Trabuco Canyon, California

Annual Financial Report

For the Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015





Trabuco Canyon Public Financing Authority Annual Financial Report For the Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of the Trabuco Canyon Public Financing Authority Trabuco Canyon, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Trabuco Canyon Public Financing Authority (Authority), which comprise of the balance sheet as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and change in net position, cash flows, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Authority, as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Board of Directors of the Trabuco Canyon Public Financing Authority Trabuco Canyon, California Page 2

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Santa Ana, California November 30, 2016

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENS

Balance Sheets June 30, 2016 and 2015

<u>ASSETS</u>	2016	2015
Current assets:		
Accrued interest receivable	\$ 98,972	\$ 129,091
Installment sale agreement receivable (note 2)	745,000	1,280,000
Total current assets	843,972	1,409,091
Noncurrent assets:		
Installment sale agreement receivable (note 2)	2,500,000	3,245,000
Total noncurrent assets	2,500,000	3,245,000
Total assets	3,343,972	4,654,091
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Current liabilities:		
Accrued interest payable	98,972	129,091
Long-term liabilities – due within one year:		
Refunding revenue bonds (note 3)	745,000	1,280,000
Total current liabilities	843,972	1,409,091
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Long-term liabilities – due in more than one year:		
Refunding revenue bonds (note 3)	2,500,000	3,245,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,500,000	3,245,000
Total liabilities	3,343,972	4,654,091
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted:		
Total net position	-	-
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 3,343,972	\$ 4,654,091

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	2016		2015	
Operating revenues:				
Interest earnings	\$	236,385	\$	447,431
Total operating revenues		236,385		447,431
Operating expenses:				
Interest expense		236,385		447,431
Total operating expenses		236,385		447,431
Change in net position		-		-
Net position:				
Beginning of year		-		=
End of year	\$	_	\$	_

Trabuco Canyon Public Financing Authority Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	2016	2015
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Interest paid on refunding revenue bonds	\$ (236,385)	\$ (481,735)
Principal paid on refunding revenue bonds	(1,280,000)	(1,540,000)
Interest received on special assessment receivable	236,385	481,735
Principal received on special assessment receivable	 1,280,000	1,540,000
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Beginning of year	-	-
End of year	\$ -	\$ -

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization and Operations of the Reporting Entity

The Trabuco Canyon Public Financing Authority (Authority) was formed on August 18, 1993, under a joint Exercise of Powers Agreement, by and between the Trabuco Canyon Water District (District) and Community Facilities District No. 7 of the District. The purpose of the agreement was to establish an authority for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, modifying, and rehabilitating facilities; undertaking a program of local agency bond pooled financing, refinancing and lending pursuant to the Marks-Roos Act; and to develop other powers to benefit the group to the extent permitted by the laws and regulations governing such operations.

The criteria used in determining the scope of the financial reporting entity is based on the provisions of Governmental Accounting Statements No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The Authority is the primary governmental unit based on the foundation of a separately elected governing board that is elected by the citizens in a general popular election. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The Authority is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and: 1) It is able to impose its will on that organization, or 2) There is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government.

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The Authority reports its activities as an enterprise fund, which is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise, where the intent of the Authority is to service the debt of the District through debt service payments received from the District. Revenues and expenses are recognized on the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Revenues and expenses result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the Authority. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values.

Financial Reporting

The Authority's basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), as applied to enterprise funds. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Authority solely operates as a special-purpose government which means it is only engaged in business-type activities; accordingly, activities are reported in the Authority's enterprise fund.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities they also include disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported changes in net position during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition

The Authority recognizes revenues from interest earnings when they are earned, operating activities generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods. As such, the Authority considers interest earned to be operating revenue.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

Note 1 – Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Economic Dependence

The Authority provides financial assistance to the District by financing the water improvement facilities for proposed future developments within the District. As such, all of the Authority's revenues and installment sale agreement receivables result from an installment sale agreement between the Authority and the District.

Note 2 – Special Assessment Receivable

Special assessments are levied annually in order to yield an amount equal to the principal and interest on the long term debt due in the ensuing year. Interest has been imputed on the special assessments receivable in an amount equal to the interest expense on long-term debt.

Changes in special assessment receivable were as follows:

Balance July 1, 2015	Payments	Balance June 30, 2016	Current Portion	Noncurrent Portion
\$ 4,525,000	\$ (1,280,000)	\$ 3,245,000	\$ 745,000	\$ 2,500,000
Balance	Doviments	Balance	Current	Noncurrent
Balance July 1, 2014 \$ 6,065,000	Payments \$ (1,540,000)	Balance June 30, 2015 \$ 4,525,000	Current Portion	Noncurrent Portion \$ 3,245,000

Special assessment payments to be received are as follows:

Year	Principal]	Interest		Total		
2017	\$	745,000	\$	175,222	\$	920,222		
2018	785,000			128,557		913,557		
2019		825,000		79,452		904,452		
2020		890,000		27,145		917,145		
Total	\$	3,245,000	\$	410,376	\$	3,655,376		

Note 3 – Long-Term Debt

Changes in long-term debt were as follows:

Balance	Payments	Balance June 30, 2016	Current Portion	Noncurrent Portion
\$ 4,525,000	\$ (1,280,000)	\$ 3,245,000	\$ 745,000	\$ 2,500,000
Balance July 1, 2014	Payments	Balance June 30, 2015	Current Portion	Noncurrent Portion
\$ 6,065,000	\$ (1,540,000)	\$ 4,525,000	\$ 1,280,000	\$ 3,245,000

1994 Series A & B - Special Tax Refunding Bonds

On April 1, 1994, the Authority issued \$61,960,000 of special tax refunding bonds to refund the original bonds issued in 1986 – 1988 for Community Facility Districts No. 2, 5, 7 and 8 totaling \$53,600,000 used to finance capital improvements within the District's service area. The 1994 Series B refunding revenue bonds was paid off in 2015.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

Note 3 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

1994 Series A – Refunding Revenue Bonds

The bonds are scheduled to mature in fiscal year 2016. Interest installments are payable each fiscal year at rates of 6.0% to 6.1% on October 1_{st} and April 1_{st}, while principal payments are due on October 1_{st}. The District collects an annual special assessment from the customers of the District in the service area where these capital improvements were constructed and are utilized. The 1994 Series A refunding revenue bonds was paid off in 2016.

1994 Series C – Refunding Revenue Bonds

On April 15, 1994, the Authority issued \$12,080,000 of water and wastewater refunding revenue bonds to refund a prior outstanding issuance. The bonds are scheduled to mature in fiscal year 2020. Interest installments are payable each fiscal year at rates of 6.0% to 6.1% on July 1st and January 1st, while principal payments are due on July 1st. Annual debt service requirements on the loan are as follows:

Year	Principal]	Interest		Total	
2017	\$	745,000	\$	175,222	\$	920,222	
2018	785,000			128,557		913,557	
2019		825,000		79,452		904,452	
2020		890,000		27,145		917,145	
Total	\$	3,245,000	\$	410,376	\$	3,655,376	

Note 4 – Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

In the ordinary course of operations, the Authority is subject to claims and litigation from outside parties. After consultation with legal counsel, the Authority believes the ultimate outcome of such matters, if any, will not materially affect its financial condition.