



ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019





Moulton Niguel Water District Laguna Niguel, California

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Prepared By: The Finance Department

26880 Aliso Viejo Parkway Aliso Viejo, Ca 92656 www.mnwd.com

Moulton Niguel Water District Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Table of Contents

| Introductory Section | <u>Page</u> |
|--|-------------|
| Letter of Transmittal | i |
| Government Finance Officers Association – Certificate of Achievement for | |
| Excellence in Financial Reporting – June 30, 2018 | xii |
| Service Area Map w/ Cities Served | xiii |
| Organization Chart | xiv |
| Board of Directors | XV |
| Financial Section | |
| Independent Auditor's Report | 1 |
| Management's Discussion and Analysis | 5 |
| Basic Financial Statements: | |
| Statement of Net Position | 14 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position | 17 |
| Statement of Cash Flows | 18 |
| Notes to Financial Statements | 21 |
| Required Supplementary Information | |
| Pension Plan: | |
| Miscellaneous Plan – | |
| Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability | 56 |
| Schedule of Plan Contributions | 57 |
| Other Post Employment Benefit Plan: | |
| Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios | 58 |
| Schedule of Contributions | 59 |
| Supplementary Information | |
| Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Other Sources (Uses) of Funds | 60 |
| Operations & Maintenance (O&M) Budget Comparison Report | 61 |

Moulton Niguel Water District Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Table of Contents

| Statistical Section | <u>Page</u> |
|---|-------------|
| Statistical Section Overview Table of Contents | 63 |
| Financial Trends | |
| Net Position by Component – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 64 |
| Changes in Net Position – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 66 |
| Revenue Capacity | |
| Water Sold and Wastewater Services Provided by Type of Customer – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 68 |
| Annual Domestic Consumption in Acre Feet (AF) – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 70 |
| Water Rates – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 71 |
| Principal Water Customers – Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago | 72 |
| Wastewater Rates – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 73 |
| Principal Wastewater Services Customers – Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago | 74 |
| Recycled Water Rates – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 75 |
| Principal Recycled Water Customers – Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago | 76 |
| Property Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 77 |
| Assessed Valuations & Largest Local Secured Taxpayers – | |
| Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago | 78 |
| Debt Capacity | |
| Outstanding Debt by Type and Debt per Customer – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 79 |
| Ratio of Net Direct General Obligation Debt – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 80 |
| Direct and Overlapping Debt – Current Fiscal Year | 81 |
| Pledged Revenue Coverage – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 82 |
| Demographic and Economic Information | |
| Demographic and Economic Statistics – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 83 |
| Principal Employers – Current Year and Nine Years Ago | 86 |
| Operating Information | |
| Full Time Employees by Function – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 87 |
| Operating Indicators – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 88 |
| Capital Asset Statistics – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 89 |





December 6, 2019

Members of the Board of Directors

Moulton Niguel Water District

We are pleased to present the Moulton Niguel Water District's ("District") Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. This report was prepared by District staff in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of certified public accountants.

The CAFR provides an assessment of the District's financial condition, informs readers about District services, includes information about current District initiatives, capital improvement projects, and offers financial and demographic trend information. Management at the District is responsible for both the accuracy of the data presented and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures. We believe the information and data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects, and is presented in a manner that provides a fair representation of the financial position and operations of the District. We believe we have included all disclosures that are necessary to enhance the understanding of the financial condition of the District.

The District's financial statements have been audited by Eide Bailly, LLP, a firm of independent certified public accountants that recently acquired the accounting firm Vavrinek, Trine, Day and Co., LLP, with whom the District contracted to perform audit services. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified ("clean") opinion that the District's financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, were fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The Independent Auditor's Report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The Management Discussion & Analysis ("MD&A") includes a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to provide a better understanding of the accompanying financial statements. The MD&A immediately follows the Independent Auditor's Report.

Profile of the District

Authority, Services, and Customers

The District was formed on November 16, 1960, under the provisions of the California Water District Law, Division 13, of the Water Code of the State of California, commencing with Section 34000. The District was formed for the purposes of providing a water supply to the communities within its service area. In 1963, the California Water District Act was amended, allowing California water districts to provide wastewater reclamation services. On July 1, 1964, the District began operation and management of wastewater services previously provided by Orange County Sanitation District No. 12.



The District is authorized to acquire, control, store, treat, reclaim, recapture, and salvage any water (including wastewater) for the beneficial use of the District and its customers. The District's water and wastewater customers include retail customers (e.g. residential and commercial) located in incorporated areas within the District's service area. The District is also authorized to levy and collect taxes; to revise and collect rates or other charges for the delivery of water and collection of wastewater, use of facilities or property, or provisions for service. The District may also issue bonds, borrow money, and incur indebtedness.

Governance

The District is governed by a seven-member Board of Directors ("Board"), who are publicly elected by registered voters within the District's service area for staggered four-year terms. Each Director is elected through an at-large voting process.

Policy-making and legislative authority are vested with the Board. The Board has the authority to set rates and charges for water, recycled water, and wastewater services. The Board is responsible for, among other things, setting policies governing the operation of the District, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the General Manager. The General Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies of the Board, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the District, and for hiring staff for the various divisions (e.g. Finance/Planning, Human Resources, Engineering, and Operations).



The Moulton Niguel Water District Board of Directors

Service Area

The District's service area, located in South Orange County, California, encompasses approximately 37 square miles, serving over 172,000 in population within the cities of Laguna Niguel, Aliso Viejo, Laguna Hills, Mission Viejo, San Juan Capistrano, and Dana Point. The District distributes water to approximately 55,000 accounts, 52,000 of which also receive wastewater service. Elevation within the District ranges from 230 to 904 feet above sea level. Climate is typical of the coastal plains of Southern California, with temperatures mild and relatively uniform. The District experienced a net taxable value increase of 4.9% for the most current tax roll, which was slightly less than the countywide increase of 6.3%. The assessed net taxable valuation of the properties within the District's service area has grown to \$37.6 billion as of June 30, 2019.

Water Supply and Services



Membrane Filtration System at the Baker Water Treatment Plant

The District imports all its potable water from the Metropolitan Water District of Southern California ("MET") through its member agency, the Municipal Water District of Orange County ("MWDOC"), a wholesale importer of water from MET. The District is a customer agency of MWDOC and, as such, receives water from available sources of MET. MET's sources of water primarily include water imported from the Colorado River and from the State Water Project. All the District's potable water is treated at either the Diemer Filtration Plant in Yorba Linda, California, or the Baker Water Treatment Plant ("Baker WT Plant") in Lake Forest, California. The Diemer Filtration Plant is owned and operated by MET and supplies approximately two-thirds of the District's treated potable water. The Baker WT Plant was completed in

October 2016 and provides approximately one-third of the treated potable water to the District. The Baker WT Plant, which is owned by the District in partnership with four other water agencies, provides a secondary treatment plant that treats imported MET water and improves local water reliability. All potable water is delivered through three major transmission facilities: the South County Pipeline ("SCP"), East Orange County Feeder #2 ("EOCF#2"), and the Allen-McColloch Pipeline ("AMP").

The District continues to exert significant efforts to reduce dependence on imported water supplies. Mission Viejo Country Club and El Niguel Country Club began using reclaimed wastewater over 50 years ago. Today, more than 1,360 recycled water meters account for approximately 25% of the District's total water demand. The District has implemented several water-use efficiency programs, most notably the Water Budget-Based Rate Structure, and extensive rebate programs for its customers. The District continues to evaluate various alternative local water supplies to identify additional opportunities to supplement imported water, as well as implement demand management strategies and outreach programs to reduce water usage.

The District operates and maintains over 700 miles of domestic water distribution pipelines. In addition, the District has 26 steel and 2 pre-stressed concrete operational storage reservoirs for a District-wide total potable water storage capacity of approximately 70 million gallons. The District owns capacity rights in several adjoining water agencies' reservoirs and pipelines, such as El Toro Water District R-6 reservoir, the Santa Margarita Water District Upper Chiquita Reservoir, the Joint Transmission Main (a joint powers agreement between the District and other water agencies), Eastern Transmission Main jointly owned by the District and the City of San Juan Capistrano, the South County Pipeline, which conveys water from the Allen McColloch Pipeline to several south county water agencies, and the Irvine Ranch Water District Interconnection jointly owned with Irvine Ranch Water District. The District also operates 30 pump stations to pump water from lower pressure zones to the higher pressure zones and 20 pressure reducing stations and flow control facilities to convey water from high to low zones. The District has adopted a policy to evaluate and develop reliability projects and demand management measures that will provide 31 days of average demand water supply to District customers in the event of an outage of imported water supplies. Since 2008, the District has achieved more than 75% of the stated target (24 days) with the implementation of the Baker WTP, and other water reliability projects and demand management programs.

Wastewater Services

The District maintains approximately 540 miles of wastewater pipelines. The District's wastewater system has 19 lift stations that pump wastewater over the ridge lines to the various treatment plants for disposal or recycling. The District owns and operates wastewater treatment Plant 3A. The District is also a member of the South Orange County Wastewater Authority ("SOCWA"), a joint powers agency comprised of ten governmental agencies, which owns and operates three regional treatment plants and two ocean outfalls. The District's cost to SOCWA for wastewater treatment and disposal is for operations and maintenance ("O&M") costs and a pro-rata share of the capital costs based on the type and location of each project.

Recycled Water Supply and Services

The District promotes the use of recycled water to reduce imported water and maximize the reuse of available resources. The recycled water system consists of two Advanced Water Treatment ("AWT") plants to treat wastewater and supply recycled water, as well as 150 miles of recycled water distribution pipelines with 5 prestressed concrete and 6 steel storage reservoirs to service the recycled water system. In addition, the District owns 1,000 acrefeet of capacity rights in the Upper Oso recycled water reservoir owned by the Santa Margarita Water District.



Aliso Viejo Recycled Water Reservoir

The District recently completed its Recycled Water Master Plan ("RWMP") and identified recycled water as its highest priority alternative water supply source. The RWMP is used to identify further opportunities to expand the system to new customers and the necessary infrastructure to support the expansion, as well as to encourage and open the door to regional cooperation and involvement. The RWMP includes model development, supply and storage assessments, and identification of new recycled water users, along with all associated capital needs.

Factors Affecting Financial Conditions

The information presented in the financial statements is best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the District operates.

Local Economy

The District serves affluent communities within South Orange County and unemployment rates have historically been lower than those of the region, state, and nation. There are four major land uses in the District: (1) residential (single-family and multiple-family); (2) commercial (retail and light industrial); (3) schools; and (4) recreation areas (parks, golf courses, etc.). Residential development is the predominant land use throughout the District. The highest concentration of commercial use is in the City of Mission Viejo, which includes the Shops at Mission Viejo, an affluent shopping mall, and in the City of Aliso Viejo, which includes the Pacific Park Business Center. The highest concentration of schools (students) is in the cities of Mission Viejo and Aliso Viejo, which includes Mission Viejo High School, Capistrano Valley High School, Saddleback Community College, Aliso-Niguel High School, and Soka University. The highest concentration of recreation areas is in Laguna Niguel and Aliso Viejo, where each has a golf course and numerous community parks. Future growth will primarily occur on a redevelopment basis of existing property and land.

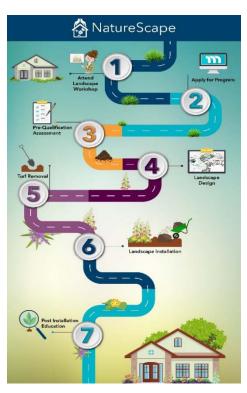
Water Efficiency

The State of California is an active partner with local agencies to address water needs as a result of the most recent drought. The State continues to maintain a set of conservative standards, which among other things, place a permanent ban on wasteful practices, such as hosing driveways and excessive watering. The State also requires monthly reporting and calls for prudent planning and preparing for continued and future drought conditions and water shortages. The State has also proposed legislation that includes a plan to make water conservation a way of life, and to set long-term urban water use efficiency standards by 2021.

The District continues to offer resources, rebates and information to help customers make conservation a California way of life. The District has ongoing partnerships with Universities to study water use, rebate programs, and other resources discussed below under "Major Initiatives" that will continue to inform prudent operational and financial decisions.

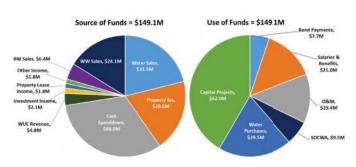
Budget Process

The Board adopts an operating and capital budget prior to each new fiscal year, commencing on July 1st. The development of the operating and the capital budgets are guided by the Ten-Year Cash Flow and the Ten-Year Capital Improvement



Direct-install Turf to Native Garden Program

Program. The operating and capital budgets serve as the foundation for the District's financial planning and control of District operations and enterprise functions. The District reports its water, wastewater, and recycled water services as a single enterprise fund. On a monthly basis, a budget comparison report is submitted to the Board to provide a year-to-date comparison of the revenues and expenses against the adopted budget, and on a quarterly basis, a capital improvement program progress report is submitted to the Board to provide the status of current infrastructure projects.



Sources and Uses of Funds from District 2019-20 Budget

The District's annual budget process includes reviewing and updating, if necessary, District policies that govern financial affairs, and contains policies for Reserves, Investments, Purchasing, Capitalization and Surplus, and Debt Management. In June 2019, the Board approved updates to each of those financial policies and adopted a Federal Grants Management Policy that complies with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance.

Each of those policies serve as an important tool in managing the financial affairs of the District. The main objective of the Reserve Policy is to set target levels for cash reserves to establish a relationship between current and anticipated future risks. The District's reserve categories are discussed in Note 15 of the Notes to Financial Statements. The Board receives monthly updates on the status of the adopted reserve targets. The Investment Policy is used to direct the purchasing of securities, while also maintaining the flexibility to fund infrastructure improvements. The Purchasing Policy establishes procedures for acquiring services and materials, equipment and supplies, and for public works projects for the District. The Debt Management Policy is used to document the District's goals and guidelines for the use of debt instruments for financing District water, recycled water, and wastewater infrastructure projects and other financing needs. The Capitalization and Surplus policy is intended to provide guidance for accounting and treatment related to the District's investments in critical assets. The Federal Grants Management Policy is designed to provide guidance to District staff in executing projects and utilizing funds provided through Federal grants, and to comply with the provisions of the Uniform Guidance.

Long-term Financial Planning

The District uses various planning documents; i.e. Urban Water Management Plan ("UWMP), Long Range Water Reliability Plan, and Long Range Financial Plan ("LRFP") to forecast the District's needs for water use and demand, capital improvement projects, water supply reliability projects, and financial resources. The associated financial models supporting those planning documents are significant assets to the District and have been built internally by District staff, allowing the District and the Board to consider and evaluate different scenarios for things such as: changes to the economic environment, operational requirements, or capital investments.

The objective of the LRFP is to identify strategies and actions to ensure sufficient financial resources to enable the District to achieve its mission and to utilize those financial resources effectively. Additionally, the LRFP serves as key contextual information to aid in making near-term financial decisions. The LRFP incorporates the District's reserve policies, debt policies, coverage ratios, water demand needs, water rates, capital improvement program, and operating budget to provide a financial forecast for the District.

The District has historically maintained a strong financial position based upon conservative planning and budgeting, maintenance of adequate cash balances, and maintaining the proper debt service coverage ratios.

In January 2019, the District fully refunded its outstanding 2009 Certificates of Participation (Build America Bonds) with the 2019 Revenue Refunding Bonds. The refunding will save over \$14 million to District ratepayers over the life of the bond. Additionally, both Standard and Poor's and Fitch rating agencies have rated District debt AAA, the highest rating available. Both agencies cited the District's strong financial management practices and advanced planning tools as reasons for the AAA rating.

Additionally, the District utilizes a conservation-based rate design, as data has shown that design to be the most effective tool in reducing water usage, while still providing the necessary revenues to recover the District's expenses regardless of changing water demands. The State Water Resources Control Board ("SWRCB") has recognized the District's specific rate design as a best practice amongst more than 400 urban water utilities statewide. The rate design focuses on the cost of service for the efficient use of water as the primary basis for setting rates and identifying costs associated with conservation and water-use efficiency programs as the basis for conservation pricing. The rates



Cover Page of 2019 Revenue Refunding Bonds

are also structured to ensure that an appropriate level of fixed expenses is recovered with fixed revenue. As a result, the District has managed to remain financially strong despite a significant reduction in water use while continuing to maintain water rates among the lowest in the region. The Board annually reviews the financial plan and projected rates through the ten-year cash flow model to ensure the District's financial forecasts are consistent with District policy and objectives while providing a strong foundation.

Internal Controls

Management of the District has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the District's assets from loss, theft, or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the District's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The District's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. The Board and District staff continue to evaluate the District's internal control framework to determine if improvements are attainable, and implement feasible recommendations.

Major Initiatives

Strategic Planning

The Board provided tactical direction at the 2019 Long Range Strategic Planning Session and identified ten key initiatives for the Board and District staff to focus efforts. The identified initiatives were Outreach and Education, Labor Relations, Data Analytics and Information Management, Demand Management, Wastewater Treatment, Financial Planning, Asset Management, Water Reliability, Government Affairs, and the Plant 2A Upgrades.

Water Education and Efficiency Actions

The District's Board continues to partner with local and regional agencies to provide a variety of water education and water-saving programs and opportunities to District customers. The following programs are a sample of the types of programs implemented by the District.

Through a partnership with Orange County Coastkeeper and its W.H.A.L.E.S. program, the District is bringing water education into the classroom. The program is available to middle schools and high schools located in the District's service area and consists of in-class presentations and field trips to a local watershed to learn about the importance of water quality, water efficiency and global sustainability.

This past year, the District created a video series aimed to help customers identify and detect toilet leaks. The four-part series is called "Potty Talk" and was posted to the District's YouTube channel.

The District continues to hold its annual H2O for HOAs workshop, which now includes seventeen additional regional municipal partners. The workshop provides education and information on various topics related to water management to homeowner association Board Members, Property Managers, and Professional Landscapers.

The District's NatureScape program continues to be successful. As part of this direct-install turf-to-native garden program, NatureScape participants receive a pre-qualification landscape and irrigation assessment, fifty percent off design fees, turf removal, new landscape installation, and three dollars per square foot of turf that is replaced. This past year, the District held its first NatureScape Garden Tour, which received recognition in the Orange County Register.

The District also holds additional water-efficiency educational workshops throughout the year. The District offers two types of classes, landscape and irrigation. In the landscape workshops, attendees learn how to design landscapes that are sustainable in the Orange County climate. Additionally, the class provides information on climate-appropriate plants and proper irrigation techniques, while answering questions on common landscaping problems. In the irrigation workshops, attendees learn where their water comes from, how to calculate their water budget, managing an irrigation timer and how to fix and retrofit their irrigation system.

The District also participates with the Water Education Foundation in project WET (Water Education for Teachers). This program provides science-based water education training geared toward Kindergarten through second grade teachers and the next generation science standards for those grade levels. Teachers that attend a project WET workshop receive sixty-four fun and interesting lesson plans on water topics.

The District also continues to provide a variety of rebates for outdoor and indoor use, both for residential and commercial customers. Additionally, to help schools better understand their water consumption and identify opportunities for improved water efficiency, the District developed a high efficiency device retrofit



District staff performing water use assessment at local school

program to provide high efficiency water devices and installation to schools within the District's service area. As part of the program, the District provides a site-specific water use assessment. The schools receive a comprehensive report that includes a water balance, an inventory of water using devices, and suggested water efficiency measures to improve both their indoor and outdoor efficiency.

Recognition and Funding

Recently, the District received notification that it would receive a third grant from the United States Bureau of Reclamation through its WaterSmart program for the District's Advanced Meter Infrastructure (AMI) program. In total, the District will receive \$2.1 million in funding from the US Bureau of Reclamation as part of the full rollout of the AMI installation. Thus far, the District has implemented AMI for approximately 6,400 meters, including a pilot program for residential and commercial meters, and all potable and recycled water dedicated landscape meters within the District. With this technology, customers can log into the customer portal to get access to near real time water usage information and receive alerts for potential leaks.

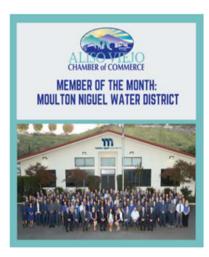
In November 2018, the District's turf transformation program was recognized by the Orange County Business Council for creating environmental sustainability and helping customers save money. To date, District customers have saved over \$6 million in water and removed approximately 6 million square feet of turf.



In December 2018, the District received the

2018 Governor's Environmental and Economic Leadership Award (GEELA). This award represents the state's highest environmental and economic honor for efforts to protect local creeks, watersheds, and beaches from pollution, and doing so in the most cost-effective manner. The District was one of only ten entities in the state to receive the 2018 GEELA Award. The project that received the award is aimed at tackling an issue that many water agencies and local governments are still facing; urban runoff. Urban runoff is the stream of excess irrigation water, dirt, chemicals and fertilizers that flow from streets and sidewalks into creeks, watersheds and ultimately the ocean. By working with local partners to develop a plan for mitigating urban runoff, the District continues to protect oceans and beaches from costly pollution.

Additionally, in December 2018, the District was honored to receive the designation of the #1 top workplace to work in Orange County by the Orange County Register (OC Register). This was the second consecutive year the District received the top workplace designation, and the OC Register provided some additional insights into what makes Moulton Niguel the top work place in its annual publication.



In February 2019, the District was awarded the "Member of the Month" from the Aliso Viejo Chamber of Commerce. As part of the press release for this designation, the Chamber cited the District's recognition from Amazon for the cloud-based infrastructure, the 2018 GEELA award, and the AAA rating awarded from both Fitch and Standard and Poor's rating agencies.

This past year, the District also received the Government and Finance Officers Association award for the 2019 Distinguished Budget Presentation for the District's Fiscal Year 2018-19 budget. The award honors government agencies that adhere to the highest principles of government budgeting and meet nationally-recognized guidelines for public transparency of budget materials.

In May of 2019, the District received the Technology Innovation Award from Government Technology, an AT&T program, as part of its 2019 Special Districts Program. The Government Technology award recognized the District's online customer portal, MyWater MNWD within its Technology Innovation Citizens category. This category recognizes special districts that have utilized technology to improve service delivery to citizens. The category also spotlights special districts who continually enhance the user's experience, accelerate access to services, and improve overall service to the customers they serve.

Water Recycling

This past year, the District celebrated its 50th year of operating one of the state's most successful water recycling programs, reusing more than 2 billion gallons of water each year. The District was one of the first agencies to begin using recycled water, and the system now supports more than 1,360 meters, and collectively supplies 7 million gallons per day for irrigation uses at parks, recreational facilities, golf courses, and street medians. In total, approximately 25% of the District's total demand is now met with recycled water.



The District plans to expand its recycled water distribution system with the implementation of the recycled water optimization plan. The District offers a recycled water retrofit rebate as an incentive to encourage recycled water use. Additionally, the District has partnered with the Metropolitan Water District of Southern California to help customers in its service area access additional financial incentives for recycled water use through its On-Site Retrofit Program.

Regional Collaborative Ventures

Over the next eighteen months, the District will work with world-renowned scientists and engineers at UC Davis' Center for Water and Energy Efficiency to optimize the District's energy use and reduce operating costs -- while continuing to meet every customer's water needs. The \$3.1 million project, which is funded by a grant from the California Energy Commission, will use real-time energy analytics to develop an energy management system that adapts to changing energy demands and different energy rate structures for the District's potable and recycled water systems.

In February of 2018, the District signed an agreement with Orange County Water District to collaboratively study the potential of future dry weather and emergency storage in the Orange County Groundwater Basin. The first study is to explore potential conveyance from the basin to South Orange County, with the second evaluating the economic aspects of a potential future agreement. These studies build on the existing emergency storage agreement the District has with Orange County Water District.

In early 2018, the District signed a historic Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the County of Orange, City of Laguna Niguel, City of Mission Viejo, City of Laguna Hills, City of Aliso Viejo, City of Dana Point, Laguna Bluebelt Coalition, and OC Coastkeeper to reduce urban runoff in order to protect local creek water quality, and ultimately, our ocean. The MOU's potential local, regional, and state-wide impact have already begun to receive recognition, with its first major project, the Smart Watershed Network. The project was recently awarded the 2018 GEELA Award and has received over \$200,000 in funding from the Metropolitan Water District of Southern California based on its innovative use of technology to address development of new water supplies.

Wastewater Treatment

In August 2018, the District's Board of Directors adopted a resolution updating the District's wastewater treatment plant capacity requirements. As part of that resolution, the District provided an update to its 1998 Revised Sewer Master Plan analyzing its wastewater treatment plant capacity requirements. The

Board also indicated they intend to maximize wastewater flows to the Regional Treatment Plant and 3A Plant to maximize recycled water to further enhance future wastewater reuse opportunities.

Major Capital Investments

The District has implemented an extensive Capital Improvement Program, which is primarily driven by the replacement and/or refurbishment of existing infrastructure. To support the Capital Improvement Program, the District's Asset Management Program uses various business system tools, i.e. Geographic Information System (GIS) and Computerized Maintenance Management System (CMMS). The District is in the process of expanding and upgrading the Asset Management Program by implementing a new CMMS that will be integrated with all business system processes to optimize operations and maintenance practices. The integrated Asset Management Program will provide the tools and data necessary to better assess infrastructure needs, optimize operations, and support short and long-range Capital Improvement Program decisions. This approach to comprehensive asset management will ensure the District maximizes the investment in its assets.



Plant 2A Upgrades

The District awarded a Construction Manager-at-Risk Contract to Layton Construction Company, LLC (Layton) to construct various projects associated with Plant 2A upgrades. The District broke ground on these projects in August 2019. Plant 2A has served as an operations facility for the District for more than 50 years, originally developed as a wastewater treatment plant in 1965. The treatment plant was decommissioned in the early 1970s, and the site has been used for various operations activities. Since that time, only minimal improvements have been made to the facilities despite an increased customer base and growing infrastructure and operational needs associated with providing water, recycled water, and wastewater collection and treatment services to

the communities served by the District. The existing facilities are generally undersized for their current uses, and no longer sufficient to meet the changing and developing operational requirements. The District determined that several improvements were required to support the needs of operations and maintenance functions.

The District continues to collaborate and work with other south Orange County water providers, displaying effective demand management programs, planning capabilities, and forward-thinking policies. The ongoing changes to the economy and regulations provide opportunities for the District and its great customers to lead by example and have delivered an avenue where business practices and customer interaction can be recognized.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada ("GFOA") awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Moulton Niguel Water District for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that the 2019 CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements and this report will mark our eleventh consecutive submission to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate. The District has received the award for its CAFR for each of the past ten years.

Respectfully submitted,

Joone Lopez General Manager



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

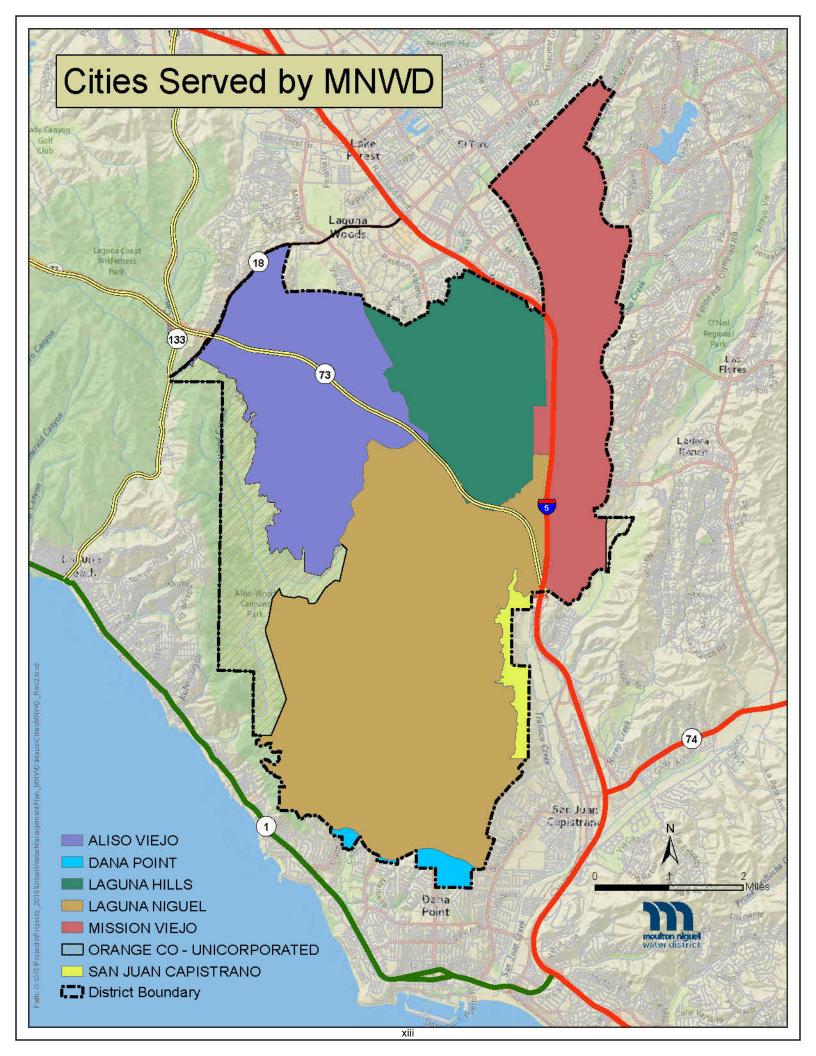
Moulton Niguel Water District California

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

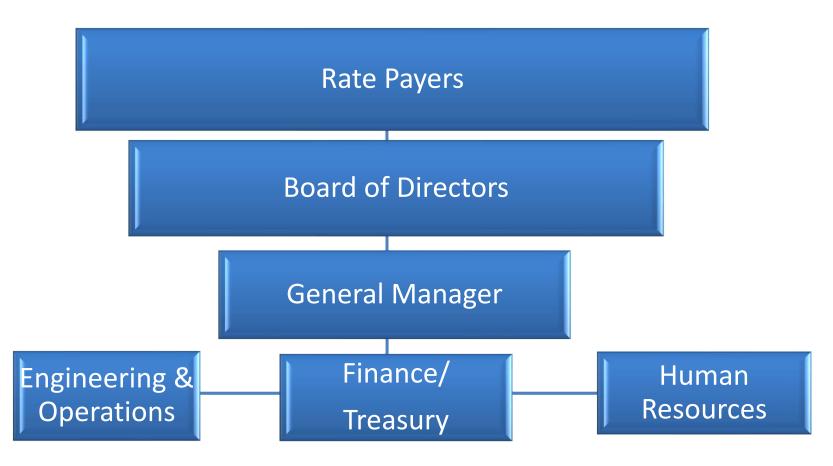
Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

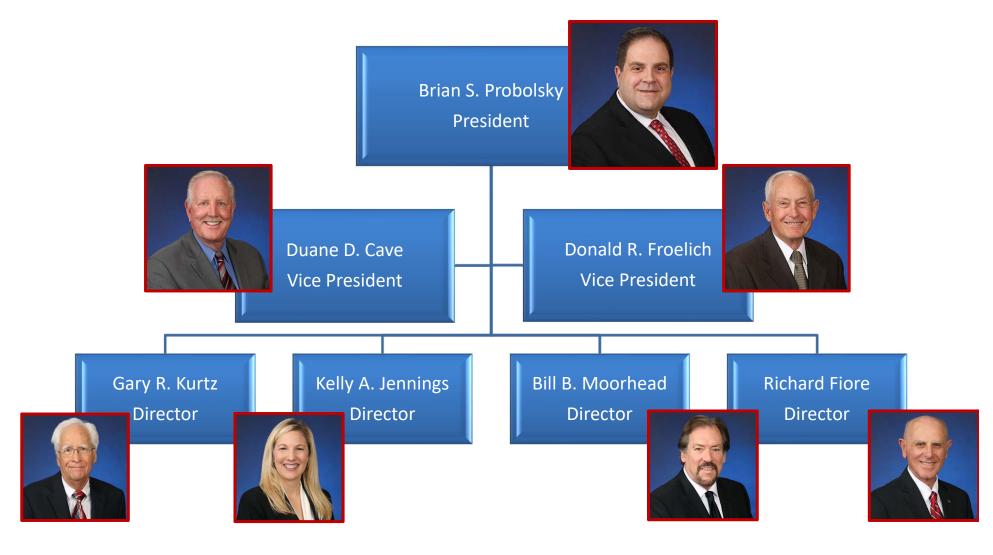


Moulton Niguel Water District

Organization Chart



Moulton Niguel Water District Board of Directors







Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Moulton Niguel Water District Laguna Niguel, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Moulton Niguel Water District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2019, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 12, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability on page 56, schedule of plan contributions for pensions on page 57, schedule of changes in the net OPEB liability and related ratios on page 58 and schedule of contributions for the OPEB plan on page 59 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, schedule of revenues, expenses, and other sources (uses) of funds, operations & maintenance (O&M) budget comparison report, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of revenues, expenses, and other sources (uses) of funds and operations & maintenance (O&M) budget comparison report are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of revenues, expenses, and other sources (uses) of funds, and operations & maintenance (O&M) budget comparison report are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Prior-Year Comparative Information

The financial statements of the District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018 were audited by Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP, who joined Eide Bailly LLP on July 22, 2019 and whose report dated December 10, 2018 expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 5, 2019, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Laguna Hills, California

December 5, 2019



Year Ended June 30, 2019

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Moulton Niguel Water District ("District") financial statements are prepared in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") and include the Statement of Net Position, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and the Statement of Cash Flows. Readers should evaluate the financial statements with the accompanying Notes to Financial Statements. The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of the financial statements and provide useful explanations and detailed information on the financial statements. Management's Discussion and Analysis precedes the financial statements and its purpose is to provide an overall analysis of the District's financial position and results of operations.

Financial Highlights

- Total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$421.6 million (total net position). Net position consists of \$319.6 million in net investment in capital assets, \$0.4 million in restricted for capital projects, and \$101.6 million of unrestricted net position. This is an increase of \$8.6 million, or 2.1% over the prior fiscal year total net position of \$413.0 million.
- Total liabilities decreased by \$5.5 million to \$112.4 million for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. This decrease was primarily the result of scheduled debt service payments made during the fiscal year. During the fiscal year, the District fully refunded \$60.0 million of 2009 Certificates of Participation (COPs) with \$48.6 million of 2019 Revenue Refunding Bonds.
- Total Revenues were \$103.5 million, an increase of \$10.2 million, or 10.9%, largely driven by an increase in investment income and contributions received recorded during the fiscal year. The District adheres to Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 31, which requires the District to record investments at fair market value.
- The District also received \$3.2 million in capital contributions during the fiscal year, including \$2.2 million in developer donated capital facilities. In the prior fiscal year, the District received \$0.8 million in developer donated capital facilities.
- The District received \$29.1 million for its share of the 1% ad valorem property taxes, an increase of \$1.2 million, or 4.2% over the prior fiscal year.
- Total capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2019, are \$395.9 million, an increase of \$8.3 million, or 2.1%.
- Total long-term debt was \$76.7 million at June 30, 2019, a decrease of \$6.6 million, or 7.9%. The
 refunding of the 2009 COPs with the 2019 Revenue Refunding Bonds will save District ratepayers over
 \$14 million in future debt payments.

Required Financial Statements

The *Statement of Net Position* states the financial position of the District at June 30, 2019. This statement includes five components: District assets plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the remaining difference between those items being reported as net position. The assets and liabilities are listed in order of their liquidity. Therefore, assets readily convertible to cash, such as cash and investments, appear first.

Year Ended June 30, 2019

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position accounts for the annual results of operations. This statement shows the current year's revenues, expenses, capital contributions, and also calculates the overall change in net position. The sum of the beginning net position and the current year's change in net position equals the ending net position balance. The same ending net position balance appears on the Statement of Net Position. Over time, changes in net position serve as a key indicator of the District's financial health.

Both the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position are shown using the accrual basis of accounting. This means revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred regardless of the timing of cash receipts and payments.

By contrast, the *Statement of Cash Flows* presents information about changes in cash and cash equivalents during the year. The statement categorizes changes by operating activities, non-capital financing activities, capital and related financing activities, and investing activities. From this statement the reader can obtain information on the sources and uses of the District's cash.

District Financial Analysis

The following condensed schedules contain summary financial information extracted from the basic financial statements and are meant to assist readers in evaluating the District's overall financial position and results of operations. These schedules can be used to assess whether the District's overall financial position has improved or deteriorated. Other external factors such as changes in economic conditions, customer growth, and legislative mandates should also be considered as part of this analysis.

Financial Position Summary:

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's financial position as of June 30. The statement consists of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position. Total net position represents the District's net worth. A condensed Statement of Net Position is presented as part of this analysis:

| Table 1 - Condensed Statement of Net Position (In Thousands) | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|---------|----|---------|----|---------------------|---------|--|
| | | | | | | Increase/(Decrease) | | |
| | | 2019 | | 2018 | | Amount | Percent | |
| Current and noncurrent assets | \$ | 133,276 | \$ | 138,224 | \$ | (4,948) | -3.6% | |
| Capital assets, net | | 395,920 | | 387,587 | | 8,333 | 2.1% | |
| Total Assets | | 529,196 | | 525,811 | | 3,385 | 0.6% | |
| Deferred Outfows of Resources | | 6,005 | | 7,321 | | (1,316) | -18.0% | |
| Current liabilities | | 18,069 | | 16,613 | | 1,456 | 8.8% | |
| Long-term liabilities | | 94,309 | | 101,294 | | (6,985) | -6.9% | |
| Total Liabilities | | 112,378 | | 117,907 | | (5,529) | -4.7% | |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | 1,186 | | 2,183 | | (997) | -45.7% | |
| Net investment in capital assets | | 319,601 | | 304,821 | | 14,780 | 4.8% | |
| Restricted for capital projects | | 375 | | 605 | | (230) | -38.0% | |
| Unrestricted net position | | 101,661 | | 107,616 | | (5,955) | -5.5% | |
| Total Net Position | \$ | 421,637 | \$ | 413,042 | \$ | 8,595 | 2.1% | |

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Financial Position Summary (Continued):

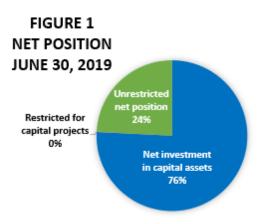
As shown in Table 1, the District's total assets increased \$3.4 million, or 0.6%. The increase was primarily the result of the District's continued investment in its infrastructure, or capital assets. Total net capital assets increased by \$8.3 million, or 2.1% over the prior fiscal year. Those capital asset investments were partially offset by a \$4.5 million reduction in unrestricted cash and investments, which was projected as part of the District's Long-Range Financial Plan.

The deferred outflows of resources balance decreased to \$6.0 million, or (18.0%) as compared to the prior fiscal year balance of \$7.3 million. This is primarily the result of changes in assumptions made by the District's pension plan administrator, CalPERs.

Total liabilities decreased by \$5.5 million, or 4.7% as compared to the previous fiscal year. The main driver for this decrease was \$4.7 million in scheduled debt service payments made by the District. Additionally, the District fully refunded \$60.0 million of 2009 Certificates of Participation (Build America Bonds) with \$48.6 million of 2019 Revenue Refunding Bonds and an associated \$10.2 million premium during the fiscal year.

Deferred inflows of resources ended the fiscal year at \$1.2 million, decreasing \$1.0 million, or 45.7% in comparison to the prior fiscal year. This decrease is mostly due to a decrease in reported deferred inflows related to the District's pension proportion, which was \$0.5 million higher than in the prior fiscal year.

The District's total ending net position at June 30, 2019, amounted to \$421.6 million, increasing \$8.6 million, or 2.1% during the fiscal year.



Net position consists of \$319.6 million in net investment in capital assets, \$0.4 million restricted for capital projects, and \$101.7 million in unrestricted net position. Net investment in capital assets reflects capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation or amortization and liabilities attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. The District's net investment in capital assets balance increased by \$14.8 million, or 4.8% over the prior fiscal year, and represents 75.8% of total net position.

Restricted net position ended the year at \$0.4 million, decreasing \$0.2 million as compared to the prior fiscal year.

Restricted net position represents the unspent portion of capacity fees paid by developers for connecting to the water and wastewater systems. Annually as part of the budget process, the District specifies which capital projects will be funded from these restricted monies.

Unrestricted net position was \$101.7 million at June 30, 2019, representing a decrease of \$6.0 million, or 5.5% from the balance reported at June 30, 2018. The primary reason for this decrease is due to the implementation of the District's Long-Range Financial Plan, which focuses on capital investment to rehabilitate the District infrastructure. Additional information on unrestricted net position can be found in Note 15 in the Notes to Financial Statements.

Year Ended June 30, 2019

<u>Activities and Changes in Net Position:</u>

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position summarizes the District's operations during the fiscal year. A summary of the District's changes in net position for the fiscal year's ended June 30, is included in Table 2, below:

| Table 2 - Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (In Thousands) | | | | | | | | |
|---|----|----------|----|---------|-------------|---------|--|--|
| | | <u>-</u> | | | Increase/(I | | | |
| | | 2019 | | 2018 | Amount | Percent | | |
| Water charges | \$ | 32,681 | \$ | 32,318 | \$ 363 | 1.1% | | |
| Recycled charges | | 5,161 | | 5,597 | (436) | -7.8% | | |
| Sanitation charges | | 25,463 | | 22,624 | 2,839 | 12.5% | | |
| Other | | 644 | | 469 | 175 | 37.3% | | |
| Total Operating Revenues | | 63,949 | | 61,008 | 2,941 | 4.8% | | |
| Property taxes | | 29,111 | | 27,926 | 1,185 | 4.2% | | |
| GOB assessment | | 1,220 | | 922 | 298 | 32.3% | | |
| Investment income | | 6,067 | | (10) | 6,077 | 100.0% | | |
| Cellular lease income | | 1,770 | | 1,898 | (128) | -6.7% | | |
| Intergovernmental revenue | | 1,343 | | 1,336 | 7 | 0.5% | | |
| Other | | 78 | | 252 | (174) | -69.0% | | |
| Total Non-operating revenues | | 39,589 | | 32,324 | 7,265 | 22.5% | | |
| Total Revenues | | 103,538 | | 93,332 | 10,206 | 10.9% | | |
| Water purchases | | 23,671 | | 26,865 | (3,194) | -11.9% | | |
| Meters | | 361 | | 395 | (34) | -8.6% | | |
| Utilities | | 1,849 | | 2,185 | (336) | -15.4% | | |
| Wastewater treatment & pumping | | 14,329 | | 13,391 | 938 | 7.0% | | |
| Water transmission & distribution | | 2,048 | | 1,227 | 821 | 66.9% | | |
| General, administrative & other | | 29,114 | | 27,470 | 1,644 | 6.0% | | |
| Depreciation | | 19,744 | | 19,375 | 369 | 1.9% | | |
| Total Operating Expenses | | 91,116 | | 90,908 | 208 | 0.2% | | |
| Interest on long-term debt | | 4,078 | | 4,518 | (440) | -9.7% | | |
| Other | | 2,943 | | 85 | 2,858 | 3362.4% | | |
| Total Non-operating Expenses | | 7,021 | | 4,603 | 2,418 | 52.5% | | |
| Total Expenses | | 98,137 | | 95,511 | 2,626 | 2.7% | | |
| Income (loss) before capital contributions | | 5,401 | | (2,179) | 7,580 | -347.9% | | |
| Capital contributions | | 3,194 | | 1,764 | 1,430 | 81.1% | | |
| Change in Net Position | | 8,595 | | (415) | 9,010 | -266.8% | | |
| Beginning Net Position | | 413,042 | | 415,077 | (2,035) | -0.5% | | |
| Prior period adjustments* | | - | | (1,620) | 1,620 | 0.0% | | |
| Ending Net Position | \$ | 421,637 | Ś | 413,042 | \$ (415) | -0.1% | | |

^{*} The prior period adjustment in 2018 relates to the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions.

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues:

As shown in Table 2, the District's total revenues increased \$10.2 million, or 10.9% in fiscal year 2019, totaling \$103.5 million.

Operating revenues amounted to \$63.9 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, increasing 4.8% over the prior fiscal year total of \$61.0 million. Total operating revenues represented approximately 62% of total revenues for the fiscal year ended. Figure 2 provides an illustration of the different sources of revenue the District received during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Water charges contributed the largest share of total revenues at \$32.7 million, or 32% of total revenues. The fiscal year total for water charges represented a 1.1% increase over the prior fiscal year total of \$32.3 million.

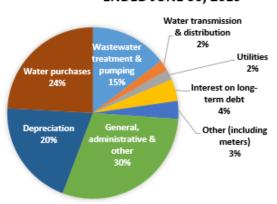
Sanitation charges increased by \$2.8 million to \$25.5 million for the fiscal year, increasing by 12.5% over the prior fiscal

FIGURE 2 REVENUES FOR FISCAL YEAR **ENDED JUNE 30, 2019** anitation charges Property taxes 24% 27% Investment income Recycled charges 5% Water charges 31% Other (including contributions intergovernmental) 5% Cellular lease income

year. In December 2017, the Board adopted a four-year rate schedule for potable, recycled, and sanitation service charges based on recommendations from the 2017 Cost of Service Study. The fiscal year 2018-19 rate revenue for Sanitation Sales included a 5.5% increase.

Non-operating revenues totaled \$39.6 million for the fiscal year ended, an increase of 22.5% over the prior fiscal year and represents approximately 38% of total revenue. The \$7.3 million increase over the prior fiscal year is primarily related to a \$1.2 million increase in the District's share of 1% Ad Valorem property taxes received from the County of Orange and \$6.1 million recorded as investment income. The District records investments at fair market value, which means unrealized gains and losses are recorded on investments held. In Fiscal Year 2018-19, unrealized gains were \$3.2 million, an increase of \$5.4 million as compared to the prior year, when the District was required to report an unrealized loss of (\$2.2) million.

FIGURE 3 EXPENSES FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019



Expenses:

As seen in Table 2, total expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, increased to \$98.1 million, representing an increase of \$2.6 million, or 2.7% over the prior fiscal year total of \$95.5 million. Operating expenses ended the fiscal year at \$91.1 million, an increase of \$0.2 million, or 0.2% over the 2018 totals. Water purchases, wastewater treatment and pumping, and water transmission and distribution amount to 41% of total expenses for the District. Water Transmission and Distribution costs increased by 66.9% to \$2.0 million during the fiscal year. This was the result of several repairs during the fiscal year in the District's potable distribution system.

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Expenses (Continued):

Overall water purchases decreased by \$3.2 million, or 11.9% during the fiscal year. The District received a reimbursement from Santa Margarita Water District (SMWD) for water delivered through an intertie that connects the two systems. SMWD reimbursed the District for 2,158 Acre Feet at the Metropolitan Water District treated rate, totaling \$2.2 million. Additionally, the District's service area experienced a wetter rainy season than in the past fiscal year. The average Evapotranspiration figure for the months of December 2018 through March 2019 was 2.34 inches, or 20% lower than in that same period in the prior fiscal year.

Non-operating expenses increased by \$2.4 million to \$7.0 million, representing a 52.5% increase over the prior fiscal year. The District resolved a lawsuit filed by the South Orange County Wastewater Authority, the City of Laguna Beach, South Coast Water District and Emerald Bay Service District (collectively "Plaintiffs") in May 2019. The District and the Plaintiffs settled the litigation addressing past capital improvement projects and no new obligations were incurred as a result of the litigation. The parties collectively agreed that the end date for Project Committee 15 (and by proxy the District's participation in the Coastal Treatment Plant) will be 2030, providing finality for the District's funding obligations.

Capital Contributions:

As noted in Table 2, capital contributions increased \$1.4 million, or 81.1% to \$3.2 million during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This increase was primarily driven by an increase in developer donated capital facilities, which were \$2.2 million this year, an increase of approximately \$1.4 million, or 166.2% over the prior fiscal year. That increase was due to a high number of projects that were completed by external developers and donated to the District as part of connecting to the District's system. Additionally, the District received \$0.8 million from neighboring agencies as part of agreements related to shared facilities, such as the District's wastewater treatment plant, Plant 3A. As the District assumed operations of that facility in fiscal year 2019, agency related contribution revenue increased by 175.0% over the prior fiscal year.

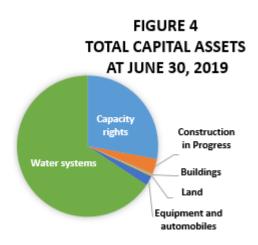
Capital Assets:

| Table 3 - Condensed Capital Asset Summary (In Thousands) | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|---------------------|---------|--|
| | | Fiscal Year | | Fiscal Year | | Increase/(Decrease) | | |
| | | 2019 | | 2018 | | Amount | Percent | |
| Water systems | \$ | 260,191 | \$ | 261,018 | \$ | (827) | -0.3% | |
| Capacity rights | | 110,611 | | 106,003 | | 4,608 | 4.3% | |
| Buildings | | 1,566 | | 1,846 | | (280) | -15.2% | |
| Equipment and automobiles | | 8,952 | | 10,174 | | (1,222) | -12.0% | |
| Total Net Depreciable Assets | | 381,320 | | 379,041 | | 2,279 | 0.6% | |
| Land | | 1,092 | | 1,092 | | - | 0.0% | |
| Construction in Progress | | 13,508 | | 7,454 | | 6,054 | 81.2% | |
| Total Non-Depreciable Assets | | 14,600 | | 8,546 | | 6,054 | 70.8% | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Capital Assets, Net | \$ | 395,920 | \$ | 387,587 | \$ | 8,333 | 2.1% | |

Year Ended June 30, 2019

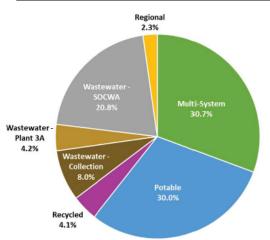
Capital Assets (Continued):

As shown on the previous page in table 3, the District held \$395.9 million in total net capital assets as of June 30, 2019. This represented an \$8.3 million increase, or 2.1% over the prior fiscal year total. During the fiscal year, the District did not invest in additional buildings, so the \$0.3 million decrease was the result of depreciation expense. For equipment and automobiles, the \$1.2 million decrease noted is the result of depreciation exceeding the District's investment in those assets. The District invested over \$1.1 million in additional equipment and automobiles during fiscal year 2019, however, depreciation expense on those assets amounted to \$2.3 million. Total depreciation expense was \$19.7 million for the fiscal year ended.



| IGI | | |
|-----|--|--|
| | | |
| | | |

| System | FY 2019-20 Proposed Budget | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Multi-System | \$21,987,134 | | | |
| Potable Water | \$21,500,000 | | | |
| Recycled Water | \$2,935,000 | | | |
| Wastewater | | | | |
| Collection | \$5,770,000 | | | |
| Treatment (Plant 3A) | \$2,980,135 | | | |
| Treatment (SOCWA) Regional (i.e. Baker WTP, JRWSS, Upper | \$14,937,197 | | | |
| Oso/Chiquita, etc.) | \$1,620,227 | | | |
| Total FY 2019-20 Proposed Budget | \$71,729,693 | | | |



The District invested \$25.9 million in additional construction in progress expenses during the fiscal year. Projects completed during the fiscal year and transferred from construction in progress to depreciable capital assets amounted to \$19.8 million.

As noted in Figure 5, the District's Fiscal Year 2019-20 Adopted Budget includes \$71.7 million in capital spending, primarily for multi-system, potable water, and wastewater related projects. As part of the Ten-Year Cashflow included in the Adopted Budget document, the District anticipates issuing \$68.0 million in 2019 Certificates of Participation to help fund these investments in infrastructure. See Note 5 in the Notes to Financial Statements for additional details on capital asset activities.

Long-term Debt:

As noted in Table 4 on the next page, the District's total long-term liabilities at June 30, 2019, was \$76.7 million, representing a decrease of \$6.6 million, or 7.9% over the prior fiscal year.

During the fiscal year, the District fully refunded \$60.0 million of 2009 Certificates of Participation (Build America Bonds) with \$48.6 million of 2019 Revenue Refunding Bonds. Additionally, the District recorded an associated \$10.2 million premium as a result of the 2019 Revenue Refunding Bonds. That transaction lowered the total long-term liability balances by \$1.2 million.

Year Ended June 30, 2019

<u>Long-term Debt (Continued):</u>

As part of that process, the District was reviewed by both Fitch and Standard and Poor's rating agencies and both agencies awarded the District with a AAA rating, the highest rating available. The AAA rating from Standard and Poor's represented a credit upgrade. Other decreases noted in Table 4 were primarily due to \$4.7 million principal maturities and \$0.6 million in amortizations of premiums associated with outstanding debt issues.

| Table 4 - Condensed Long-Term Debt Summary (In Thousands) | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|--------|----|-------------|----|---------------------|---------|--|
| | Fiscal Year | | F | Fiscal Year | | Increase/(Decrease) | | |
| | | 2019 | | 2018 | | Amount | Percent | |
| Bonds Payable | \$ | 71,646 | \$ | 16,633 | \$ | 55,013 | 330.7% | |
| Certificates of Participation (COP) | | - | | 60,000 | | (60,000) | -100.0% | |
| Loans | | 5,088 | | 6,661 | | (1,573) | -23.6% | |
| Total Long-term Liabilities | \$ | 76,734 | \$ | 83,294 | \$ | (6,560) | -7.9% | |

See Note 6 in the Notes to Financial Statements for detail on long-term liabilities.

Current Known Facts:

On September 27, 2019, the District received notification from the United States Bureau of Reclamation that the environmental compliance activities were completed for the District's Advanced Meter Infrastructure Implementation Program-Phase III. As part of that announcement, the Bureau indicated that construction could begin and that the District would be entitled to the full \$1.5 million grant award.

On October 4, 2019, the District elected to pay off each of its outstanding loans prior to the original maturity date. The total principal amount paid off early was \$4.1 million.

On November 6, 2019, the District issued \$64.6 million of 2019 Certificates of Participation.

Please see Note 16 in the Notes to Financial Statements for additional information related to the early payoff of the loans and the issuance of the 2019 Certificates of Participation.

Contacting the District

This financial report is designed to provide the District's elected officials, customers, investors, employees, and creditors with an assessment of the District's financial condition and an accounting of the public's funds. An electronic copy of the CAFR can be found on the District's website, www.mnwd.com. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact the Finance Department at Moulton Niguel Water District at (949) 831-2500.



Moulton Niguel Water District

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

(With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2018)

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Assets: | | |
| Current: | | |
| Cash and investments (Note 2) | \$ 17,470,320 | \$ 13,974,173 |
| Accounts receivable: | | |
| Water and sanitation charges | 3,761,531 | 4,114,801 |
| Taxes | 309,158 | 280,221 |
| Other accounts receivable | 1,851,349 | 687,336 |
| Interest receivable | 802,315 | 825,762 |
| Inventory | 1,054,341 | 1,110,856 |
| Prepaid expenses | 750,393 | 562,137 |
| Total Current Assets | 25,999,407 | 21,555,286 |
| Noncurrent: | | |
| Investments (Note 2) | 100,897,457 | 108,904,106 |
| Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agent (Note 2) | 5,888,857 | 7,257,989 |
| Retrofit loans receivable (Note 3) | 490,468 | 506,303 |
| Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation (Note 5) | 381,319,918 | 379,040,946 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated (Note 5): | | |
| Land | 1,091,910 | 1,091,910 |
| Construction in progress | 13,508,163 | 7,454,600 |
| Total Noncurrent Assets | 503,196,773 | 504,255,854 |
| Total Assets | 529,196,180 | 525,811,140 |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources: | | |
| Deferred charges on refundings (Note 6) | 415,501 | 527,664 |
| Deferred items related to pension (Note 8) | 5,122,331 | 6,316,056 |
| Deferred items related to OPEB (Note 9) | 467,076 | 477,082 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | 6,004,908 | 7,320,802 |
| Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources | \$ 535,201,088 | \$ 533,131,942 |

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

(With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2018)

| | 2019 | 2018 | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|--|--|
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 10,879,168 | \$ 8,900,955 | | |
| Interest payable | 1,069,054 | 1,694,353 | | |
| Unearned revenue | 608,016 | 525,902 | | |
| Compensated absences (Note 6) | 869,518 | 749,498 | | |
| Current portion of long-term debt (Note 6): | | | | |
| Bonds payable | 3,360,000 | 3,170,000 | | |
| Loans payable | 1,283,260 | 1,572,589 | | |
| Total Current Liabilities | 18,069,016 | 16,613,297 | | |
| Long-Term Liabilities: | | | | |
| Compensated absences (Note 6) | 289,839 | 249,833 | | |
| Long-term debt (Note 6): | | | | |
| Bonds payable | 68,286,102 | 13,462,769 | | |
| Certificates of participation | - | 60,000,000 | | |
| Loans payable | 3,805,058 | 5,088,317 | | |
| Net pension liability (Note 8) | 20,386,747 | 20,711,604 | | |
| Net OPEB liability (Note 9) | 1,540,822 | 1,781,885 | | |
| Total Long-Term Liabilities | 94,308,568 | 101,294,408 | | |
| Total Liabilities | 112,377,584 | 117,907,705 | | |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | | | | |
| Deferred items related to pension (Note 8) | 1,184,247 | 2,163,337 | | |
| Deferred items related to OPEB (Note 9) | 1,877 | 19,083 | | |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | 1,186,124 | 2,182,420 | | |
| Net Position: | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 319,601,072 | 304,821,445 | | |
| Restricted for capital projects (Note 14) | 375,294 | 604,783 | | |
| Unrestricted (Note 15) | 101,661,014 | 107,615,589 | | |
| Total Net Position | 421,637,380 | 413,041,817 | | |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, | | | | |
| and Net Position | \$ 535,201,088 | \$ 533,131,942 | | |



Moulton Niguel Water District Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2019

(With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2018)

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Operating Revenues: | | |
| Water charges | \$ 32,680,545 | \$ 32,317,988 |
| Recycled charges | 5,161,153 | 5,597,493 |
| Sanitation charges | 25,463,110 | 22,623,626 |
| Other | 644,182 | 468,673 |
| Total Operating Revenues | 63,948,990 | 61,007,780 |
| Operating Expenses: | | |
| Source of supply: | | |
| Water purchases | 23,670,442 | 26,866,197 |
| Meter purchases | 360,439 | 395,365 |
| Utilities | 1,849,001 | 2,185,007 |
| Pumping water | 2,108,350 | 1,656,773 |
| Wastewater treatment | 12,221,043 | 11,733,752 |
| Water transmission and distribution | 2,048,008 | 1,226,775 |
| Customer service | 3,413,313 | 3,346,966 |
| Water efficiency | 4,333,171 | 3,448,360 |
| General, administrative, and other | 21,367,711 | 20,674,477 |
| Depreciation | 19,743,524 | 19,374,985 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 91,115,002 | 90,908,657 |
| Operating Income (Loss) | (27,166,012) | (29,900,877) |
| Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): | | |
| Investment income (loss) (Note 2) | 5,859,305 | (121,779) |
| Investment income - restricted (Note 2) | 208,158 | 113,058 |
| Property tax revenue | 29,110,656 | 27,926,233 |
| General obligation bond assessments | 1,219,926 | 921,785 |
| Interest on long-term debt | (4,078,474) | (4,517,784) |
| Intergovernmental revenue | 1,342,824 | 1,335,648 |
| Cellular lease and license income (Note 4) | 1,769,978 | 1,897,765 |
| Other non-operating revenues | 78,189 | 252,021 |
| Other non-operating expenses | (2,943,447) | (84,765) |
| Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) | 32,567,115 | 27,722,182 |
| Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions | 5,401,103 | (2,178,695) |
| Capital Contributions: | | |
| Developer donated capital facilities | 2,191,253 | 822,585 |
| Capacity fees | 200,375 | 649,528 |
| Other contributions | 802,832 | 291,790 |
| Total Capital Contributions | 3,194,460 | 1,763,903 |
| Change in Net Position | 8,595,563 | (414,792) |
| Net Position: | | |
| Beginning of fiscal year | 413,041,817 | 415,077,309 |
| Restatements | <u> </u> | (1,620,700) |
| Beginning of fiscal year, restated | 413,041,817 | 413,456,609 |
| End of Fiscal Year | \$ 421,637,380 | \$ 413,041,817 |

Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2018)

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities: | | |
| Cash received from customers | \$ 62,042,967 | \$ 62,344,539 |
| Cash paid to suppliers | (48,157,295) | (49,581,343) |
| Cash paid to employees | (21,566,170) | (19,786,136) |
| Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities | (7,680,498) | (7,022,940) |
| Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: | | |
| Cash received from property taxes | 29,081,719 | 27,979,112 |
| Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Non-Capital Financing Activities | 29,081,719 | 27,979,112 |
| Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: | | |
| Acquisition and construction of capital assets | (25,884,806) | (10,558,269) |
| Cash received from general obligation bond assessments | 1,219,926 | 921,785 |
| Repayment of notes receivable | 15,835 | 33,637 |
| Capital contributions | 1,003,207 | 941,318 |
| Principal payments on long-term debt | (6,559,255) | (5,673,539) |
| Interest payments on long-term debt | (4,591,610) | (4,453,170) |
| Intergovernmental revenue | 1,424,938 | 2,041,178 |
| Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Capital and | | |
| Related Financing Activities | (33,371,765) | (16,747,060) |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities: | | |
| Investment earnings received | 2,852,359 | 2,038,742 |
| Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments | 61,495,602 | 74,050,488 |
| Purchases of investments | (50,250,402) | (86,019,950) |
| | | |
| Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Investing Activities | 14,097,559 | (9,930,720) |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents | 2,127,015 | (5,721,608) |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year | 21,232,162 | 26,953,770 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year | \$ 23,359,177 | \$ 21,232,162 |
| Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ 17,470,320 | \$ 13,974,173 |
| Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agent | 5,888,857 | 7,257,989 |
| Total Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ 23,359,177 | \$ 21,232,162 |

Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2018)

| | | 2019 | 2018 | | |
|---|----|----------------|------|--------------|--|
| Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By | | | · | | |
| (Used For) Operating Activities: | | | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | (27,166,012) | \$ | (29,900,877) | |
| Adicates anta ta Basansila On austina la sauca (Laca) ta | | | | | |
| Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities: | | | | | |
| Depreciation | | 19,743,524 | | 19,374,985 | |
| Other non-operating revenue | | 1,848,167 | | 2,149,786 | |
| Other non-operating expense | | (2,943,447) | | (84,765) | |
| Changes in net pension liability, deferred inflows/outflows | | (2)3 (3) (17) | | (8.),7637 | |
| of resources and pension expense | | (110,222) | | 1,140,125 | |
| Changes in net OPEB liability, deferred inflows/outflows | | (// | | _,_ :,,: | |
| of resources and OPEB expense | | (248,263) | | (296,814) | |
| Change in assets and liabilities: | | , , , | | , , , | |
| (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable, water and sanitation | | 353,270 | | (372,291) | |
| (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable, other | | (1,164,013) | | (355,971) | |
| (Increase) decrease in inventory | | 56,515 | | (135,580) | |
| (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses | | (188,256) | | 16,528 | |
| (Increase) decrease in other current assets | | - | | 48,168 | |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable | | 1,978,213 | | 1,396,904 | |
| Increase (decrease) in compensated absences | | 160,026 | | (3,138) | |
| Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities | \$ | (7,680,498) | \$ | (7,022,940) | |
| Non-cash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: | | | | | |
| Unrealized gain (loss) on investments | \$ | 3,238,551 | \$ | (2,239,092) | |
| Developer donated capital facilities | · | 2,191,253 | · | 822,585 | |
| Amortization of deferred charges on refundings | | 112,163 | | 130,921 | |
| Impairment of capital assets | | - | | (755,870) | |
| Amortization of (premiums) discounts (Note 6) | | (1,104,667) | | (441,429) | |
| Refunding of long-term debt (Note 6) | | (60,000,000) | | - | |
| Proceeds of long-term debt (Note 6) | | 58,755,051 | | - | |



Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

I. Significant Accounting Policies

Note 1: Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting principles of the Moulton Niguel Water District (the "District") conform to generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") applicable to governmental-type organizations. The following is a summary of the District's significant accounting policies.

a. Description of the Reporting Entity

The District was established on November 16, 1960, under the provisions of the California Water District Law, Division 13 of the Water Code. The District provides water and collects, treats and recycles wastewater to the communities of Aliso Viejo, Laguna Niguel, Laguna Hills, Mission Viejo, Dana Point and San Juan Capistrano. The District is governed by a seven-member Board of Directors.

For financial reporting purposes, the District includes all funds that are controlled by, or dependent on, the District's Board of Directors. Management has determined that the District is a single enterprise fund reporting unit for financial reporting purposes by applying the criteria set forth in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. This criteria requires the reporting entity to have a separate elected governing body, that it be a legal separate entity, and fiscally independent.

b. Basis of Accounting

The District reports its activities as an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds account for operations that provide services on a continuous basis and are substantially financed by revenues derived from user charges. A fund is an accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts established to record the financial position and results of operations of a specific governmental activity. The activities of enterprise funds closely resemble those of ongoing businesses in which the purpose is to conserve and add to basic resources while meeting operating expenses from current revenues. The District utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized as they are incurred.

Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with an enterprise fund's principal operations. The principal operating revenues of the District consist of water, recycled water, and sanitation charges. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 1: Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

c. MNWD Public Facilities Corporation

The MNWD Public Facilities Corporation (the "Corporation") was incorporated as a California Non-profit Public Facilities Corporation on October 12, 1993, and has received tax exempt status from the Internal Revenue Service and California Franchise Tax Board.

The Corporation was formed for the purpose of providing financing through the issuance of certificates of participation to construct District infrastructure necessary to provide water, wastewater, and recycled water services to existing and future customers within the District. Members of the Board of Directors of the District act as the Corporation's governing board and exert significant influence over its operations. Separate financial statements are prepared for the Corporation. To obtain complete financial information from the Corporation, please contact the District at 26880 Aliso Viejo Parkway, Aliso Viejo, Ca, 92626, or via telephone at (949) 831-2500.

The criteria used in determining the scope of the reporting entity are based on the provisions of GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39 and GASB Statement 61. Certain organizations warrant inclusion as part of the financial reporting entity because of the nature and significance of its relationship with the District. In accordance with those Statements, a component unit should be included in the reporting entity financial statements using the blending method in any of these circumstances:

- i. The component unit's governing body is substantively the same as the governing body of the primary government and (1) there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between the primary government and the component unit, or (2) management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit. Management of a primary government has operational responsibility for a component unit if it manages the activities of the component unit in essentially the same manner in which it manages its own programs, departments, or agencies.
- ii. The component unit provides services entirely, or almost entirely, to the primary government or otherwise exclusively, or almost exclusively, benefits the primary government even though it does not provide services directly to it. Usually the services provided by a blended component unit are financing services provided solely to the primary government.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 1: Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

iii. The component unit's total debt outstanding, including leases, is expected to be repaid entirely or almost entirely with resources of the primary government. Repayment generally occurs through a continuing pledge and appropriation by the primary government to the component unit that, in turn, pledges those appropriation payments as the primary source of repayment for its debt.

Because the Corporation meets the requirements in circumstances i, ii, and iii, the Corporation has been reported as a blended component unit. In accordance with GASB Statement 61, condensed financial information is reported in Note 10.

d. Property Taxes

The District is authorized to levy taxes on all taxable property within its boundaries for the purposes of carrying on its operations and paying its obligations, subject to certain limitations in the Water Code, the Revenue and Taxation Code, and the California Constitution. A portion of the taxes are levied to meet the District's debt service requirements on its general obligation bonds.

Property taxes are levied annually as of July 1, using a lien date of January 1, and are payable by property owners in two equal installments, which are due by December 10 and April 10. The taxes levied are billed and collected by the County of Orange, and remitted to the District throughout the year.

e. Inventory and Prepaid Expenses

Inventory consists of meters, meter components and operating supplies. Inventory is valued at cost on a first-in, first-out method.

Certain payments to vendors, primarily related to services, reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are initially recorded as prepaid expenses and expensed through the lifetime of the agreement.

f. Capital Assets

Capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available, and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date received. The District capitalizes all assets with a historical cost of at least \$3,000 and a useful life of at least five years. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are expensed.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 1: Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Depreciation is computed utilizing the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Water and wastewater systems 10 to 75 years
Capacity rights 10 to 99 years
Buildings 5 to 40 years
Automobiles and equipment 5 to 20 years

g. Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accrue vacation leave up to 200% of their annual vacation accrual. Vacation accrual schedules vary depending on length of employment and begin on the date of employment. Once employees reach the maximum accrual limit, they cease to accrue vacation until vacation is reduced to an amount below the limit. Employees are eligible to be compensated in cash for up to a maximum of their annual vacation accrual, upon meeting certain criteria. In addition, an employee is eligible to transfer up to 80 hours of accrued vacation into his/her deferred compensation plan, under certain conditions.

All regular full-time employees are eligible to accrue 96 hours of sick leave per year from the date of employment. Prior to December 31 of each year, employees who have accumulated more than 176 hours of sick leave are eligible to receive compensation equal to 75% of the amount over 176 hours.

Upon separation from employment, the District pays employees 100% of vacation leave accrued but not taken. In addition, employees who worked for the District for ten or more years, may receive a portion of up to 100% of sick leave accrued but not taken.

All accrued vacation and sick leave pay is recorded as an expense and a liability at the time the benefit is earned.

h. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash, or so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates and have an original maturity date of three months or less. Investments held by fiscal agent (excluding money market funds) are classified as long-term assets regardless of the maturity date. These investments are typically held as a covenant for long-term debt service and, therefore, continually re-invested and held until the maturity of the debt service obligation.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 1: Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

i. Investments

Investment income includes interest earnings, changes in fair value (unrealized gains or losses) and realized gains or losses upon the liquidation or sale of investments.

j. Fair Value Measurement

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

k. Net Pension Liabilities

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the pension plan fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. CalPERS audited financial statements are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

I. Net OPEB Liabilities

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 1: Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Valuation Date January 1, 2017 Measurement Date June 30, 2018

Measurement Period July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018

m. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become applicable.

n. Net Position

Net position of the District is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets represent the capitalized cost of capital assets, net of depreciation and the related outstanding debt balances, including related deferred outflows of resources.

Restricted net position represents net position that is constrained by externally imposed requirements of creditors (such as through debt covenants), laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law, through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

All net position not categorized as net investment in capital assets or restricted are included in unrestricted net position, including amounts reserved in accordance with designations by the Board of Directors included in Note 15.

o. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 1: Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

p. Prior year data

The information included in the financial statements for the prior year has been presented for comparison purposes only and does not represent a complete presentation in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Certain minor reclassifications of prior year data have been made to conform to the current year presentation.

q. New Accounting Pronouncements Implemented

The following accounting pronouncements were implemented effective July 1, 2018:

GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in the notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. This Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pleaded as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses. This Statement also requires that existing and additional information in the notes to financial statements be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt.

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset.

II. Detailed Notes on all Activities

Note 2: Cash and Investments

Cash and Investments are classified in the accompanying Statement of Net Position as follows at June 30, 2019:

| Statement of Net Position: | |
|---|-------------------|
| Cash and Investments-Current | \$ 17,470,320 |
| Investments-Noncurrent | 100,897,457 |
| Restricted Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent | 5,888,857 |
| Total Cash and Investments | \$ 124,256,634 |

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

Cash and Investments held by the District at June 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

| Cash: | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Petty Cash on Hand | \$ 1,000 |
| Deposits with Financial Institutions | 738,375 |
| Total Cash | 739,375 |
| Investments: | |
| State Treasurer's Investment Pool | 16,759,585 |
| US Treasury Notes | 19,432,168 |
| Federal Agency Securities | 39,561,783 |
| Medium Term Notes | 25,528,914 |
| Asset Backed Securities | 15,608,815 |
| Negotiable Certificates of Deposit | 1,201,104 |
| Money Market Funds | 5,424,890 |
| Total Investments | 123,517,259 |
| Total Cash and Investments | \$ 124,256,634 |

<u>Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the District's Investment Policy</u>

The following table identifies the investment types that are authorized for the District by the California Government Code and the District's investment policy. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, if more restrictive) that address interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk. The table below does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the District, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy:

| | | *Maximum | *Maximum |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| | *Maximum | Percentage of | Investment in |
| | Maturity | Portfolio | One Issuer |
| Municipal Securities | 5 years | 30% | 5% |
| U.S. Treasury Obligations | 10 years ** | None | None |
| Federal Agency Securities | 10 years** | None | 25% |
| Bankers Acceptances | 180 days | 40% | 5% |
| Commercial Paper | 270 days | 25% | 5% |
| Negotiable Certificates of Deposit | 5 years | 30% | 5% |
| Collateralized Bank and Time Deposits | 5 years | 20% | None |
| Repurchase Agreements | 1 year | None | None |
| Medium-Term Notes | 5 years | 30% | 5% |
| Mutual Funds*** | N/A | 20% | 10% |
| Money Market Mutual Funds *** | N/A | 20% | None |
| Asset Backed Securities | 5 years | 20% | 5% |
| Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) | N/A | \$65M | None |
| Local Government Investment Pools | N/A | None | None |
| Supranationals | 5 years | 30% | 10% |
| | | | |

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

*Based on state law requirements or investment policy requirements, whichever is more restrictive, except for maturities in excess of 5 years, as described below.

**5 years for the limited maturity fund, up to 10 years and a maximum of 40% exceeding 5 years for the operating reserve fund, as allowed by the investment policy.

***Government code allows a combined total of 20% between mutual funds and money market mutual funds.

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy. The table below identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk:

| Authorized Investment Type | Maximum Maturity | Maximum Percentage Allowed | Maximum Investment in One Issuer |
|----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| U.S. Treasury Obligations | None | None | None |
| Federal Agency Securities | None | None | None |
| Bankers Acceptances | 360 days | None | None |
| Municipal Obligations | None | None | None |
| Money Market Mutual Funds | 120 days | None | None |
| Investment Agreements | None | None | None |

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk attributable to changes in market interest rates that will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, investments with longer maturities have greater sensitivity to fair value when market interest rates fluctuate. One of the ways that the District manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of short-term and long-term investments, and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

| | | | 1 | 2 Months or | | | | | M | ore Than 60 |
|------------------------------------|----|-------------|------|-------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|------------|--------|-------------|
| Investment Type | | Total | Less | | 13 to 36 Months | | 37 to 60 Months | | Months | |
| State Investment Pool | \$ | 16,759,585 | \$ | 16,759,585 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| US Treasury Notes | | 18,941,929 | | 747,630 | | 5,777,786 | | 7,190,858 | | 5,225,655 |
| Federal Agency Securities | | 38,755,367 | | 3,067,291 | | 19,162,113 | | 3,838,676 | | 12,687,287 |
| Medium Term Notes | | 25,528,914 | | 2,757,078 | | 10,967,515 | | 11,804,321 | | - |
| Asset Backed Securities | | 15,608,815 | | - | | 7,063,293 | | 8,545,522 | | - |
| Negotiable Certificates of Deposit | t | 1,201,104 | | 1,201,104 | | - | | - | | - |
| Money Market Funds | | 832,687 | | 832,687 | | - | | - | | - |
| Held by Fiscal Agent: | | | | | | | | | | |
| US Treasury Notes | | 490,239 | | 24,836 | | 265,454 | | 199,949 | | - |
| Federal Agency Securities | | 806,416 | | 94,853 | | 278,830 | | 432,733 | | - |
| Money Market Funds | | 4,592,203 | | 4,592,203 | | | | | | |
| Total | \$ | 123,517,259 | \$ | 30,077,267 | \$ | 43,514,991 | \$ | 32,012,059 | \$ | 17,912,942 |

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The following table shows the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the District's investment policy or debt agreements, and the actual rating from Moody's rating agency (or Standard and Poor's if Moody's rating is unavailable) as of year-end for each investment type:

| | | | _ | Rating as of Year-End | | | _ |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|
| Investment Type | Total | Minimum Legal Rating* | AAA | | AA | A | Not Rated |
| State Investment Pool | \$ 16,759,585 | N/A | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ 16,759,585 |
| US Treasury Notes | 18,941,929 | N/A | 18,941,929 | | - | - | - |
| Federal Agency Securities | 38,755,367 | N/A | 38,755,367 | | - | - | - |
| Medium Term Notes | 25,528,914 | Α | 6,247,057 | | 4,796,037 | 14,485,820 | - |
| Asset Backed Securities | 15,608,815 | AA | 15,608,815 | | - | - | - |
| Negotiable Certificates of Deposit | 1,201,104 | Α | - | | - | 1,201,104 | - |
| Money Market Funds | 832,687 | Highest rated | 832,687 | | - | - | - |
| Held by Fiscal Agent: | | | | | | | |
| US Treasury Notes | 490,239 | N/A | 490,239 | | - | - | - |
| Federal Agency Securities | 806,416 | N/A | 806,416 | | - | - | - |
| Money Market Funds | 4,592,203 | Highest rated | 4,592,203 | | | | |
| Total | \$ 123,517,259 | | \$ 86,274,713 | \$ | 4,796,037 | \$ 15,686,924 | \$ 16,759,585 |

 $[\]hbox{* Minimum legal rating according to California Government Code or Investment Policy}\\$

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code or the District's Investment Policy. Investments in any one issuer (excluding U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total District investments are as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

| Investment Type | Yea | r-end Balance |
|----------------------------------|-----|---------------|
| Federal Home Loan Bank | \$ | 17,531,854 |
| Federal National Mortgage Assoc. | | 11,224,173 |
| Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. | | 8,226,426 |
| Tennessee Valley Authority | | 6,330,691 |

Disclosures Relating to Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

The District had the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

| Investment Type | | Total | Act | Active Markets for Significant Other Identical Assets Observable Inputs (Level 1) (Level 2) | | Identical Assets | | Ur | ncategorized |
|--------------------------------|----|-------------|-----|---|----|------------------|----|------------|--------------|
| State Investment Pool | \$ | 16,759,585 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 16,759,585 | |
| US Treasury Notes | | 18,941,929 | | - | | 18,941,929 | | - | |
| Federal Agency Securities | | 38,755,367 | | - | | 38,755,367 | | - | |
| Medium Term Notes | | 25,528,914 | | - | | 25,528,914 | | - | |
| Asset Backed Securities | | 15,608,815 | | - | | 15,608,815 | | - | |
| Negotiable Certificates of Dep | C | 1,201,104 | | - | | 1,201,104 | | - | |
| Money Market Funds | | 832,687 | | 832,687 | | - | | - | |
| Held by Fiscal Agent: | | | | | | | | | |
| US Treasury Notes | | 490,239 | | - | | 490,239 | | - | |
| Federal Agency Securities | | 806,416 | | - | | 806,416 | | - | |
| Money Market Funds | | 4,592,203 | | 4,592,203 | | - | | - | |
| Total | \$ | 123,517,259 | \$ | 5,424,890 | \$ | 101,332,784 | \$ | 16,759,585 | |

Money market funds classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those specific investments. US Treasuries, Corporate bonds and securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing model and evaluated based on various market and industry inputs. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

The State Investment Pool is managed by the State Treasurer, and by law is regulated by the California Government Code. Deposits and withdrawals in the State Investment Pool are made on the basis of \$1 and not fair value. Accordingly, the District's investments in LAIF at June 30, 2019, of \$16,759,585 is an uncategorized input not defined as a Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3 input.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits, or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment, or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy limits custodial credit risk by requiring that financial institutions secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit).

The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure entity deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. For investments, the District's portfolio is held in safekeeping in the District's name by a third party bank trust department, acting as agent for the District, under the terms of a custody agreement. The District Treasurer may waive the collateral requirement for deposits that are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

State Treasurer's Investment Pool

The District is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund ("LAIF") that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the District's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

Investment Earnings

The calculation of realized gains and losses is independent of the calculation of the change in the fair value of investments and as a result, realized gains and losses of the current period include unrealized amounts from prior periods. Investment earnings consist of the following for the year ended June 30, 2019:

| Interest income | \$ 2,892,773 |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| Realized gain (loss) | (63,861) |
| Unrealized gain (loss) | 3,238,551 |
| Total investment income (loss) | \$ 6,067,463 |

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 3: Other Receivables

Retrofit Loans

In November 1996, the Board adopted Resolution 96-26 which allowed for qualifying non-profit entities and public agency applicants to obtain a loan through the District to finance the cost for on-site recycled water retrofits of the applicant's irrigation system. The program offers incentive to customers who would otherwise have difficulties financing the cost of the recycled water retrofits. As of the end of the fiscal year, the District has 49 loans outstanding totaling \$490,468, which includes both principal and interest. The re-payment of the loan agreement is structured based on a volumetric consumption amount of recycled water at \$0.25 a billing unit per month. Since re-payment is based on usage, it is difficult to provide a structured repayment schedule. On average, the District receives approximately \$30,000 a year towards the principal and interest portion of the loan. The majority of the loans are re-paid within 10 years with the balance of the loans to be repaid within 30+ years from the date of the agreement.

Note 4: Operating Leases and Licenses

The District leases a portion of its facilities for cellular tower antenna sites. Lessees purchase and install the wireless equipment. These leases are non-cancelable for a period of 10 years, with one renewal period of 5 years. Inception dates range from 1996 to the present. The lease agreement allows for a 3% annual CPI increase to the lease payments. At the lease termination, lessees must remove all equipment and restore the site to its original state. Since the start of fiscal year 2015-2016, any new agreement or renewal is classified as a license. The combined cost of District facilities that are included as part of these agreements was \$47,870,441, with a carrying value at June 30, 2019, of \$22,959,738, and the difference of \$24,910,703 being accumulated depreciation. The total cellular lease and license revenue for the fiscal year was \$1,769,978. Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

| Fiscal Year | |
|---------------|---------------|
| Ended June 30 | Amount |
| 2020 | \$ 1,800,265 |
| 2021 | 1,870,512 |
| 2022 | 1,943,515 |
| 2023 | 2,019,384 |
| 2024 | 2,098,232 |
| Thereafter | 11,507,048 |
| Total | \$ 21,238,956 |

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 5: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, is as follows:

| | Balance at | | | | Balance at |
|----------------------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| Capital Assets | June 30, 2018 | Transfers | Additions | Deletions | June 30, 2019 |
| Depreciable assets | | | | | |
| Water systems | \$ 577,729,644 | \$ 11,582,132 | \$ 1,852,553 | \$ (122,590) | \$ 591,041,739 |
| Capacity rights | 125,410,598 | 7,648,660 | - | - | 133,059,258 |
| Building | 5,755,374 | - | - | - | 5,755,374 |
| Automobiles and equipment | 23,836,393 | 571,897 | 487,396 | (231,669) | 24,664,017 |
| Total cost of depreciable assets | 732,732,009 | 19,802,689 | 2,339,949 | (354,259) | 754,520,388 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | | | | | |
| Water systems | (316,711,384) | - | (14,142,263) | 2,448 | (330,851,199) |
| Capacity rights | (19,407,731) | - | (3,040,286) | - | (22,448,017) |
| Buildings | (3,909,631) | - | (279,869) | - | (4,189,500) |
| Automobiles and equipment | (13,662,317) | | (2,281,106) | 231,669 | (15,711,754) |
| Total accumulated depreciation | (353,691,063) | | (19,743,524) | 234,117 | (373,200,470) |
| Net depreciable assets | 379,040,946 | 19,802,689 | (17,403,575) | (120,142) | 381,319,918 |
| Capital assets not depreciated | | | | | |
| Land | 1,091,910 | - | - | - | 1,091,910 |
| Construction in progress | 7,454,600 | (19,802,689) | 25,856,252 | | 13,508,163 |
| Capital assets net | \$ 387,587,456 | \$ - | \$ 8,452,677 | \$ (120,142) | \$ 395,919,991 |

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2019, was \$19,743,524.

Note 6: Long-Term Liabilities

Long-Term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2019, are as follows:

| | | Balance at | | | | | | Ending | ue Within |
|--------------------------------|----|-------------|------|--------------|----|----------------|----|-------------|-----------------|
| | Ju | ne 30, 2018 | | Addition | | Deletion | Ju | ne 30, 2019 | One Year |
| Bonds payable: | | | | | | | | | |
| 2014 GOB | \$ | 2,830,000 | \$ | - | \$ | (1,365,000) | \$ | 1,465,000 | \$ 1,465,000 |
| Add: Premium | | 141,362 | | - | | (141,362) | | - | - |
| 2015 Refunding | | 12,265,000 | | - | | (1,805,000) | | 10,460,000 | 1,895,000 |
| Add: Premium | | 1,396,407 | | - | | (265,983) | | 1,130,424 | - |
| 2019 Refunding | | - | 4 | 48,605,000 * | • | - | | 48,605,000 | - |
| Add: Premium | | - | | 10,150,051 * | | (164,373) | | 9,985,678 | <u>-</u> |
| Total Bonds | | 16,632,769 | | 58,755,051 | | (3,741,718) | | 71,646,102 | 3,360,000 |
| Certificates of Participation: | | | | | | | | | |
| 2009 COPs | | 60,000,000 | | <u> </u> | | (60,000,000) * | * | | <u> </u> |
| Total COPs | | 60,000,000 | | | | (60,000,000) | | | |
| Loans Payable: | | | | | | | | | |
| CIEDB | | 725,047 | | - | | (173,547) | | 551,500 | 178,592 |
| State Revolving Fund | | 5,935,859 | | | | (1,399,041) | | 4,536,818 | 1,104,668 |
| Total Loans | | 6,660,906 | | | | (1,572,588) | | 5,088,318 | 1,283,260 |
| Compensated Absences: | | | | | | | | | |
| Vacation pay | | 612,189 | | 1,043,930 | | (926,903) | | 729,216 | 546,912 |
| Sick Pay | | 387,142 | | 371,281 | | (328,282) | | 430,141 | 322,606 |
| Total Compensated | | | | | | | | | |
| Absences | | 999,331 | | 1,415,211 | | (1,255,185) | | 1,159,357 | 869,518 |
| Total: | \$ | 84,293,006 | \$ (| 60,170,262 | \$ | (66,569,491) | \$ | 77,893,777 | \$ 5,512,778 |

^{*} The 2019 Revenue Refunding Bonds refunded the 2009 Certificates of Participation

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 6: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Bonds Payable

2014 Consolidated Refunding (General Obligation) Bonds

On February 4, 2014, the District issued \$21,315,000 of 2014 Consolidated Refunding Bonds ("2014 Refunding Bonds") General Obligation Bonds. Proceeds from the issuance were used to refund the 2003 Consolidated Refunding Bonds and to pay costs of issuing the Bonds. The Bonds constitute the consolidated obligations of Improvement District Number 6 and Improvement District Number 7. A voter approved tax assessment is levied each year to pay the debt service on these bonds. The serial bonds accrue interest at rates between 3% and 5% and mature between September 1, 2014, and September 1, 2019. Interest is payable on September 1 and March 1 of each year. The deferred charges related to this refunding at June 30, 2019 were fully recognized.

2015 Revenue Refunding Bond

On June 1, 2015, the District issued \$12,265,000 of 2015 Revenue Refunding Bonds ("2015 Revenue Bonds"). Proceeds from the issuance were used to refund the 2003 Refunding Certificates of Participation, fund a debt service reserve fund for the Bonds, and pay the costs of issuing the Bonds. Interest on the Bonds is payable on March 1 and September 1 of each year at 5% per annum. The Bonds mature between September 1, 2018, and end on September 1, 2023. The Bonds are special obligations of the District and are payable exclusively from Tax Revenues and Net Revenues of the District, and from amounts on deposit in certain funds and accounts established under the Indenture. The remaining deferred charges related to this refunding at June 30, 2019, is \$415,501, and will be amortized over the life of the bonds.

As of June 30, 2019, the Reserve Requirement for the 2015 Revenue Refunding Bond was \$1,226,500 and the District had \$1,305,064 in the reserve account.

Certificates of Participation

2009 Certificates of Participation (COP)

In December 2009, the District issued \$60,000,000 of Certificates of Participation federally taxable "Build America Bonds" pursuant to an installment sale agreement with the Corporation to construct projects that provide greater water supply reliability for the distribution of potable and recycled water. The District has adopted a resolution which states the intention to develop adequate capacity to sustain at least a 31-day average potable water supply outage and be able to sustain a 7-day interruption in Metropolitan Water District ("MET") deliveries.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 6: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

As of June 30, 2019, the 2009 Certificates of Participation were fully refunded by the 2019 Revenue Refunding Bonds.

2019 Revenue Refunding Bonds

In January 2019, the District issued \$48,605,000 of 2019 Revenue Refunding Bonds ("2019 Revenue Bonds"). Proceeds from the issuance were used to refund the 2009 Certificates of Participation, fund a debt service reserve fund for the Bonds, and pay the costs of issuing the Bonds. Interest on the Bonds is payable on March 1 and September 1 of each year at 5% per annum. The Bonds mature starting September 1, 2024, and end on September 1, 2039. The Bonds are special obligations of the District and are payable exclusively from Tax Revenues and Net Revenues of the District, and from amounts on deposit in certain funds and accounts established under the Indenture. The refunding provided for a cumulative savings of \$14,487,235 over the life of the bonds, resulting in an economic gain of \$9,587,297.

As of June 30, 2019, the Reserve Requirement for the 2019 Revenue Refunding Bond was \$4,487,500 and the District had \$4,490,894 in the reserve account.

Loans Payable

California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank (CIEDB)

The District obtained two loans from the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank to finance the construction of certain capital projects related to water and wastewater infrastructure. The loan obtained for the construction of water infrastructure in the amount of \$1,700,000 accrues interest at 2.73%. The loan was obtained for the on-site sodium hypochlorite generation-reservoir management system; phase II - installation of ClorTec chlorination tank recirculation systems, which include on-site sodium hypochlorite generation and ammonia injection units on 16 reservoirs at 14 sites in the District service area. The loan obtained for the construction of wastewater infrastructure in the amount of \$1,111,340 accrues interest at 3.17%. Both loans are due March 1, 2022. Principal is repaid annually on March 1, and interest payments are due semi-annually on March 1 and September 1.

State Revolving Fund Loans (SRF)

The District obtained three State Revolving Fund loans totaling \$36,053,400 with the State Water Resources Control Board. They were used to finance the Phase III Revised Expansion Project, consisting of expanding the District's reclamation system to serve an additional 500 irrigated landscape sites with 4,502 acre-feet per year of reclaimed water and Phase 4 Expansion of the Reclaimed Water Distribution System. The loans accrue interest at rates ranging from 1.727% to 1.811%. Principal and interest payments are due annually through September 3, 2022. As of June 30, 2019, two of the three loans had fully matured. The matured loans had an original principal balance of \$13,591,805.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 6: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Compensated Absences

All accrued vacation and sick leave pay is recorded as an expense and a liability at the time the benefit is earned. As of June 30, 2019, the District's compensated absences liability was \$1,159,357.

Remaining Payments on Long-Term Liabilities

The long-term obligations of the District, excluding amortizations of deferred charges, at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

| Bonds Payable | | | | | |
|---------------|----|------------|----|------------|--|
| June 30 | | Principal | | Interest | |
| 2020 | \$ | 3,360,000 | \$ | 2,931,250 | |
| 2021 | | 1,990,000 | | 2,808,750 | |
| 2022 | | 2,085,000 | | 2,706,875 | |
| 2023 | | 2,190,000 | | 2,600,000 | |
| 2024 | | 2,300,000 | | 2,487,750 | |
| 2025-2029 | | 11,355,000 | | 10,786,725 | |
| 2030-2034 | | 14,485,000 | | 7,572,375 | |
| 2035-2039 | | 18,495,000 | | 3,469,875 | |
| 2040-2044 | | 4,270,000 | | 106,750 | |
| Total | \$ | 60,530,000 | \$ | 35,470,350 | |

| | Loa | ans Payable | |
|---------|-----|-------------|---------------|
| June 30 | | Principal | Interest |
| 2020 | \$ | 1,283,260 | \$ 95,960 |
| 2021 | | 1,307,912 | 71,307 |
| 2022 | | 1,333,059 | 46,160 |
| 2023* | | 1,164,087 | 20,508 |
| Total | \$ | 5,088,318 | \$ 233,935 |

^{*}All outstanding loans mature at or before June 30, 2023

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 7: Rate Covenants

The District is required by certain debt documents to collect revenues which will be at least sufficient to yield net revenues equal to 125% of debt service payable during the fiscal year. The following demonstrates the District's compliance with the rate covenants for the year ended June 30, 2019:

Debt Service Coverage

| Operating Revenues: | | |
|---|----------------|-------------------|
| Water sales and service charges | \$ 37,841 | L , 698 |
| Wastewater service charges | 25,463 | 3,110 |
| Meter sales & other | 644 | 1,182 |
| Total Operating Revenues | 63,948 | (A) |
| | | |
| Operations & Maintenance Expenses: | | |
| Source of supply | 25,879 |),882 |
| Pumping water | 2,108 | 3,350 |
| Wastewater treatment | 12,221 | L , 043 |
| Water transmission & distribution | 2,048 | 3,008 |
| Customer service | 3,413 | 3,313 |
| Water efficiency | 4,333 | 3,171 |
| General, administrative & other | 21,367 | 7,711 |
| Total Operations & Maintenance Expenses | 71,37 1 | L <u>,478</u> (B) |
| | /= | |
| Net Operating Income (Loss) | (7,422 | 2,488) (A-B) |
| Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): | | |
| Capacity fees | 200 |),375 |
| Cellular lease income | 1,769 | 9,978 |
| Investment income (loss) | 6,067 | 7,463 |
| Intergovernmental revenue | 1,342 | 2,824 |
| Other contributions | 2,994 | 1,085 |
| Other income | 78 | 3,189 |
| Other expense | (2,943 | 3,447) |
| Total Non-Operating Revenues | 9,509 |),467 (C) |
| | | |
| Net Revenues | _ | 5,979 (A-B+C) |
| Property Tax Revenues | 29,110 | - |
| Sum of Net & Tax Revenues | \$ 31,197 | 7,635 (D) |
| Debt Service | | |
| 2009 COP | \$ 4,098 | 3,976 |
| Governmental loans | • | 3,440 |
| 2015 Refunding Revenue Bonds | • | 3,125 |
| Total Debt Service | |),541 (E) |
| | | |

382% (D/E)

Calculated Debt Service Coverage Percentage

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 8: Pension Plans

Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the District's Miscellaneous Defined Benefit Pension Plan ("Plan"), a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California Public Employees Retirement System ("CalPERS"). Board members are not eligible for participation in CalPERS. The CalPERS Plan consists of a miscellaneous pool and a safety pool (referred to as "risk pools"), which are comprised of individual employers miscellaneous and safety rate plans, respectively. The risk pools are included within the Public Employees' Retirement Fund C ("PERF C"). CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public agencies within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and the District. The District's Board of Directors has authority over the District's participation in CalPERS, plan amendments and the choice of plan options within CalPERS. The CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from their website at www.calpers.ca.gov or from their executive Office: 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA, 95814.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law ("PERL"). Each plan has a 3% annual cost-of-living allowance increase benefit.

The District has three different tiers that employees participate in: First Tier Miscellaneous Plan (hired by the District prior to July 28, 2009), Second Tier Miscellaneous Plan (hired by the District after July 28, 2009 or enrolled in CalPERS or reciprocal plan by January 1, 2013), and PEPRA Miscellaneous Plan (enrolled in CalPERS on or after January 1, 2013). The District's current plans are referred to as the 2% @ 55, which is closed to new CalPERS members as of January 1, 2013, and 2% @ 62 defined benefit plans, where a qualified employee may receive an annual retirement benefit equal to 2% of his/her final year compensation times the number of years of service at age 55 or 62, depending on which tier the employee participates. First and Second Tier plans have a highest 12 consecutive months' compensation period and the PEPRA plan has a highest 36 consecutive months' compensation period.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 8: Pension Plans (Continued)

| | Tier 1 | Tier 2 | PEPRA |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| | Hired by District | | |
| | and enrolled prior | Prior to January 1, | January 1, 2013 |
| CalPERS enrollment date* | to July 28, 2009 | 2013 | and after |
| Benefit formula | 2% @ 55 | 2% @ 55 | 2% @ 62 |
| Benefit vesting schedule | 5 years service | 5 years service | 5 years service |
| Benefit payments | monthly for life | monthly for life | monthly for life |
| Retirement age | minimum 50 yrs | minimum 50 yrs | minimum 52 yrs |
| Monthly benefits, as a % of | 1.426% - 2.418%, | 1.426% - 2.418%, | 1.000% - 2.500%, |
| eligible compensation | 50 yrs - 63+ yrs, | 50 yrs - 63+ yrs, | 52 yrs - 67+ yrs, |
| | respectively | respectively | respectively |
| Required employee | | | |
| contribution rates | 7.000% | 7.000% | 6.500% |
| Required employer | | | |
| contribution rates | 11.362% | 10.411% | 7.383% |
| Unfunded atuarial liability | | | |
| payment | \$1,026,431 | \$6,342 | \$7,099 |

^{*}A District employee enrolled in CalPERS at another agency prior to January 1, 2013, may be eligible for the District's Tier 2 plan. Tier 1 is closed to new entrants.

Contribution Description

Section 20814(c) of the PERL requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary, and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, contributions to the plan were \$2,224,257, matching the Actuarially Determined Contribution.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2019, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as \$20,386,747.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 8: Pension Plans (Continued)

The District's net pension liability at June 30, 2019, for the plan was measured as the proportionate share of the collective cost-sharing plan. The District's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, rolled forward to June 30, 2018, using standard actuarial update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the actuarially determined projected contributions of all participating employers. The District's proportion of the collective net pension liability as of June 30, 2017 and 2018, was as follows:

| | Pension Plans |
|------------------------------|---------------|
| Proportion - June 30, 2017 | 0.20884% |
| Proportion - June 30, 2018 | 0.21156% |
| Change - Increase (Decrease) | 0.00272% |

Recognition of Gains and Losses

Under GASB Statement 68, gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability are recognized in pension expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and are to be recognized in future pension expense.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,114,035. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows:

| | ed Outflows of Resources | rred Inflows of Resources |
|--|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Difference between expected and actual | | |
| experience | \$ 516,024 | \$ - |
| Change in assumptions | 1,754,546 | - |
| Differences between Projected and Actual | | |
| Investment | 100,787 | - |
| Differences between Employer's Contributions | | |
| and Proportionate Share of Contributions | - | (1,177,679) |
| Change in Employer's Proportion | 526,717 | (6,568) |
| Contribution subsequent to measurement date | 2,224,257 | - |
| Total | \$ 5,122,331 | \$ (1,184,247) |

\$2,224,257 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 8: Pension Plans (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

| | Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) | | | | |
|----------|-----------------------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| June 30: | | of Resources | | | |
| 2020 | \$ | 1,677,885 | | | |
| 2021 | | 887,722 | | | |
| 2022 | | (668,413) | | | |
| 2023 | | (183,367) | | | |
| Total | \$ | 1,713,827 | | | |

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the deferred inflow or outflow of resources. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized straight-line over 5 years. All other deferred amounts are amortized straight-line over the expected average remaining service life ("EARSL") of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

The EARSL is calculated by dividing the total future service years of active employees by the total number of plan participants in PERF C. Note that inactive employees and retirees have remaining service lifetimes equal to 0. Also note that total future service is based on the members' probability of decrementing due to an event other than receiving a cash refund. As of the June 30, 2018, measurement period, the EARSL was 3.8 years.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

The June 30, 2017 valuation was rolled forward to determine the June 30, 2018, measurement date total pension liability, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirements |
|-----------------------|--|
|-----------------------|--|

of GASB Statement No. 68

Actuarial Assumptions

Discount Rate 7.15% Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Mortality Rate Table ¹ Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all

Funds

Post Retirement Benefit Contract COLA up to 2.50% until Purchasing Power Increase

Protection Allowance floor on purchasing power

applies, 2.50% thereafter

¹ The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) on the CalPERS website.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 8: Pension Plans (Continued)

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS staff took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set to equal the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

| | Current Target | Real Return | Real Return |
|------------------|----------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| Asset Class 1 | Allocation | Years 1 - 10 ² | Years 11+ ³ |
| Global equity | 50.00% | 4.80% | 5.98% |
| Fixed income | 28.00% | 1.00% | 2.62% |
| Inflation assets | - | 0.77% | 1.81% |
| Private equity | 8.00% | 6.30% | 7.23% |
| Real assets | 13.00% | 3.75% | 4.93% |
| Liquidity | 1.00% | - | -0.92% |

¹ In the System's CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-Term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for PERF C was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

² An expected inflation of 2.00% was used for this period.

³ An expected inflation of 2.92% was used for this period.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 8: Pension Plans (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower or 1% point higher than the current rate:

| | Discount Rate - 1% | | Cu | rrent Discount | Discount Rate +1% | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|------------|----|----------------|-------------------|------------|--|
| District's proportionate share of | | 6.15% | | 7.15% | | 8.15% | |
| the Net Pension Liability: | \$ | 32,403,877 | \$ | 20,386,747 | \$ | 10,466,803 | |

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports. See the CalPERS website for additional information.

Defined Contribution Plan

The District sponsors the Moulton Niguel Water District 401(a) Plan and Trust ("401(a) Plan"), a single employer defined contribution pension plan. The District's Board of Directors established the 401(a) Plan and is authorized to amend the 401(a) Plan and to name its trustees. All employees participating in the Deferred Compensation Plan and all members of executive management are eligible to participate in the 401(a) Plan. Plan investments are held in trust by Lincoln Financial.

The District matches up to 2% of an employees' salary to the 401(a) Plan if the employee elects to participate in the District's 457 Deferred Compensation Plan. Employer contributions were \$232,721 and recognized as pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2019. All contributions are fully vested. The trustee maintains individual accounts for each participant. Each participant provides direction for investment of their account balance. Contributions, plus investment returns, are distributed to participants after separation from employment.

Note 9: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description

Under the authority of the District's Board of Directors, the District has established a Retiree Healthcare Plan (HC Plan), and participates in an agent multiple-employer defined benefit retiree healthcare plan. These benefits may be amended at the discretion of the Board of Directors. To mitigate the costs of increasing healthcare, the District has imposed a three-tier structure for its employees. Employees hired prior to July 1, 2008, retiring from the District at age 55 with ten years of service to the District, receive post-retirement health benefits for themselves and their dependents.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 9: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Employees hired after July 1, 2008, but before July 1, 2017, retiring from the District at age 60 with fifteen years of continuous employment, receive post-retirement health benefits for themselves and their dependents. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2017, are not eligible for retiree health benefits. Board members elected after January 1, 1995, are not eligible for retiree health coverage, regardless of age and years of service at retirement.

After age 65, the District provides \$235 per month, cash allotment, towards a Medicare supplement policy to the retiree or former Board Member. Dependent coverage ceases when the retiree or former Board member reaches age 65.

Employees Covered

As of the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms under the HC Plan:

| Active plan members | 130 |
|--|-----|
| Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 39 |
| Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits | 1 |
| Total | 170 |

Contributions

The HC Plan and its contribution requirements are established by Memoranda of Understanding with the applicable employee bargaining units and may be amended by agreements between the District and the bargaining units. The annual contribution is based on the actuarially determined contribution. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, District cash contributions were \$316,895 (including payments made to the trust and retiree payments made outside the trust) and the estimated implied subsidy was \$150,182, resulting in total payments of \$467,077.

Net OPEB Liability

The District's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated January 1, 2017, that was rolled forward to determine the June 30, 2018 total OPEB liability, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 9: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 6.50% 2.50% Inflation

Salary Increases 3.0% per annum, in aggregate

Investment Rate of Return 6.50% per year; assumes the District invests in the CERBT asset

allocation Strategy 2 with a margin for adverse deviation of 23 bps

Mortality Rate 1 Derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds Pre-Retirement Turnover Increase 2 Derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds Healthcare Trend Rate

7.00% HMO/7.0% PPO decreasing 0.5% per year to 5.00%

HMO/5.00% PPO

Notes:

¹ Pre and post retirement mortality rates used in CalPERS pension valuation as of June 30, 2016, including a projection to year 2028 with scale BB to account for mortality improvement.

² The pre-retirement turnover information was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. For more details, please refer to the 2007 to 2011 Experience Study Report. The Experience Study Report may be accessed on the CalPERS website www.calpers.ca.gov under Forms and Publications.

Actuarial Cost Method

The actuarial cost method for determining the benefit obligations is the individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the principles of this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the valuation is allocated as a level percentage of expected salary for each year of employment between entry age (defined as age at hire) and assumed exit.

| | Expected Arithmetic | Long-term expected |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------|
| Asset Class | Nominal Return (50 years) | real rate of return |
| Global Equity | 8.08% | 40.0% |
| US Fixed Income | 5.88% | 43.0% |
| Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities | 3.67% | 5.0% |
| Real Estate Investment Trusts | 7.91% | 8.0% |
| Commodities | 5.38% | 4.0% |
| Total | | |

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.50 percent. Under GASB 75, the discount rate should reflect the long-term rate of return on OPEB plan investments that are expected to be used to finance the payment of benefits. To the extent that OPEB plan assets along with expected future investment returns and expected future contributions are sufficient to finance all OPEB benefits, the discount rate should be based on the assumed investment return on plan assets. Currently, the District had set a funding policy of funding the OPEB liabilities in an amount equal to the service cost plus an amortization of the Net OPEB Liability. Therefore, current assets and expected future investment returns and expected future contributions are expected to be sufficient to fund all OPEB liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 9: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Changes in the OPEB Liability

The changes in the net OPEB liability for the HC Plan are as follows:

| | Increase (Decrease) | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|--------------------------|----|-----------------------------|------|---|
| | | otal OPEB ability (a) | | n Fiduciary Position (b) | Lial | let OPEB bility/(Asset c) = (a) - (b) |
| Balance at June 30, 2018 (Measurement Date June 30, 2017) | \$ | 5,175,696 | \$ | 3,393,811 | \$ | 1,781,885 |
| Changes recognized for the measurement period: | | | | | | |
| Service cost | | 111,097 | | - | | 111,097 |
| Interest | | 328,136 | | - | | 328,136 |
| Contributions - employer | | - | | 477,082 | | (477,082) |
| Net investment income | | - | | 204,998 | | (204,998) |
| Benefit payments | | (477,082) | | (477,082) | | - |
| Administrative expense | | - | | (1,784) | | 1,784 |
| Net Changes | | (37,849) | | 203,214 | | (241,063) |
| Balance at June 30, 2019 | | | | | | |
| (Measurement Date June 30, 2018) | \$ | 5,137,847 | \$ | 3,597,025 | \$ | 1,540,822 |

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2018:

| | | | | Current | | |
|--------------------|-------|-----------------------------|----|----------------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| | Disco | Discount Rate - 1% 5.50% | | scount Rate 6.50% | Discount Rate +1% 7.50% | |
| Net OPEB Liability | \$ | 1,962,221 | \$ | 1,540,822 | \$ | 1,169,097 |

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2018:

| | 1% [| Current Healthcare 1% Decrease Cost Trend Rates 1% Increas | | | | |
|--------------------|---------|--|----------|-------------------------|---------|---------------------------|
| | ` | MO/5.50%PPO reasing to | ` | O/6.50%PPO easing to | ` | MO/7.50%PPO reasing to |
| | 4.00%HM | O/4.00%PPO) | 5.00%HM0 | O/5.00%PPO) | 6.00%HN | MO/6.00%PPO) |
| Net OPEB Liability | \$ | 1,293,857 | \$ | 1,540,822 | \$ | 1,822,493 |

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 9: Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

CERBT issues a publicly available financial report that may be obtained from the CalPERS website www.calpers.ca.gov under Forms and Publications.

Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The recognition period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

| Net difference between projected and | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| actual earnings on OPEB plan | 5 years |
| investments | · |
| All off control (if control to) | Expected average remaining service lifetime |
| All other amounts (if applicable) | (EARSL) (6.0 Years at June 30, 2018) |

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$218,814. As of fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Def | erred Inflows of Resources |
|---|-----------------------------------|---------|-------|-------------------------------|
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments | ċ | | ċ | (1,877) |
| Contributions subsequent to measurement date | ب | 467,076 | ب | (1,877) |
| Total | \$ | 467,076 | \$ | (1,877) |

The \$467,076 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the June 30, 2018 measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as expense as follows:

| June 30: | Defe | rred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources |
|----------|------|--------------------------------------|
| 2020 | \$ | (1,662) |
| 2021 | | (1,662) |
| 2022 | | (1,662) |
| 2023 | | 3,109 |
| Total | \$ | (1,877) |

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 10: Blended Component Unit

The Corporation has been included as part of the District financial statements as a blended component unit. In accordance with GASB 61, the following summarized information as of June 30, 2019, for the Corporation is required:

The Corporation has no assets, liabilities, or net position at June 30, 2019.

Corporation Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for the Year Ended June 30, 2019:

| Nonoperating revenues | \$ 2,732,650 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Nonoperating expenses | 2,732,650 |
| Change in net position | - |
| Net Position, beginning of year | |
| Net Position, end of year | \$ - |

Corporation Condensed Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended June 30, 2019:

| Net Cash Provided | by (Used for): |
|-------------------|----------------|
|-------------------|----------------|

| Operating activities | \$ | - |
|--|----|-----------|
| Capital and related financing activities | (1 | ,366,325) |
| Investing activities | 1 | ,366,325 |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year | | - |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year | \$ | - |

Non-cash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:

Refunding of long-term debt \$(60,000,000)
Repayment of installment agreement 60,000,000

Note 11: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions, injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District is a member of the Association of California Water Agencies Joint Powers Insurance Authority ("ACWA JPIA"), which offers risk management and self-insurance and insured programs. The program provides workers' compensation, property, and employment liability and general liability coverage for the District. The membership includes 363 public water agencies within California. A Board of Directors consisting of representatives from member agencies governs the ACWA JPIA. The general Board of Directors elects Executive Board members to provide oversight of the operations of the ACWA JPIA, including selection of management and approval of the operating budget.

The District maintains \$60,000,000 in commercial general liability insurance, auto liability, employment practices liability coverage and public official's error & omissions. The District also has a \$3 million cyber liability commercial insurance policy through ACWA JPIA which, is not a risk-sharing program. The property damage insurance program provided for up to \$500 million in limits, per occurrence, on structures and contents with a \$25,000 deductible per loss, and underground storage tank coverage of \$1,000,000.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 11: Risk Management (Continued)

The District has a \$50,000 retrospective allocation point (self-insured retention) per claim for general and automobile liability for the year. Workers' Compensation coverage provides statutory limits for bodily injury by each accident and bodily injury per occurrence, and Employer's Liability is \$2 million per occurrence. If the District's deposits are not adequate to meet costs of claims and expenses, a retrospective adjustment to make up the difference can take place. The District promotes safety in the workplace through an extensive safety program. As a result of the program, the District has received retrospective refunds from the ACWA JPIA Rate Stabilization Fund. The District also maintains a self-insurance reserve to provide for expenses incurred to the District for the deductible amounts on insurance claims under \$50,000. See Note 15 on the District's reserve funds for additional information. Settlements have not exceeded insured limits in the past three fiscal years.

To obtain complete financial information contact ACWA JPIA at P.O. Box 619082, Roseville, CA, 95661, or via telephone at (800) 231-5742. Information may be available at www.acwajpia.com.

The District also holds additional insurance policies amounting to a \$2,000,000 commercial blanket bond for employee dishonesty, forgery and alteration and computer fraud, and a \$30,000 bond for Notary Errors and Omissions that covers four notaries.

Note 12: Commitments and Contingencies

The District considers the following to be material commitments, or existing arrangements to enter into future transactions or events, at June 30, 2019:

| | • | Cumulative | |
|--|---------------|----------------|-------------|
| | Tatal Duaisat | | Outstanding |
| | Total Project | Expenses as of | Outstanding |
| Project Name | Budget | June 30, 2019 | Commitments |
| Valencia LS Refurbishment | \$ 1,024,022 | \$ 380,696 | \$ 578,503 |
| Asset Management Program/CMMS Implementation | 961,779 | 241,763 | 739,434 |
| 54-Inch CIP Improvements | 2,460,840 | 1,103,290 | 1,143,898 |
| Camino Capistrano Operations Yard Improvements | 1,687,500 | 915,000 | 630,705 |
| Elecrical System Improvements - PW | 1,315,546 | 110,018 | 1,043,389 |
| Reservoir Management System Replacement | 5,487,394 | 767,008 | 4,249,131 |
| Valve Replacement | 2,698,663 | 1,464,069 | 1,257,708 |
| PW Main Replacement at I-5 Oso Creek Crossing | 4,401,368 | 246,303 | 3,762,551 |
| RW Main Installation at I-5 Oso Creek Crossing | 4,401,368 | 229,553 | 3,762,551 |
| Rehabilitation of the Bear Brand No. 2 Reservoir | 934,204 | 264,755 | 594,999 |
| Rehabiliation of the Saddleback Reservoir | 927,214 | 86,970 | 761,520 |
| Administration Facility | 16,406,203 | 635,108 | 15,022,275 |
| Field Maintenance Facility | 6,461,462 | 317,554 | 5,811,977 |
| Emergency Generator | 1,545,514 | 127,022 | 1,311,063 |
| Fleet Services Building | 4,508,314 | 254,043 | 4,004,844 |
| Warehouse Improvements | 1,357,694 | 101,617 | 1,167,175 |
| Fueling Station | 1,628,262 | 101,617 | 1,431,144 |
| Site Reconfiguration and Geopiers | 4,191,147 | 254,043 | 3,695,413 |
| Site Utilities | 2,174,130 | 127,022 | 1,924,347 |
| Site Improvements | 10,486,758 | 508,087 | 9,443,962 |
| Landscape and Irrigation | 966,356 | 50,809 | 864,084 |

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 13: Joint Powers Authorities and Joint Ventures

South Orange County Wastewater Authority (a California Joint Powers Authority)

The District is one of ten member agencies that participate in SOCWA. SOCWA treats, beneficially reuses, and disposes of wastewater in South Orange County. SOCWA operates three wastewater treatment plants ("WWTP") and two ocean outfalls in the region. SOCWA has ten member agencies, including three cities and seven water districts. A Board of Directors consisting of representatives from member agencies governs SOCWA. The Board of Directors governs the operations of SOCWA, including selection of management and approval of the annual budget. SOCWA has Project Committees that member agencies participate in financially at various levels, depending on their capacity rights. Each WWTP is a project, as well as various other physical facilities, such as outfall pipelines. The District's overall participation level is the highest of the member agencies, approximating 44% of SOCWA. The District deposits money with SOCWA to cover its share of operation and capital in the project committees the District participates. At fiscal year-end SOCWA analyzes its actual costs and refunds or collects additional money from its members as appropriate. Construction deposits made to SOCWA for capital projects are recorded as capacity rights capital assets on the District's financial statements. The District remitted \$17,814,604 to SOCWA for the year ended June 30, 2019, consisting of \$11,450,577 for operations and maintenance ("O&M") and \$6,364,027 for capital projects.

To obtain complete financial information from SOCWA please contact SOCWA at 34156 Del Obispo Street, Dana Point, CA, 92629, or via telephone at (949) 234-5421.

The District recently resolved a lawsuit filed by SOCWA, the City of Laguna Beach, South Coast Water District and Emerald Bay Service District (collectively "Plaintiffs") in May 2019. The lawsuit addressed issues with the duration and procedure for budget approval of contracts to operate and fund the Coastal Treatment Plant within Project Committee 15. In particular, the lawsuit focused on capital improvement projects and the parties' collective responsibility to approve and fund the same within the SOCWA budget. The District and the Plaintiffs settled the litigation addressing past capital improvement projects and no new obligations were incurred outside of the existing responsibility to fund capital improvement projects approved following the annual budget adoption process. The parties collectively agreed that the end date for PC 15 (and by proxy the District's participation in the Coastal Treatment Plant) will be 2030, providing finality for the District's funding obligations.

Joint Regional Water Supply System (Formed Using a Trust Agreement)

The District is one of nine members who participate in the Joint Regional Water Supply System ("JRWSS"). JRWSS owns and operates several pipelines, including the Joint Transmission Main that serves the District. The pipelines deliver drinking water to the nine member agencies. South Coast Water District ("SCWD") serves as Trustee of JRWSS. As Trustee, SCWD maintains the infrastructure, collects money to cover expenses from the member agencies and keeps records for JRWSS.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 13: Joint Powers Authorities and Joint Ventures (Continued)

The District deposits money with JRWSS to cover its share of operation and capital costs. At fiscal year-end, JRWSS analyzes its actual costs and refunds or collects additional money from its members as appropriate. The District remitted \$1,536,678 to JRWSS for the year ended June 30, 2019, consisting of \$1,062,610 for capital projects and \$474,068 for O&M.

To obtain complete financial information from JRWSS, contact SCWD at P.O. Box 30205, Laguna Niguel, CA, 92607, or via telephone at (949) 499-4555.

San Juan Basin Authority (a California Joint Powers Authority)

The District is also a member of the San Juan Basin Authority ("SJBA") a joint powers authority formed to secure and develop water rights for its member agencies. It currently has permits for using the San Juan Groundwater Basin ("Basin") and is best classified as an underground stream. It holds a capacity of 40,000 acre-feet, with about half as usable storage, where storm flows are recharged and withdrawn by various production wells. The state has granted SJBA water rights to divert water from the Basin for beneficial purposes. The objective of the District's membership is to diversify and increase its water sources in the future.

SJBA's membership includes the District along with Santa Margarita Water District, City of San Juan Capistrano and South Coast Water District. A Board of Directors consisting of representatives from member agencies governs SJBA. The Board of Directors oversees contracts and approves the annual budget. SJBA has Project Committees that member agencies participate in financially at various levels based upon ownership or usage. The District deposits money with SJBA to cover its share of costs in the respective projects. Surplus balances at fiscal year-end are refunded to member agencies or added to their reserves as determined by the Board of Directors. The District remitted \$157,846 to SJBA for the year ended June 30, 2019, consisting entirely of O&M.

To obtain complete financial information from SJBA contact Santa Margarita Water District at 26111 Antonio Parkway, Las Flores, CA, 92688, or via telephone at (949) 459-6400.

Santiago Aqueduct Commission (a California Joint Powers Authority)

The District is a member of the Santiago Aqueduct Commission ("SAC") with five other member agencies. SAC operates and maintains the Baker Pipeline. The District has 13 cubic feet per second (cfs) of capacity rights in the Baker Pipeline and is responsible for costs to operate and maintain the Baker Pipeline. Irvine Ranch Water District maintains the infrastructure, collects money to cover expenses from the members, and maintains the records for SAC. The District remitted \$20,820 to SAC for the year ended June 30, 2019, consisting entirely of O&M.

To obtain complete financial information on SAC, contact Irvine Ranch Water District at 15600 Sand Canyon Avenue, Irvine, CA, 92618, or via telephone at (949) 453-5300.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 13: Joint Powers Authorities and Joint Ventures (Continued)

The relationships between the District and the joint powers authorities are such that SOCWA, ACWA/JPIA, JRWSS, SJBA, and SAC are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

Note 14: Restricted Net Position

At June 30, 2019, the District held \$375,294 in unspent capacity fee revenue. By State law the capacity fees must be spent on capital projects. All interest earned on these funds are added to the total restricted fund balance.

Note 15: Unrestricted Net Position

A portion of the District's unrestricted net position has been designated by the Board of Directors for specific purposes. The detail of unrestricted net position at June 30, 2019, is as follows:

Unrestricted net position:

| Designated for rate stabilization | \$ 14,826,780 |
|--|-------------------|
| Designated for replacement and refurbishment | 3,025,764 |
| Designated for self-insurance reserves | 241,424 |
| Designated for planning and construction | 16,552,204 |
| Designated for water efficiency | 7,166,522 |
| Designated for water supply reliability | 346,493 |
| Designated for emergency reserves | 35,300,000 |
| Designated for operating reserves | 24,201,827 |
| Total unrestricted net position | \$ 101,661,014 |

Rate Stabilization

The Rate Stabilization reserves were established to provide funds to be used specifically for stabilizing potential fluctuation in District water and wastewater service rates that may result from losses or reductions of ad valorem property tax revenues.

Replacement & Refurbishment

The Replacement & Refurbishment fund ("R&R") was established to fund ongoing costs related to the replacement and refurbishment of existing assets in conjunction with the District's Capital Improvement Plan. Funding for the R&R fund will be provided from new debt issuances or fund transfers as part of the District annual budget process.

Self-Insurance

The District maintains a Self-Insurance reserve to provide funding for property and liability insurance deductibles, losses exceeding insurance limits, and unemployment benefit payments.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 15: Unrestricted Net Position (Continued)

Planning and Construction Reserves

Planning and Construction reserves were established to provide funding for the development of new capital facilities that do not result in new water or recycled water supplies as identified in the District Capital Improvement Plan. Funding for the Planning and Construction reserve will be provided from debt issuances or fund transfers as part of the District annual budget process.

Water Efficiency Fund

The Water Efficiency Fund was established for certain Water-Base-Budget Rate Structure ("WBBRS") revenues. The District's intent is to use the revenues for purposes generally related to water efficiency, conservation goals and policies, and water reliability projects as specifically directed by the Board under budgetary and other approval programs from time to time.

Water Supply Reliability

The Water Supply Reliability reserves were created to provide funding for the development of new water or recycled water supplies as identified in the District Capital Improvement Plan. Funding for the Water Supply Reliability reserve will be provided from debt issuances or fund transfers as part of the District annual budget process.

Emergency Reserve

The Emergency Reserve was created to provide funds to enable the District to quickly repair critical assets in the event of a natural disaster or facility failure. The target balance of the Emergency Reserve is equal to 2% of the replacement costs of the District's assets as outlined in current guidelines from the Federal Management Agency (FEMA).

General Operating Reserve

The District will maintain a General Operating Reserve in order to provide sufficient liquidity for funding the day-to-day operating expenses and District cash flow needs during normal operations due to standard delays between the receipt of revenues and the payment of expenses.

The target balance in the General Operating Reserve will equal three months of operating expenses, consistent with best practices in the industry for agencies with monthly rate revenue.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 16: Subsequent Events

Early payoff of outstanding loans

On October 4, 2019, the District elected to pay off outstanding state loans, enabling the release of restricted bond reserves and reduce the District's outstanding annual debt obligations. The 2019 Revenue Refunding Bonds included language permitting the release of the restricted bond reserve once all District state loans had been paid off. The remaining balance of the loans on October 4, 2019, was as follows:

| <u>Loan</u> | Oustanding Principal | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| CIEDB Loan 01-120 | \$ | 329,447 | | | |
| CIEDB Loan 02-026 | Ψ | 222,054 | | | |
| SWRCB 120 | | 3,553,485 | | | |
| Total outstanding principal | | 4,104,986 | | | |
| 2019 Revenue Bond reserve | | | | | |
| balance October 4, 2019: | | 4,515,576 | | | |
| Net Cash Flow to District | \$ | 410,590 | | | |

2019 Certificates of Participation

On November 6, 2019, the District issued \$64,570,000 of 2019 Certificates of Participation ("2019 Certificates") pursuant to an installment sale agreement with the Corporation. The 2019 Certificates were issued to finance the acquisition and construction of certain capital improvements and pay for the costs of issuance. The 2019 Certificates accrue interest at rates between 2% and 5% and mature between September 1, 2020, and September 1, 2049. Interest is payable on September 1 and March 1 of each year.

Operating Lease

The District entered into an operating lease that commenced on August 1, 2019 for the use of office space in the City of Aliso Viejo. The term of the lease is for 48 months; however, the District has the option to terminate the lease after 30 months. Future lease payments are as follows:

| Year | Lea | se payment |
|-------|----------|------------|
| 2020 | . | 4 200 245 |
| 2020 | \$ | 1,300,345 |
| 2021 | | 1,338,430 |
| 2022 | | 1,377,640 |
| 2023 | | 1,418,351 |
| Total | \$ | 5.434.766 |

Moulton Niguel Water District Miscellaneous Plan - Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Benefit Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability As of June 30

Last Ten Fiscal Years ¹

| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | | 2017 2018 | | 2019 |
|---|------------------|------------------|------|------------|-----------|------------|------------------|
| Proportion of the Net Pension Liability | 0.19721% | 0.18844% | | 0.20318% | | 0.20884% | 0.21156% |
| Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability | \$ 12,251,838 | \$ 12,934,337 | \$ | 17,581,392 | \$ | 20,711,604 | \$ 20,386,747 |
| Covered Payroll | \$ 7,060,907 | \$ 7,735,097 | \$ | 8,936,374 | \$ | 9,739,736 | \$ 11,147,956 |
| Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | 174% | 167% | | 197% | | 213% | 183% |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability ² | 79.82% | 78.40% | | 74.06% | | 73.31% | 75.26% |

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes:

None

Changes of Assumptions:

- a Discount rate changed from 7.50% at the June 30, 2014, measurement date, to 7.65% at the June 30, 2015, measurement date.
- b In Fiscal Year 2016-17, the financial reporting discount for the PERF C was lowered from 7.65% to 7.15%.
- c In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017.
- ¹ Historical information is required only for measurment to which GASB 68 is applicable. Amounts presented above were determined as of June 30 of each fiscal year. As Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, additional years will be presented as they become available.
- ² Plan represents the total CalPERS risk pool.

Moulton Niguel Water District Miscellaneous Plan - Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Benefit Plan Schedule of Plan Contributions As of June 30

Last Ten Fiscal Years ¹

| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| All Plans | | _ | | | |
| Actuarially Determined Contribution | \$ 997,427 | \$ 1,351,327 | \$ 1,539,047 | \$ 1,820,425 | 2,224,257 |
| Contribution in Relation to the | | | | | |
| Actuarially Determined Contribution | (997,427) | (1,351,327) | (1,539,047) | (1,820,425) | (2,224,257) |
| Contribution Deficiency (Excess) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Covered Payroll | \$ 7,735,097 | \$ 8,936,374 | \$ 9,739,736 | \$ 11,147,956 | \$ 12,330,405 |
| Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | 12.89% | 15.12% | 15.80% | 16.33% | 18.04% |

¹ Historical information is required only for measurment to which GASB 68 is applicable. Amounts presented above were determined as of June 30 of each fiscal year. As Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, additional years will be presented as they become available.

Moulton Niguel Water District OPEB Plan

Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios As of June 30

Last Ten Measurement Periods ¹

| | | 2018 | | 2019 |
|---|----|---------------|----|--------------|
| Total OPEB Liability | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 104,316 | \$ | 111,097 |
| Interest on the total OPEB liability | | 329,346 | | 328,136 |
| Benefit payments | | (441,013) | | (477,082) |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | | (7,351) | | (37,849) |
| Total OPEB liability - beginning | | 5,183,047 | | 5,175,696 |
| Total OPEB liability - ending (a) | | 5,175,696 | | 5,137,847 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | | | |
| Contribution - employer | | 559,297 | | 477,082 |
| Net investment income | | 225,973 | | 204,998 |
| Benefit payments | | (441,013) | | (477,082) |
| Administrative expense | | (1,664) | | (1,784) |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | | 342,593 | | 203,214 |
| Plan fiduciary net postion - beginning | | 3,051,218 | | 3,393,811 |
| Plan fiduciary net postion - ending (b) | | 3,393,811 | | 3,597,025 |
| Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 1,781,885 | \$ | 1,540,822 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability | | 65.6% | | 70.0% |
| Covered employee payroll | \$ | 10,391,010 | \$ | 10,389,025 |
| Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll | | 17.1% | | 14.8% |
| Notes to schedule: | | | | |
| Measurement date | J | lune 30, 2017 | J | une 30, 2018 |

¹ Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

Moulton Niguel Water District OPEB Plan Schedule of Contributions Fiscal Year Ended June 30

| | | | | 1 |
|------|-----|--------|---------|---|
| Last | Ten | Fiscal | l Years | _ |

| | 2018 | 2019 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) | \$ 392,230 | \$ 403,997 |
| Contributions in relation to ADC | 477,082 | 467,077 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ (84,852) | \$ (63,080) |
| Covered employee payroll | \$ 10,389,025 | \$ 10,102,781 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 4.6% | 4.6% |

Notes to schedule:

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions:

Investment Rate of Return

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method/Period Level percent of payroll over a closed rolling 15-year period

Asset Valuation Method Market value

Inflation 2.50% per annum

Payroll Growth 3.00% per annum, in aggregate

6.50% per year; assumes the District invests in the CERBT asset allocation

Strategy 2 with a margin for adverse deviation of 23 bps

Healthcare cost-trend rates 7.00% HMO/7.00% PPO decreasing to 5.00% HMO/5.00% PPO According to the retirement rates under the most recent CalPERS pension plan

experience study. According to the following retirement tables:

Miscellaneous Tier 1: 2.00% @ 55

Retirement Age Miscellaneous Tier 2: 2.00% @ 62

Pre-retirement mortality probability based on the most recent CalPERS pension

Mortality plan experience study. Post-retirement mortality probability based on the most

recent CalPERS pension plan experience study covering participants in CalPERS

^{*} Actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2018 and 2019 were from the January 1, 2017 actuarial valuation.

¹ Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Other Sources (Uses) of Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

The schedule below is the District's Adopted Budget Summary in the areas of revenues, expenses, debt service, capital improvement projects, and other sources and uses of District funds. It compares the District's projected figures to the actual amounts and is designed to monitor performance during the year and assist in future budget preparations.

| | 2018-19 Final Budget* | | 2018-19 Actual* | | Variance with Budget Over (Under) | | % Variance with Budget Over (Under) |
|--|--------------------------|--------------|--------------------|-----------|---|--------------|---|
| Revenues | | | | | | | |
| Potable Water Sales | \$ | 29,719,565 | \$ 28 | 3,539,750 | \$ | (1,179,815) | -3.97% |
| Recycled Water Sales | | 6,126,568 | 5 | ,161,153 | | (965,415) | -15.76% |
| Wastewater Sales | | 22,677,534 | 25 | ,463,110 | | 2,785,576 | 12.28% |
| WBBRS Efficiency Funds | | 3,835,379 | 4 | 1,140,795 | | 305,417 | 7.96% |
| Ad Valorem Property Tax | | 28,194,179 | 29 | 9,110,656 | | 916,477 | 3.25% |
| General Obligation Bond Assessment | | 1,168,659 | 1 | 1,219,926 | | 51,267 | 4.39% |
| Investment Income ¹ | | 1,758,346 | ϵ | 5,067,463 | | 4,309,117 | 245.07% |
| Other Income ² | | 1,857,940 | 1 | 1,366,843 | | (491,097) | -26.43% |
| Cellular Lease Income | | 1,732,671 | 1 | L,769,978 | | 37,307 | 2.15% |
| Intergovernmental Revenue | | 1,331,147 | 1 | L,342,824 | | 11,677 | 0.88% |
| Total Revenues | \$ | 98,401,987 | \$ 104 | ,182,498 | \$ | 5,780,511 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Expenses, Debt Obligations, and Capital Improvement Projects | | | | | | | |
| Operations and Maintenance | | 78,037,033 | 71 | 1,764,911 | | (6,272,122) | -8.04% |
| Capital Outlay ³ | | 429,189 | | 634,848 | | 205,659 | 47.92% |
| General Obligation Bonds Debt Service | | 1,449,875 | 1 | L,447,210 | | (2,665) | -0.18% |
| Other Debt Service | | 8,172,716 | 9 | 9,249,672 | | 1,076,956 | 13.18% |
| Depreciation ⁴ | | - | 19 | ,743,524 | | 19,743,524 | - |
| Replacement and Refurbishment Projects ³ | | 25,654,932 | 13 | 3,725,382 | | (11,929,550) | -46.50% |
| Regional Agency Projects | | 17,452,722 | 7 | 7,648,660 | | (9,804,062) | -56.17% |
| Water Supply Reliability Projects ³ | | 950,000 | | 641,936 | | (308,064) | -32.43% |
| Planning and Construction Projects ³ | | 4,900,382 | | 939,807 | | (3,960,575) | -80.82% |
| Total Expenses, Debt Obligations, and Capital Improvement | | | | | | | |
| Projects | \$ | 137,046,849 | \$ 125 | ,795,950 | \$ | (11,250,899) | |
| Net Income (Deficit)* | \$ | (38,644,862) | \$ (21 | ,613,452) | \$ | 17,031,410 | |

^{*}The variance between budgetary basis net income and financial statement net income is due to the inclusion of Debt Service and capital activity as expenses on the budgetary basis.

¹ Investment income was impacted by an unrealized gain of \$3.2 million due to the GASB standard of recording investments at fair value.

² The District received approximately \$3.0 million in capital contributions for the year, which are not included in the budget to be conservative.

³ The adopted budget included 74 construction projects and 11 additional capital outlay purchases for the fiscal year. At the end of fiscal year 2018-19, 28 construction projects were closed and 22 capital outlay purchases were completed. The remaining projects and purchases will be carried forward to fiscal year 2019-20.

⁴ Depreciation is not included as part of the budget as the transaction does not involve cash.

Operations & Maintenance (O&M) Budget Comparison Report Year Ended June 30, 2019

The Operations and Maintenance (O&M) Budget Comparison Report was designed to compare the expenses of the District to the budget and/or the adjusted budget figures used by the District to monitor performance during the year. The Notes to the O&M Budget Comparison Report provides explanations for noteworthy items in this report.

| | Adopted Bud | Adopted Budget | | | Ac | tual Expense | Remaining Budget | | |
|---|-----------------------|----------------|----|------------|----|--------------|---------------------|-----------|--|
| General Fund | _ | | | | | | | | |
| Salaries | \$ 12,691, | 035 | \$ | 13,090,470 | \$ | 12,351,646 | \$ | 738,824 | |
| Retirement Program | 2,351, | 577 | | 2,431,299 | | 2,349,758 | | 81,541 | |
| Educational Courses | 76, | 420 | | 76,420 | | 42,309 | | 34,111 | |
| Travel and Meetings | 299, | 710 | | 299,710 | | 291,470 | | 8,240 | |
| Recruitment and Employee Relations | 93, | 343 | | 93,343 | | 24,361 | | 68,982 | |
| General Services | 488, | 149 | | 488,149 | | 444,251 | | 43,898 | |
| Annual Audit | 54, | 000 | | 54,000 | | 34,468 | | 19,532 | |
| Member Agencies O&M | 469, | 266 | | 469,266 | | 510,296 | | (41,030) | |
| Dues and Memberships | 134, | 415 | | 134,415 | | 189,586 | | (55,171) | |
| Election Expenses | 135, | 000 | | 135,000 | | 101,675 | | 33,325 | |
| Consulting Services | 1,567, | 200 | | 1,567,200 | | 1,242,708 | | 324,492 | |
| Equipment Rental | | 500 | | 61,500 | | 50,611 | | 10,889 | |
| District Fuel | 260, | 000 | | 260,000 | | 284,618 | | (24,618) | |
| Insurance - District | 507, | 850 | | 507,850 | | 355,498 | | 152,352 | |
| Insurance - Personnel | 371, | 758 | | 371,758 | | 370,874 | | 884 | |
| Insurance - Benefits | 3,418, | 508 | | 3,522,949 | | 3,595,607 | | (72,658) | |
| Legal Services | 1,930, | 000 | | 1,930,000 | | 1,621,373 | | 308,627 | |
| District Office Supplies | 560, | 875 | | 635,875 | | 776,827 | | (140,952) | |
| District Operating Supplies | 797, | 904 | | 797,904 | | 808,078 | | (10,174) | |
| Repairs and Maintenance - Equipment | 743, | | | 743,362 | | 841,901 | | (98,539) | |
| Repairs and Maintenance - Facilities ¹ | 4,245, | 828 | | 4,320,828 | | 5,289,528 | | (968,700) | |
| Safety Program and Compliance Requirements | 324, | | | 324,725 | | 442,214 | | (117,489) | |
| Wastewater Treatment ² | 11,454, | | | 11,454,088 | | 9,482,006 | | 1,972,082 | |
| Special Outside Assessments | 114, | | | 114,500 | | 141,070 | | (26,570) | |
| Utilities | 2,359, | | | 2,359,573 | | 2,229,358 | | 130,215 | |
| Water Purchases ³ | 25,903, | | | 25,903,491 | | 23,670,442 | | 2,233,049 | |
| Meter/Vault Purchases | 23,903, 441, | | | 441,000 | | 360,439 | | 80,561 | |
| Water Efficiency Fund | 441, | 000 | | 441,000 | | 300,439 | | 80,301 | |
| Labor | 1,514, | 774 | | 1,514,774 | | 1,300,616 | | 214,158 | |
| Educational Courses | | 500 | | 2,500 | | 5,358 | | (2,858) | |
| Travel and Meetings | · | 500 | | 28,500 | | 32,106 | | (3,606) | |
| Dues and Memberships | • | 484 | | 26,484 | | 17,677 | | 8,807 | |
| Consulting Services | 900, | | | 900,000 | | 1,072,709 | | (172,709) | |
| Legal Services | • | 000 | | 20,000 | | 34,099 | | (14,099) | |
| Conservation Supplies | 293, | | | 293,100 | | 244,911 | | 48,189 | |
| Repairs and Maintenance - Equipment | | 000 | | 13,000 | | 72,771 | | (59,771) | |
| Safety Program & Compliance Requirments | _3, | - | | - | | 1,547 | | (1,547) | |
| Water Efficiency ⁴ | 2,650, | 000 | | 2,650,000 | | 1,080,142 | | 1,569,858 | |
| Total O&M | \$ 77,303, | 435 | \$ | 78,037,033 | \$ | 71,764,911 | \$ | 6,272,122 | |

¹ Water Transmission and Distribution costs increased by \$0.8 million during the fiscal year as a result of several repairs to the potable distribution system.

² The District assumed operations of wastewater treatment plant, Plant 3A, during the year. As a result, expenses associated with that plant were spread across line items similar to other District operations (i.e. salaries, retirement, benefits, etc.). The budget included an assumption that the District would operate the plant starting on July 1, 2019, but that timeline was adjusted during the year.

³ The District executed an agreement with Santa Margarita Water District (SMWD) to reimburse the District for \$2.2 million of water delivered through an intertie that connects the two systems. The reimbursement was applied to water purchases.

⁴ The District includes a conservative budget in water efficiency expenses, which represents the dollar amount in rebates the District intends to provide to its customers.



Moulton Niguel Water District Statistical Section Overview

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Table of Contents

The Statistical Section provides historical information on the District's economic condition. All of the information presented in the statistical section is organized around five specific objectives:

| | <u>Page</u> |
|---|-------------|
| Financial Trends | |
| Net Position by Component – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 64 |
| Changes in Net Position – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 66 |
| Revenue Capacity | |
| Water Sold and Wastewater Services Provided by Type of Customer – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 68 |
| Annual Domestic Consumption in Acre Feet (AF) – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 70 |
| Water Rates – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 71 |
| Principal Water Customers – Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago | 72 |
| Wastewater Rates – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 73 |
| Principal Wastewater Services Customers – Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago | 74 |
| Recycled Water Rates – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 75 |
| Principal Recycled Water Customers – Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago | 76 |
| Property Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 77 |
| Assessed Valuations & Largest Local Secured Taxpayers – | |
| Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago | 78 |
| Debt Capacity | |
| Outstanding Debt by Type and Debt per Customer – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 79 |
| Ratio of Net Direct General Obligation Debt – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 80 |
| Direct and Overlapping Debt – Current Fiscal Year | 81 |
| Pledged Revenue Coverage – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 82 |
| Demographic and Economic Information | |
| Demographic and Economic Statistics – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 83 |
| Principal Employers – Current Year and Nine Years Ago | 86 |
| Operating Information | |
| Full Time Employees by Function – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 87 |
| Operating Indicators – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 88 |
| Capital Asset Statistics – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 89 |

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Assets: | | | | | _ |
| Current & other assets | \$ 182,990,924 | \$ 174,874,392 | \$ 178,970,721 | \$ 180,037,968 | \$ 179,892,333 |
| Capital assets | 371,543,848 | 373,881,504 | 373,802,210 | 371,840,527 | 366,859,960 |
| Total Assets | 554,534,772 | 548,755,896 | 552,772,931 | 551,878,495 | 546,752,293 |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources: 1 | - | - | - | 1,318,562 | 1,136,314 |
| Total Assets and | | | | | |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | 554,534,772 | 548,755,896 | 552,772,931 | 553,197,057 | 547,888,607 |
| Liabilities: | | | | | |
| Current and other liabilities | 20,038,911 | 18,166,398 | 20,048,452 | 21,174,407 | 19,459,691 |
| Long-term liabilities | 145,122,499 | 136,276,375 | 127,632,200 | 120,022,562 | 110,150,054 |
| Total Liabilities | 165,161,410 | 154,442,773 | 147,680,652 | 141,196,969 | 129,609,745 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: 1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Net Position: | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 268,089,986 | 267,962,257 | 272,169,901 | 272,287,164 | 269,994,246 |
| Restricted for capital projects | 119,402 | 312,742 | 326,175 | 424,363 | 931,603 |
| Unrestricted | 121,163,974 | 126,038,124 | 132,596,203 | 139,288,561 | 147,353,013 |
| Total Net Position ² | \$ 389,373,362 | \$ 394,313,123 | \$ 405,092,279 | \$ 412,000,088 | \$ 418,278,862 |

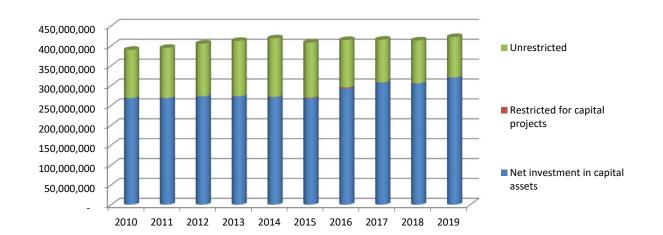
¹ GASB 65 modified the presentation of the statement of net position. Deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources are reported prospectively from 2013.

Source: Moulton Niguel Water District Audited Financial Statements.

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Beginning net position was restated for FY 2013, 2015, and 2018.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

| 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | |
|-------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | | | | Assets: |
| \$ 166,631,779 | \$ 148,655,677 | \$ 133,490,291 | \$ 138,223,685 | \$ 133,276,189 | Current & other assets |
| 375,845,562 | 390,974,342 | 395,581,587 | 387,587,456 | 395,919,991 | _ Capital assets |
| 542,477,341 | 539,630,019 | 529,071,878 | 525,811,141 | 529,196,180 | Total Assets |
| 2,920,477 | 2,356,834 | 5,269,166 | 7,320,802 | 6,004,908 | Deferred Outflows of Resources: 1 |
| | | | | | Total Assets and |
| 545,397,818 | 541,986,853 | 534,341,044 | 533,131,943 | 535,201,088 | Deferred Outflows of |
| | | | | | Liabilities: |
| 19,942,207 | 21,768,761 | 15,499,289 | 16,613,298 | 18,069,016 | Current and other liabilities |
| 112,757,545 | 102,531,779 | 101,316,497 | 101,294,408 | 94,308,568 | Long-term liabilities |
| 132,699,752 | 124,300,540 | 116,815,786 | 117,907,706 | 112,377,584 | |
| 4,936,619 | 3,530,389 | 2,447,949 | 2,182,420 | 1,186,124 | Deferred Inflows of Resources: 1 |
| | | | | | Net Position: |
| 267,393,560 | 292,404,060 | 307,272,958 | 304,821,445 | 319,601,072 | Net investment in capital assets |
| 1,508,109 | 2,632,947 | 291,818 | 604,783 | 375,294 | Restricted for capital projects |
| 138,859,778 | 119,118,917 | 107,512,539 | 107,615,589 | 101,661,014 | Unrestricted |
| \$ 407,761,447 | \$ 414,155,924 | \$ 415,077,309 | \$ 413,041,817 | \$ 421,637,380 | Total Net Position ² |



Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Operating Revenue: Value changes \$ 20,578,666 \$ 22,520,064 \$ 28,866,153 \$ 30,033,036 \$ 30,053,036 Recycled water charges 4,446,515 4,340,197 4,530,157 4,612,874 5,005,391 Sanitation charges 12,542,595 14,448,835 16,826,666 16,941,327 17,135,486 Other 70tal Operating Revenue 38,140,387 41,753,442 50,651,458 53,223,110 53,207,511 Total Operating Revenue 38,140,387 41,753,442 50,651,458 53,223,110 29,703,226 Operating Expenses: Total Operating Revenue 349,221 419,633 4,415,284 28,049,259 29,703,226 Pumping water 349,221 419,633 16,533,336 9,841,299 9,647,000 Water transmission and distribution 4,267,727 3,752,224 1,020,852 2,299,355 2,138,767 Customer service 32,826,825 13,130,167 16,481,299 10,652,698 11,248,799 14,48,498 Post retirement medical benefits (0PEB) 2 2,788,502< | | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 |
|--|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Recycled water charges 4,446,515 4,340,197 4,530,175 4,512,874 5,005,391 Sanitation charges 12,542,595 14,448,835 16,826,066 16,941,327 17,135,446 Other 38,140,387 41,753,442 50,651,458 53,223,110 53,207,511 Departing Expenses: Source of supply 1 22,505,838 22,088,538 24,415,284 28,049,259 29,703,26 Pumping water 349,221 419,633 1,593,316 2,135,266 2,100,550 Sewage treatment 9,093,471 8,588,172 8,665,958 9,841,299 9,647,000 Water transmission and distribution 4,267,727 37,52,224 1,020,805 2,299,355 2,138,676 Customer service 332,685 311,483 1,202,302 2,711,672 2,750,999 Water efficiency 12,788,639 13,130,167 16,481,929 10,652,69 1,1236,876 General, administrative and other 12,788,639 13,130,167 16,481,929 10,653,3131 2,931,831 Post retirement medical bene | Operating Revenue: | | | | | _ |
| Sanitation charges | Water charges | \$ 20,578,666 | \$ 22,520,064 | \$ 28,866,153 | \$ 30,633,036 | \$ 30,503,803 |
| Other 572,611 444,346 429,064 1,035,873 562,871 Total Operating Revenue 38,140,387 41,753,442 50,651,458 53,223,110 53,207,511 Operating Expenses: Source of supply 1 22,505,838 22,088,538 24,415,284 28,049,259 29,770,326 Pumping water 349,221 419,633 1,593,316 2,135,266 2,100,550 Sewage treatment 9,093,471 8,588,172 8,665,958 9,841,299 9,647,000 Water transmission and distribution 4,267,727 3,752,224 1,020,852 2,299,355 2,138,767 Customer service 332,685 311,483 1,202,302 2,711,672 2,750,999 Water efficiency 12,788,639 13,130,167 16,481,929 10,552,698 11,236,876 General, administrative and other 12,788,639 13,130,167 16,481,929 10,552,698 11,236,876 Post retirement medical benefits (OPEB) 2 22,5769,905 23,562,538 15,566,287 13,472,995 16,554,024 Depreciat | Recycled water charges | 4,446,515 | 4,340,197 | 4,530,175 | 4,612,874 | 5,005,391 |
| Operating Expenses: 38,140,387 41,753,442 50,651,458 53,223,110 53,207,511 Source of supply¹ 22,505,838 22,088,538 24,415,284 28,049,259 29,770,326 Pumping water 349,221 419,633 1,593,316 2,135,266 2,100,550 Sewage treatment 9,093,471 8,588,172 8,665,958 9,841,299 9,677,000 Water transmission and distribution 4,267,727 3,752,224 1,020,852 2,299,355 2,138,767 Customer service 332,685 311,483 1,202,302 2,711,672 2,750,999 Water efficiency - - - 1,446,759 1,448,498 General, administrative and other 12,788,639 13,130,167 16,481,929 10,652,698 11,236,876 Post retirement medical benefits (OPEB)² 14,572,711 15,162,538 15,566,287 13,472,995 16,540,24 Post retirement medical benefits (OPEB)² 26,3452,755 68,945,928 70,609,303 76,238,412 Operating Expenses 63,910,292 63,452,755 6 | Sanitation charges | 12,542,595 | 14,448,835 | 16,826,066 | 16,941,327 | 17,135,446 |
| Operating Expenses: Source of supply¹ 22,505,838 22,088,538 24,415,284 28,049,259 29,770,326 Pumping water 349,221 419,633 1,593,316 2,135,266 2,100,550 Sewage treatment 9,093,471 8,588,172 8,665,958 9,841,299 9,647,000 Water transmission and distribution 4,267,727 3,752,224 1,020,852 2,299,355 2,138,767 Customer service 332,685 311,483 1,202,302 2,711,672 2,750,999 Water efficiency 12,788,639 13,130,167 16,481,929 10,652,698 11,236,876 Post retirement medical benefits (OPEB)² 14,572,711 15,162,538 15,566,287 13,472,995 16,554,024 Total Operating Expenses 63,910,292 63,452,755 68,945,928 70,609,303 76,238,412 Operating Revenues (Expenses): Interest income 6,846,993 4,009,900 6,271,001 (533,131) 2,931,831 Interest income 6,846,993 4,009,900 6 | Other | 572,611 | 444,346 | 429,064 | 1,035,873 | 562,871 |
| Source of supply¹ 22,505,838 22,088,538 24,415,284 28,049,259 29,770,326 Pumping water 349,221 419,633 1,593,316 2,135,266 2,100,550 Sewage treatment 9,093,471 8,588,172 8,665,958 9,841,299 9,647,000 Water transmission and distribution 4,267,727 3,752,224 1,020,852 2,299,355 2,138,767 Customer service 332,685 311,483 1,202,302 2,711,672 2,750,999 Water efficiency 12,788,639 13,130,167 16,481,929 10,652,698 11,236,876 Post retirement medical benefits (OPEB)² 14,572,711 15,162,538 15,566,287 13,472,995 16,554,024 Poperciation Total Operating Expenses 63,910,292 63,452,755 68,945,928 70,609,303 76,238,412 Operating Income (Loss) 2(5,769,905) (21,699,313) (18,294,470) (17,386,193) (23,030,901 Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): 1 27,407,480 27,250,759 27,221,147 28,528,175 29,003,747 | Total Operating Revenue | 38,140,387 | 41,753,442 | 50,651,458 | 53,223,110 | 53,207,511 |
| Pumping water 349,221 419,633 1,593,316 2,135,266 2,100,550 Sewage treatment 9,93,471 8,588,172 8,665,958 9,841,299 9,647,000 Water transmission and distribution 4,267,727 3,752,224 1,020,852 2,299,355 2,138,767 Customer service 332,685 311,483 1,202,302 2,711,672 2,750,999 Water efficiency 1,2788,639 13,130,167 16,481,929 10,652,698 11,236,876 Post retirement medical benefits (OPEB) 2 2 63,910,292 63,452,755 68,945,928 70,609,303 76,238,412 Depreciation 14,572,711 15,162,538 15,566,287 13,472,995 16,554,024 Operating Income {Loss} (25,769,905) (21,699,313) (18,294,470) (17,386,193) 23,303,0901 Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): 1 1,61,629,318 4,009,900 6,271,001 (533,131) 2,931,831 Property tax revenue & GOB assessments 27,407,480 27,250,759 27,221,147 28,528,175 29,038,747 | Operating Expenses: | | | | | |
| Sewage treatment 9,093,471 8,588,172 8,665,958 9,841,299 9,647,000 Water transmission and distribution 4,267,727 3,752,224 1,020,852 2,299,355 2,138,767 Customer service 332,685 311,483 1,202,302 2,711,672 2,750,999 Water efficiency - - - 1,446,759 1,448,488 General, administrative and other 12,788,639 13,130,167 16,481,929 10,652,698 11,236,876 Post retirement medical benefits (OPEB) 2 - - - - 591,372 Depreciation 14,572,711 15,162,538 15,566,287 13,472,995 16,554,024 Total Operating Expenses 63,910,292 63,452,755 68,945,928 70,609,303 76,238,412 Operating Revenues (Logeneses): Interest income 3 6,846,993 4,009,900 6,271,001 (533,131) 2,931,831 Property tax revenue & GOB assessments 27,407,480 27,250,759 27,221,147 28,528,175 29,083,747 Inter | Source of supply ¹ | 22,505,838 | 22,088,538 | 24,415,284 | 28,049,259 | 29,770,326 |
| Water transmission and distribution 4,267,727 3,752,224 1,020,852 2,299,355 2,138,767 Customer service 332,685 311,483 1,202,302 2,711,672 2,750,999 Water efficiency 12,788,639 13,130,167 16,481,929 10,652,698 11,236,876 Post retirement medical benefits (OPEB)² 14,572,711 15,162,538 15,566,287 13,472,995 16,554,024 Total Operating Expenses 63,910,292 63,452,755 68,945,928 70,609,303 76,238,412 Operating Income (Loss) (25,769,905) (21,699,313) (18,294,470) (17,386,193) 23,303,091 Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Interest income³ 6,846,993 4,009,900 6,271,001 (533,131) 2,931,831 Property tax revenue & GOB assessments (6,766,600) (7,897,888) (7,608,336) (5,850,174) (6,781,711) Interest on long-term debt (6,766,600) (7,897,888) (7,608,336) (5,850,174) 6,694,711 Interest with a composed in graph of the policies 1 | Pumping water | 349,221 | 419,633 | 1,593,316 | 2,135,266 | 2,100,550 |
| Customer service 332,685 311,483 1,202,302 2,711,672 2,750,999 Water efficiency - - 1,446,759 1,448,498 General, administrative and other 12,788,639 13,130,167 16,481,929 10,652,698 11,236,876 Post retirement medical benefits (OPEB)² - - - 591,372 Depreciation 14,572,711 15,162,538 15,566,287 13,472,995 16,554,024 Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): 63,910,292 63,452,755 68,945,928 70,609,303 76,238,412 Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): 1 (53,910,292 63,452,755 68,945,928 70,609,303 76,238,412 Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): 1 (21,699,313) (18,294,470) (17,386,193) (23,030,901) Interest income \$\frac{3}{2}\$ 6,846,993 4,009,900 6,271,001 (533,131) 2,931,831 Property tax revenue & GOB assessments 27,407,480 27,250,759 27,221,147 28,528,175 29,083,747 Interest income \$\fr | Sewage treatment | 9,093,471 | 8,588,172 | 8,665,958 | 9,841,299 | 9,647,000 |
| Water efficiency - - - - 1,446,759 1,446,759 General, administrative and other 12,788,639 13,130,167 16,481,929 10,652,698 11,236,876 Post retirement medical benefits (OPEB)² - - - - 591,372 Depreciation 14,572,711 15,162,538 15,566,287 13,472,995 16,554,024 Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): 63,910,292 63,452,755 68,945,928 70,609,303 76,238,412 Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Interest income³ 6,846,993 4,009,900 6,271,001 (533,131) 2,931,831 Property tax revenue & GOB assessments 27,407,480 27,250,759 27,221,147 28,528,175 29,083,747 Interest on long-term debt (6,766,600) (7,897,888) (7,608,336) (5,850,174) (6,781,711) Intergovernmental Revenue 54,212 20,530 - - - - Cellular lease income 1,491,862 1,498,290 1,562,383 1,642,410 1,694,788 | Water transmission and distribution | 4,267,727 | 3,752,224 | 1,020,852 | 2,299,355 | 2,138,767 |
| General, administrative and other 12,788,639 13,130,167 16,481,929 10,652,698 11,236,876 Post retirement medical benefits (OPEB) 1 - - - 591,372 Depreciation 14,572,711 15,162,538 15,566,287 13,472,995 16,554,024 Total Operating Expenses 63,910,292 63,452,755 68,945,928 70,609,303 76,238,412 Operating Income (Loss) (25,769,905) (21,699,313) (18,294,470) (17,386,193) (23,030,901) Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Interest income 6,846,993 4,009,900 6,271,001 (533,131) 2,931,831 Property tax revenue & GOB assessments 27,407,480 27,250,759 27,221,147 28,528,175 29,083,747 Interest on long-term debt (6,766,600) (7,897,888) (7,608,336) (5,850,174) (6,781,711) Intergovernmental Revenue 54,212 20,530 5 6 6 76,23,832 1,642,410 1,694,478 76,21,478 76,21,478 76,22,360 1,361,984 | Customer service | 332,685 | 311,483 | 1,202,302 | 2,711,672 | 2,750,999 |
| Post retirement medical benefits (OPEB) 2 Depreciation 1 4,572,711 1 5,162,538 1 5,566,287 1 3,472,995 16,554,024 Total Operating Expenses Depreciation 63,910,292 63,452,755 68,945,928 70,609,303 76,238,412 Operating Income (Loss) (25,769,905) (21,699,313) (18,294,470) (17,386,193) 23,030,901 Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): 8,864,993 4,009,900 6,271,001 (533,131) 2,931,831 Property tax revenue & GOB assessments 27,407,480 27,250,759 27,221,147 28,528,175 29,083,747 Interest on long-term debt (6,6766,600) (7,897,888) (7,608,336) (5,850,174) (6,781,711) Intergovernmental Revenue 54,212 20,530 - - - - Cellular lease income 1,491,862 1,498,290 1,562,383 1,642,410 1,694,478 Other non-operating revenues (Expenses) 30,472,084 26,362,251 29,003,626 25,309,640 28,290,329 Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions 4,702,179 4,662,938 10,709,156 <th< td=""><td>Water efficiency</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>1,446,759</td><td>1,448,498</td></th<> | Water efficiency | - | - | - | 1,446,759 | 1,448,498 |
| Depreciation 14,572,711 15,162,538 15,566,287 13,472,995 16,554,024 Total Operating Expenses 63,910,292 63,452,755 68,945,928 70,609,303 76,238,412 Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Interest income 3 6,846,993 4,009,900 6,271,001 (533,131) 2,931,831 Property tax revenue & GOB assessments 27,407,480 27,250,759 27,221,147 28,528,175 29,083,747 Interest on long-term debt (6,766,600) (7,897,888) (7,608,336) (5,850,174) (6,781,711) Intergovernmental Revenue 54,212 20,530 - - - - Cellular lease income 1,491,862 1,498,290 1,562,383 1,642,410 1,694,478 Other non-operating revenues 1,438,137 1,480,660 1,557,431 1,522,360 1,361,984 Other non-operating Revenues (Expenses) 30,472,084 26,362,251 29,003,626 25,309,640 28,290,329 Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions 4,702,179 4,662,938 10,709,156 7,923,447 | General, administrative and other | 12,788,639 | 13,130,167 | 16,481,929 | 10,652,698 | 11,236,876 |
| Depreciation 14,572,711 15,162,538 15,566,287 13,472,995 16,554,024 Total Operating Expenses 63,910,292 63,452,755 68,945,928 70,609,303 76,238,412 Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Interest income 3 6,846,993 4,009,900 6,271,001 (533,131) 2,931,831 Property tax revenue & GOB assessments 27,407,480 27,250,759 27,221,147 28,528,175 29,083,747 Interest on long-term debt (6,766,600) (7,897,888) (7,608,336) (5,850,174) (6,781,711) Intergovernmental Revenue 54,212 20,530 - - - - Cellular lease income 1,491,862 1,498,290 1,562,383 1,642,410 1,694,478 Other non-operating revenues 1,438,137 1,480,660 1,557,431 1,522,360 1,361,984 Other non-operating Revenues (Expenses) 30,472,084 26,362,251 29,003,626 25,309,640 28,290,329 Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions 4,702,179 4,662,938 10,709,156 7,923,447 | Post retirement medical benefits (OPEB) ² | - | - | - | - | 591,372 |
| Operating Income (Loss) (25,769,905) (21,699,313) (18,294,470) (17,386,193) (23,030,901) Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Interest income 3 6,846,993 4,009,900 6,271,001 (533,131) 2,931,831 Property tax revenue & GOB assessments 27,407,480 27,250,759 27,221,147 28,528,175 29,083,747 Interest on long-term debt (6,766,600) (7,897,888) (7,608,336) (5,850,174) (6,781,711) Intergovernmental Revenue 54,212 20,530 - | | 14,572,711 | 15,162,538 | 15,566,287 | 13,472,995 | • |
| Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Interest income ³ 6,846,993 4,009,900 6,271,001 (533,131) 2,931,831 Property tax revenue & GOB assessments 27,407,480 27,250,759 27,221,147 28,528,175 29,083,747 Interest on long-term debt (6,766,600) (7,897,888) (7,608,336) (5,850,174) (6,781,711) Intergovernmental Revenue 54,212 20,530 - - - - - Cellular lease income 1,491,862 1,498,290 1,562,383 1,642,410 1,694,478 Other non-operating revenues 1,438,137 1,480,660 1,557,431 1,522,360 1,361,984 Other non-operating expenses - - - - - - - Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses) 30,472,084 26,362,251 29,003,626 25,309,640 28,290,329 Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions 4,702,179 4,662,938 10,709,156 7,923,447 5,259,428 Capital Contributions 2,069,786 94,332 70,000 <td>Total Operating Expenses</td> <td>63,910,292</td> <td>63,452,755</td> <td>68,945,928</td> <td>70,609,303</td> <td>76,238,412</td> | Total Operating Expenses | 63,910,292 | 63,452,755 | 68,945,928 | 70,609,303 | 76,238,412 |
| Interest income 3 6,846,993 4,009,900 6,271,001 (533,131) 2,931,831 Property tax revenue & GOB assessments 27,407,480 27,250,759 27,221,147 28,528,175 29,083,747 Interest on long-term debt (6,766,600) (7,897,888) (7,608,336) (5,850,174) (6,781,711) Intergovernmental Revenue 54,212 20,530 - | Operating Income (Loss) | (25,769,905) | (21,699,313) | (18,294,470) | (17,386,193) | (23,030,901) |
| Property tax revenue & GOB assessments 27,407,480 27,250,759 27,221,147 28,528,175 29,083,747 Interest on long-term debt (6,766,600) (7,897,888) (7,608,336) (5,850,174) (6,781,711) Intergovernmental Revenue 54,212 20,530 - - - - Cellular lease income 1,491,862 1,498,290 1,562,383 1,642,410 1,694,478 Other non-operating revenues 1,438,137 1,480,660 1,557,431 1,522,360 1,361,984 Other non-operating expenses - | Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): | | | | | |
| Interest on long-term debt (6,766,600) (7,897,888) (7,608,336) (5,850,174) (6,781,711) Intergovernmental Revenue 54,212 20,530 - - - - Cellular lease income 1,491,862 1,498,290 1,562,383 1,642,410 1,694,478 Other non-operating revenues 1,438,137 1,480,660 1,557,431 1,522,360 1,361,984 Other non-operating expenses - | Interest income ³ | 6,846,993 | 4,009,900 | 6,271,001 | (533,131) | 2,931,831 |
| Intergovernmental Revenue 54,212 20,530 - | Property tax revenue & GOB assessments | 27,407,480 | 27,250,759 | 27,221,147 | 28,528,175 | 29,083,747 |
| Intergovernmental Revenue 54,212 20,530 - | Interest on long-term debt | (6,766,600) | (7,897,888) | (7,608,336) | (5,850,174) | (6,781,711) |
| Other non-operating revenues 1,438,137 1,480,660 1,557,431 1,522,360 1,361,984 Other non-operating expenses - | Intergovernmental Revenue | 54,212 | 20,530 | - | - | - |
| Other non-operating expenses - | Cellular lease income | 1,491,862 | 1,498,290 | 1,562,383 | 1,642,410 | 1,694,478 |
| Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses) 30,472,084 26,362,251 29,003,626 25,309,640 28,290,329 Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions 4,702,179 4,662,938 10,709,156 7,923,447 5,259,428 Capital Contributions: Developer donated capital facilities 2,069,786 94,332 70,000 60,000 495,000 Connection fees 15,723 182,491 - 83,038 489,346 Other contributions - - - - - 35,000 Change in Net Position 6,787,688 4,939,761 10,779,156 8,066,485 6,278,774 Net Position - Beginning of Year 4 382,585,674 389,373,362 394,313,123 403,933,603 412,000,088 | Other non-operating revenues | 1,438,137 | 1,480,660 | 1,557,431 | 1,522,360 | 1,361,984 |
| Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions 4,702,179 4,662,938 10,709,156 7,923,447 5,259,428 Capital Contributions: Developer donated capital facilities 2,069,786 94,332 70,000 60,000 495,000 Connection fees 15,723 182,491 - 83,038 489,346 Other contributions - - - - - 35,000 Change in Net Position 6,787,688 4,939,761 10,779,156 8,066,485 6,278,774 Net Position - Beginning of Year 4 382,585,674 389,373,362 394,313,123 403,933,603 412,000,088 | Other non-operating expenses | - | - | - | - | - |
| Capital Contributions: Developer donated capital facilities 2,069,786 94,332 70,000 60,000 495,000 Connection fees 15,723 182,491 - 83,038 489,346 Other contributions - - - - - 35,000 Change in Net Position 6,787,688 4,939,761 10,779,156 8,066,485 6,278,774 Net Position - Beginning of Year 4 382,585,674 389,373,362 394,313,123 403,933,603 412,000,088 | Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses) | 30,472,084 | 26,362,251 | 29,003,626 | 25,309,640 | 28,290,329 |
| Developer donated capital facilities 2,069,786 94,332 70,000 60,000 495,000 Connection fees 15,723 182,491 - 83,038 489,346 Other contributions - - - - - - 35,000 Change in Net Position 6,787,688 4,939,761 10,779,156 8,066,485 6,278,774 Net Position - Beginning of Year 4 382,585,674 389,373,362 394,313,123 403,933,603 412,000,088 | Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions | 4,702,179 | 4,662,938 | 10,709,156 | 7,923,447 | 5,259,428 |
| Developer donated capital facilities 2,069,786 94,332 70,000 60,000 495,000 Connection fees 15,723 182,491 - 83,038 489,346 Other contributions - - - - - - 35,000 Change in Net Position 6,787,688 4,939,761 10,779,156 8,066,485 6,278,774 Net Position - Beginning of Year 4 382,585,674 389,373,362 394,313,123 403,933,603 412,000,088 | Capital Contributions: | | | | | |
| Connection fees Other contributions 15,723 182,491 - 83,038 489,346 Other contributions - - - - - - 35,000 Change in Net Position 6,787,688 4,939,761 10,779,156 8,066,485 6,278,774 Net Position - Beginning of Year 4 382,585,674 389,373,362 394,313,123 403,933,603 412,000,088 | • | 2.069.786 | 94.332 | 70.000 | 60.000 | 495.000 |
| Other contributions - - - - - 35,000 Change in Net Position 6,787,688 4,939,761 10,779,156 8,066,485 6,278,774 Net Position - Beginning of Year 4 382,585,674 389,373,362 394,313,123 403,933,603 412,000,088 | · | | • | - | , | • |
| Net Position - Beginning of Year 4 382,585,674 389,373,362 394,313,123 403,933,603 412,000,088 | Other contributions | - | - | - | - | |
| | Change in Net Position | 6,787,688 | 4,939,761 | 10,779,156 | 8,066,485 | 6,278,774 |
| Net Position - End of Year \$ 389,373,362 \$ 394,313,123 \$ 405,092,279 \$ 412,000,088 \$ 418,278,862 | Net Position - Beginning of Year 4 | 382,585,674 | 389,373,362 | 394,313,123 | 403,933,603 | 412,000,088 |
| | Net Position - End of Year | \$ 389,373,362 | \$ 394,313,123 | \$ 405,092,279 | \$ 412,000,088 | \$ 418,278,862 |

¹ Source of Supply includes: water purchases, meter purchases and utilities.

Source: Moulton Niguel Water District Audited Financial Statements.

² GASB 75 was implemented in FY 2018, and modified the presentation of the OPEB expense. OPEB expense is now recorded in General, administrative and other.

³ Interest income is combined with unrealized gain/loss on investments. For FY 2013, 2017, and 2018, the unrealized loss on investments exceeded investment income.

 $^{^{\}rm 4}$ Beginning Net Position was restated for FY 2013, 2015, and 2018.

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

| 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---|
| | | | | | Operating Revenue: |
| \$ 28,604,894 | \$ 29,812,128 | \$ 32,149,585 | \$ 32,317,988 | \$ 32,680,545 | Water charges |
| 4,880,742 | 4,850,326 | 5,030,973 | 5,597,493 | 5,161,153 | Recycled water charges |
| 16,182,197 | 18,963,978 | 20,156,723 | 22,623,626 | 25,463,110 | Sanitation charges |
| 329,755 | 415,565 | 417,705 | 468,673 | 644,182 | Other |
| 49,997,588 | 54,041,997 | 57,754,986 | 61,007,780 | 63,948,990 | Total Operating Revenue |
| | | | | | Operating Expenses: |
| 28,610,139 | 26,357,342 | 26,681,334 | 29,446,569 | 25,879,882 | Source of supply ¹ |
| 2,596,544 | 3,177,393 | 1,629,215 | 1,656,773 | 2,108,350 | Pumping water |
| 9,519,199 | 10,705,495 | 11,452,080 | 11,733,752 | 12,221,043 | Sewage treatment |
| 959,193 | 1,341,220 | 1,546,693 | 1,226,775 | 2,048,008 | Water transmission and distribution |
| 2,839,137 | 3,047,070 | 3,094,606 | 3,346,966 | 3,413,313 | Customer service |
| 3,472,838 | 6,749,664 | 4,037,455 | 3,448,360 | 4,333,171 | Water efficiency |
| 14,702,063 | 14,947,755 | 18,319,946 | 20,674,477 | 21,367,711 | General, administrative and other |
| 361,057 | 388,058 | 289,096 | - | - | Post retirement medical benefits (OPEB) |
| 16,708,439 | 17,123,278 | 17,811,064 | 19,374,985 | 19,743,524 | Depreciation |
| 79,768,609 | 83,837,275 | 84,861,489 | 90,908,657 | 91,115,002 | Total Operating Expenses |
| (29,771,021) | (29,795,278) | (27,106,503) | (29,900,877) | (27,166,012) | Operating Income (Loss) |
| | | | | | Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): |
| 2,624,306 | 4,139,084 | (438,180) | (8,721) | 6,067,463 | Interest income ² |
| 28,946,309 | 30,604,182 | 28,507,929 | 28,848,018 | 30,330,582 | Property tax revenue & GOB assessments |
| (6,160,882) | (4,910,737) | (4,629,947) | (4,517,784) | (4,078,474) | Interest on long-term debt |
| 6,401,510 | 3,382,555 | 1,670,403 | 1,335,648 | 1,342,824 | Intergovernmental Revenue |
| 1,731,352 | 1,623,544 | 1,772,941 | 1,897,765 | 1,769,978 | Cellular lease income |
| 3,661,818 | (9,718) | 126,847 | 252,021 | 78,189 | Other non-operating revenues |
| - | - | (85,430) | (84,765) | (2,943,447) | Other non-operating expenses |
| 37,204,413 | 34,828,910 | 26,924,563 | 27,722,182 | 32,567,115 | Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses) |
| 7,433,392 | 5,033,632 | (181,940) | (2,178,695) | 5,401,103 | Income (Loss) before Capital Contributions |
| | | | | | Capital Contributions: |
| 294,000 | - | 109,100 | 822,585 | 2,191,253 | Developer donated capital facilities |
| 551,179 | 1,046,335 | 331,393 | 649,528 | 200,375 | Connection fees |
| = | 314,510 | 662,832 | 291,790 | 802,832 | Other contributions |
| 8,278,571 | 6,394,477 | 921,385 | (414,792) | 8,595,563 | Change in Net Position |
| 399,482,876 | 407,761,447 | 414,155,924 | 413,456,609 | 413,041,817 | Net Position - Beginning of Year ³ |
| \$ 407,761,447 | \$ 414,155,924 | \$ 415,077,309 | \$ 413,041,817 | \$ 421,637,380 | _ Net Position - End of Year |

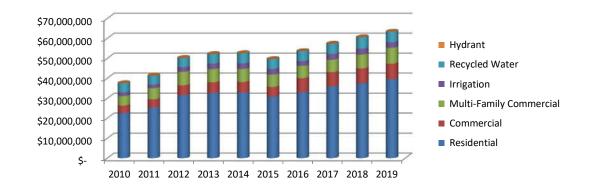
Water Sold and Wastewater Services Provided by Type of Customer Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Water & Wastewater Services | | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 |
|--|-----|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Residential | \$ | 22,541,546 | \$ 25,283,507 | \$ 31,624,818 | \$ 32,670,666 | \$ 32,924,779 |
| Commercial | | 3,832,129 | 4,301,909 | 4,919,168 | 5,380,650 | 5,291,358 |
| Multi-Family Commercial | | 4,791,190 | 5,512,126 | 6,710,800 | 6,576,362 | 6,468,560 |
| Irrigation ¹ | | 1,934,477 | 1,846,244 | 2,383,616 | 2,903,695 | 2,910,423 |
| Recycled Water ¹ | | 4,446,515 | 4,340,197 | 4,530,175 | 4,612,874 | 5,005,391 |
| Hydrant ¹ | | 21,920 | 25,112 | 53,818 | 42,991 | 44,129 |
| Total Water & | | - | | | | - |
| | | | | | | |
| Wastewater Services | \$ | 37,567,777 | \$ 41,309,095 | \$ 50,222,395 | \$ 52,187,238 | \$ 52,644,640 |
| Wastewater Services | \$ | 37,567,777 | \$ 41,309,095 | \$ 50,222,395 | \$ 52,187,238 | \$ 52,644,640 |
| Wastewater Services Metered Accounts | \$ | 37,567,777 2010 | \$ 41,309,095 <u>2011</u> | \$ 50,222,395 2012 | \$ 52,187,238 2013 | \$ 52,644,640 2014 |
| | \$ | <u>ii</u> | \$ <u> </u> | \$ · · · | \$ <u> </u> | \$ <u> </u> |
| Metered Accounts | \$ | 2010 | \$ 2011 | \$ 2012 | \$ 2013 | \$ 2014 |
| Metered Accounts Residential | \$_ | 2010 46,649 | \$ 2011 46,840 | \$ 2012 46,996 | \$ 2013 47,197 | \$ 2014 47,305 |
| Metered Accounts Residential Commercial | \$ | 2010 46,649 4,824 | \$ 2011 46,840 4,839 | \$ 2012 46,996 4,841 | \$ 2013 47,197 4,901 | \$ 2014 47,305 4,898 |
| Metered Accounts Residential Commercial Irrigation | \$ | 2010 46,649 4,824 1,395 | \$ 2011 46,840 4,839 1,387 | \$ 2012 46,996 4,841 1,395 | \$ 2013 47,197 4,901 1,369 | \$ 2014 47,305 4,898 1,367 |

¹ Irrigation, Hydrant, and Recycled Water sales do not include charges for wastewater services.

Water Sold and Wastewater Services Provided by Type of Customer Last Ten Fiscal Years

| <u>2015</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u> 2019</u> | Water & Wastewater Services |
|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| \$ 30,767,071 | \$ 33,081,103 | \$ 35,988,870 | \$ 37,563,077 | \$ 39,540,260 | Residential |
| 4,983,870 | 7,029,909 | 7,176,604 | 7,421,598 | 7,903,411 | Commercial |
| 6,154,836 | 6,126,794 | 6,241,262 | 6,981,747 | 7,864,301 | Multi-Family Commercial |
| 2,842,933 | 2,516,562 | 2,887,963 | 2,957,065 | 2,818,794 | Irrigation ¹ |
| 4,880,742 | 4,850,326 | 5,030,973 | 5,597,493 | 5,161,153 | Recycled Water ¹ |
| 38,381 | 21,738 | 11,609 | 18,128 | 16,889 | Hydrant ¹ |
| | | | | | Total Water & |
| \$ 49,667,833 | \$ 53,626,432 | \$ 57,337,281 | \$ 60,539,108 | \$ 63,304,808 | Wastewater Services |
| | | | | | • |
| <u>2015</u> | 2016 | 2047 | | | |
| | 2010 | <u>2017</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u> 2019</u> | Metered Accounts |
| 47,586 | 47,535 | <u>2017</u> 47,333 | <u>2018</u> 47,333 | 2019 47,332 | Metered Accounts Residential |
| 47,586 4,804 | | · | | | |
| , | 47,535 | 47,333 | 47,333 | 47,332 | Residential |
| 4,804 | 47,535 4,738 | 47,333 5,006 | 47,333 5,032 | 47,332 5,060 | Residential Commercial |
| 4,804 1,338 | 47,535 4,738 1,286 | 47,333 5,006 1,313 | 47,333 5,032 1,294 | 47,332 5,060 1,291 | Residential Commercial Irrigation |



Annual Domestic Consumption in Acre Feet (AF) Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | Usage (AF) | Purchase Price ¹ | erage per AF | Metered Accounts | Average AF per Metered Account | Cos Me | erage et per tered count |
|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|
| 2010 | 29,491 | \$ 20,131,901 | \$ 683 | 54,144 | 0.54 | \$ | 369 |
| 2011 | 27,360 | 19,908,518 | 728 | 54,362 | 0.50 | | 364 |
| 2012 | 28,047 | 21,625,497 | 771 | 54,533 | 0.51 | | 393 |
| 2013 | 28,920 | 24,434,327 | 845 | 54,792 | 0.53 | | 448 |
| 2014 | 29,516 | 25,689,087 | 870 | 54,899 | 0.54 | | 470 |
| 2015 | 27,285 | 24,257,752 | 889 | 55,019 | 0.50 | | 445 |
| 2016 | 28,762 | 21,829,003 | 759 | 54,849 | 0.52 | | 395 |
| 2017 | 22,916 | 20,933,121 | 913 | 55,030 | 0.42 | | 383 |
| 2018 | 26,797 | 24,041,011 | 897 | 55,067 | 0.49 | | 440 |
| 2019 | 23,676 | 22,557,276 | 953 | 55,108 | 0.43 | | 410 |

¹ Purchase price does not include any charges for services.

Water Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | Residential & Multi-Family Potable Water Rate by Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|--|----|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|----|------|---------|---------|----|------|--|--|--|--|
| Consumption Tiers | 2010 (Note 1) | | 2011 (Note 1) | 2012-2014 (Note 2) | 2015 (Note 3) | | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | | 2019 | | | | |
| Tier 1 | \$ 1. | 00 | \$ 1.16 | \$ 1.38 | \$ 1.41 | \$ | 1.49 | \$ 1.56 | \$ 1.69 | \$ | 1.82 | | | | |
| Tier 2 | 1. | 12 | 1.30 | 1.54 | 1.61 | | 1.70 | 1.78 | 1.94 | | 2.10 | | | | |
| Tier 3 | 1. | 35 | 1.57 | 2.75 | 2.49 | | 2.62 | 2.73 | 3.32 | | 3.41 | | | | |
| Tier 4 | 1. | 58 | 1.84 | 5.51 | 4.25 | | 4.38 | 4.49 | 5.12 | | 5.21 | | | | |
| Tier 5 | 1. | 70 | 1.97 | 11.02 | 9.04 | | 9.17 | 9.28 | 9.59 | | 9.68 | | | | |

| | Commercial & Irrigation Potable Water Rate by Fiscal Year ⁴ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|-----------|---------|-------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Consumption Tiers | 2010 | 2010 2011 | | 2012-2014 2015 (Note 3) (Note 3) | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | | | | | | | |
| Former Irr. Uniform Rate | \$ 1.70 | \$ 1.97 | \$ 2.29 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | | | | | | | |
| Former Comm. Tier 1 | 1.00 | 1.16 | 1.38 | 1.38 | | - | - | - | | | | | | | |
| Tier 1 | 1.12 | 1.30 | 1.54 | 1.61 | 1.70 | 1.78 | 1.94 | 2.10 | | | | | | | |
| Tier 2 | 1.35 | 1.57 | 2.75 | 2.49 | 2.62 | 2.73 | 3.32 | 3.41 | | | | | | | |
| Tier 3 | 1.58 1.84 | | 5.51 | 4.25 | 4.38 | 4.49 | 5.12 | 5.21 | | | | | | | |
| Tier 4 | 1.70 1.97 | | 11.02 | 9.04 | 9.17 | 9.28 | 9.59 | 9.68 | | | | | | | |

¹ Prior to 2011, water usage was billed according to an inclining tier based rate structure. The first 10 BU were considered Tier 1 usage, while 11-20 B.U., 21-30 B.U., and 31-50 B.U. were considered Tiers 2, 3, and 4, respectively. Any usage above 50 B.U. was considered Tier 5.

³ A revised Water Budget Based Rate Structure was implemented April 2015. Indoor allowance was lowered to 60 R-GPCD and the Outdoor Allowance was lowered to reflect a plant factor of 0.7.

| | | | | | Mont | hly Basic Serv | ice Charge fo | r Potable Wat | er" | | | | | | |
|------------|---------|--------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------------|------------|------------|--------------------|--|--|
| Meter Size | U | niform Charg | e | | | 2015 | | | 2016 | | | | | | |
| | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 - 2014 | Residential | Multi family | Commercial | Irrigation | Fire Protection | Residential | Multi family | Commercial | Irrigation | Fire Protection | | |
| 5/8" | \$ 7.67 | \$ 8.91 | \$ 10.36 | \$ 10.79 | \$ 6.64 | \$ 5.93 | \$ 16.88 | \$ 3.58 | \$ 11.39 | \$ 7.01 | \$ 6.26 | \$ 17.83 | \$ 3.78 | | |
| 3/4" | 7.67 | 8.91 | 10.36 | 10.79 | 6.64 | 5.93 | 16.88 | 3.58 | 11.39 | 7.01 | 6.26 | 17.83 | 3.78 | | |
| 1" | 7.67 | 8.91 | 10.36 | 10.79 | 6.64 | 5.93 | 16.88 | 3.58 | 11.39 | 7.01 | 6.26 | 17.83 | 3.78 | | |
| 1.5" | 13.48 | 15.66 | 34.53 | 35.97 | 22.13 | 19.77 | 56.27 | 11.94 | 37.98 | 23.37 | 20.88 | 59.42 | 12.61 | | |
| 2" | 22.78 | 26.46 | 55.25 | 57.55 | 35.41 | 31.63 | 90.03 | 19.11 | 60.77 | 37.39 | 33.40 | 95.07 | 20.18 | | |
| 3" | 30.91 | 35.92 | 120.87 | 125.89 | 77.47 | 69.19 | 196.94 | 41.80 | 132.94 | 81.81 | 73.06 | 207.97 | 44.14 | | |
| 4" | 42.53 | 49.42 | 207.20 | 215.80 | 132.80 | 118.60 | 337.60 | 71.65 | 227.88 | 140.24 | 125.24 | 356.51 | 75.66 | | |
| 6" | 65.77 | 76.42 | 431.67 | 449.94 | 276.89 | 247.28 | 703.90 | 149.27 | 475.14 | 292.40 | 261.13 | 743.32 | 157.63 | | |
| 8" | 89.01 | 103.43 | 621.60 | 647.40 | 398.40 | 355.80 | 1,012.80 | 214.95 | 683.65 | 420.71 | 375.72 | 1,069.52 | 226.99 | | |
| 10 | 65.77 | 76.42 | 431.67 | 1,043.39 | 642.09 | 573.43 | 1,632.30 | 346.31 | 1,101.82 | 678.05 | 605.54 | 1,723.71 | 365.70 | | |

| Nanta | Ci | | | | | | Mon | thly Basic Ser | vice Charge fo | r Potable Wa | ıter⁴ | | | | | |
|--------|---------|-------------|-----------------|------------|------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|--------------------|-------------|--------------|------------|------------|--------------------|
| iviete | er Size | | | 2017 | | | | | 2018 | | | | | 2019 | | |
| | | Residential | Multi family | Commercial | Irrigation | Fire Protection | Residential | Multi family | Commercial | Irrigation | Fire Protection | Residential | Multi family | Commercial | Irrigation | Fire Protection |
| 5/ | /8" | \$ 11.91 | \$ 7.33 | \$ 6.55 | \$ 18.65 | \$ 3.95 | \$ 11.22 | \$ 10.78 | \$ 5.54 | \$ 18.06 | \$ 4.29 | \$ 10.71 | \$ 10.59 | \$ 4.91 | \$ 17.24 | \$ 4.42 |
| 3/ | /4" | 11.91 | 7.33 | 6.55 | 18.65 | 3.95 | 11.22 | 10.78 | 5.54 | 18.06 | 4.29 | 10.71 | 10.59 | 4.91 | 17.24 | 4.42 |
| 1 | 1" | 11.91 | 7.33 | 6.55 | 18.65 | 3.95 | 11.22 | 10.78 | 5.54 | 18.06 | 4.29 | 10.71 | 10.59 | 4.91 | 17.24 | 4.42 |
| 1. | .5" | 39.73 | 24.45 | 21.84 | 62.15 | 13.19 | 37.41 | 25.20 | 18.46 | 60.21 | 14.31 | 35.69 | 24.22 | 16.35 | 57.45 | 14.74 |
| 2 | 2" | 63.57 | 39.11 | 34.94 | 99.44 | 21.11 | 59.85 | 37.56 | 29.54 | 96.34 | 22.90 | 57.11 | 35.91 | 26.16 | 91.93 | 23.59 |
| 2. | .5" | - | - | - | | 33.64 | - | - | - | | 36.50 | - | - | - | - | 37.60 |
| 3 | 3" | 139.06 | 85.57 | 76.42 | 217.54 | 46.17 | 130.94 | 76.70 | 64.61 | 210.76 | 50.10 | 124.95 | 72.93 | 57.23 | 201.11 | 51.60 |
| 4 | 4" | 238.36 | 146.69 | 131.00 | 372.91 | 79.14 | 224.46 | 128.19 | 110.76 | 361.29 | 85.88 | 214.19 | 121.63 | 98.10 | 344.75 | 88.46 |
| 6 | 5" | 497.00 | 305.85 | 273.14 | 777.51 | 164.88 | 467.62 | 262.09 | 230.76 | 752.68 | 178.92 | 446.23 | 248.27 | 204.38 | 718.24 | 184.29 |
| 8 | 3" | 715.10 | 440.06 | 393.00 | 1,118.72 | 237.43 | 673.37 | 375.38 | 332.29 | 1,083.86 | 257.65 | 642.56 | 355.42 | 294.31 | 1,034.25 | 265.38 |
| 1 | LO | 1,152.50 | 709.24 | 633.39 | 1,803.00 | 382.52 | 1,084.87 | 601.96 | 535.36 | 1,746.22 | 415.10 | 1,035.24 | 569.72 | 474.17 | 1,666.30 | 427.55 |

⁴ Prior to the April 2015 rate change all potable water meters were charged the same meter size based charge. Monthly service charges are now determined by both customer class and meter size.

Note: 1 Billing Unit (B.U.) is = 100 Cubic Feet = 748 gallons.

² A Water Budget Based Rate Structure was implemented July 2011. Tiers 1 and 2 of budgets are based on the number of persons in the household; amount of irrigated acreage; evapotranspiration rate; and the number of days in the billing cycle. Tiers 3, 4 and 5 apply to usage that exceeds budget.

Principal Water Customers Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

Fiscal Year 2019

| | | | | Percentage of |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|-----------|--------------------|
| | | Total Water | | Total Water |
| <u>Customer</u> | Type of Property | | Sales 1 | <u>Sales</u> |
| Soka University Of America | Private University | \$ | 155,328 | 0.48% |
| City of Laguna Niguel | Parks, Slopes, Medians | | 154,706 | 0.47% |
| Moritz Associates LLC | Multi Family Residential | | 138,728 | 0.42% |
| Mission Hospital Reg Med Ctr | Medical Facility | | 128,221 | 0.39% |
| Hidden Hills Apts | Multi Family Residential | | 118,949 | 0.36% |
| Heather Ridge Condo Assn | Multi Family Residential | | 118,760 | 0.36% |
| Fpa-Reit Holdings LLC | Multi Family Residential | | 114,799 | 0.35% |
| Barcelona LLC | Multi Family Residential | | 114,578 | 0.35% |
| Bre Properties | Multi Family Residential | | 110,870 | 0.34% |
| Laguna Sur Villa | Multi Family Residential | | 109,985 | <u>0.34%</u> |
| | | \$ | 1,264,924 | 3.86% |

Total Water Sales for FY 2018-19 \$

32,680,545

Fiscal Year 2010

| | | | | Percentage of |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|----|-----------|--------------------|
| | | To | tal Water | Total Water |
| <u>Customer</u> | <u>Type of Property</u> | | Sales 1 | Sales |
| Mission Hospital Reg Med Ctr | Medical Facility | \$ | 73,521 | 0.36% |
| Soka University of America | Private University | | 64,381 | 0.31% |
| The Shops at Mission Viejo | Retail Center | | 49,444 | 0.24% |
| Saddleback Community College | Public University | | 42,127 | 0.20% |
| Mission Imports | Retail Center | | 35,967 | 0.17% |
| Shea Properties/City Lights | Multi Family Residential | | 26,492 | 0.13% |
| Renaissance Hotel Operating Co. | Retail Business | | 19,953 | 0.10% |
| K&M Royal Group LLC | Retail Center | | 17,838 | 0.09% |
| Shapell Industries, Inc. | Retail Center | | 17,110 | 0.08% |
| Saddleback Business Park | Commercial Offices | | 15,347 | <u>0.07%</u> |
| | | \$ | 362,180 | 1.75% |

Total Water Sales for FY 2009-10 \$

20,578,666

¹Total water sales includes only potable water sales.

Wastewater Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | RESIDENTIAL WASTEWATER RATES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|---|----------|----|-------|--|----|-------|----------|-------------|-------------|
| | | 2010 | | 2011 | | 2011 | | 2013 | | 2014 | | 2015 | | | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
| Basic Service Charges | \$ | 8.25 | \$ | 9.59 | \$ | 11.14 | \$ | 11.14 | , | \$ 11.14 | \$ | 22.68 | | \$ | 24.83 | \$ 26.22 | \$ 14.36 | \$ 15.15 |
| Per Person Charge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | \$ 4.31 | \$ 4.55 |
| Volumetric Charge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1-25 B.U. | | 0.65 | | 0.76 | | 0.88 | | 0.88 | | 0.88 | | - | | | - | - | - | |
| 26+ B.U. | | · | | | | | | | | | | | | | | · | | |
| Maximum per month | | 24.50 | | 28.59 | | 33.14 | | 33.14 | | 33.14 | | - | | | - | - | - | |

| COMMERCIAL AND MULTI-FAMILY WASTEWATER RATES | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|-------|--|----------|--|----|-------|--|----------|--|-------------|
| | | 2010 | | 2011 | | 2 | 012 | | 2013 | | 2014 |
| Basic Service Charge | \$ | 16.50 | | \$ 19.18 | | \$ | 22.28 | | \$ 22.28 | | \$ 22.28 |
| Volumetric Charge - All | | | | | | | | | | | |
| B.U.'s | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Class 1 | | 0.65 | | 0.76 | | | 0.88 | | 0.88 | | 0.88 |
| Class 2 | | 0.88 | | 1.03 | | | 1.19 | | 1.19 | | 1.19 |
| Class 3 | | 1.12 | | 1.30 | | | 1.51 | | 1.51 | | 1.51 |
| Class 4 | | 1.35 | | 1.57 | | | 1.82 | | 1.82 | | 1.82 |

| | COMMERCIAL AND MULTI-FAMILY WASTEWATER RATES | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--|----------|----------|--|----------|--------|----|----------|
| | | | | 2015 | | | | | | | 2016 | | | |
| | | MFR | Comm 1 | Comm 2 | Comm 3 | Comm 4 | | MFR | Comm 1 | | Comm 2 | Comm | 3 | Comm 4 |
| Basic Service Charge | | \$ 22.28 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | | \$ 22.28 | \$ - | | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ - |
| Meter Size | | | | | | | | | | | | | ı | |
| 5/8" | | 24.72 | 17.87 | 38.07 | 78.32 | 84.49 | | 27.07 | 19.56 | | 41.69 | 85.1 | 76 | 92.52 |
| 3/4" | | 24.72 | 17.87 | 38.07 | 78.32 | 84.49 | | 27.07 | 19.56 | | 41.69 | 85. | 76 | 92.52 |
| 1" | | 24.72 | 17.87 | 38.07 | 78.32 | 84.49 | | 27.07 | 19.56 | | 41.69 | 85.7 | 76 | 92.52 |
| 1.5" | | 75.90 | 53.05 | 120.39 | 254.54 | 275.11 | | 83.11 | 58.09 | | 131.83 | 278. | 72 | 301.25 |
| 2" | | 119.77 | 83.22 | 190.96 | 405.60 | 438.53 | | 131.15 | 91.12 | | 209.10 | 444.: | L4 | 480.19 |
| 2.5" | | 119.77 | 83.22 | 190.96 | 405.60 | 438.53 | | 131.15 | 91.12 | | 209.10 | 444.: | L4 | 480.19 |
| 3" | | 258.72 | 178.75 | 414.46 | 884.04 | 956.06 | | 283.30 | 195.73 | | 453.84 | 968.0 |)2 | 1,046.88 |
| 4" | | 441.52 | 304.43 | 708.50 | 1,513.46 | 1,636.92 | | 483.47 | 333.35 | | 775.81 | 1,657. | 24 | 1,792.43 |
| 6" | | 916.83 | 631.22 | 1,473.04 | 3,150.05 | 3,407.27 | | 1,003.93 | 691.18 | | 1,612.98 | 3,449 | 31 | 3,730.96 |
| 8" | | 1,319.01 | 907.72 | 2,119.93 | 4,534.81 | 4,905.21 | | 1,444.31 | 993.95 | | 2,321.33 | 4,965. | 52 | 5,371.20 |
| 10" | | 2,123.37 | 1,460.74 | 3,413.76 | 7,304.41 | 7,901.16 | | 2,325.09 | 1,599.51 | | 3,738.07 | 7,998. | 33 | 8,651.77 |

| | | | 2017 | | 2018 | | | | | | | | |
|------------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|--|--|--|
| Meter Size | MFR | Comm 1 | Comm 2 | Comm 3 | Comm 4 | MFR | Comm 1 | Comm 2 | Comm 3 | Comm 4 | | | |
| 5/8" | 20.66 | 122.31 | 44.02 | 90.56 | 97.70 | 16.94 | 20.84 | 49.92 | 107.85 | 117.98 | | | |
| 3/4" | 20.66 | 122.31 | 44.02 | 90.56 | 97.70 | 16.94 | 20.84 | 49.92 | 107.85 | 117.98 | | | |
| 1" | 20.66 | 122.31 | 44.02 | 90.56 | 97.70 | 16.94 | 20.84 | 49.92 | 107.85 | 117.98 | | | |
| 1.5" | 61.35 | 400.52 | 139.21 | 294.33 | 318.12 | 51.38 | 64.39 | 161.31 | 354.40 | 388.15 | | | |
| 2" | 96.23 | 639.03 | 220.81 | 469.01 | 507.08 | 80.91 | 101.73 | 256.81 | 565.75 | 619.76 | | | |
| 2.5" | - | 639.03 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | |
| 3" | 206.69 | 1,394.36 | 479.25 | 1,022.23 | 1,105.51 | 174.42 | 219.98 | 559.23 | 1,235.12 | 1,353.26 | | | |
| 4" | 352.02 | 2,388.09 | 819.25 | 1,750.04 | 1,892.81 | 297.44 | 375.55 | 957.11 | 2,115.74 | 2,318.26 | | | |
| 6" | 729.89 | 4,971.94 | 1,703.30 | 3,642.47 | 3,939.89 | 617.32 | 780.05 | 1,991.64 | 4,405.47 | 4,827.39 | | | |
| 8" | 1,049.61 | 7,158.19 | 2,451.32 | 5,243.70 | 5,671.99 | 887.98 | 1,122.30 | 2,866.98 | 6,342.87 | 6,950.43 | | | |
| 10" | 1,689.08 | 11,530.82 | 3,947.40 | 8,446.24 | 9,136.27 | 1,429.31 | 1,806.83 | 4,617.72 | 10,217.77 | 11,196.63 | | | |

| | 2019 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|------|----------|--|----------|--|----------|--|-----------|--|-----------|--|--|--|
| Meter Size | | MFR | | Comm 1 | | Comm 2 | | Comm 3 | | Comm 4 | | | |
| 5/8" | | 17.87 | | 21.99 | | 52.66 | | 113.78 | | 124.46 | | | |
| 3/4" | | 17.87 | | 21.99 | | 52.66 | | 113.78 | | 124.46 | | | |
| 1" | | 17.87 | | 21.99 | | 52.66 | | 113.78 | | 124.46 | | | |
| 1.5" | | 54.20 | | 67.94 | | 170.18 | | 373.89 | | 409.50 | | | |
| 2" | | 85.35 | | 107.33 | | 270.93 | | 596.87 | | 653.84 | | | |
| 3" | | 184.01 | | 232.08 | | 589.99 | | 1,303.05 | | 1,427.69 | | | |
| 4" | | 313.80 | | 396.20 | | 1,009.75 | | 2,232.10 | | 2,445.76 | | | |
| 6" | | 651.27 | | 822.95 | | 2,101.18 | | 4,647.77 | | 5,092.90 | | | |
| 8" | | 936.82 | | 1,184.03 | | 3,024.67 | | 6,691.73 | | 7,332.71 | | | |
| 10" | | 1,507.92 | | 1,906.21 | | 4,871.69 | | 10,779.75 | | 11,812.45 | | | |

Wastewater Classes:

- $Class\ 1: Typical\ users\ include\ residential,\ banks,\ car\ washes,\ churches,\ department\ and\ retail\ stores,\ laundromats,\ professional\ offices,\ schools\ and\ colleges.$
- Class 2: Typical users includes beauty and barber shops, hospitals and convalescent facilities, commercial laundry, repair shops, service stations and veterinary hospitals.
- Class 3: Typical users include hotels with dining facilities, markets with garbage disposals, mortuaries and fast-food restaurants
- Class 4: Typical users include restaurants, auto steam cleaning facilities and bakeries. Classifications are subject to change upon inspection by the District in order to comply with the intent of MNWD's rules and regulations and regulatory mandates.

Per Person Wastewater Charge applies to Residential and Multi-Family Residential Customers

Principal Wastewater Services Customers Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

Fiscal Year 2019

| | | Tota | al Charges for | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | V | Vastewater | Percentage of Total |
| <u>Customer</u> | Type of Property | | <u>Services</u> | Wastewater Charges |
| Moritz Associates LLC | Multi-family Residential | \$ | 240,914 | 0.95% |
| Barcelona LLC | Multi-family Residential | | 175,878 | 0.69% |
| Heather Ridge Condo Assn | Multi-family Residential | | 127,974 | 0.50% |
| Laguna Gardens Apartments | Multi-family Residential | | 123,077 | 0.48% |
| Aliso Creek - Sares | Multi-family Residential | | 118,036 | 0.46% |
| Shea Properties/City Lights | Multi Family Residential | | 112,511 | 0.44% |
| ERP Operating LP LN | Multi Family Residential | | 111,000 | 0.44% |
| Bre Properties | Multi Family Residential | | 110,789 | 0.44% |
| Aliso Meadows Condo Assoc | Multi Family Residential | | 101,244 | 0.40% |
| Alize at Aliso Viejo | Multi Family Residential | | 98,670 | 0.39% |
| | | \$ | 1,320,093 | 5.19% |

Total Wastewater Services for FY 2018-19 \$

25,463,110

Fiscal Year 2010

| | | Tot | al Charges for | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----|-----------------|---------------------|
| | | ٧ | Vastewater | Percentage of Total |
| <u>Customer</u> | Type of Property | | <u>Services</u> | Wastewater Charges |
| Soka University of America | Private University | \$ | 53,299 | 0.42% |
| The Shops at Mission Viejo | Shopping Mall | | 38,324 | 0.31% |
| Mission Hospital Regional Med Center | Hospital and Medical | | 37,208 | 0.30% |
| Saddleback Business Park | Commercial Offices | | 24,573 | 0.20% |
| Shea Properties/City Lights | Multi Family Residential | | 16,056 | 0.13% |
| Saddleback Community College | Public College | | 15,570 | 0.12% |
| Mission Imports | Retail Center | | 14,051 | 0.11% |
| K&M Royal Group LLC | Retail Center | | 13,501 | 0.11% |
| Renaissance Hotel Operating Co. | Retail Business | | 13,090 | 0.10% |
| Shapell Industries, Inc. | Retail Center | | 11,901 | <u>0.09%</u> |
| | | \$ | 237,573 | 1.89% |

Total Wastewater Services for FY 2009-10 \$

12,542,595

Recycled Water Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | Recycled Water Rates by Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Consumption Tiers (Note 1) | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 (Note 2) | 2013 (Note 2) | 2014 (Note 2) | 2015 (Notes 2&3) | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
| All B.U.'s | \$ 1.36 | \$ 1.58 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| 1 - 50 B.U. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 51+ B.U. | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tier 1 | - | - | 1.23 | 1.23 | 1.23 | 1.17 | 1.24 | 1.29 | 1.39 | 1.47 |
| Tier 2 | - | - | 1.23 | 1.23 | 1.23 | 1.66 | 1.74 | 1.81 | 2.51 | 2.69 |
| Tier 3 | - | - | 2.20 | 2.20 | 2.20 | 3.42 | 3.50 | 3.57 | 4.31 | 4.49 |
| Tier 4 | - | - | 4.41 | 4.41 | 4.41 | 8.21 | 8.29 | 8.36 | 8.78 | 8.96 |
| Tier 5 | - | - | 8.81 | 8.81 | 8.81 | - | - | - | - | - |

| | Recycled Water Basic Service Charge | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|-------------------------------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--|
| Meter Size | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | |
| 5/8" | \$ 7.67 | \$ 8.91 | \$ 10.36 | \$ 10.36 | \$ 10.36 | \$ 16.88 | \$ 17.83 | \$ 18.65 | \$ 18.06 | \$ 17.24 | |
| 3/4" | 7.67 | 8.91 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 16.88 | 17.83 | 18.65 | 18.06 | 17.24 | |
| 1" | 7.67 | 8.91 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 10.36 | 16.88 | 17.83 | 18.65 | 18.06 | 17.24 | |
| 1.5" | 13.48 | 15.66 | 34.53 | 34.53 | 34.53 | 56.27 | 59.42 | 62.15 | 60.21 | 57.45 | |
| 2" | 22.78 | 26.47 | 55.25 | 55.25 | 55.25 | 90.03 | 95.07 | 99.44 | 96.34 | 91.93 | |
| 3" | 30.91 | 35.92 | 120.87 | 120.87 | 120.87 | 196.94 | 207.97 | 217.54 | 210.76 | 201.11 | |
| 4" | 42.53 | 49.42 | 207.20 | 207.20 | 207.20 | 337.60 | 356.51 | 372.91 | 361.29 | 344.75 | |
| 6" | 65.77 | 76.42 | 431.37 | 431.37 | 431.37 | 703.90 | 743.32 | 777.51 | 752.68 | 718.24 | |
| 8" | 89.01 | 103.43 | 621.60 | 621.60 | 621.60 | 1,012.80 | 1,069.52 | 1,118.72 | 1,083.86 | 1,034.25 | |
| 10" | 112.25 | 130.43 | 1,001.47 | 1,001.47 | 1,001.47 | 1,632.30 | 1,723.71 | 1,803.00 | 1,746.22 | 1,666.30 | |

Billing Unit (B.U.) is = 100 Cubic Feet = 748 gallons
 A Water Budget Based Rate Structure was implemented July 2011. Tiers 1 and 2 apply to usage within budget, while Tiers 3, 4 and 5 apply to usage in excess of budget.
 A revised Water Budget Based Rate Structure was implemented April 2015. Outdoor Allowance was lowered to reflect a plant factor of 0.7.

Principal Recycled Water Customers Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

Fiscal Year 2019

| | | To | tal Recycled | Percentage of |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| <u>Customer</u> | Type of Property | <u>V</u> | Vater Sales | Total Sales |
| Aliso Viejo Comm Assn | Parks, Slopes, Medians | \$ | 611,579 | 11.85% |
| City of Laguna Niguel | Parks, Slopes, Medians | | 374,201 | 7.25% |
| City of Mission Viejo | Parks, Slopes, Medians | | 230,758 | 4.47% |
| Mission Viejo Country Club | Golf Course | | 180,498 | 3.50% |
| Marina Hills Pca | Parks, Slopes, Medians | | 162,314 | 3.14% |
| Aliso Viejo Country Club | Golf Course | | 159,674 | 3.09% |
| El Niguel Country Club | Golf Course | | 156,956 | 3.04% |
| City of Laguna Hills | Parks, Slopes, Medians | | 154,223 | 2.99% |
| Arroyo Trabuco Golf Club | Golf Course | | 133,798 | 2.59% |
| City of San Juan Capistrano | Parks, Slopes, Medians | 106,043 | | 2.05% |
| | | \$ 2,270,044 | | 43.97% |

Total Recycled Water Sales for Fiscal Year 2018-19 \$ 5,161,153

Fiscal Year 2010

| | | Tot | tal Recycled | Percentage of |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------|---------------|
| <u>Customer</u> | Type of Property | <u>W</u> | /ater Sales | Total Sales |
| Aliso Viejo Community Association | Parks, Slopes, Medians | \$ | 652,783 | 14.68% |
| Mission Viejo Country Club | Golf Course | | 201,868 | 4.54% |
| Aliso Viejo Country Club | Golf Course | | 193,610 | 4.35% |
| El Niguel Country Club | Golf Course | | 169,381 | 3.81% |
| City of Laguna Niguel | Parks, Slopes, Medians | | 187,950 | 4.23% |
| City of Laguna Hills | Parks, Slopes, Medians | | 151,355 | 3.40% |
| Marina Hills PCA | Parks, Slopes, Medians | | 154,764 | 3.48% |
| City of Mission Viejo | Parks, Slopes, Medians | | 117,617 | 2.65% |
| Saddleback Community College | Public College | | 101,850 | 2.29% |
| Soka University of America | Private University | | 100,669 | 2.26% |
| | | \$ | 2.031.847 | 45.69% |

Total Recycled Water Sales for Fiscal Year 2009-10 \$ 4,446,515

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | | | Total Collections | s to Date | | | |
|-------------|----------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------|---|---------------|------------|
| Levy | | | Percentage of | Collections from | | | Percentage |
| <u>Year</u> | Total Tax Levy | Amount ¹ | <u>Levy</u> | Prior Years | 2 | <u>Amount</u> | of Levy |
| 2010 | 21,679,649 | 20,656,502 | 95.28% | 968,078 | | 21,624,580 | 99.75% |
| 2011 | 21,638,200 | 20,835,460 | 96.29% | 511,337 | | 21,346,797 | 98.65% |
| 2012 | 22,143,993 | 20,666,470 | 93.33% | 475,230 | | 21,141,700 | 95.47% |
| 2013 | 22,511,515 | 21,304,598 | 94.64% | 555,032 | | 21,859,630 | 97.10% |
| 2014 | 22,890,247 | 22,311,794 | 97.47% | 211,474 | | 22,523,268 | 98.40% |
| 2015 | 24,520,773 | 23,957,232 | 97.70% | 54,284 | | 24,011,516 | 97.92% |
| 2016 | 25,996,107 | 25,252,413 | 97.14% | 45,652 | | 25,298,065 | 97.31% |
| 2017 | 27,121,477 | 26,200,549 | 96.60% | 233,561 | | 26,434,110 | 97.47% |
| 2018 | 28,757,033 | 27,873,354 | 96.93% | 52,879 | | 27,926,233 | 97.11% |
| 2019 | 29,303,633 | 28,946,616 | 98.78% | 164,040 | | 29,110,656 | 99.34% |

¹ Property Tax revenue is the District's second major revenue source.

Source: Moulton Niguel Water District Finance Department Orange County Auditor-Controller's office.

² Collections from prior years does not include penalty revenue.

Assessed Valuations and Largest Local Secured Taxpayers Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

| Assessed Land | Values by Use 1 |
|----------------------|-----------------|
| FY 2019 | FY 2010 |

| Land Use | | Secured Assessed Value | | | | | | | |
|--------------|---|------------------------|----------------|----|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Residential | ç | 5 | 19,405,014,298 | \$ | 12,615,415,203 | | | | |
| Commercial | | | 2,016,175,988 | | 1,479,670,281 | | | | |
| Industrial | | | 393,847,765 | | 313,163,849 | | | | |
| Vacant/Other | _ | | 22,702,460 | | 255,904,704 | | | | |
| Total | | 5 | 21,837,740,511 | \$ | 14,664,154,037 | | | | |

Principal Local Secured Taxpayers

| For Fiscal Year 2019 |
|----------------------|
|----------------------|

| <u>Rank</u> | Property Owner | Primary Land Use | Ass | essed Valuation | % of <u>Total</u> |
|-------------|----------------------------|------------------|-----|-----------------|-------------------|
| 1 | Moritz Associates LLC | Apartments | \$ | 126,990,000 | 0.58% |
| 2 | Barcelona LLC | Apartments | | 106,590,000 | 0.49% |
| 3 | BRE-FMCA LLC | Apartments | | 77,786,136 | 0.36% |
| 4 | HTA-Mission Mob LLC | Commercial | | 60,688,976 | 0.28% |
| 5 | Monarch Coast I Owner LLC | Apartments | | 42,708,358 | 0.20% |
| 6 | Valuerock Aliso Viejo | Commercial | | 42,344,280 | 0.19% |
| 7 | TR Polaris LLC | Commercial | | 41,407,920 | 0.19% |
| 8 | Shops at Mission Viejo LLC | Commercial | | 40,885,680 | 0.19% |
| 9 | Summit Office LLC | Commercial | | 38,870,593 | 0.18% |
| 10 | Sequoia Equities - Alize | Apartments | | 38,103,569 | 0.17% |
| | | | \$ | 616,375,512 | 2.82% |

Fiscal Year 2018-19 Total Local Secured Net Taxable Value: \$ 21,837,740,511

Principal Local Secured Taxpayers For Fiscal Year 2010

| <u>Rank</u> | <u>Property Owner</u> | Primary Land Use | Asse | essed Valuation | % of <u>Total</u> |
|-------------|--|-------------------|------|-----------------|-------------------|
| 1 | Shea Homes LP & Shea Homes Vantis Inc. | Residential | \$ | 152,859,380 | 1.04% |
| 2 | OC/SD Holdings LLC | Apartments | | 89,802,053 | 0.61% |
| 3 | Arden Realty LP | Commercial | | 46,612,368 | 0.32% |
| 4 | Target Corporation | Commercial | | 45,239,828 | 0.31% |
| 5 | BRE Properties, Inc. | Apartments | | 43,190,405 | 0.29% |
| 6 | Moritz Associates LLC | Apartments | | 42,465,318 | 0.29% |
| 7 | Summit Enterprise LLC | Commercial | | 39,639,239 | 0.27% |
| 8 | Barcelona, LLC | Apartments | | 36,694,492 | 0.25% |
| 9 | Prisa Acquisition LLC | Industrial | | 35,612,019 | 0.24% |
| 10 | Rreef America REIT II Corp. FFF | Commercial | | 33,782,705 | 0.23% |
| | | | \$ | 565,897,807 | 3.86% |

Fiscal Year 2009-10 Local Secured Net Taxable Value: \$ 14,664,154,037

Source: HDL

California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

¹ Values are for land only and do not include any improvements.

Outstanding Debt by Type and Debt per Customer Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | | | | | | | - | Tota | | | | |
|-------------|--------------------|----|---------------------------|----|-------------|-------------------|-----------------|------|---------------|-------------------------|----|--------|
| | General | | | | | | Total | De | ebt per | | | |
| Fiscal | Obligation | C | ertificates of | | | | Customer | Cu | stomer | Est. District | De | bt per |
| <u>Year</u> | Bonds ¹ | Pa | articipation ² | Lo | ans Payable | Total Debt | <u>Accounts</u> | Ac | <u>counts</u> | Population ³ | Ca | apita |
| 2010 | \$ 41,740,000 | \$ | 88,672,820 | \$ | 23,489,486 | \$ 153,902,306 | 54,144 | \$ | 2,842 | 167,408 | \$ | 919 |
| 2011 | 37,400,000 | | 87,590,679 | | 21,432,781 | 146,423,460 | 54,362 | | 2,693 | 164,450 | | 890 |
| 2012 | 32,755,000 | | 85,873,271 | | 19,336,551 | 137,964,822 | 54,533 | | 2,530 | 165,272 | | 835 |
| 2013 | 27,775,000 | | 84,065,864 | | 17,160,816 | 129,001,680 | 54,792 | | 2,354 | 168,174 | | 767 |
| 2014 | 22,816,846 | | 82,198,457 | | 14,998,798 | 120,014,101 | 54,899 | | 2,186 | 169,212 | | 709 |
| 2015 | 31,326,483 | | 65,836,049 | | 12,794,395 | 109,956,927 | 55,019 | | 1,999 | 170,326 | | 646 |
| 2016 | 24,890,785 | | 63,928,642 | | 10,688,013 | 99,507,440 | 54,849 | | 1,814 | 170,610 | | 583 |
| 2017 | 18,327,964 | | 61,946,234 | | 8,693,016 | 88,967,214 | 55,030 | | 1,617 | 171,178 | | 520 |
| 2018 | 16,632,769 | | 60,000,000 | | 6,660,906 | 83,293,675 | 55,067 | | 1,513 | 172,324 | | 483 |
| 2019 | 71,646,102 | | - | | 5,088,318 | 76,734,420 | 55,108 | | 1,392 | 171,661 | | 447 |

¹ 2015 Revenue Refunding Bonds refunded the 2003 Certificates of Partipation, and are listed under the Certificates of Participation column by California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

Source: Moulton Niguel Water District Finance Department. California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

² The 2009 Certificates of Participation were fully refunded by the 2019 Revenue Refunding Bonds

³ Estimated District Population is based on the most recent available data

Ratio of Net Direct General Obligation Debt Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | Total General | Net Direct | | Percent of General | | Net | General |
|-------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------|------------|
| Fiscal | Obligation Bonds | General | | Obligation Debt to | | Oblig | ation Debt |
| <u>Year</u> | Outstanding 1 | Obligation Debt | Assessed Value ² | Assessed Value | Population ³ | pe | r Capita |
| 2010 | \$ 41,740,000 | \$ 6,022,175 | \$ 6,193,574,675 | 0.10% | 56,919 | \$ | 106 |
| 2011 | 37,400,000 | 6,159,813 | 6,062,288,925 | 0.10% | 58,503 | | 105 |
| 2012 | 32,755,000 | 6,263,016 | 6,051,286,544 | 0.10% | 56,114 | | 112 |
| 2013 | 27,775,000 | 6,416,000 | 6,093,356,189 | 0.11% | 56,675 | | 113 |
| 2014 | 22,816,846 | 6,466,700 | 6,300,950,763 | 0.10% | 57,236 | | 113 |
| 2015 | 16,867,130 | 6,227,747 | 5,749,154,516 | 0.11% | 57,613 | | 108 |
| 2016 | 10,697,414 | 6,240,500 | 6,159,717,218 | 0.10% | 57,709 | | 108 |
| 2017 | 4,400,575 | 6,365,900 | 6,559,781,425 | 0.10% | 58,289 | | 109 |
| 2018 | 2,971,362 | 1,419,500 | 7,001,618,675 | 0.02% | 58,483 | | 24 |
| 2019 | 1,465,000 | 1,449,875 | 1,794,786,384 | 0.08% | 58,512 | | 25 |

¹ The repayment of the General Obligation Bonds debt is a voter approved property tax assessment to the property owners residing in the service areas in which the debt applies.

Source: Moulton Niguel Water District Accounting Department

Orange County Auditor-Controller

² Assessed valuations are only property related to the General Obligation Bond debt (GOB).

³ The District population is estimated by the California State University at Fullerton Center for Demographic Research (CDR) and is based on the most recent available data.

Direct and Overlapping Debt Current Fiscal Year

2018-19 Assessed Valuations: \$21,860,129,665 (Land only)

Direct & Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt: (Based on all property assessed valuation of \$37,557,287,338)

| Direct & Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt: (Based on all property | , assessed valuation | on of \$37,557,287, | 338 |)) |
|---|----------------------|---------------------------|-----|-----------------|
| | | | Di | istrict's Share |
| | Total Debt | _ | | of Debt |
| | 06/30/2019 | % Applicable ¹ | (| 06/30/2019 |
| Metropolitan Water District | \$ 48,050,000 | 1.288% | \$ | 618,884 |
| Capistrano Unified School District School Facilities Improvement Distri | 21,748,753 | 30.245% | | 6,577,910 |
| Laguna Beach Unified School District | 21,715,000 | 1.778% | | 386,093 |
| Saddleback Valley Unified School District | 107,700,000 | 21.192% | | 22,823,784 |
| City of San Juan Capistrano | 27,155,000 | 0.013% | | 3,530 |
| Moulton-Niguel Water District, I.D. No. 7 | 1,465,000 | 100.000% | | 1,465,000 |
| City of Aliso Viejo Community Facilities District No. 2005-01 | 30,225,000 | 100.000% | | 30,225,000 |
| Total Direct & Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt | | - - | \$ | 62,100,201 |
| Direct & Overlapping General Fund Debt: | | | | |
| Orange County General Fund Obligations | \$ 388,720,000 | 6.344% | Ś | 24,660,397 |
| Orange County Pension Obligation Bonds | 407,629,239 | 6.344% | • | 25,859,999 |
| Orange County Board of Education Certificates of Participation | 13,490,000 | 6.344% | | 855,806 |
| Capistrano Unified School District Certificates of Participation | 28,790,000 | 31.390% | | 9,037,181 |
| City of Laguna Hills Certificates of Participation | 5,845,000 | 69.537% | | 4,064,438 |
| City of Mission Viejo Certificates of Participation | 33,987,326 | 34.672% | | 11,784,086 |
| City of San Juan Capistrano Judgment Obligations | 875,000 | 0.013% | | 114 |
| Moulton-Niguel Water District General Fund Obligations ² | 59,065,000 | 100.000% | | 59,065,000 |
| Total Direct & Overlapping General Fund Debt | | • | | 135,327,021 |
| TOTAL DIRECT DEBT | | | \$ | 60,530,000 |
| TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT | | | - | 136,897,222 |
| Combined Total Debt ³ | | | \$ | 197,427,222 |
| Ratios to Land Only Assessed Valuation: | | | | |
| Direct Debt (\$1,465,000) 4 | 0.01% | | | |
| Total Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt | 0.28% | | | |
| Ratios to All Property Assessed Valuation: | | | | |
| Total Direct Debt (\$60,530,000) | 0.16% | | | |
| Combined Total Debt | 0.53% | | | |
| | | | | |

¹ The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the district is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the water district divided by the overlapping district's total taxable assessed value.

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

² Excludes accreted value.

³ Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

⁴ Moulton Niguel Improvement Districts.

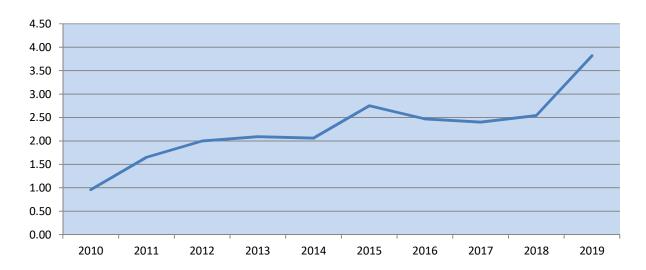
Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Annual Debt Service 3

| | | | _ | AIII | idai Debt Service | | _ |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|---------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Fiscal | Total | Total <u>Expenses</u> | Net Available | | | | Coverage |
| <u>Year</u> | Revenues 1 | 2 - | Revenues | <u>Principal</u> | <u>Interest</u> | <u>Total</u> | <u>Ratio</u> |
| 2010 | 67,240,733 | 55,611,741 | 11,628,992 | 8,309,566 | 3,787,050 | 12,096,616 | 0.96 |
| 2011 | 71,267,139 | 55,783,588 | 15,483,551 | 3,681,716 | 5,701,425 | 9,383,141 | 1.65 |
| 2012 | 72,127,432 | 53,336,041 | 18,791,391 | 3,686,551 | 5,727,264 | 9,413,815 | 2.00 |
| 2013 | 76,664,834 | 57,089,327 | 19,575,507 | 3,572,972 | 5,790,836 | 9,363,808 | 2.09 |
| 2014 | 78,969,108 | 59,633,768 | 19,335,340 | 3,918,909 | 5,475,003 | 9,393,912 | 2.06 |
| 2015 | 88,604,859 | 63,060,170 | 25,544,689 | 3,821,389 | 5,478,923 | 9,300,312 | 2.75 |
| 2016 | 88,604,859 | 66,713,997 | 21,890,862 | 3,766,711 | 5,093,380 | 8,860,091 | 2.47 |
| 2017 | 88,339,002 | 67,050,425 | 21,288,577 | 3,849,998 | 5,027,110 | 8,877,108 | 2.40 |
| 2018 | 94,089,864 | 71,533,672 | 22,556,192 | 3,957,110 | 4,914,398 | 8,871,508 | 2.54 |
| 2019 | 105,512,560 | 74,314,925 | 31,197,635 | 3,377,588 | 4,792,953 | 8,170,541 | 3.82 |

¹ Total Revenues include all operating revenues, interest income and other non-operating revenues, but excludes general obligation bond assessment revenues used to repay the general obligation bond debt.

³ Principal and Interest amounts do not include debt obligations related to general obligation bonds.



² Total expenses exclude depreciation and amortization expense.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Moulton Niguel Water | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| D | District Estimated | | | | | | | | | |
| Fiscal | District | | | | | | | | | |
| Year | Population | | | | | | | | | |
| 2009 | 166,964 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2010 | 167,408 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2010 | 164,450 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2011 | 165,272 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2012 | 168,174 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2013 | 169,212 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2015 | 170,326 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2016 | 170,610 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2017 | 171,178 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2018 | 171,661 | | | | | | | | | |

| | City of Laguna Niguel ¹ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|----------------------|--------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Fiscal Year | Population | Total Personal Income (in thousands) | | Per Capita Income | | Unemployment Rate | | | | | | | |
| 2009 | 66,522 | \$ | 3,423,303 | \$ | 52,705 | 4.1% | | | | | | | |
| 2010 | 67,117 | | 3,235,788 | | 51,005 | 7.0% | | | | | | | |
| 2011 | 67,666 | | 3,880,866 | | 47,820 | 7.5% | | | | | | | |
| 2012 | 63,691 | | 3,172,067 | | 49,804 | 6.8% | | | | | | | |
| 2013 | 64,065 | | 3,236,436 | | 50,518 | 4.4% | | | | | | | |
| 2014 | 64,460 | | 3,280,305 | | 50,889 | 3.9% | | | | | | | |
| 2015 | 64,449 | | 3,215,232 | | 49,888 | 5.0% | | | | | | | |
| 2016 | 66,142 | | 3,327,443 | | 50,308 | 4.1% | | | | | | | |
| 2017 | 66,689 | | 3,337,813 | | 50,050 | 3.7% | | | | | | | |
| 2018 | 65,377 | | 3,380,822 | | 51,713 | 3.3% | | | | | | | |

Research. Based on most recent data available.

Source: CSUF Center for Demographic 1 The District serves 100% of the City of Laguna Niguel which represents approximately 39% of the total District population.

> Source: City of Laguna Niguel Finance Department. Based on most recent available data.

| City of Aliso Viejo ² | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|----|--------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Fiscal Year | Population | Total Personal Income (in thousands) | | | er Capita ncome | Unemployment Rate | | | | | |
| 2009 | 45,249 | \$ | 2,052,309 | \$ | 44,925 | 2.7% | | | | | |
| 2010 | 45,683 | | 1,977,869 | | 43,342 | 4.8% | | | | | |
| 2011 | 45,634 | | 2,059,354 | | 43,062 | 4.9% | | | | | |
| 2012 | 47,823 | | 2,002,825 | | 40,884 | 4.6% | | | | | |
| 2013 | 48,988 | | 2,100,002 | | 42,444 | 3.0% | | | | | |
| 2014 | 49,951 | | 2,100,839 | | 42,058 | 2.6% | | | | | |
| 2015 | 49,939 | | 2,181,535 | | 43,684 | 3.5% | | | | | |
| 2016 | 50,509 | | 2,223,991 | | 44,032 | 3.6% | | | | | |
| 2017 | 50,312 | | 2,274,460 | | 45,207 | 3.1% | | | | | |
| 2018 | 51,950 | | 2,311,366 | | 44,492 | 2.6% | | | | | |

² The District serves approximately 98% of the City of Aliso Viejo which represents approximately 30% of the total District population.

Source: City of Aliso Viejo Finance Department. Based on most recent available data.

Note: The District boundaries encompass five cities: Aliso Viejo, Dana Point, Laguna Hills, Laguna Niguel and Mission Viejo. Aliso Viejo, Laguna Hills, Laguna Niguel, and Mission Viejo represent approximately 99% of the total District population.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Moulton Niguel Water District | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Fiscal Year | Estimated District Population | | | | | | |
| 2009 | 166,964 | | | | | | |
| 2010 | 167,408 | | | | | | |
| 2011 | 164,450 | | | | | | |
| 2012 | 165,272 | | | | | | |
| 2013 | 168,174 | | | | | | |
| 2014 | 169,212 | | | | | | |
| 2015 | 170,326 | | | | | | |
| 2016 | 170,610 | | | | | | |
| 2017 | 171,178 | | | | | | |
| 2018 | 171,661 | | | | | | |

Source: CSUF Center for Demographic Research. Based on most recent data available.

| City of Laguna Hills ³ | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------|----|--|----|----------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Fiscal Year Population | | | Total Personal Income (in thousands) | | Per Capita Income | Unemployment Rate | | | | |
| 2009 | 33,421 | \$ | 1,441,089 | \$ | 43,346 | 4.0% | | | | |
| 2010 | 33,280 | | 1,417,282 | | 42,444 | 7.0% | | | | |
| 2011 | 33,593 | | 1,500,666 | | 44,672 | 8.0% | | | | |
| 2012 | 30,341 | | 1,445,996 | | 47,227 | 6.6% | | | | |
| 2013 | 30,410 | | 1,363,858 | | 44,421 | 4.8% | | | | |
| 2014 | 30,857 | | 1,320,001 | | 42,778 | 4.2% | | | | |
| 2015 | 30,848 | | 1,336,181 | | 43,315 | 5.0% | | | | |
| 2016 | 30,681 | | 1,373,184 | | 44,757 | 4.1% | | | | |
| 2017 | 31,544 | | 1,479,761 | | 46,911 | 3.7% | | | | |
| 2018 | 31,818 | | 1,587,577 | | 49,896 | 2.6% | | | | |

³ The City of Laguna Hills represents approximately 18% of the total District population.

Source: City of Laguna Hills Finance Department. Based on most recent data available.

| City of Mission Viejo ⁴ | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|----|--|----|----------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Fiscal Year | Population Income | | Total Personal Income (in thousands) | | Per Capita Income | Unemployment Rate | | | | |
| 2009 | 100,122 | \$ | 148,300,000 | \$ | 51,374 | 6.8% | | | | |
| 2010 | 93,297 | | 153,300,000 | | 52,124 | 6.9% | | | | |
| 2011 | 93,483 | | 154,100,000 | | 50,440 | 6.7% | | | | |
| 2012 | 94,196 | | 161,700,000 | | 52,342 | 5.7% | | | | |
| 2013 | 94,824 | | 165,300,000 | | 53,032 | 4.7% | | | | |
| 2014 | 95,334 | | 172,400,000 | | 55,096 | 3.9% | | | | |
| 2015 | 96,652 | | 185,400,000 | | 57,133 | 4.2% | | | | |
| 2016 | 96,701 | | 189,800,000 | | 59,303 | 4.1% | | | | |
| 2017 | 95,985 | | 195,200,000 | | 60,523 | 3.4% | | | | |
| 2018 | 95,987 | | 214,600,000 | | 66,479 | 3.1% | | | | |

⁴ The City of Mission Viejo represents approximately 57% of the total District population. Source: City of Mission Viejo Finance Department. Based on most recent data available

Note: The District boundaries encompass five cities: Aliso Viejo, Dana Point, Laguna Hills, Laguna Niguel and Mission Viejo. Aliso Viejo, Laguna Hills, Laguna Niguel, and Mission Viejo represent approximately 99% of the total District population.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Moulton Niguel Water District | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Fiscal Year | Estimated District Population | | | | | | |
| 2009 | 166,964 | | | | | | |
| 2010 | 167,408 | | | | | | |
| 2011 | 164,450 | | | | | | |
| 2012 | 165,272 | | | | | | |
| 2013 | 168,174 | | | | | | |
| 2014 | 169,212 | | | | | | |
| 2015 | 170,326 | | | | | | |
| 2016 | 170,610 | | | | | | |
| 2017 | 171,178 | | | | | | |
| 2018 | 171,661 | | | | | | |

| | City of Dana Point ⁵ | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---------------------------------|--|----------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Fiscal Year | Population | Total Personal Income (in thousands) | Per Capita Income | Unemployment Rate | | | | | | | |
| 2009 | 35,822 | \$ 1,681,000 | \$ 46,926 | 6.4% | | | | | | | |
| 2010 | 35,561 | 1,706,000 | 47,974 | 6.9% | | | | | | | |
| 2011 | 35,109 | 1,816,000 | 51,725 | 6.3% | | | | | | | |
| 2012 | 33,054 | 1,663,000 | 50,312 | 5.5% | | | | | | | |
| 2013 | 33,398 | 1,723,000 | 51,590 | 5.9% | | | | | | | |
| 2014 | 33,625 | 1,699,000 | 50,528 | 5.5% | | | | | | | |
| 2015 | 33,710 | 1,649,000 | 48,917 | 5.2% | | | | | | | |
| 2016 | 33,415 | 1,742,949 | 52,161 | 4.2% | | | | | | | |
| 2017 | 34,902 | 1,811,000 | 58,218 | 3.8% | | | | | | | |
| 2018 | 34,619 | 1,841,000 | 61,088 | 3.2% | | | | | | | |

Source: CSUF Center for Demographic Research. Based on most recent data available. 5 The City of Dana Point represents approximately 20% of the total District population.

Source: City of Dana Point Finance Department. Based on most recent data available.

Note: The District boundaries encompass five cities: Aliso Viejo, Dana Point, Laguna Hills, Laguna Niguel and Mission Viejo. Aliso Viejo, Laguna Hills, Laguna Niguel, and Mission Viejo represent approximately 99% of the total District population.

Principal Employers Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

FY 2019 1,2

Percent of Each Number of City's **Employer Operating City Employees Employment*** <u>Rank</u> 1 Saddleback College City of Mission Viejo 2,752 5.49% 2 Mission Hospital Regional Medical Center City of Mission Viejo 2,600 5.19% 3 **United States Government** City of Laguna Niguel 2,200 6.38% Cities of Mission Viejo, 4 Capistrano Unified School District Laguna Niguel, Aliso Viejo 1,677 1.32% Cities of Mission Viejo, 5 Saddleback Valley Unified School District Laguna Hills 1,136 1.68% 6 **United Parcel Service** City of Aliso Viejo 4.04% 1,000 7 Pacific Life City of Aliso Viejo 811 3.28% 8 Coldwell Banker City of Mission Viejo 740 1.48% 9 **Costco Wholesale Corporation** City of Laguna Niguel 665 1.93% 10 Microvention City of Aliso Viejo 650 2.63%

FY 2010 ^{1,2}

| | | | | Percent of Each |
|-------------|--|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | | | Number of | City's |
| <u>Rank</u> | <u>Employer</u> | Operating City | Employees | Employment |
| 1 | Saddleback College | City of Mission Viejo | 2,196 | 3.95% |
| 2 | Mission Hospital Regional Medical Center | City of Mission Viejo | 1,349 | 2.43% |
| 3 | Unisys Corporation | City of Mission Viejo | 1,000 | 1.80% |
| 4 | Fluor Industrial Services, Inc. | City of Aliso Viejo | 1,000 | 6.07% |
| 5 | US Technology Resources LLC | City of Aliso Viejo | 1,000 | 6.07% |
| 6 | Qlogic Switch Products | City of Aliso Viejo | 900 | 5.46% |
| 7 | Quest Software Inc. | City of Aliso Viejo | 607 | 3.68% |
| 8 | Fluor Daniel Construction Co. | City of Aliso Viejo | 500 | 3.39% |
| 9 | Costco Wholesale Corporation | City of Laguna Niguel | 500 | 3.37% |
| 10 | Merit Property Management, Inc. | City of Aliso Viejo | 500 | 3.03% |

¹ Principal Employers represents blended most recent available data from the five cities the District serves: Laguna Niguel, Laguna Hills, Mission Viejo, Dana Point and Aliso Viejo.

^{*}The percentage represented for employers operating in multiple Cities uses each City's aggregate total employment figures to determine the percentage for this table.

² The District used data from the FYE 2009 - 2018 CAFRs for the cities of Aliso Viejo, Laguna Niguel, Mission Viejo, and Laguna Hills, Mission Viejo and Dana Point.

Full Time Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

| <u>Function</u> | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | <u>2016</u> | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
|---------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------------|------|------|------|
| Office of the General Manager | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 8 |
| Human Resources | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Customer Service - Admin | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Utility Billing | 6 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 6 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Customer Service - Field | 19 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| Customer Accounts | 6 | 6 | 7 | 5 | 6 | 12 | 12 | 13 | 13 | 14 |
| Engineering - Admin | 3 | 7 | 9 | 14 | 11 | 9 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 4 |
| Engineering | | | | | | | | | | 12 |
| Inspection | 11 | 9 | 8 | 9 | 12 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 13 | 13 |
| Purchasing | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 2 |
| Information Technology | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 7 |
| Finance & Planning | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 |
| Accounting | 5 | 5 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Operations - Admin | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 6 | 6 | 2 |
| Operations - Facilities | 14 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 16 | 16 | 19 |
| Operations - Utilities | 17 | 24 | 22 | 20 | 18 | 19 | 22 | 28 | 28 | 28 |
| Water Efficiency | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 6 | 9 | 9 | 8 |
| Wastewater Treatment Plant Operations | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6 |
| Total | 100 | 104 | 107 | 113 | 115 | 118 | 129 | 138 | 139 | 152 |

Source: Moulton Niguel Water District Human Resources Department.

Operating Indicators Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | | NET INCREASE | MONTH OF | PEAK MONTHLY | AVERAGE DAILY | AVG. DAILY | AVG. DAILY | |
|--------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|------------------------|------------|-----------------|----------|
| FISCAL | SERVICE | PIPELINE | PEAK | CONSUMPTION | CONSUMPITON | SEWAGE | POTABLE | |
| YEAR | CONNECTIONS | (MILES) | CONSUMPTION | (M.G.D.) | (M.G.D.) ² | (M.G.D.) | IMPORT (M.G.D.) | TAKEOUTS |
| 2010 | 54,174 | <1,400 | August | 34.20 | 26.15 | 14.6 | 26.15 | 14 |
| 2011 | 54,374 | <1,400 | August | 31.30 | 24.16 | 12.5 | 24.16 | 13 |
| 2012 | 54,597 | <1,400 | August | 34.31 | 24.43 | 13.4 | 20.54 | 13 |
| 2013 | 54,790 | <1,400 | August | 43.50 | 25.10 | 13.6 | 25.19 | 13 |
| 2014 | 54,899 | <1,400 | July | 35.30 | 25.58 | 11.9 | 25.6 | 13 |
| 2015 | 55,019 | <1,400 | August | 39.94 | 29.10 | 11.2 | 24.03 | 13 |
| 2016 | 54,849 | <1,400 | June | 31.66 | 24.75 | 11.2 | 20.72 | 13 |
| 2017 | 55,030 | <1,400 | September | 37.32 | 24.28 | 10.9 | 22.47 | 9 |
| 2018 | 55,067 | <1,400 | September | 35.44 | 26.28 | 10.8 | 22.94 | 9 |
| 2019 | 55,108 | <1,400 | August | 38.34 | 23.69 | 10.6 | 21.30 | 9 |

| | | | | | NO. | | | | | |
|--------|----------|-------------|------|----------|---------|----------|-----------|----------|------------|----------|
| FISCAL | | PUMP STATIO | NS - | RESER | VOIRS 1 | OF FIRE | TREATMENT | MILES OF | MILES OF | MILES OF |
| YEAR | RECYCLED | POTABLE | LIFT | RECYCLED | POTABLE | HYDRANTS | PLANTS 1 | WATER | WASTEWATER | RECYCLED |
| 2010 | 12 | 30 | 19 | 12 | 28 | 7,250 | 4 | 700 | 530 | 144 |
| 2011 | 12 | 30 | 19 | 13 | 28 | 7,256 | 4 | 700 | 537 | 148 |
| 2012 | 12 | 30 | 19 | 13 | 28 | 7,258 | 4 | 700 | 537 | 148 |
| 2013 | 12 | 30 | 19 | 13 | 28 | 7,211 | 4 | 700 | 537 | 148 |
| 2014 | 12 | 30 | 19 | 13 | 28 | 7,141 | 4 | 700 | 537 | 148 |
| 2015 | 10 | 25 | 18 | 11 | 28 | 7,112 | 4 | 663 | 504 | 140 |
| 2016 | 10 | 25 | 18 | 11 | 28 | 7,149 | 4 | 668 | 505 | 141 |
| 2017 | 9 | 23 | 17 | 11 | 28 | 7,154 | 4 | 655 | 501 | 142 |
| 2018 | 9 | 23 | 17 | 11 | 28 | 7,163 | 4 | 656 | 501 | 142 |
| 2019 | 9 | 23 | 17 | 11 | 28 | 7,148 | 4 | 656 | 501 | 142 |

Note: MGD = Millions of Gallons per Day.

Source: Moulton Niguel Water District Operations and Billing Department.

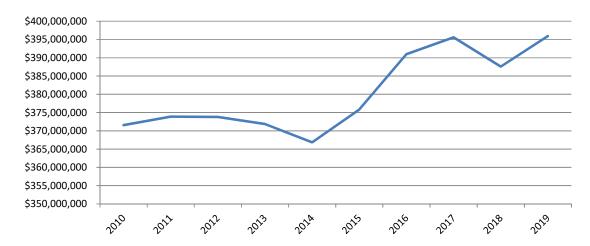
 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ The District wholly owns or has capacity rights in its pump stations, reservoirs, and treatment plants.

² Consumption includes Recycled Water

Capital Asset Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal | | | | Automobiles & | | Construction in | Capital Assets, Net | |
|-------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|--|
| <u>Year</u> | Water Systems Capacity Rights | | <u>Buildings</u> | <u>Equipment</u> | <u>Land</u> | <u>Progress</u> | of Depreciation | |
| 2010 | \$ 341,293,660 | \$ 8,551,999 \$ | 3,538,659 | \$ 3,484,082 \$ | 1,091,910 | \$ 13,583,539 | \$ 371,543,849 | |
| 2011 | 335,560,748 | 7,995,119 | 3,401,805 | 3,448,555 | 1,091,910 | 22,383,367 | 373,881,504 | |
| 2012 | 329,278,513 | 27,691,901 | 3,217,693 | 2,949,815 | 1,091,910 | 9,572,378 | 373,802,210 | |
| 2013 | 330,699,738 | 27,149,621 | 3,119,398 | 2,722,514 | 1,091,910 | 7,057,346 | 371,840,527 | |
| 2014 | 319,084,402 | 26,607,341 | 2,864,432 | 2,426,058 | 1,091,910 | 14,785,817 | 366,859,960 | |
| 2015 | 311,408,504 | 26,065,062 | 2,689,869 | 2,947,705 | 1,091,910 | 31,642,242 | 375,845,292 | |
| 2016 | 271,113,215 | 63,993,270 | 2,408,058 | 7,232,783 | 1,091,910 | 45,135,106 | 390,974,342 | |
| 2017 | 267,966,653 | 67,862,518 | 2,126,682 | 11,685,232 | 1,091,910 | 44,848,592 | 395,581,587 | |
| 2018 | 261,018,260 | 106,002,867 | 1,845,743 | 10,174,076 | 1,091,910 | 7,454,600 | 387,587,456 | |
| 2019 | 260,190,540 | 110,611,241 | 1,565,874 | 8,952,263 | 1,091,910 | 13,508,163 | 395,919,991 | |

Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation



Source: Moulton Niguel Water District Accounting Department