in:	251 544	0.220.062	0.460.150	(2.210)	10.060.467
Accounts payable and other liabilities	271,544	8,328,963	9,462,179	(2,219)	18,060,467
Unearned premium revenues Risk management deposit fund	- 624 242	(49.512)	(11)	(2,278,105)	(2,278,116)
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expense	634,243	(48,512) (3,287,955)	(1,536,563)	2,928,814	585,731 2,615,191
Net pension liability & OPEB liability	4,510,895 241,109	98,874	115,382	2,920,014	455,365
Deferred inflows of resources	(100,280)	(41,428)	(51,477)	_	(193,185)
	·		·	<u> </u>	·
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 7,026,116	\$ 8,556,448	\$ 7,376,575	\$ 4,191,124	\$ 27,150,263
NONCASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	\$ (8,479,430)	\$ 21,731,378	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,660,387	\$ 16,912,335





REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Governing Board Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs Cerritos, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise ASCIP's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 25, 2020. The financial statements of Captive Insurance for Public Agencies Limited were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered ASCIP's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of ASCIP's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of ASCIP's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Governing Board Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether ASCIP's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gilbert CPAS

GILBERT CPAs Sacramento, California

November 25, 2020