Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended, June 30, 2014

CITY OF FOUNTAIN VALLEY

CALIFORNIA





California

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Prepared by the Finance Department: David Cain, Finance Director/City Treasurer And

Teresa Gonzalez, Accounting Manager



Fountain Valley on the Rise



2013 - 2014



Michael Vo Mayor



Steve Nagel Mayor Pro Tempore



John Collins Council Member



Mark McCurdy Council Member



Cheryl Brothers Council Member



Fountain Valley on the Rise

TABLE OF CONTENTS

June 30, 2014

	Page <u>Number</u>
TABLE OF CONTENTS	i
INTRODUCTORY SECTION:	
Management's Transmittal Letter	V
City Directory	xiii
Organization of the City	xiv
FINANCIAL SECTION:	
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
(Required Supplementary Information)	5
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Activities	18
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet	20
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	
to the Statement of Net Position	23
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	24
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures	
and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to	
the Statement of Activities	26
Proprietary Funds:	
Statement of Net Position	27
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	28
Statement of Cash Flows	29
Fiduciary Funds:	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	31
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	32
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	33

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2014

	Page
FINANCIAL SECTION (CONTINUED):	<u>Number</u>
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Funding Progress:	
Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan	73
Budgetary Comparison Schedules:	
General Fund	74
Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund	75
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	76
Supplementary Schedules:	
Other Governmental Funds:	81
Combining Balance Sheet	84
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances	86
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual:	
Criminal Activities Special Revenue Fund	88
Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund	89
Abandoned Vehicle Abatement Special Revenue Fund	90
Traffic Improvement Special Revenue Fund	91
Pollution Reduction Special Revenue Fund	92
Measure M2 Special Revenue Fund	93
Community Development Block Grant Special Revenue Fund	94
Fountain Valley Financing Authority Debt Service Fund	95
Drainage Capital Projects Fund	96
Sewer Assessment Capital Projects Fund	97
Fountain Valley Financing Authority Capital Projects Fund	98
Private Purpose Trust Funds:	99
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	100
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	101
Agency Funds:	
Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities	102
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	103

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2014

	Page
STATISTICAL SECTION (UNALIDITED).	<u>Number</u>
STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED):	
Description of Statistical Section Contents	105
Financial Trends:	
Net Position by Component - Last Nine Fiscal Years	106
Changes in Net Position - Last Nine Fiscal Years	108
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds - Last Nine Fiscal Years	112
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds - Last Nine Fiscal Years	114
Revenue Capacity:	
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property - Last Nine Fiscal Years	116
Direct and Overlapping - Property Tax Rates - Last Ten Fiscal Years	118
Principal Property Taxpayers - Current Fiscal Year and Nine Fiscal Years Ago	120
Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Nine Fiscal Years	121
Debt Capacity:	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type - Last Nine Fiscal Years	122
Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding - Last Nine Fiscal Years	124
Direct and Overlapping Debt	125
Legal Debt Margin Information - Last Nine Fiscal Years	126
Pledged-Revenue Coverage - Last Nine Fiscal Years	128
Demographic and Economic Information:	
Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Calendar Years	129
Principal Employers - Current Fiscal Year and Nine Fiscal Years Ago	130
Operating Information:	
Full-Time Equivalent City Employees by Department - Last Ten Fiscal Years	131
Operating Indicators by Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years	132
Capital Asset Statistics by Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years	134

(THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK)



10200 SLATER AVENUE • FOUNTAIN VALLEY, CA 92708-4736 • (714) 593-4400, FAX (714) 593-4498

December 11, 2014

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Fountain Valley

Transmitted Through the City Manager:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Fountain Valley for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, is hereby submitted. These statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by an independent public accounting firm of licensed certified public accountants. The report was prepared in accordance with the guidelines set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The report consists of management's representation concerning the finances of the City of Fountain Valley. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the financial statements in conformity with the GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatements.

As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and component units of the City of Fountain Valley. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The City of Fountain Valley's financial statements have been audited by White Nelson Diehl Evans, LLP, an independent firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the City's financial statements for

the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, are free of material misstatement.

In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in the Government Code, the audit was also designed to meet the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America and United States Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations.*

The independent audit involves examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City of Fountain Valley's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statement of the City of Fountain Valley is usually a part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The City of Fountain Valley is not required, this year, to have an annual single audit performed in conformity with the provisions of the OMB's Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overviews, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Fountain Valley's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity's (the City of Fountain Valley) financial statements includes all funds of the City as well as its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the City is fully accountable. The financial activities of the Fountain Valley Financing Authority and the Fountain Valley Housing Authority have been reported as debt service and capital projects funds, as appropriated. Under ABX1 26 that was approved by the legislature on June 28, 2011, all redevelopment agencies were eliminated effective February 1, 2012, therefore activity for the former redevelopment agency is as a Fiduciary Private Purpose Fund.

PROFILE OF THE CITY OF FOUNTAIN VALLEY

Governmental Profile - The City of Fountain Valley, incorporated June 13, 1957, has an estimated population of 56,707 and has a land area of 9.75 square miles. It is located in the northern tip of Orange County, California and is bordered by the cities of Santa Ana, Costa Mesa, Huntington Beach, and Westminster. The City is roughly 30 miles southeast of Los Angeles and 90 miles northwest of San Diego. One of the greatest features of the City is Mile Square Park with its three golf courses; large passive park area, Boys and Girls Club, and City run Recreation Center and Sports Park.

The City has operated under a council-manager form of government since incorporation. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in the City Council, which is comprised of five members elected at large, on a non-partisan basis, for staggered four-year terms of office. The Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing members to commissions and committees, and hiring the City Manager and City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City and appointing the City's department heads. Commissions and Advisory Committees play an integral role in the governmental structure of Fountain Valley and provide opportunities for citizens to participate in community affairs.

As a full-service City, Fountain Valley offers its residents a complete range of municipal services that include; Public Safety in the form of police, fire protection, and building safety; environmental services such as a water delivery system, sewer and storm drain maintenance; park and median landscaping; and repairs of streets and sidewalks; development services for land use planning, and zoning; housing and community development; a full range of recreation and cultural activities; as well as legislative, legal and general administrative support.

Strategic Plan - The City of Fountain Valley is committed to continuing to be successful in our service delivery to our residents, businesses and visitors. To continue our commitment to moving forward in a cohesive, productive and well organized way, the City Council and the City Manager developed a City-Wide Strategic Plan. The plan includes the City's Mission Statement, Core Values, three-year goals and specific six month strategic planning objectives that support the goals. The City Council and management staff meet every six months to review and update these objectives. The three-year goals include: Enhance economic development; achieve financial stability; attract, develop and retain quality staff; maintain and enhance infrastructure and facilities; enhance community outreach and engagement.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The City of Fountain Valley is a premier Orange County City that celebrated its fifty-seventh birthday in 2014. It has the reputation of being "*A Nice Place to Live*", as the environment is designed to provide a residential oasis within the hectic sprawl of metropolitan Orange County. This ambiance is by design and we are mindful of the residential predominance when ascertaining the level of service that will be provided to the community each year.

Economic Outlook & Highlights for the Future - Recognizing the long range effect that Proposition 13 placed on a predominately residential community in the early eighties, the City began directing its efforts toward creating a viable sales tax base. Faced with the limitations of little remaining developable land, it was understood that it was far too late to consider the construction of a regional commercial mall. However, as it was the emerging era of the big box retailer, Fountain Valley set about becoming the home for big box discount retailers. This strategy has served us well as companies such as Costco, Sam's Club, and La Curacao generally do well in spite of the gyrations that occur in an unpredictable economy, and sales tax has grown to be the single largest revenue source for general city operations. During the great recession the City's sales and property tax declined significantly.

The state and the City have started to see signs that the overall economy is improving including improving housing values throughout Orange County. The 2014-15 budget anticipates additional revenues coming from increased property taxes due to higher housing values and a slight increase in sale tax. The opening of the new Ayers hotel will result in additional Transient Occupancy Tax.

For several years the City made significant cuts and reductions in its operations and services, which helped the City, survive the great recession. However, the City is not out of the woods yet because it still has significant service solvency needs that required funding. The City continues to use a conservative yet realistic approach to both revenues and expenditures as it moves forward in planning for the future. The challenge for cities in California is to develop a budget that represents a sustainable service level.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES

Housing - Fountain Valley is 98% built out, which means that most of the new development will come from repurposing existing properties. Fountain Valley remains a very desirable place to live; this is evidenced by the demand shown for the new homes built in the city. Most projects are sold out prior to completion of the development. Although there has been an economic slowdown for the last few years many businesses have chosen to either move to Fountain

Valley or expand their operations here. This means that Fountain Valley is not only "A Nice Place to Live", but a great place to do business. Below is just a sampling of the economic activity that has recently taken place in Fountain Valley.

Fountain Valley Civic Center - This project consists of a residential development with 61 townhomes and 27 single family homes and a 127 unit hotel located on an 8.3 acre site next to the City Hall campus at Brookhurst Street and Slater Avenue. This project has been completed and the resulting property and TOT tax have begun to flow into the City's General Fund.

Hyundai - Hyundai America completed construction on their North America Headquarters and employees over 1,400 at this location. The project consists of a new six story, 420,000 square foot office building, a 50,000 square foot technical service building and a five-level parking structure. This is a unique Fountain Valley icon that is seen by thousands of drivers who pass by on the 405 freeway.

Yakult - Yakult is the world's leading probiotic beverage created in Japan in 1935. It is produced by Yakult Honsha Co., Ltd - the world's pioneer in probiotics. Yakult completed construction on their first production facility in the United States on Newhope Avenue. The facility consists of an 87,000 square foot beverage manufacturing facility and produces over 400,000 bottles of exclusive probiotic drinks.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

Annual Budget and Budgetary Controls - The City's budget document is submitted annually to the City Council as a multi-year forecast. This long range perspective assists the Council in the difficult task of evaluating the effect that current year allocations will have over a prolonged period of time. The budget is assembled at a program or service level rather than the traditional department level. This allows the Council to focus on the individual services the community will receive for total dollars spent in a year.

The objective of budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. Annual budgets are legally adopted for all governmental funds on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, except for certain special revenue and debt service funds. Budgetary control for management purposes is maintained as authorized by the Council at the departmental program level within individual funds.

The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. At fiscal year-end, all operating budget appropriations lapse and

encumbrances are reported as reservations of fund balances at June 30, 2014. As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the Financial Section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management of the City's financial operations.

Cash Management Policies and Practices – Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) as authorized by the City's adopted investment policy.

Reserves – The City has formally adopted a General Fund Reserve Policy that sets aside funds for Working Cash Flow, Budget Stabilization, Capital Projects, Natural Disaster, and Economic Development. This reserve policy ensures that adequate funds are available for both short-term and long-term financial needs of the City.

Debt Administration - The City has always subscribed to a "pay as you go" philosophy even when it came to large capital projects, sometimes planning ten to fifteen years into the future to accumulate funding for building renovations, or capital improvements. However, with the last State fiscal crises looming a decision was made to explore other financing options that include the "pay as you use" philosophy. This option allowed for the expansion of the Recreation Center at Mile Square Park and the construction of a Senior/Community Center in July 2003. The Fountain Valley Improvement Authority issued Certificates of Participation rated AAA by both Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Service. The City's AAA rating was reaffirmed by Standard & Poor's in August 2012. The City Council has authorized City staff to pursue this financing philosophy for several critical Water Fund projects in 2014.

Pension and other Post-employment benefits – The City of Fountain Valley contracts with the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) to provide retirement, disability, and death and survivor benefits for all eligible employees. The employer pension benefit obligation varies from year to year and is computed as part of an annual actuarial valuation performed by CalPERS. Employees contribute 7-12% of their annual covered salary.

The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 made significant changes to the pension benefits that may be offered to employees hired on or after January 1, 2013, including setting a new maximum benefit, a lower-cost pension formula for safety and non-safety employees with requirements to work longer in order to reach full retirement age and a cap on the amount used to calculate a pension.

Redevelopment Wind Down - As mentioned earlier in this transmittal letter, on February 1, 2012, the State of California eliminated all redevelopment agencies across the state. The

elimination of these agencies removed a very important tool for local communities to attract, sustain and grow economic development. This vital tool provided for much of the necessary infrastructure such as water, sewer, and traffic facilities to accommodate new businesses. The loss of these funds has made it extremely difficult for the City to provide economic growth and funding for various infrastructure projects.

Another part of redevelopment was the provision of affordable housing. Twenty percent of all tax increment collected was dedicated to affordable housing. Affordable housing programs provided funds to assist low and moderate income homeowners with the means to maintain and improve their homes, thereby preserving neighborhoods throughout the City. The funds also assisted in the development of affordable housing for seniors and other residents of low and moderate income and the City now has no source of funding to meet these housing needs.

In addition, under the dissolution act cities now only receive property taxes to fund items that are approved by the Department of Finance (DOF). Cities report to the DOF bi-annually on items that the City requires funding for and the DOF can approve or deny an item at its sole discretion. The DOF has the ability to approve an item in one reporting period and then turn around and deny it on the next cycle. During the 2012/13 fiscal year the DOF denied payments for the COP and Mike Thompson RV, they had previously approved both items then denied them in future reporting. The City feels that the DOF denial of these two items was inappropriate and we filed suit against the state in July 2013. This litigation is still pending and the outcome of the litigation can only be speculated at this time, therefore there are no assumptions of the outcome reflected in the financial statement being presented.

CONCLUSION

Acknowledgements - The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is made possible by the dedicated efforts of the Finance Department staff. In addition, appreciation is extended to our independent auditors, White Nelson Diehl Evans, for their expertise and advice in preparing this year's financial report.

The City's CAFR is more than just a historical financial document. It is a clear statement of what the community and the organization values and what we have accomplished over the last twelve months. Fountain Valley has the distinction of being a mature community with over 57 years of proud history. Even though it is mature, Fountain Valley will continue to look for ways it can change to meet its environment and needs of its citizens. The strong foundation that the City has been built on over the last 57 years will enable it to adapt well to the future.

Every employee's commitment to the progressive approach of the financial operations of the City has allowed the citizens of this community to consistently receive a superior level of service while maintaining a sound financial base from which to operate.

In closing, without the leadership and support of the City Council, City Manager and each operating department, it would not have been possible to conduct the financial operation of the City in the responsible and progressive manner in which it has been managed.

Respectfully submitted,

David D.Cain

Finance Director/Treasurer

Teresa Gonzalez Accounting Manager

City Directory

Mayor

Michael Vo

Council Members

Steve Nagel John Collins Mark McCurdy Cheryl Brothers Mayor Pro Tempore Council Member Council Member Council Member

City Officials

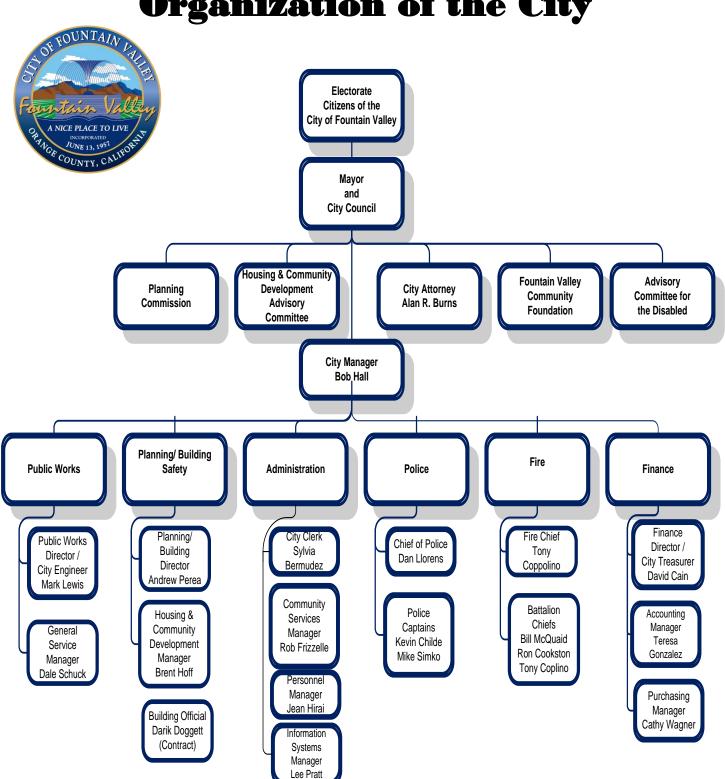
Bob Hall Alan R. Burns Mark Lewis

Andrew Perea Dan Llorens Tony Coppolino David Cain Dale Schuck Sylvia Bermudez Rob Frizzelle Jean Hirai Mike Simko Kevin Childe Bill McQuaid Tony Coppolino Ron Cookston Lee Pratt Cathy Wagner

City Manager City Attorney **Director of Public Works** and City Engineer Planning/Building Director Chief of Police Fire Chief Finance Director/City Treasurer General Services Manager City Clerk Community Services Manager Personnel Manager **Police Captain** Police Captain **Battalion Chief Battalion Chief Battalion Chief** Information Systems Manager Purchasing Manager



Fountain Valley on the Rise



Organization of the City

City of Fountain Valley









Hyundai Building



Fountain Valley on the Rise

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

City Council City of Fountain Valley Fountain Valley, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Fountain Valley (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

1

2875 Michelle Drive, Suite 300, Irvine, CA 92606 • Tel: 714.978.1300 • Fax: 714.978.7893

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in Note 13 to the financial statements, an error resulting in understating amounts previously reported for capital assets, expenses, and net position as of July 1, 2013 was discovered by management of the City during the current year. Accordingly, amounts reported for the beginning net position have been restated in the fiscal year 2013-2014 financial statements to correct the error. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Also, as discussed in Note 13 to the financial statements, an error resulting in overstating amounts previously reported for revenues and net position as of July 1, 2013 was discovered by management of the City during the current year. Accordingly, amounts reported for the beginning net position have been restated in the fiscal year 2013-2014 financial statements to correct the error. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Prior-Year Comparative Information

The financial statements include partial prior-year comparative information. Such information does not include all of the information required to constitute a presentation in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the City's financial statement for the year ended June 30, 2013 from which such partial information was derived.

Report on Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of funding progress and budgetary comparison schedules, as listed in the table of contents as required supplementary information, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis and the schedule of funding progress in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during the audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the management's discussion and analysis and the schedule of funding standards and the schedule of funding statements.

Other Matters (Continued)

Report on Required Supplementary Information (Continued)

The budgetary comparison schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements of the City or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, supplementary schedules, and statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary schedules, as listed in the table of contents, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2014, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

White Nelson Dieke Cuans UP

Irvine, California December 9, 2014 (THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Fountain Valley (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Fountain Valley for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

Financial Highlights

- Assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2014, by \$174.7 million (net position). Net position consists of \$113.4 net investment in capital assets, \$15.5 million in restricted net position and \$45.8 million in unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- City's total net position increased by \$298,841. This increase is attributable to revenues being in excess of expenses.
- The business-type activities revenue totaled \$16 million as compared to \$15.2 million, or 5.3 percent increase over the prior year and expenses totaled \$15.3 million as compared to \$14.9 million in 2013, or a 2.7 percent increase over the prior year. The result produced an increase in business-type net position of \$718,115 as compared to a decrease of \$167,930 in the prior year.
- As of June 30, 2014, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$61.8 million. Non-spendable was \$2.0 million, restricted was \$15.4 million, assigned was \$15.9 million, and unassigned was \$28.5 million.
- Total governmental fund balances decreased by \$1.5 million. This decrease is attributable to
 expenditures related to numerous traffic improvement capital projects identified as part of the annual
 cost to maintain and preserve the eligible infrastructure assets at the condition level established and
 disclosed by the government. Fund balance was used to fund the traffic improvement capital
 projects.
- Total governmental revenues from all sources were \$45.4 million as compared to expenditures of \$47 million.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information to show how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows.* Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Fountain Valley include general government, public safety, transportation, community development, community services, capital projects and interest on long term debt. The business-type activities of the City are comprised of water and solid waste funds.

The *government-wide financial statements* include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also the legally separate Fountain Valley Housing Authority and the Fountain Valley Financing Authority that function as integral parts of the primary government and have been included in these financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following this discussion and analysis.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains fourteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and Housing Authority which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds and Capital Projects Funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found immediately following the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains two different types of *proprietary (Enterprise) funds. Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water utility and solid waste operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and solid waste funds.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found immediately following the government funds financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

The fiduciary fund financial statements include the private-purpose trust funds and agency funds of the City. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found immediately following the proprietary fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the fiduciary funds financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* which includes Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the General Fund and Housing Authority, schedules of funding progress for the City's other post-employment benefits and disclosure information pertaining to the use of the Modified Approach with infrastructure. Required supplementary information can be found immediately following the notes to the basic financial statement.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented for all non-major Special Revenue Funds, non-major Capital Projects Funds and all non-major Debt Service Funds. These combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found immediately following the notes to the required supplementary information.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the City of Fountain Valley's case, assets exceeded liabilities by \$174,737,993 at the close of the fiscal year. 35.1 percent of the City's net position reflects cash, investments, accounts receivable and prepaid expenses and 64.9 percent is the net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending.

SUMMARY OF NET POSITION

(in thousands)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			
					Total	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
Current and other assets	71,450	72,733	8,761	7,514	80,211	80,247
Capital assets	110,537	109,269	12,414	12,385	122,951	121,654
Total Assets	181,987	182,002	21,175	19,899	203,162	201,901
Long-term liabilities						
Outstanding	13,216	13,005	510	561	13,726	13,566
Other liabilities	12,379	12,186	2,319	1,710	14,698	13,896
Total Liabilities	25,595	25,191	2,829	2,271	28,424	27,462
Net Assets:						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	101,558	99,543	11,879	11,800	113,437	111,343
Restricted	15,453	14,429	0	0	15,453	14,429
Unrestricted	39,381	42,839	6,467	5,828	45,848	48,667
Total Net Position	156,392	156,811	18,346	17,628	174,738	174,439

A portion of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the 2014 fiscal year, the City of Fountain Valley is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

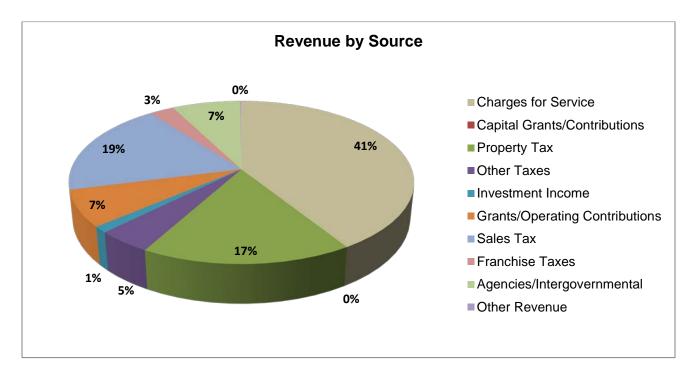
Governmental Activities

Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$419,274. The key element of this decrease is related to expenses related to numerous traffic improvement capital projects identified as part of the annual cost to maintain and preserve the eligible infrastructure assets at the condition level established and disclosed by the government. Net assets were used to fund the traffic improvement capital projects.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

(In thousands)

	Govern Activ		Business-Type Activities		Total	
Revenues:	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
Program Revenues:	·					
Charges for services	9,295	11,302	16,036	15,207	25,331	26,509
Operating grants and						
Contributions	4,418	3,763			4,418	3,763
Capital grants and						
Contributions	0	255			0	255
General Revenues:						
Property taxes	10,423	16,071			10,423	16,071
Franchise taxes	1,629	1,713			1,629	1,713
Sales taxes	11,443	11,408			11,443	11,408
Other taxes	2,739	2,632			2,739	2,632
From Other						0
Agencies	4,569	4,587			4,569	4,587
Other						
Investment earnings	708	(66)	34	50	742	(16)
Miscellaneous	33	225	9 44		42	269
Transfers	80	73	(80)	(73)	0	0
Gain/(Loss) on sale of						
property	32	3			32	3
Total Revenues	45,369	51,966	15,999	15,228	61,368	67,194
Expenses:						
General government	3,399	3,269			3,399	3,269
Public safety	25,531	26,101			25,531	26,101
Transportation	8,603	8,086			8,603	8,086
Community Dev.	5,256	5,676			5,256	5,676
Community Services	2,650	2,433			2,650	2,433
Interest charges	349	389			349	389
Capital Projects	0	401			0	401
Extraordinary Loss	0	14,984		512	0	15,496
Water			12,345	11,961	12,345	11,961
Solid Waste			2,936	2,923	2,936	2,923
Total Expenses	45,788	61,339	15,281	15,396	61,069	76,735
Change in net position	(419)	(9,373)	718	(168)	299	(9,541)
Net Position - July 1, as						
restated	156,811	166,184	17,628	17,796	174,439	183,980
Net Position - June 30	156,392	156,811	18,346	17,628	174,738	174,439



Financial Analysis of the Government Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to demonstrate and ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$61,848,132 a decrease of \$1,518,691 from the prior year, as mentioned earlier the decrease is related to numerous traffic improvement capital projects. Approximately 3 percent of this amount, \$1,966,451 is not available for spending, \$15,452,824, or 25 percent is considered restricted, \$15,931,549, or 26 percent is assigned and 46 percent, \$28,497,308 is available for spending at the government's discretion within the guidelines of the fund types.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance in the general fund, the chief operating fund of the City, was \$28,497,308 and total fund balance was \$42,563,759. This constitutes decrease of \$27,776 from the 2013 fiscal year. The general fund revenues closely matched the expenditures.

There are two major funds within the governmental fund accounts. They include the General Fund, and the Fountain Valley Housing Authority.

Fund balance in the Housing Authority Fund at June 30, 2014, was \$7,840,487 an increase of \$369,021; this is directly related to an increase in receipts of loan repayments when this fiscal year is compared to last fiscal year.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. There are currently two funds in this group, the water utility and sold waste funds.

Total net position for the Water Utility Fund increased by \$693,192 and totaled \$17,671,281 at June 30, 2014, of this amount the unrestricted net position amounted to \$5,792,511. The increase is attributable to revenues being in excess of expenses. For the fiscal year ended 2014 the Solid Waste Fund had a net position of \$674,883, an increase of \$24,923 from last fiscal year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Changes to Original Budget

A detailed budgetary comparison schedule for the year ended June 30, 2014, is presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements. The final budget amounts are different from those originally adopted by Council. This is due to changes that occurred between the adoption of the 2013-2014 annual budget and the closing of the fiscal year.

The following summarizes the original budget compared with the final budget:

General Fund	Original Budget	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Variance</u>
Revenues	\$37,071,285	\$37,478,934	\$ 407,649
Expenditures	\$37,477,837	\$38,638,818	\$1,160,981
Other sources (uses)	(\$ 948,552)	(\$ 693,124)	\$ 255,428

Revenue variances are made up of the following items: During the course of the fiscal year the City secured state and federal grant awards of \$131,649. The remaining \$276,000 reflects an increase in building permit and plan check fees for continued building activity for several large projects such as Hyundai Motor America, Yakult and the Olson residential project.

The variance in expenditures consists of appropriations for the above mentioned grants and personnel services required for the processing of plans and permits for the large construction projects. Also included are appropriations that were carried over from the prior year for projects that were started but not completed by year end. In addition, the City appropriated funds in the amount of \$231,368 for the Council approved lump sum bonus payouts to various employee groups.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2014, amounts to \$122,950,625 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, construction in progress, improvements other than buildings, vehicles and equipment, park facilities, roads, highway, and sidewalks/curbs/gutters. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 1.1 percent, or \$1,295,972. The major additions were for the construction in progress costs in the amount of \$1,473,449 for the Garfield Sewer Improvement project and the City Hall roof replacement in the amount of \$406,726.

	Governmental		Busines	ss-Type		
	Activities		Activities		Total	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
Land	3,885	3,885	123	123	4,008	4,008
Vehicles and Equipment	2,458	2,255	10	13	2,468	2,268
Furniture and Fixtures	12	14			12	14
Buildings	8,643	9,009	7,419	7,939	16,062	16,948
Construction in Progress	2,140	54	1,130	472	3,270	526
Improvements other						
than Structures	3,412	3,057	3,732	3,838	7,144	6,895
Rights of Way	17,948	17,948			17,948	17,948
Infrastructure	72,038	73,047			72,038	73,047
Total	110,536	109,269	12,414	12,385	122,950	121,654

CAPITAL ASSETS (net of accumulated depreciation)

(In thousands)

Total110,536109,26912,41412,385122,950121,654The City elected to use the modified approach in reporting its street pavement infrastructure network. There have been no significant changes in the assessed condition of the infrastructure assets from the last fiscal year. The current condition of these assets complies with the condition levels adopted by the City. Variances in budgeted versus actual expenditures is due to timing of project completion. Projects started but not completed during the fiscal year are carried over to the next fiscal year. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of this report.

LEASES, TAX ALLOCATION BONDS, AND NOTES

	Govern	mental	Business-Type			
	Activities		Activities		Total	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
Leases Payable	219	451			219	451
Tax Allocation Bonds						
Certificate of Participation	8,760	9,275			8,760	9,275
Compensated Absences	2,125	1,976	126	119	2,251	2,095
Claims Payable	3,081	3,491			3,081	3,491
Other Post Emp. Benefits						
(OPEB)	1,889	807			1,889	807
Loans Payable			535	585	535	585
Total	16,074	16,000	661	704	16,735	16,704

(In thousands)

At year-end, the City had total long term debt outstanding of \$16,735,031; this is an increase of \$31,116. The net increase is attributable to a net increase to OPEB obligation in the amount of \$1,082,560 and reductions in lease payable obligations and certificates of participation.

FISCAL YEAR 2014-15 OPERATING BUDGET AND ENTERPRISE RATES

The City Council adopted the fiscal year 2014-2015 Budget with total appropriations of \$73,117,098 and projected revenues of \$69,179,727. The combined funds include a substantial amount of one-time capital improvement projects. The General Fund fiscal year 2014-2015 estimated revenues are \$40,841,794 and budgeted appropriations are \$40,841,794. The budget also includes \$1,740,731 in public and park improvements utilizing designated Capital Reserves. The General Fund appropriations increased by \$1,468,422 (4.0%) from the prior year's expenditures. The fiscal year 2014-2015 budget includes an approved increase of 5.75 percent to water rates and a 3.0 percent to sewer rates. There were no other increase to taxes or fees as part of the preparation and adoption of the fiscal year 2014-2015 budget.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Fountain Valley, Finance Department, 10200 Slater Avenue, Fountain Valley, California 92708.

(THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK)

City of Fountain Valley Basic Financial Statements



Olson Development

Solana Walk



Fountain Valley on the Rise

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2014 (with comparative totals as of June 30, 2013)

	Governmental	Business-type	Tc	otals
	Activities	Activities	2014	2013
ASSETS:				
Cash and investments	\$ 50,376,695	\$ 7,611,897	\$ 57,988,592	\$ 57,138,573
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	2,516,412	-	2,516,412	2,533,880
Receivables:				
Accounts	3,221,056	2,565,419	5,786,475	5,692,209
Accrued interest	31,525	-	31,525	54,443
Loans	7,151,899	-	7,151,899	7,421,922
Advances to successor agency	2,706,802	-	2,706,802	3,364,450
Internal balances	1,416,000	(1,416,000)	-	-
Inventories	82,080	-	82,080	82,767
Land held for resale	3,851,917	-	3,851,917	3,851,917
Prepaid expenses	95,778	-	95,778	106,556
Capital assets:				
Not being depreciated	87,521,667	1,253,201	88,774,868	86,031,094
Being depreciated, net	23,014,903	11,160,854	34,175,757	35,623,559
TOTAL ASSETS	181,986,734	21,175,371	203,162,105	201,901,370
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable	1,587,634	2,032,132	3,619,766	2,725,084
Accrued wages payable	470,464	-	470,464	407,195
Accrued interest payable	123,082	-	123,082	137,654
Unearned revenue	7,148,837	-	7,148,837	7,421,922
Deposits payable	190,601	136,331	326,932	66,448
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within one year	2,858,201	150,394	3,008,595	3,138,745
Due in more than one year	13,216,086	510,350	13,726,436	13,565,170
TOTAL LIABILITIES	25,594,905	2,829,207	28,424,112	27,462,218
NET POSITION:				
Net investment in capital assets	101,557,748	11,878,770	113,436,518	111,343,252
Restricted for:	101,007,710	11,070,770	110,100,010	111,010,202
Housing	8,045,665	-	8,045,665	7,675,638
Public safety	969,992	_	969,992	1,391,512
Transportation	3,844,776	_	3,844,776	4,414,795
Community development	75,979	_	75,979	56,971
Debt service	2,516,412	_	2,516,412	889,600
Unrestricted	39,381,257	6,467,394	45,848,651	48,667,384
omesticica	59,301,237	0,407,394	+3,040,031	40,007,304
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 156,391,829	\$ 18,346,164	\$ 174,737,993	\$ 174,439,152

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2013)

			Program Revenues			
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and		
Functions/programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions		
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 3,398,739	\$ 1,589,201	\$ -	\$ -		
Public safety	25,531,715	2,437,171	331,154	-		
Transportation	8,602,763	-	3,549,771	-		
Community development	5,256,405	3,571,688	250,609	-		
Community services	2,649,541	1,696,636	286,326	-		
Interest on long term debt	349,089	-	-	-		
Total governmental activities	45,788,252	9,294,696	4,417,860	-		
Business-type activities:						
Water	12,344,634	12,939,652	-	-		
Solid waste	2,936,437	3,096,014	-	-		
Total business-type activities	15,281,071	16,035,666				
Total	\$ 61,069,323	\$ 25,330,362	\$ 4,417,860	\$		

General revenues:

Taxes: Property taxes Sales taxes Franchise taxes Other taxes Intergovernmental revenues, unrestricted Investment income (loss) Gain on sale of capital assets Miscellaneous Transfers Total general revenues and transfers Extraordinary items: Removal of disallowed advance Payment to successor agency for disallowed expenses Total extraordinary items Change in net position

Net position - beginning of year, as restated

Net position - end of year

Governmental	Net Position Business-type	Tot	tals
Activities	Activities	2014	2013
\$ (1,809,538)	\$ -	\$ (1,809,538)	\$ (1,955,422)
(22,763,390)	-	(22,763,390)	(23,100,765)
(5,052,992)	-	(5,052,992)	(5,587,755)
(1,434,108)	-	(1,434,108)	(635,896)
(666,579)	-	(666,579)	633,947
(349,089)		(349,089)	(389,544)
(32,075,696)		(32,075,696)	(31,035,435)
			 50
-	595,018	595,018	69,520
-	159,577	159,577	252,702
<u> </u>	754,595	754,595	322,222
(32,075,696)	754,595	(31,321,101)	(30,713,213)
10,423,211	-	10,423,211	16,071,106
11,442,672	-	11,442,672	11,407,422
1,628,690	-	1,628,690	1,712,754
2,739,433	-	2,739,433	2,632,282
4,569,352	-	4,569,352	4,587,172
707,717	33,905	741,622	(15,498)
32,419	-	32,419	2,404
33,128	9,415	42,543	269,455
79,800	(79,800)		
31,656,422	(36,480)	31,619,942	36,667,097
			(6,220,542)
-	-	-	(9,275,000)
-	-		(15,495,542)
(419,274)	718,115	298,841	(9,541,658)
156,811,103	17,628,049	174,439,152	183,980,810
\$ 156,391,829	\$ 18,346,164	\$ 174,737,993	\$ 174,439,152

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2014 (with comparative totals as of June 30, 2013)

	General	Special Revenue Fund Housing Authority	Other Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 39,893,659	\$ 1,263,528	\$ 9,219,508
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	\$ 39,893,039	\$ 1,203,328 -	2,516,412
Receivables:			2,510,112
Accounts	2,505,851	18,240	696,965
Accrued interest	31,525	-	-
Loans/notes	3,063	6,953,195	195,641
Due from other funds	-	-	-
Advances to other funds	1,788,593	-	-
Advances to successor agency	-	2,706,802	-
Inventories	82,080	-	-
Land held for resale	-	3,851,917	-
Prepaid expenses	95,778	-	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 44,400,549	\$ 14,793,682	\$ 12,628,526
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	\$ 1,172,422	\$ -	\$ 415,212
Accrued wages payable	470,464	-	-
Deposits payable	-	-	190,601
Unearned revenue	-	6,953,195	195,642
Due to other funds	-	-	-
Advances from other funds	-	-	372,593
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,642,886	6,953,195	1,174,048
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Unavailable revenues	193,904		10,592
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,836,790	6,953,195	1,184,640
FUND BALANCES:	,	,	
Nonspendable:			
Inventories	82,080	-	-
Prepaid expenses	95,778	-	-
Advances	1,788,593	-	-
Land held for resale	-	-	-
Restricted for:			
Public safety	-	-	969,992
Transportation	-	-	3,844,776
Housing	-	7,840,487	205,178
Community development	-	-	75,979
Debt service	-	-	2,516,412
Assigned.			
Capital projects	9,600,000	-	3,831,549
Econome development	2,500,000	-	-
Unassigned	28,497,308	-	-
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	42,563,759	7,840,487	11,443,886
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 44,400,549	\$ 14,793,682	\$ 12,628,526

Total Governmental Funds				
2014	2013			
ф. <u>со 277</u> (ос	ф. <u>со сс(</u> л лл			
\$ 50,376,695	\$ 50,556,477			
2,516,412	2,533,880			
3,221,056	3,103,749			
31,525	54,443			
7,151,899	7,421,922			
-	2,442			
1,788,593	1,657,000			
2,706,802	3,364,450			
82,080	82,767			
3,851,917	3,851,917			
95,778	106,556			
\$ 71,822,757	\$ 72,735,603			
\$ 1,587,634	\$ 1,224,608			
470,464	407,195			
190,601	-			
7,148,837	7,421,922			
-	2,442			
<u> </u>	-			
9,770,129	9,056,167			
204,496	312,613			
9,974,625	9,368,780			
82,080	82,767			
95,778	106,556			
1,788,593	5,021,450			
-	3,851,917			
969,992	1,391,512			
3,844,776	4,414,795			
8,045,665	459,271			
75,979	56,971			
2,516,412	889,600			
13,431,549	6,346,772			
2,500,000				
28,497,308	40,745,212			
61,848,132	63,366,823			
\$ 71,822,757	\$ 72,735,603			

(THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK)

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2014

(with comparative totals as of June 30, 2013)

	2014	2013
Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 61,848,1	132 \$ 63,366,823
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets, net of depreciation, have not been included as financial resources in government fund activity:		
Capital assets	143,247,0	084 140,069,146
Accumulated depreciation	(32,710,5	514) (30,799,594)
Net OPEB liabilities are not recorded under the modified accrual basis of accounting.	(1,889,4	417) (806,857)
Long-term liabilities have not been included in the governmental funds:		
Certificates of participation, capital leases and claims	(12,059,7	783) (13,217,024)
Compensated absences	(2,125,0	087) (1,976,350)
Accrued interest payable for the current portion of interest due on bonds payable has not been reported in the governmental funds.	(123,0	082) (137,654)
Revenues that are measurable but not available. Amounts are recorded as unavailable revenue under the modified accrual basis of accounting.	204,4	496 312,613
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 156,391,8	829 \$ 156,811,103

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2013)

	General	Special Revenue Fund Housing Authority	Other Governmental Funds
REVENUES:	¢ 24 600 200	¢	¢
Taxes	\$ 24,609,300	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits Fines and penalties	1,834,212 751,302	-	-
Investment income (loss)	545,720	120 160	- 60 550
Rental income (1055)	1,163,515	138,168	60,559
		-	3,851,710
Intergovernmental	4,638,269	-	
Charges for services Miscellaneous	4,172,172	-	1,952,826
	1,385,700	247,162	46,680
TOTAL REVENUES	39,100,190	385,330	5,911,775
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
General government	2,870,199	-	-
Public safety	24,316,705	-	299,497
Transportation	4,584,382	-	3,862,326
Community development	3,015,476	16,309	957,354
Community services	2,309,516	-	12,191
Capital outlay	1,298,298	-	2,342,458
Debt service:			
Principal	232,414	-	515,000
Interest			363,661
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	38,626,990	16,309	8,352,487
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER			
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	473,200	369,021	(2,440,712)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Transfers in	480,341	-	2,580,750
Transfers out	(981,317)		(1,999,974)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(500,976)		580,776
EXTRAORDINARY GAIN (LOSS): Removal of disallowed advance			
Payment to successor agency for disallowed expenses	-	-	-
TOTAL EXTRAORDINARY GAIN (LOSS)	-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(27,776)	369,021	(1,859,936)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	42,591,535	7,471,466	13,303,822
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 42,563,759	\$ 7,840,487	\$ 11,443,886

Total Governmental Funds				
2014	2013			
\$ 24,609,300	\$ 30,142,198			
1,834,212	2,260,643			
751,302	799,794			
744,447	(15,506)			
1,163,515	1,151,228			
8,489,979	8,066,501			
6,124,998	6,552,896			
1,679,542	3,197,853			
45,397,295	52,155,607			
i				
2,870,199	2,919,814			
24,616,202	25,071,510			
8,446,708	8,084,134			
3,989,139	4,449,856			
2,321,707	2,123,704			
3,640,756	1,194,478			
5,010,750	1,191,170			
747,414	717,422			
363,661	381,711			
46,995,786	44,942,629			
,				
(1,598,491)	7,212,978			
	., ,			
3,061,091	1,402,365			
(2,981,291)	(1,329,425)			
79,800	72,940			
	. ,			
-	(9,275,000)			
-	(5,708,772)			
	(14,983,772)			
	(1.,,,00,,,72)			
(1,518,691)	(7,697,854)			
(1,010,091)	(1,001,004)			
63,366,823	71,064,677			
05,500,025	/1,007,077			
\$ 61,848,132	\$ 63,366,823			
\$ 01,010,152	\$ 05,500,025			

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2013)

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 2014 (1,518,691)	\$ 2013 (7,697,854)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital expense exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlays Depreciation expense	3,492,839 (2,225,821)	792,872 (2,195,207)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	747,414	717,422
The Statement of Net Position includes accrued interest on long-term debt.	14,572	(7,833)
The liability for claims and judgments is reported on the Statement of Net Position and the net change in claims and judgments payable is a reduction of expense in the Statement of Activities.	409,827	(60,820)
Compensated absences of payable are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the net change in compensated absences payable is an increase expense in the Statement of Activities	(148,737)	260,514
Other post-employment benefits payable are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the net change in the other post-employment benefits payable is an increase in expense in the Statement of Activities	(1,082,560)	(919,624)
Revenues that are measurable but not available are not recorded as revenue under the modified accrual basis of accounting.	 (108,117)	 (263,198)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (419,274)	\$ (9,373,728)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2014 (with comparative totals as of June 30, 2013)

	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Totals	
	Water	Solid		
	Utility	Waste	2014	2013
ASSETS:				
CURRENT ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,135,605	\$ 476,292	\$ 7,611,897	\$ 6,582,096
Accounts receivable	2,122,027	443,392	2,565,419	2,588,460
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	9,257,632	919,684	10,177,316	9,170,556
NONCURRENT ASSETS:				
Capital assets:				
Not being depreciated	1,253,201	-	1,253,201	595,112
Being depreciated, net	11,160,854	-	11,160,854	11,789,989
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	12,414,055		12,414,055	12,385,101
TOTAL ASSETS	21,671,687	919,684	22,591,371	21,555,657
LIABILITIES:				
CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable	1,787,331	244,801	2,032,132	1,500,476
Deposits payable	136,331	-	136,331	66,448
Advances from other funds	1,416,000	-	1,416,000	1,657,000
Note payable, current portion	51,626	-	51,626	49,880
Compensated absences, current portion	98,768		98,768	93,304
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	3,490,056	244,801	3,734,857	3,367,108
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Note payable, net of current portion	483,659	-	483,659	535,285
Compensated absences, net of currention portion	26,691	-	26,691	25,215
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	510,350		510,350	560,500
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,000,406	244,801	4,245,207	3,927,608
NET POSITION:				
Net investment in capital assets	11,878,770	-	11,878,770	11,799,936
Unrestricted	5,792,511	674,883	6,467,394	5,828,113
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 17,671,281	\$ 674,883	\$ 18,346,164	\$ 17,628,049

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2013)

	Business-Type Activities		Totals		
	Water Utility	Solid Waste	2014	2013	
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Charges for services	\$ 12,939,652	\$ 3,096,014	\$ 16,035,666	\$ 15,206,652	
Miscellaneous	9,415		9,415	44,142	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	12,949,067	3,096,014	16,045,081	15,250,794	
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Distribution maintenance	208,314	-	208,314	404,502	
Utility administration	705,687	-	705,687	642,141	
Contract services	-	2,936,437	2,936,437	2,923,270	
Pumping and maintenance	1,241,409	-	1,241,409	1,221,279	
Water treatment	9,448,608	-	9,448,608	8,937,936	
Depreciation	629,135	-	629,135	629,134	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	12,233,153	2,936,437	15,169,590	14,758,262	
OPERATING INCOME	715,914	159,577	875,491	492,532	
NONODER ATING REVENUES (EVERNOES)					
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Investment income	22.005		22 005	50 416	
	33,905	-	33,905	50,416	
Interest expense	(111,481)		(111,481)	(126,168)	
TOTAL NONOPERATING					
REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(77,576)	_	(77,576)	(75,752)	
	(77,576)		(11,510)	(10,102)	
INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS	638,338	159,577	797,915	416,780	
TRANSFERS:					
Transfers in	134,654	-	134,654	134,136	
Transfers out	(79,800)	(134,654)	(214,454)	(207,076)	
	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(10 ,00)	()	(,,,,,,)	
TOTAL TRANSFERS	54,854	(134,654)	(79,800)	(72,940)	
CHANGES IN NET POSITION BEFORE					
EXTRAORDINARY ITEM	693,192	24,923	718,115	343,840	
EXTRAORDINARY ITEM:					
Payment to successor agency for disallowed					
expenses				(511,770)	
expenses				(311,770)	
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	693,192	24,923	718,115	(167,930)	
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	16,978,089	649,960	17,628,049	17,795,979	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 17,671,281	\$ 674,883	\$ 18,346,164	\$ 17,628,049	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2013)

	Business-Type Activities		Totals		
	Water Utility	Solid Waste	2014	2013	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers of goods and services Cash payments to employees for services	\$ 13,014,159 (8,629,070) (2,436,919)	\$ 3,123,846 (2,935,870)	\$ 16,138,005 (11,564,940) (2,436,919)	\$ 15,308,321 (8,103,873) (6,016,736)	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1,948,170	187,976	2,136,146	1,187,712	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from other funds Cash paid to other funds Cash paid to successor agency for disallowed expenses as an extraordinary item	134,654 (320,800)	(134,654)	134,654 (455,454)	134,136 (435,076) (511,770)	
NET CASH USED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(186,146)	(134,654)	(320,800)	(812,710)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Cash paid for acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on debt Interest paid on debt	(658,089) (49,880) (111,481)	- - -	(658,089) (49,880) (111,481)	(135,688) (48,194) (126,168)	
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(819,450)		(819,450)	(310,050)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Investment income	33,905		33,905	50,416	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	33,905		33,905	50,416	
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	976,479	53,322	1,029,801	115,368	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	6,159,126	422,970	6,582,096	6,466,728	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 7,135,605	\$ 476,292	\$ 7,611,897	\$ 6,582,096	

See independent auditors' report and notes to basic financial statements.

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2013)

Business-Type Activities			Totals				
	Water Utility		Solid Waste		2014		2013
\$	715,914	\$	159,577	\$	875,491	\$	492,532
	629,135		-		629,135		629,134
	(4,791)		27,832		23,041		50,261
	531,089		567		531,656		(24,193)
	69,883		-		69,883		7,268
	6,940		-		6,940		32,710
\$	1,948,170	\$	187,976	\$	2,136,146	\$	1,187,712
	\$	Water Utility \$ 715,914 629,135 (4,791) 531,089 69,883 6,940	Water Utility \$ 715,914 \$ 629,135 (4,791) 531,089 69,883 6,940	Water Utility Solid Waste \$ 715,914 \$ 159,577 629,135 - (4,791) 27,832 531,089 567 69,883 - 6,940 -	Water Solid Utility Waste \$ 715,914 \$ 159,577 629,135 - (4,791) 27,832 531,089 567 69,883 - 6,940 -	Water Utility Solid Waste 2014 \$ 715,914 \$ 159,577 \$ 875,491 629,135 - 629,135 (4,791) 27,832 23,041 531,089 567 531,656 69,883 - 69,883 6,940 - 6,940	Water Utility Solid Waste 2014 \$ 715,914 \$ 159,577 \$ 875,491 \$ 629,135 - 629,135 629,135 (4,791) 27,832 23,041 531,089 567 531,656 69,883 - 69,883 - 69,400 - 6,940

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

June 30, 2014 (with comparative totals as of June 30, 2013)

			То	tals
	Private-Purpose Trust Funds	e Agency Funds	2014	2013
ASSETS:				
Cash and investments	\$ 11,235,681	\$ 1,034,257	\$ 12,269,938	\$ 12,191,830
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	2,035,737	-	2,035,737	2,078,655
Accrued interest receivable	4,455		4,455	5,343
TOTAL ASSETS	13,275,873	\$ 1,034,257	14,310,130	14,275,828
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable	143,264	- \$	143,264	181,339
Deposits payable	-	1,034,257	1,034,257	967,502
Advances payable to:				
Housing Authority	2,706,802	-	2,706,802	3,364,450
Accrued interest payable	85,305	-	85,305	124,750
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within one year	1,775,000	-	1,775,000	1,715,000
Due in more than one year	1,855,000		1,855,000	3,630,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	6,565,371	\$ 1,034,257	7,599,628	9,983,041
NET POSITION:				
Held in trust for Successor Agency	\$ 6,710,502	=	\$ 6,710,502	\$ 4,292,787

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2013)

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds		
	2014	2013	
ADDITIONS:			
Taxes	\$ 3,163,136	\$ 3,084,804	
Investment income	29,312	60,330	
TOTAL ADDITIONS	3,192,448	3,145,134	
DEDUCTIONS:			
Administrative	245,893	245,975	
Community development	318,785	478,007	
Interest	210,055	351,295	
Payment to the County		47,594,740	
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	774,733	48,670,017	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE			
EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS	2,417,715	(45,524,883)	
EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS:			
Payment from city to reimburse disallowed expenses	-	6,220,542	
Payment from city to remove disallowed advance		9,275,000	
TOTAL EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS		15,495,542	
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	2,417,715	(30,029,341)	
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	4,292,787	34,322,128	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 6,710,502	\$ 4,292,787	

City of Fountain Valley Notes to the Basic Financial Statements



Yakult



Fountain Valley on the Rise

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The basic financial statements of the City of Fountain Valley, California (City) have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the City's significant accounting policies.

a. Reporting Entity:

The City of Fountain Valley is a general law city governed by an elected five-member city council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City of Fountain Valley (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the City. These entities are legally separate from the City. However, the City's elected officials have a continuing full or partial accountability for fiscal matters of the other entities.

An organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government if it is unable to adopt its budget, levy taxes or set rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without approval by the primary government. In a blended presentation, a component unit's balances and transactions are reported in a manner similar to the balances and transactions of the City. Component units are presented on a blended basis when the component unit's governing body is substantially the same as the City's or the component unit provides services almost entirely to the City. Therefore, the component units of the City discussed below are presented blended within the financial statements of the City.

The Fountain Valley Financing Authority (Authority) was established in April 2003, for the purpose of issuing tax exempt obligations and retaining the services of a land counsel and financial advisor. The activities of the Authority are reported in the Fountain Valley Financing Authority Deb Service Fund. Separate financial statements are not prepared for this blended component unit.

The Fountain Valley Housing Authority (Housing Authority) was established in 2011 to preserve the ability to provide affordable housing activities. The activities of the Housing Authority are reported in the Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund. Separate financial statements are not prepared for this blended component unit.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED):

b. Basis of Accounting, Measurement Focus and Financial Statement Presentation:

The *basic financial statements* of the City are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to basic financial statements

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. In the government-wide financial statements, the governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds.

Government-wide financial statements are presented using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary and private purpose trust fund financial statements. Under the economic resources measurement focus, all (both current and long-term) economic resources and obligations of the reporting government are reported in the government-wide financial statements. *Accrual basis of accounting* refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year which the taxes are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as the eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED):

b. Basis of Accounting, Measurement Focus and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued):

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. The types of transactions reported as program revenues for the City are reported in three categories:

- 1. Charges for services,
- 2. Operating grants and contributions, and
- 3. Capital grants and contributions.

Charges for services include revenues from customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function. Grants and contributions include revenues restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as expenses. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the government's Water Utility and Solid Waste functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the City is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity (net position), revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED):

b. Basis of Accounting, Measurement Focus and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued):

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

During the course of operations the City has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these are reported at gross amounts as transfers *in/out*. While this is the reporting method for the fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

Governmental Funds

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the *modified-accrual basis of accounting*. Under the modified-accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both *measurable* and *available*. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED):

b. Basis of Accounting, Measurement Focus and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued):

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Sales taxes, property taxes, franchise taxes, intergovernmental, rental income, transient occupancy taxes and special assessments are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues in the current fiscal period to the extent normally collected within the availability period. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available when cash is received by the government.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the *current financial resources measurement focus*. This means that only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are generally included on their balance sheets. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Non-current portions of long-term receivables between governmental funds are reported on their balance sheets in spite of their spending measurement focus. Special reporting treatments are used to indicate, however, that they should not be considered "available spendable resources", since they do not represent available resources. Recognition of governmental fund type revenues represented by non-current receivables are offset by unearned revenue until they become current receivables. Non-current portions of other long-term receivables are offset by nonspendable or restricted fund balance.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund types are accounted for using the *economic resources measurement focus* and *accrual basis of accounting*. This means that all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or non-current) associated with the activity are included on the statement of net position. Their reported fund equity presents total net position. The operating statement of the proprietary fund presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED):

b. Basis of Accounting, Measurement Focus and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued):

Proprietary Funds (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's water utility and solid waste funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include all cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The City's Fiduciary private-purpose trust funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. The private-purpose trust funds account for the assets held by the City for the Successor Agency to the Fountain Valley Agency for Community Development. The City's Fiduciary agency funds have no measurement focus but utilize the accrual basis for reporting its assets and liabilities. The City uses agency funds to account for the collection and disbursement of funds for special deposits, and reimbursement agreements collected by the City on behalf of others. Because these funds are not available for use by the City, fiduciary funds are not included in the governmental-wide statements.

c. Fund Classifications:

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the City. It accounts for all activities of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund - This special revenue fund is used to account for the housing activities of the former Fountain Valley Agency for Community Development.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED):

c. Fund Classifications (Continued):

The City of Fountain Valley reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Utility Fund - This enterprise fund is used to account for the provision of water to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administration, operation, maintenance, construction, financing and related debt service.

Solid Waste Fund - This fund accounts for fees and services for trash disposal.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The <u>Special Revenue Funds</u> are used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or otherwise assigned for specific purposes.

The <u>Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for resources restricted or assigned for expenditure of principal and interest.

The <u>Capital Projects Funds</u> are used to account for resources restricted or assigned for capital improvements.

The <u>Private-Purpose Trust Funds</u> account for the activities of the Successor Agency of the former Fountain Valley Agency for Community Development.

The <u>Agency Funds</u> account for special deposits and reimbursement agreements collected by the City of behalf of others.

d. New Accounting Pronouncements:

Current Year Standards:

GASB 66 - "*Technical Corrections, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 10 and Statement No. 62*", required to be implemented in the current fiscal year did not impact the City.

GASB 70 - "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees", required to be implemented in the current fiscal year did not impact the City.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED):

d. New Accounting Pronouncements (Continued):

Pending Accounting Standards:

GASB has issued the following statements which may impact the City's financial reporting requirements in the future:

- GASB 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27", effective for the fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.
- GASB 69 "Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations", effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2013.
- GASB 71 "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68", effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2014.
- e. Cash and Investments:

Investments are reported in the accompanying statements of net position and balance sheet at fair value, except for certain certificates of deposit and investment contracts that are reported at cost because they are not transferable and they have terms that are not affected by changes in market interest rates.

Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as *investment income* reported for that fiscal year. *Investment income* includes interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation or sale of investments. The City pools cash and investments of all funds, except for assets held by fiscal agents. Each fund's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as *cash and investments*.

f. Cash Equivalents:

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash or so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates, and have an original maturity date of 3 months or less. Cash equivalents represent the proprietary funds' share in the cash and investment pool of the City of Fountain Valley.

g. Inventories:

Inventories are stated at average cost. Physical counts of inventory are taken on a cyclical basis during each fiscal year with perpetual records adjusted to actual at that time. The City uses the consumption method of accounting for inventories.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED):

h. Prepaid Expenses:

Payments to vendors that reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid expenses in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

i. Land Held for Resale:

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost or, upon entering into a contract for sale, the estimated realizable value. The carrying value of land and building held for resale is offset by nonspendable fund balance, because such assets are not available to finance the City's current operations.

j. Capital Assets:

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date of donation. Capital assets subject to lease obligations are valued at the present value of future lease payments at the inception of the lease.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets used by the governmental and business-type activities is charged as an expense against their operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the statement of net position. Depreciation has been calculated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	25 - 40 years
Improvements other than buildings	10 - 50 years
Vehicles	3 - 25 years
Machinery and equipment	10 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years
Infrastructure	20 - 50 years
Reservoirs	60 years
Wells, pumps and mains	25 - 75 years
Water meters and hydrants	30 years
Other water equipment	6 - 25 years

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED):

j. Capital Assets (Continued):

The following schedule shows the minimum threshold at which the various types of asset purchases are capitalized when the estimated useful life is in excess of one year:

Land/land improvements	Capitalize All
Buildings	\$ 50,000
Building improvements	\$ 25,000
Structures and improvements other than buildings	\$ 25,000
Equipment and vehicles	\$ 5,000
Infrastructure	\$ 100,000

The City has reported all capital assets including infrastructure in the government-wide statement of net position. The City has elected to use the depreciation approach using the straight-line depreciation method for some of the infrastructure assets and the modified approach for others, in which the City agrees to maintain those assets at a specified level of maintenance. Those assets reported using the depreciation method are traffic signals, sewers, and storm drains. Those assets reported using the modified approach are arterial pavement, local pavement, curbs and gutters and sidewalks.

k. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City does not have any applicable deferred outflows of resources.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has only one type of item, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenues*, is reported only in the governmental fund balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: taxes and grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED):

1. Property Taxes:

Under California law, property taxes are assessed and collected by the counties up to 1 % of assessed value, plus other increases approved by the voters. The property taxes go into a pool, and are then allocated to the cities based on complex formulas. Accordingly, the City of Fountain Valley accrues only those taxes which are received within 60 days after year end.

The property tax calendar is as follows:

Lien Date:	January 1
Levy Date:	July 1
Due Date:	First Installment - November 1
	Second Installment - February 1
Delinquent Date:	First Installment - December 10
	Second Installment - April 10

m. Claims and Judgments:

The City records a liability for litigation, judgments, and claims when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability (including incurred but not reported) has been incurred prior to year end and the probable amount of loss (net of any insurance coverage) can be reasonably estimated. This liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements and has typically been paid from the City's general fund.

n. Employee Leave Benefits:

A liability is recorded for unused vacation and similar compensatory leave balances since the employees' entitlement to these balances are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that virtually all of these balances will be liquidated by either paid time off or payments upon termination or retirement.

A liability is recorded for unused sick leave balances only to the extent that it is probable that the unused balances will result in termination payments. This is estimated by including in the liability the unused balances of employees currently entitled to receive termination payment, as well as those who are expected to become eligible to receive termination benefits as a result of continuing their employment with the City. Other amounts of unused sick leave are excluded from the liability since their payment is contingent solely upon the occurrence of a future event (illness) which is outside the control of the City and the employee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED):

n. Employee Leave Benefits (Continued):

If material, a proprietary fund liability is accrued for all leave benefits relating to the operations of the proprietary funds. A current liability is accrued in the governmental funds for material leave benefits due on demand to governmental fund employees that have terminated prior to year end. All other amounts are recorded in the government-wide financial statements. These non-current amounts will be recorded as fund expenditures in the year in which they are paid or become due on demand to terminated employees.

o. Net Position:

The government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund statements and fiduciary fund statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is classified in the following categories:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> - This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted net position</u> - This amount is restricted by enabling legislation (such as external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) and include unspent proceeds of bonds issued to acquire or construct capital assets.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> - This amount is all net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position".

p. Net Position Flow Assumption:

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the City's practice to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied, unless otherwise directed by Council.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED):

q. Fund Balances:

Fund balances are reported in the fund statements in the following classifications:

<u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u> - this includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form (such as inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (such as endowments).

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> - this includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by legal requirements imposed by other governments, external resource providers, or creditors. City Council imposed restrictions do not create restricted fund balance unless the legal document that initially authorized the revenue (associated with that portion of fund balance) also included language that specified the limited use for which the authorized revenues were to be expended.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> - this includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (for example, resolution, ordinance, minutes action, etc.) that it employed to previously commit those amounts. If the Council action that limits the use of the funds was separate from the action that initially created the revenues that form the basis for the fund balance, then the resultant fund balance is considered to be committed, not restricted. The City considers a resolution to constitute the highest formal action of City Council for the purposes of establishing committed fund balance.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> - this includes amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes as indicated either by City Council or be persons to whom City Council has delegated the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes. City Council has not delegated this authority.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> - this includes the remaining spendable amounts which are not included in one of the other classifications.

It is the City's policy that restricted resources will be applied first, followed by (in order of application) committed, assigned, and unassigned resources, in the absence of a formal policy adopted by the Council.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED):

r. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

s. Prior Year Data:

Selected information regarding the prior year has been included in the accompanying financial statements. This information has been included for comparison purposes only and does not represent a complete presentation in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the City's prior year financial statements, from which the selected financial data was derived. Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior year amounts to conform to the current years' presentation.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS:

Cash and Investments:

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2014 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and investments	\$ 57,988,592
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	2,516,412
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:	
Cash and investments	12,269,938
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	 2,035,737
Total cash and investments	\$ 74,810,679

Cash and investments held by the City at June 30, 2014 consisted of the following:

Cash on hand	\$ 28,775
Deposits with financial institutions	10,274,289
Investments	 64,507,615
Total cash and investments	\$ 74,810,679

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED):

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy:

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

Investment Types Authorized by State Law	Authorized by Investment Policy	Maximum Maturity*	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio*	Maximum Investment in One Issuer*
Local Agency Bonds	Yes	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	Yes	5 years	None	None
U.S. Government Sponsored				
Agency Securities	Yes	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	Yes	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	Yes	270 days	40%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	Yes	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	No	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	No	92 days	20% of base value	None
Medium-Term Notes	Yes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	No	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	Yes	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	Yes	5 years	None	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	No	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	Yes	N/A	None	None
JPA Pools (other investment pools)	No	N/A	None	None

* Based on state law requirements or investment policy requirements, whichever is more restrictive.

N/A - Not Applicable

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED):

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements:

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustees. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

		Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio
United States Treasury Obligations	None	None
United States Government Sponsored		
Agency Securities	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	30 days	None
Commercial Paper	180 days	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	None	None
Investment Contracts	None	None
Local Agency Bonds	None	None
Corporate Notes	None	None
Medium Term Notes	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	None	None
Financial Futures/Option Contracts	None	None
California Arbitrage Management Pool	None	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	None	None

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flows and liquidity needed for operations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED):

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk (Continued):

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including those held by bond trustees) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity. For purposes of the schedule shown below, any callable securities are assumed to be held to maturity.

]	Remaining Maturity (in Months)										
	12 Months	13 - 24	25 - 60	More Than								
Investment Type	or Less	Months	Months	60 Months	Total							
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 20,456,905	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,456,905							
U.S. Government Sponsored												
Agency Securities	-	-	36,864,770	-	36,864,770							
Money market mutual funds	2,386,291	-	-	-	2,386,291							
Negotiable certificates of deposit	-	-	247,500	-	247,500							
Held by Fiscal Agent:												
Local Agency Investment Fund	1,956,822	-	-	-	1,956,822							
Money market mutual funds	2,595,327				2,595,327							
	<u>\$ 27,395,345</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 37,112,270</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 64,507,615</u>							

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk:

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the Standard and Poor's actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type.

	Minimum	Total Ratings as of Fiscal Year				
	Legal	as of				Not
Investment Type	Rating	June 30, 2014	AAA	AA+	А	Rated
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	\$ 20,456,905	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$20,456,905
U.S. Government Sponsored						
Agency Securities	N/A	36,864,770	-	36,864,770	-	-
Money market mutual funds	А	2,386,291	2,386,291	-	-	-
Negotiable certificates of deposit	N/A	247,500	-	-	-	247,500
Held by Fiscal Agent:						
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	1,956,822	-	-	-	1,956,822
Money market mutual funds	А	2,595,327	2,595,327			
		<u>\$ 64,507,615</u>	<u>\$ 4,981,618</u>	<u>\$36,864,770</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$22,661,227</u>

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED):

Concentration of Credit Risk:

Investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total City investments are as follows:

Issuer	Investment Type	 Reported Amount
Federal National Mortgage Association	U.S. Government Sponsored	
	Agency Securities	\$ 13,944,520
Federal Home Loan Bank	U.S. Government Sponsored	
	Agency Securities	22,920,250

Custodial Credit Risk:

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. At June 30, 2014, the City deposits (bank balances) were insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized as required under California Law.

For investments identified herein as held by bond trustee, the bond trustee selects the investment under the terms of the applicable trust agreement, acquires the investment, and holds the investment on behalf of the City.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED):

Investment in State Investment Pool:

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. LAIF is not rated.

3. INTERFUND ACTIVITY:

The following represents the interfund activity of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

Advances To/From Other Funds:

Advances to other funds and from other funds at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Advances to Other Funds	Advances from Other Funds	<u> </u>	Amount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$	372,593
	Water Utility Fund		1,416,000
		<u>\$</u>	1,788,593

An advance of \$372,593 evidenced by a promissory note with an interest rate of 3.195% was made from the General Fund to the Criminal Activities Special Revenue Fund to pay for a new Computer Aided Dispatch/Records Management System and related hardware and software.

An advance of \$2,500,000 evidenced by a promissory note with an interest rate of 5.5% was made by the General Fund to the Water Enterprise Fund to pay for construction of Well No.9. The unpaid balance at June 30, 2014 was \$1,416,000.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

3. INTERFUND ACTIVITY (CONTINUED):

Transfers In/Out:

The following schedule summarizes the City's transfer activity:

Transfers In	ers In Transfers Out			
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds (a)	\$	480,341	
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund (b) Other Governmental Funds (c) Water Utility Fund (d)		981,317 1,519,633 79,800	
Water Utility Fund	Solid Waste Fund (e)	\$	<u>134,654</u> 3,195,745	

- (a) Transfers in to the General Fund include \$418,347 from the Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund to reimburse eligible expenditures, \$52,734 from the Sewer Assessment Special Revenue Fund to reimburse eligible expenditures and \$9,260 from the Measure M2 Revenue Fund for funding assistance for Senior Mobility Program from M2 Funds.
- (b) Transfers out of the General Fund include \$863,370 to the Financing Authority for debt service payments on the Certificates of Participation and \$117,947 to the Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund for funding assistance from waste franchise for residential road rehabilitation.
- (c) Transfers out of the Measure M2 Special Revenue Fund to the Traffic Improvement Special Revenue Fund for \$1,473,283 for funding assistance for various capital projects funded by local share of M2 Funds. Transfers out of Sewer Assessment Capital Projects Fund include \$38,700 to the Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund for residential road rehabilitation projects and \$7,650 to the Traffic Improvement Fund for arterial road rehabilitation projects.
- (d) Transfers out of the Water Utility Fund include \$60,300 to the Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund for residential rehabilitation projects and \$19,500 to the Traffic Improvement Fund for arterial road rehabilitation projects.
- (e) Transfer out of the Solid Waste Fund for administrative charge of Rainbow billing services recorded in the Water Utility Fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

4. CAPITAL ASSETS:

Governmental Activities:

Changes in capital assets for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2014 were as follows:

	Balances at July 1, 2013 (As Restated – Note 13)			Additions	Deletions	Balances at June 30, 2014		
Capital assets, not being								
depreciated:								
Infrastructure	¢	62 549 607	¢		¢	¢	(2 540 (07	
(modified approach) Land	\$	63,548,697	\$	-	\$ -	\$	63,548,697	
		3,885,105		-	-		3,885,105	
Rights of way Construction in progress		17,948,464		-	-		17,948,464 2,139,401	
Total capital assets,		53,716		2,085,685			2,139,401	
not being depreciated		85,435,982		2,085,685			87,521,667	
not being depreciated		05,455,982		2,085,085			87,321,007	
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings		17,274,254		-	-		17,274,254	
Improvements		3,574,883		550,787	-		4,125,670	
Vehicles and equipment		7,884,152		856,367	(314,901)		8,425,618	
Furniture and fixtures		20,302		-	-		20,302	
Infrastructure								
(depreciation approach)		25,879,573					25,879,573	
Total capital assets,								
being depreciated		54,633,164		1,407,154	(314,901)		55,725,417	
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings		(8,265,466)		(365,552)	-		(8,631,018)	
Improvements		(517,396)		(196,115)	-		(713,511)	
Vehicles and equipment		(5,628,318)		(653,824)	314,901		(5,967,241)	
Furniture and fixtures		(6,713)		(1,921)	-		(8,634)	
Infrastructure								
(depreciation approach)		(16,381,701)		(1,008,409)			(17,390,110)	
Total accumulated								
depreciation		(30,799,594)		(2,225,821)	314,901		(32,710,514)	
Total capital assets								
being depreciated, net		23,833,570		(818,667)			23,014,903	
Capital assets, net	<u>\$</u>	109,269,552	\$	1,267,018	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$</u>	110,536,570	
e independent auditors' report								

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED):

Governmental Activities (Continued):

Depreciation expense was charged in the following functions in the Statement of Activities:

General government	\$ 230,843
Transportation	3,651
Public safety	391,868
Community development	1,270,137
Community services	329,322
·	<u>\$ 2,225,821</u>

Business-type Activities:

Changes in capital assets for business-type activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 were as follows:

		Balances at July 1, 2013	 Additions Deletions			Balances at ne 30, 2014
Capital assets, not being						
depreciated:						
Land	\$	123,076	\$ -	\$ -	\$	123,076
Construction in progress		472,036	 658,089			1,130,125
Total capital assets,						
not being depreciated		595,112	 658,089			1,253,201
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings		14,805,369	-	-		14,805,369
Improvements other than building	gs	10,263,920	-	-		10,263,920
Machinery and equipment		47,777	 			47,777
Total capital assets,						
being depreciated		25,117,066	 			25,117,066
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings		(6,866,020)	(520,183)	-		(7,386,203)
Improvements other than building	gs	(6,426,156)	(105,486)	-		(6,531,642)
Machinery and equipment		(34,901)	 (3,466)			(38,367)
Total accumulated						
depreciation		(13,327,077)	 (629,135)			(13,956,212)
-						
Total capital assets						
being depreciated, net		11,789,989	 (629,135)			11,160,854
Capital assets, net	\$	12,385,101	\$ 28,954	<u>\$</u>	\$	12,414,055

Depreciation expense in the amount of \$629,135 was charged to the Water Utility Fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:

Changes in long-term liabilities for the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2014 (including unamortized discounts and refunding costs) are as follows:

Governmental Activities:	-	Balance at	 Additions	 Deletions	Balance at ne 30, 2014	2	ue Within One Year
2003 Certificates of Participation	\$	9,275,000	\$ -	\$ (515,000)	\$ 8,760,000	\$	535,000
Capital lease obligations		451,236	-	(232,414)	218,822		109,537
Compensated absences		1,976,350	1,867,367	(1,718,630)	2,125,087		1,672,974
Claims and judgments (Note 6)		3,490,788	493,740	(903,567)	3,080,961		540,690
Other post-employment benefits							
obligation (OPEB) (Note 7)		806,857	 2,647,793	 (1,565,233)	 1,889,417		_
	\$	16,000,231	\$ 5,008,900	\$ (4,934,844)	\$ 16,074,287	\$	2,858,201

2003 Certificates of Participation:

On July 9, 2003, the City issued 2003 Certificates of Participation in the amount of \$13,270,000. The Certificates were being issued for the purpose of financing the acquisition, construction and equipping of certain improvements to City park facilities at the western portion of Mile Square Park, a senior community center, and miscellaneous capital improvements to the City's Civic Center complex and other existing City facilities. The Term Certificates of \$2,435,000 are due September 1, 2026 with an interest rate of 4.5%. The Certificates bear interest ranging from 2.00% to 4.125%, payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1, commencing March 1, 2004.

The required reserve for the Certificates of Participations Bonds is \$879,400 and as of June 30, 2014 the reserve was only funded at \$874,402. The amount of bonds outstanding at June 30, 2014 is \$8,760,000.

Future requirements to amortize outstanding certificates of participation as of June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	P	rincipal]	Interest	Total
2015	\$	535,000	\$	344,400	\$ 879,400
2016		550,000		325,814	875,814
2017		570,000		305,929	875,929
2018		590,000		284,606	874,606
2019		615,000		260,859	875,859
2020 - 2024		3,465,000		905,375	4,370,375
2025 - 2027		2,435,000		167,738	 2,602,738
	\$	8,760,000	<u>\$</u>	2,594,721	\$ 11,354,721

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED):

Governmental Activities (Continued):

Capital Lease Obligations:

The City entered into various agreements to lease fire trucks. Such agreements are, in substance, purchases and are reported as capital lease obligations.

	Date of	М	onthly	Interest			A	cquisition	A	ccumulated
Description	Agreement	Inst	allment	Rate	Commencing	Terminating		Cost	D	epreciation_
Fire trucks	10/28/2005	\$	19,313*	5.18%	10/01/2007	10/01/2015	\$	1,417,407	\$	1,275,664

* - For fiscal years 2014-15 and 2015-16 the monthly installment payment amount is \$9,578.

The lease agreements have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of inception. The outstanding balance of the capital lease obligations at June 30, 2014 was \$218,822, with future scheduled lease payments as follows:

Fiscal	
Year Ending	 Amount
2015	\$ 120,579
2016	 114,945
Subtotal	235,524
Less: amount representing interest	 (16,702)
Present value of future lease payments	\$ 218,822

Compensated Absences:

Governmental compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED):

Business-type Activities:

Changes in long-term liabilities for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2014 are as follows:

]	Balance at					E	Balance at	D	ue Within
	J	uly 1, 2013	_	Additions	_	Deletions	Ju	ne 30, 2014	(One Year
Business-type Activities:										
Note payable	\$	585,165	\$	-	\$	(49,880)	\$	535,285	\$	51,626
Compensated absences		118,519		128,163		(121,223)		125,459		98,768
	\$	703,684	\$	128,163	\$	(171,103)	\$	660,744	\$	150,394

Note Payable:

The Water Utility Fund of the City entered into an agreement with the Orange County Water District (OCWD) in 2003 in a joint effort to improve water supply facilities. This agreement was for the construction of a groundwater production well, including a pump, motor and ancillary surface facilities in the City of Fountain Valley. At June 30, 2014 the amount outstanding on the loan is \$535,285. The interest rate is 3.5%.

The annual requirements to amortize the loan, as of June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Fiscal					
Year Ending	P	rincipal	<u> </u>	nterest	 Total
2015	\$	51,626	\$	18,735	\$ 70,361
2016		53,433		16,928	70,361
2017		55,303		15,058	70,361
2018		57,239		13,122	70,361
2019		59,242		11,119	70,361
2020 - 2023		258,442		23,002	 281,444
	\$	535,285	\$	97,964	\$ 633,249

Compensated Absences:

....

1

Business-type compensated absences are generally liquidated by the Water Utility Fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

6. CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS:

Self-Insurance:

At June 30, 2014, the City was self-insured for workers' compensation, employee long-term disability insurance and general liability. Additionally, the City has purchased coverage for individual workers' compensation claims in excess of \$500,000 for general employees and \$1,000,000 for public safety. The City's general and auto liability self-insurance retention is \$25,000, and the balance extending to \$50,000,000 is covered by the use of pooling maintained through the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (CJPIA). The City also purchases commercial insurance for other risks of loss, including property loss, fidelity and vehicle physical damage.

Description of Self-Insurance Pool Pursuant to Joint Powers Agreement:

The City is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (Insurance Authority). The Insurance Authority is composed of 119 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code Section 6500 et. seq. The purpose of the Insurance Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. The Insurance Authority began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee.

Self-Insurance Programs of the Insurance Authority:

Each member pays an annual contribution to cover estimated losses for the coverage period. This initial funding is paid at the beginning of the coverage period. After the close of the coverage period, outstanding claims are valued. A retrospective deposit computation is then conducted annually thereafter until all claims incurred during the coverage period are closed on a pool-wide basis. This subsequent cost re-allocation among members based on actual claim development can result in adjustments of either refunds or additional deposits required.

The total funding requirement for self-insurance programs is estimated using actuarial models and pre-funded through the annual contribution. Costs are allocated to individual agencies based on exposure (payroll) and experience (claims) relative to other members of the risk-sharing pool. Additional information regarding the cost allocation methodology is provided below.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

6. CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS (CONTINUED):

Self-Insurance Programs of the Insurance Authority (Continued):

Liability. In the liability program claims are pooled separately between police and non-police exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$30,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$30,000 to \$750,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs in excess of \$750,000 up to the reinsurance attachment point of \$5 million are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers. (5) Costs of covered claims from \$5 million to \$10 million are paid under a reinsurance contract subject to a \$2.5 million annual aggregate deductible. The \$2.5 million annual aggregate deductible is fully covered under a separate policy; as such no portion of it is retained by the Insurance Authority. Costs of covered claims from \$10 million to \$15 million are paid under two reinsurance contracts subject to a combined \$3 million annual The \$3 million annual aggregate deductible is fully retained by the aggregate deductible. Insurance Authority. (6) Costs of covered claims from \$15 million to \$20 million are paid under reinsurance agreements. (7) Costs of covered claims from \$20 million to \$50 million are paid under excess insurance policies.

The overall coverage limit for each member including all layers of coverage is \$50 million per occurrence.

Costs of covered claims for subsidence losses are paid by reinsurance and excess insurance with a pooled sub-limit of \$30 million per occurrence. This \$30 million subsidence sub-limit is composed of (a) \$5 million retained within the pool's SIR, (b) \$15 million in reinsurance, subject to the same annual aggregate deductibles previously stated, and (c) \$10 million in excess insurance. The excess insurance layer has a \$10 million annual aggregate limit.

<u>Workers' Compensation</u>. In the workers' compensation program claims are pooled separately between public safety (police and fire) and non-public safety exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$50,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$50,000 to \$100,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs in excess of \$100,000 up to the reinsurance attachment point of \$2 million are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

6. CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS (CONTINUED):

Self-Insurance Programs of the Insurance Authority (Continued):

<u>Workers' Compensation (Continued).</u> (5) Costs of covered claims from \$2 million up to statutory limits are paid under a reinsurance policy. Protection is provided per statutory liability under California Workers' Compensation Law.

Employer's Liability losses are pooled among members to \$2 million. Coverage from \$2 million to \$5 million is purchased as part of a reinsurance policy, and Employer's Liability losses from \$5 million to \$10 million are pooled among members.

Adequacy of Protection:

During the past three fiscal years, none of the above programs of protection have experienced settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There were also no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage in 2013-2014.

Changes in Claims and Judgments Payable:

Changes in claims and judgments payable amounts for the past three fiscal years are as follows:

					Claims			
				Inc	urred and			
]	Beginning	Cl	nanges in		Claim	Ending
F	iscal Year		Balance	E	stimates	P	ayments	 Balance
2	011-2012	\$	3,071,522	\$	755,251	\$	(396,805)	\$ 3,429,968
2	012-2013		3,429,968		83,283		(22,463)	3,490,788
2	013-2014		3,490,788		493,740		(903,567)	3,080,961

7. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS:

Plan Description:

The City's defined benefit plan provides health care benefits to eligible retirees and qualified family members. The City no longer administers the plan as single-employer. Effective December 1, 2010, the City adopted the Public Agencies Post-Retirement Health Care Plan Trust, for which Union Bank serves as Trustee of the plan. Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) is now the third party Trust Administrator of the plan. The Trust is a multiple employer trust established to provide economies of scale and efficient of administration to public agencies that adopt it to hold the assets used to fund its OPEB obligation. The Trust is divided into agency accounts to hold the assets of each employer.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

7. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED):

Plan Description (Continued):

The assets shall be held in trust for the exclusive purpose of providing post-employment health care and welfare benefits to the eligible employees of the employer. Copies of PARS' annual financial report may be obtained from its executive office at 4350 Von Karman Ave. Suite 100, Newport Beach, California 92660. For all covered employees with effective dates of retirement after October 1, 1980 and a minimum of 10-20 years of continuous service, the City contributes the actual cost of insurance up to the amount contributed for active employees. For general, professional and technical employees hired prior to February 16, 1986, insurance with the City will be supplemental to Medicare upon reaching the age of 65. For fire employees hired after February 16, 1986, benefits with the City will terminate upon reaching age 65. For fire employees hired after August 10, 1985, benefits with the City will terminate upon reaching age 65. For fire employees hired after August 10, 1985, benefits with the City will terminate upon reaching age 65. For fire employees hired after August 10, 1985, benefits with the City will terminate upon reaching age 65. For fire employees hired after August 10, 1985, benefits with the City will terminate upon reaching age 65. For fire employees hired after August 10, 1985, benefits with the City will terminate upon reaching age 65. For fire employees hired after August 10, 1985, benefits with the City will terminate upon reaching age 65. For police employees, insurance with the City will be supplemental to Medicare upon reaching the age of 65. Department Directors receive paid supplemental coverage after the age of 65.

Eligibility:

Employees are eligible for retiree health benefits if they retire from the City on or after age 50 with at least 5 years of service, and are eligible for a PERS pension. Membership of the plan consisted of the following at January 1, 2012, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

	<u>Miscellaneous</u>	Safety	Total
Retirees and beneficiaries		-	
receiving benefits	97	65	162
Active plan members	<u>123</u>	94	<u>217</u>
	<u>220</u>	<u>159</u>	<u>379</u>

City's Funding Policy:

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by City Council. The contribution required to be made under City Council and labor agreements is based on a pay-as-you-go basis (i.e., as medical insurance premiums become due). For fiscal year 2013-14, the City contributed \$1,565,233 to the plan for current premiums and there were no additional contributions to the PARS OPEB trust.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

7. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED):

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation:

The City's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation for these benefits:

	Mi	scellaneous		Safety	 Total
Annual required contribution	\$	1,009,000	\$	1,649,000	\$ 2,658,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation		(36,285)		84,696	48,411
Adjustments to annual required contribution		43,934		(102,552)	 (58,618)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		1,016,649		1,631,144	2,647,793
Contributions made (including					
premiums paid)		(657,398)		<u>(907,835</u>)	 (1,565,233)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		359,251		723,309	1,082,560
Net OPEB obligation (asset) -					
Beginning of year		(604,748)		1,411,605	 806,857
Net OPEB obligation (asset) - End of year	<u>\$</u>	(245,497)	<u>\$</u>	2,134,914	\$ 1,889,417

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation (asset) are as follows:

	Miscella	ineous		
Fiscal	Annual	Percentage of	N	let OPEB
Year	OPEB	Annual OPEB	C	bligation
Ended	 Cost	Cost Contributed		(Asset)
6/30/12	\$ 1,061,283	69.46%	\$	(951,645)
6/30/13	960,000	63.87%		(604,748)
6/30/14	1,016,649	64.66%		(245,497)
	Safe	ty		
Fiscal	Annual	Percentage of	N	let OPEB
Year	OPEB	Annual OPEB	C	bligation
Ended	 Cost	Cost Contributed		(Asset)
6/30/12	\$ 1,738,955	60.18%	\$	838,878
6/30/13	1,573,000	63.59%		1,411,605
6/30/14	1,631,144	55.66%		2,134,914

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

7. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED):

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued):

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation (asset) (Continued):

	Tota	al		
Fiscal	Annual	Percentage of	Ν	Net OPEB
Year	OPEB	Annual OPEB	(Obligation
Ended	 Cost	Cost Contributed		(Asset)
6/30/12	\$ 2,800,238	63.70%	\$	(112,767)
6/30/13	2,533,000	63.69%		806,857
6/30/14	2,647,793	59.11%		1,889,417

Funded Status and Funding Progress:

As of January 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 17.13% funded (actuarial value of assets as a percentage of actuarial accrued liability). The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$35,418,000 and the actuarial value of assets was \$6,068,000, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$29,350,000. Assets were valued using a five-year smoothing formula with a corridor of not less than 80% and not more than 120% of market value. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$18,041,000, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 162.68%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for the benefits.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the basic financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

7. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED):

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The actuarial cost method used for determining the benefit obligations is the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method. The actuarial assumptions included a 6.25% investment rate of return, which is the assumed rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate established as follows for Non-Medicare/Medicare and HMO/PPO: Between 8.5% and 8.9% in the second year with incrementally decreasing rates reduced to 5.0% in the eighth year and thereafter. A general inflation rate of 3.0% per annum was utilized. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll over a 26 year closed period. It is assumed the City's payroll will increase 3.25% per year.

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (PERS):

The City participates in the 2.5% at 55 (Tier I Miscellaneous), 3% at 50 (Tier I Safety), 2% at 60 (Tier II Miscellaneous), 3% at 55 (Tier II Safety - Police), 2% at 50 (Tier II Safety - Fire), 2% at 62 (Tier III Miscellaneous PEPRA), 2.7% at 57 (Tier III Safety - Police PEPRA), and 2.0% at 62 (Tier III Safety - Fire PEPRA) Risk Pools of the California Public Employee Retirement System (PERS). As part of a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan, PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by State statute and City ordinance. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the cost sharing plans that are administered by PERS. Copies of PERS' annual financial reports may be obtained from its executive office at 400 "P" Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (PERS):

Contributions and Funding Policy:

Active plan members for the Miscellaneous, Safety - Police and Safety - Fire Tier I are required to contribute 8%, 12% and 9% of their annual covered salary, respectively. These plans were closed to new members before the implementation of the California Employees Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) on January 1, 2013. Tier I contains only classic members (Miscellaneous hired prior to December 25, 2010, Safety - Police hired prior to October 30, 2010 and Safety - Fire hired prior to March 31, 2012) for which the City contributes 0%, 6% and 0% of the employee contribution on behalf of the employee while the employee contributes 8%, 6% and 9%, respectively.

Tier II is open to qualified employees hired before January 1, 2013 or employees hired after January 1, 2013 and have been in PERS System. Active plan member of Miscellaneous Tier II are required to contribute 7% of their annual covered salaries, Safety - Fire Tier II contributes 9%. The active Tier II Miscellaneous and Safety - Fire are required to contribute the entire employee portion while the City contributes between 3-6% of the 9% employee contribution for Safety - Police Tier II.

Tier III was created by PEPRA as of January 1, 2013 and is open to all new employees who do not qualify for Tier II. Active plan members of Miscellaneous and Safety Tier III are required contribute 6.25% and 11.5%, respectively, of their annual covered salary. PEPRA does not allow the City to pay any portion of the employee required contribution on behalf of the employee.

The City is required to contribute the actuarially determined remaining amounts necessary to fund the benefits for its members under the California Employees Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) provisions. The actuarial methods and assumption are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration.

The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The rate for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2013 and 2014 of annual covered payroll are as follows:

	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2014
Tier I Miscellaneous	17.800%	20.830%	21.917%
Tier II Miscellaneous	8.902%	7.846%	8.049%
Tier III Miscellaneous PEPRA	N/A	6.250%	5.609%
Tier I Safety	28.859%	29.823%	34.840% (1)
Tier II Safety - Police	20.308%	20.057%	20.774%
Tier III Safety - Police PEPRA	N/A	11.500%	11.500%
Tier II Safety - Fire	19.169%	19.204%	19.900%
Tier III Safety - Fire PEPRA	N/A	11.500%	11.500%

N/A - plans were not implemented during the fiscal year presented.

(1) - Members of this plan cover 3% of the City's actuarially determined rate. See independent auditors' report.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (PERS) (CONTINUED):

Contributions and Funding Policy (Continued):

The City's contributions to the Miscellaneous plans for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2013, and 2014 were \$1,595,083, \$1,374,407, and \$1,412,098, respectively, and were equal to the required contributions for each year. The City's contributions to the safety plans for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2013, and 2014 were \$2,740,832, \$2,596,274, and \$3,087,228, respectively, and were equal to the required contributions for each year. The Miscellaneous and Safety employees of the City are included in the CalPERS risk pool which was created for groups of fewer than 100 active members.

9. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN (PARS):

As of January 1, 1992, the City implemented a defined contribution pension Plan through PARS for all of its non-regular employees. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. All non-regular employees are eligible to participate from the date of employment. Federal legislation requires contributions of at least 7.5% to a retirement plan, and City Council has resolved to match the employees' contributions of 3.75%. The City's contributions for each employee (and interest earned by the accounts) are fully vested immediately.

For the year ended June 30, 2014, the City's payroll covered by the plan was \$391,658 and the City made employer contributions of \$14,687 (3.75% of current covered payroll).

10. LOANS RECEIVABLE:

The City has outstanding loans to employees to purchase computers. As of June 30, 2014, the outstanding balance is \$3,063.

The City has outstanding rehabilitation and first time home buyer loans receivable totaling \$1,761,132 from qualified applicants. Loans receivable of \$1,565,491 is recorded in the Housing Authority Fund; \$127,398 in the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Special Revenue Fund; and \$68,243 in the HOME Grant Special Revenue Fund. All housing rehabilitation loans are repaid when title to the property changes or according to payment schedules. The loans receivable are offset by unearned revenue.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

10. LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED):

On October 1, 2002, the City entered into an Affordable Housing Agreement with Fountain Valley Partners, L.P. for the development of an apartment complex for seniors. Under the agreement, the City agreed to loan Fountain Valley Housing Partners, L.P. \$5,606,071 at an interest rate of 2%. Principal and interest are due at various maturity dates but no later than 55 years from the date of the note. The loan receivable is offset by unearned revenue. The amount outstanding at June 30, 2014 is \$5,387,704.

11. RECENT CHANGES IN LEGISLATION AFFECTING CALIFORNIA REDEVELOPMENT AGENCIES:

On June 29, 2011, Assembly Bills 1x 26 (the "Dissolution Act") and 1x 27 were enacted as part of the fiscal year 2011-12 state budget package.

On June 27, 2012, as part of the fiscal year 2012-13 state budget package, the Legislature passed and the Governor signed AB 1484, which made technical and substantive amendments to the Dissolution Act based on experience to-date at the state and local level in implementing the Dissolution Act.

Under the Dissolution Act, each California redevelopment agency (each a "Dissolved RDA") was dissolved as of February 1, 2012, and the sponsoring community that formed the Dissolved RDA, together with other designated entities, have initiated the process under the Dissolution Act to unwind the affairs of the Dissolved RDA. A Successor Agency was created for each Dissolved RDA which is the sponsoring community of the Dissolved RDA unless it elected not to serve as the Successor Agency. On February 15, 2011 the City elected to serve as the Successor Agency of the Fountain Valley Agency for Community Development.

The Dissolution Act also created oversight boards which monitor the activities of the successor agencies. The roles of the successor agencies and oversight boards is to administer the wind down of each Dissolved RDA which includes making payments due on enforceable obligations, disposing of the assets (other than housing assets) and remitting the unencumbered balances of the Dissolved RDAs to the County Auditor-Controller for distribution to the affected taxing entities.

The Dissolution Act allowed the sponsoring community that formed the Dissolved RDA to elect to assume the housing functions and take over the certain housing assets of the Dissolved RDA. If the sponsoring community did not elect to become the Successor Housing Agency and assume the Dissolved RDA's housing functions, such housing functions and all related housing assets were to be transferred to the local housing authority in the jurisdiction. AB 1484 modified and provided some clarifications on the treatment of housing assets under the Dissolution Act. The Housing Authority elected on January 10, 2012 to serve as the Housing Successor Agency.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

11. RECENT CHANGES IN LEGISLATION AFFECTING CALIFORNIA REDEVELOPMENT AGENCIES (CONTINUED):

After the date of dissolution, the housing assets, obligations, and activities of the Dissolved RDA have been transferred and are reported in the Housing Authority special revenue fund in the financial statements of the City. All other assets, obligations, and activities of the Dissolved RDA have been transferred and are reported in a fiduciary fund (private-purpose trust fund) in the financial statements of the City.

The Dissolution Act and AB 1484 also establish roles for the County Auditor-Controller, the California Department of Finance (the "DOF") and the California State Controller's office in the dissolution process and the satisfaction of enforceable obligations of the Dissolved RDAs.

The County Auditor-Controller is charged with establishing a Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (the "RPTTF") for each Successor Agency and depositing into the RPTTF for each six-month period the amount of property taxes that would have been redevelopment property tax increment had the Dissolved RDA not been dissolved. The deposit in the RPTTF fund is to be used to pay to the Successor Agency the amounts due on the Successor Agency's enforceable obligations for the upcoming six-month period.

The Successor Agency is required to prepare a recognized obligation payment schedule (the "ROPS") approved by the oversight board setting forth the amounts due for each enforceable obligation during each six month period. The ROPS is submitted to the DOF for approval. The County Auditor-Controller (CAC) will make payments to the Successor Agency from the RPTTF fund based on the ROPS amount approved by the DOF. The ROPS is prepared in advance for the enforceable obligations due over the next six months.

The process of making RPTTF deposits to be used to pay enforceable obligations of the Dissolved RDA will continue until all enforceable obligations have been paid in full and all non-housing assets of the Dissolved RDA have been liquidated.

As part of the dissolution process AB 1484 required the Successor Agency to have due diligence reviews of both the low and moderate income housing funds and all other funds to be completed by October 15, 2012 and January 15, 2013 to compute the funds (cash) which were not needed by the Successor Agency to be retained to pay for existing enforceable obligations. These funds were to be remitted to the CAC after the DOF completed its review of the due diligence reviews. The Successor Agency made payments totaling \$47,594,740 to the CAC as a result of the due diligence review.

The DOF issued a Finding of Completion on April 26, 2013, in which DOF concurred that the Successor Agency has made full payments of any payments required as a result of the due diligence reviews. In addition, the Successor Agency adopted the Long Range Property Management Program (LRPMP) through resolution 24 on June 19, 2014 and subsequently amended through resolution 27 on September 22, 2014.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

11. RECENT CHANGES IN LEGISLATION AFFECTING CALIFORNIA REDEVELOPMENT AGENCIES (CONTINUED):

The Finding of Completion and adoption of the LRPMP allowed the placement of loan agreements between the former redevelopment agency and the City on the 14-15A ROPS. A loan payment of \$657,648 was made in fiscal year 2013-2014 as governed by the criteria in the health and safety code section.

The State Controller of the State of California has been directed to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between Dissolved RDA and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011 and the date upon which the RDA ceased to operate, or January 31, 2012, whichever was earlier, between the City or county, or City and county that created an RDA, or any other public agency, and the RDA. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the State Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency. The State Controller's completed its review on October 2, 2013 and did not identify any unallowable transfers of assets that occurred during the audit between the former RDA, the City and or other public agencies that have not already been addressed by the City.

Management believes, in consultation with legal counsel, that the obligations of the Dissolved RDA due to the City are valid enforceable obligations payable by the Successor Agency under the requirements of the Dissolution Act and AB 1484. The City's position on this issue is not a position of settled law and there is considerable legal uncertainty regarding this issue. It is reasonably possible that a legal determination may be made at a later date by an appropriate judicial authority that would resolve this issue unfavorably to the City. Any possible loss is not estimable at this time.

12. SUCCESSOR AGENCY DISCLOSURES:

Advances To/From Successor Agency:

The following advances to/from the Successor Agency and the City are as follows:

Advances To	Advances From	Amount	
Successor Agency	City Housing Authority (a)	<u>\$ 2,706,802</u>	

(a) Advance from the low and moderate income housing fund of the former Agency for Community Development to help pay for the 2009-2010 Supplemental Education Revenue Augmentation Fund (SERAF) payment. A loan payment of \$657,648 was made in fiscal year 2013-2014 as governed by the criteria in the health and safety code section.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

12. SUCCESSOR AGENCY DISCLOSURES:

Long-Term Liabilities:

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2014 (including unamortized discounts and refunding costs) are as follows:

	Balance at			Balance at	Due Within
	July 1, 2013	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2014	One Year
1998 Tax Allocation Bonds	<u>\$ 5,345,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (1,715,000</u>)	<u>\$ 3,630,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,775,000</u>

1998 Tax Allocation Bonds:

On November 1, 1998 the Fountain Valley Agency for Community Development issued \$24,225,000 1998 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds (Industrial Redevelopment Project Area) for the purpose of refunding all of the Agency's Industrial Area Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds, Issue of 1985 in the amount of \$24,270,000. Interest rates vary from 3.80% to 4.70%. The 1998 Bonds maturing on or after January 1, 2009 are subject to redemption as a whole or in part on any date on or after January 1, 2008 at prices ranging from 100% to 101 % of the principal amount of the bond together with accrued interest thereon to the date of redemption.

The amount of bonds outstanding at June 30, 2014 is \$3,630,000.

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding bonds as of June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Fiscal			
Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$ 1,775,000	\$ 170,610	\$ 1,945,610
2016	1,855,000	87,185	1,942,185
	<u>\$ 3,630,000</u>	<u>\$ 257,795</u>	<u>\$ 3,887,795</u>

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

13. RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION:

Net Position - July 1, 2013

The Governmental Activities net position for the government-wide financial statements as of July 1, 2013 was restated as follows:

Net position as previously reported as of June 30, 2013	\$ 163,949,541
Decrease in net position to remove revenue previously recognized that is unearned	(7,421,922)
Increase in net position to record capital assets previously not reported	283,484
Net position as restated July 1, 2013	<u>\$ 156,811,103</u>

Net Position - July 1, 2012

Net position for the government-wide financial statements as of July 1, 2012 was restated as follows:

Net position as previously reported as of June 30, 2012	\$ 191,348,269
Decrease in net position to remove revenue previously recognized that is unearned	(7,792,684)
Increase in net position to record capital assets previously not reported	425,225
Net position as restated July 1, 2012	<u>\$ 183,980,810</u>

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

On December 3, 2014, the Fountain Valley Public Financing Authority (the Authority) will issue approximately \$13,695,000 in Revenue bonds for the financing of the acquisition and construction of certain improvements, betterments, renovations and expansions of facilities within its water system (the 2014 Project) and to refinance the Orange County Water District Note Payable (see Note 5). The Bonds are special limited obligation of the Authority payable solely from Authority revenues, which consist of installment payments to be made by the City to the Authority pursuant to an installment purchase agreement, dated as of December 1, 2014 by and between the City and the Authority. The Bonds are to be secured by installment payments to be made pursuant to an Installment Purchase Agreement, by and between the City and the Authority, to provide for the refinancing of the OCWD Well Loan and the financing of the 2014 Project, which installment payments will be payable from net revenues of the City's water system.

In preparing these financial statements, the City has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through December 9, 2014, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

City of Fountain Valley Required Supplementary Information







Ayres Hotel



Fountain Valley on the Rise

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

For the year ended June 30, 2014

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (dollar amounts in thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	of	ctuarial Value Assets AVA) (a)	1	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b) - (a)		AAL Funded (UAAL) Ratio		Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Payroll [(b)-(a)]/c]	
01/01/2010 01/01/2012	\$	- 6,068	\$	34,244 35,418	\$	34,244 29,350	0.00% 17.13%	- +	17,041 18,041	200.95% 162.68%	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

GENERAL FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2013)

		2013			
	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
REVENUES:	onginar	1 Indi	Tiotuur	(reguive)	Tiotuur
Taxes	\$ 23,254,500	\$ 23,254,500	\$ 24,609,300	\$ 1,354,800	\$ 30,142,198
Licenses and permits	1,578,700	1,688,700	1,834,212	145,512	2,260,643
Fines and penalties	823,100	823,100	751,302	(71,798)	799,794
Investment income	441,000	441,000	545,720	104,720	(214,632)
Rental income	1,095,000	1,095,000	1,163,515	68,515	1,151,228
Intergovernmental	4,473,000	4,524,395	4,638,269	113,874	4,511,960
Charges of services	3,889,952	4,074,521	4,172,172	97,651	4,468,806
Miscellaneous	1,516,033	1,577,718	1,385,700	(192,018)	2,534,264
TOTAL REVENUES	37,071,285	37,478,934	39,100,190	1,621,256	45,654,261
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government	2,890,312	3,224,848	2,870,199	354,649	2,919,814
Public safety	24,233,102	24,255,679	24,316,705	(61,026)	24,836,803
Transportation	4,649,431	4,649,431	4,584,382	65,049	4,593,401
Community development	2,839,021	3,019,021	3,015,476	3,545	3,060,098
Community services	2,276,646	2,336,346	2,309,516	26,830	2,123,704
Capital outlay	589,325	1,153,493	1,298,298	(144,805)	455,951
Debt service:	567,525	1,155,475	1,290,290	(144,003)	455,751
Principal	_	_	232,414	(232,414)	217,422
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	37,477,837	38,638,818	38,626,990	11,828	38,207,193
		, ,	,	, ,	, , ,
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(406,552)	(1,159,884)	473,200	1,633,084	7,447,068
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	425,000	680,428	480,341	(200,087)	522,352
Transfers out	(1,373,552)	(1,373,552)	(981,317)	392,235	(644,833)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	(-,-,-,)	(-, ,)	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(***,***)
SOURCES (USES)	(948,552)	(693,124)	(500,976)	192,148	(122,481)
EXTRAORDINARY LOSS:					
Payment to successor agency for					
disallowed expenses	-	-	-	-	(5,708,772)
-					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,355,104)	(1,853,008)	(27,776)	1,825,232	1,615,815
FUND BALANCE -					
BEGINNING OF YEAR	42,591,535	42,591,535	42,591,535		40,975,720
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 41,236,431	\$ 40,738,527	\$ 42,563,759	\$ 1,825,232	\$ 42,591,535

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

HOUSING AUTHORITY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2013)

	2014						2013		
							riance with al Budget		
	 Budgeted	l Am	ounts	Positive					
	Original	Final		Actual		(Negative)		Actual	
REVENUES:									
Investment income	\$ 199,582	\$	199,582	\$	138,168	\$	(61,414)	\$	115,042
Miscellaneous	 100,450		100,450		247,162		146,712		296,678
TOTAL REVENUES	 300,032		300,032		385,330		85,298		411,720
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Community development	 299,132		299,132		16,309		282,823		229,397
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 299,132		299,132		16,309		282,823		229,397
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER UNDER EXPENDITURES	900		900		369,021		368,121		182,323
FUND BALANCE -									
BEGINNING OF YEAR	 7,471,466		7,471,466		7,471,466				7,289,143
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 7,472,366	\$	7,472,366	\$	7,840,487	\$	368,121	\$	7,471,466

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the year ended June 30, 2014

1. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY DATA:

The adopted budget of the City consists of the presentation of a Council action request in the form of a staff report specifying the total appropriation for each departmental activity, (e.g., Police Administration, Street Maintenance, etc.).

Total appropriations for each fund may only be increased by the City Council by the approval of a staff report requesting to amend the budget, with the exception of budget adjustments which involve offsetting revenues and expenditures. In cases involving offsetting revenues and expenditures, the Finance Director is authorized to increase or decrease an appropriation for a specific purpose where said appropriation is offset by unbudgeted revenue which is designated for said specific purpose.

The City Manager has the authority to adjust the amounts appropriated between the departments and activities of a fund, objects within each departmental activity and between accounts within the objects, provided, however, that the total appropriations for each fund does not exceed the amounts provided in the original Council action formally adopting the budget.

The level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is the fund level.

All appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end unless City Council takes formal action in the form of an adopted staff report that allows the appropriation to continue into the following fiscal year.

Budgets for the various funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are legally adopted for the general, special revenue, debt service, capital projects, and proprietary fund types with the exception of the HOME Grant Special Revenue Fund.

2. DISCLOSURES FOR STREETS, SIDEWALKS, CURBS AND GUTTERS:

The City elected to use the modified approach in reporting its street pavement infrastructure network. Under the modified approach, infrastructure assets that are part of a network or subsystem of a network are not required to be depreciated as long as two requirements are met.

First, the government must manage the eligible infrastructure assets using an asset management system that has the following characteristics:

- An up-to-date inventory of eligible infrastructure assets,
- Annual condition assessments of the eligible infrastructure assets and summaries of the results using a measurement scale, and
- Estimates of the annual cost to maintain and preserve the eligible infrastructure assets at the condition level established and disclosed by the government.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

2. DISCLOSURES FOR STREETS, SIDEWALKS, CURBS AND GUTTERS (CONTINUED):

Second, the government must document that the eligible infrastructure assets are being preserved approximately at (or above) a condition level established and disclosed by the government. If eligible infrastructure assets meet all requirements and are not depreciated, all expenditures made for those assets (except for additions and improvements) are expensed in the period incurred. Additions and improvements to eligible infrastructure assets are capitalized. Additions or improvements increase the capacity or efficiency of infrastructure assets rather than preserve the useful life of the assets.

Streets:

The condition of the City's roadway pavements is measured using the CarteGraph Pavement Management System. The system uses a measurement scale that is based on a Pavement Condition Index (PCI) ranging from zero for a very poor pavement to 100 for a pavement in very good condition. The City's road system is divided into roadway segments according to the classifications of Primary, Major and Secondary routes, which are combined for reporting purposes as Master Plan of Arterial Highways (MPAH) and Locals. Field condition surveys of the pavement surface are conducted using 19 pavement distress types and a five level measurement scale to develop the PCI for each roadway segment and an overall pavement network rating. The five levels are: Very Good (86-100), Good (75-85), Fair (60-74), Poor (41-59), and Very Poor (0-40). Field condition surveys are undertaken and PCI ratings are compiled bi-annually for MPAH's and Locals. It is the City's policy to maintain a weighted average of all roadway segments at a PCI of 65 or better. The following table shows the results of the field condition surveys:

Condition	PCI Range	MPAH	Locals	Total Mi.	% of Network
Very Good	(86-100)	21.2	60.1	81.3	49%
Good	(75-85)	24.2	17.7	41.9	25%
Fair	(60-74)	7.4	17.1	24.5	15%
Poor	(41-59)	0.8	14.2	15.0	9%
Very Poor	(0-40)	0.0	2.9	2.9	2%
Totals		53.6	112.0	165.6	100%

The overall condition of the City's pavement network based on the most recent complete assessment performed in fiscal year 2014 was "Good" with a weighted average PCI of 81.4 based on the surface area of each segment. The City's three assessments performed previously in fiscal years 2012, 2010, and 2009 were "Very Good" with a weighted average Overall Condition Index (OCI) of 80.8, 74, and 72.3, respectively.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

2. DISCLOSURES FOR STREETS, SIDEWALKS, CURBS AND GUTTERS (CONTINUED):

Sidewalks:

The City's maintenance standards for sidewalks are based upon the various vertical offset criteria listed below:

Sidewalk Maintenance

- 0" to ¹/₂" will be flagged for identification purposes, however will be excluded from the budgetary section of the report. These distress locations are potential hazards and should be considered for future maintenance.
- $\frac{1}{2}$ " to 1" will be flagged for grinding maintenance.
- 1" to 2"- will be flagged for ramping maintenance.
- >2" caused by a tree will be flagged as ramp maintenance until the tree is removed. Then the City will remove the deficient sidewalk and/or curbs and gutter.

It is the City's policy to perform maintenance on sidewalks consistent with the above criteria.

Curbs and Gutters:

The City's maintenance standards for curbs and gutters requires that sections of curbs and gutters that experience a vertical offset of 1-1/2" inches or greater which create "standing" water shall be placed on a schedule for removal and replacement consistent with existing City Council policy. To the greatest extent possible, removal and replacement of curbs and gutters meeting the above criteria shall be performed in conjunction with street resurfacing projects within which the deficient curbs and gutters sections are located.

Comparison of Needed-to-Actual Maintenance/Preservation:

Fiscal Year 2013-2014
\$ -
-
2,842,640
1,974,449
2,000,000
1,682,019

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

2. DISCLOSURES FOR STREETS, SIDEWALKS, CURBS AND GUTTERS (CONTINUED):

Comparison of Needed-to-Actual Maintenance/Preservation (Continued):

Sidewalks, Curbs and Gutters: Budgeted Actual	Fiscal Year 2012-2013 \$ -
Roadway Classification: Arterial and Collectors: Budgeted Actual Residential Roadway: Budgeted Actual	2,988,847 1,185,542 4,047,725 2,098,638
Sidewalks, Curbs and Gutters: Budgeted Actual	Fiscal Year 2011-2012 \$ 412,901 408,767
Roadway Classification: Arterial and Collectors: Budgeted Actual Residential Roadway: Budgeted Actual	2,797,183 1,134,362 4,550,000 2,572,988

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2014

2. DISCLOSURES FOR STREETS, SIDEWALKS, CURBS AND GUTTERS (CONTINUED):

Comparison of Needed-to-Actual Maintenance/Preservation (Continued):

	Fiscal Year 2010-2011				
Sidewalks, Curbs and Gutters: Budgeted Actual	\$	877,700 221,177			
Roadway Classification: Arterial and Collectors:					
Budgeted Actual Residential Roadway:	4,587,275 2,672,156 1,600,000 126,116				
Budgeted Actual					
	Fis	scal Year			
Sidewalks, Curbs and Gutters:		09-2010			
Budgeted Actual	\$	500,000 7,300			
Roadway Classification: Arterial and Collectors:					
Budgeted Actual		3,581,308			
Residential Roadway:		1,152,292			

City of Fountain Valley Suppementary Schedules



Hyundai Building



Fountain Valley on the Rise

OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2014

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to or otherwise assigned for specific purposes.

Criminal Activities - This fund is used to account for receipts and disbursements of seized and forfeited assets used for sale of controlled substances and to account for state monies to be used for policing activities.

Gas Tax - This fund is used to account for state gasoline taxes received by the City. These funds may be used for street maintenance, right-of-way acquisition and street construction.

Abandoned Vehicle Abatement - This fund is used to account for abatement of abandoned or disabled vehicles illegally parked in the City.

Traffic Improvement - This fund is used to account for Measure M revenues received by the City. These funds may be used for street projects to improve traffic.

Pollution Reduction - This fund is used to account for South Coast Air Quality Management District revenues received by the City. These funds may be used for various programs to reduce air pollution.

HOME Grant - This fund is used to account for federal HOME Grant funds.

Measure M2 - This fund is used to account for Measure M2 revenue and interest earnings. These funds are transferred out for traffic improvement related projects.

Community Development Block Grant - This fund is used to account for federal Housing and Community Development Block Grant funds.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

The debt service fund is used to account for resources restricted or assigned for expenditure of principal and interest.

Fountain Valley Financing Authority - This fund is used to account for the repayment of principal and interest on the indebtedness of the City.

(THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK)

OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2014

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for resources restricted or assigned for capital improvements.

Drainage - This fund is used to account for the implementation of goals and objectives of the master drainage plan and to mitigate water runoff impacts of new development in the drainage area.

Sewer Assessment - This fund is used to account for the development impact fees used to pay for the development fair share of improvements.

Fountain Valley Financing Authority - This fund is used to account for the construction of certain improvements associated with the issuance of the 2003 Certificates of Participation.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2014 (with comparative totals as of June 30, 2013)

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Criminal Activities	Gas Tax	Abandoned Vehicle Abatement	Traffic Improvement	Pollution Reduction			
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 1,061,306	\$ 2,201,656	\$ 76,049	\$ 286,660	\$ 292,074			
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	\$ 1,001,300	\$ 2,201,030	\$ 70,049	\$ 280,000	\$ 292,074			
Receivables:	_	_	_	_	_			
Accounts	20,592	175,213	-	_	_			
Loans		-	-	-	-			
			·					
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,081,898	\$ 2,376,869	\$ 76,049	\$ 286,660	\$ 292,074			
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable	\$ 20,795	\$ 8,352	\$ -	\$ 36,180	\$ -			
Deposits payable	-	71,738	-	58,413	-			
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	-	-			
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-			
Advance from other funds	372,593							
TOTAL LIABILITIES	393,388	80,090	-	94,593	-			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Unavailable revenues	10,592							
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	403,980	80,090		94,593				
FUND BALANCES:								
Restricted for:								
Public safety	677,918	-	-	-	292,074			
Transportation	-	2,296,779	76,049	192,067	-			
Housing	-	-	-	-	-			
Community development	-	-	-	-	-			
Debt service	-	-	-	-	-			
Assigned								
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	677,918	2,296,779	76,049	192,067	292,074			
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,081,898	\$ 2,376,869	\$ 76,049	\$ 286,660	\$ 292,074			

Special Re	evenue Funds (Continued)	Debt Service Fund	Car	bital Projects Fi	unds	То	tals
 HOME Grant	Measure M2	Community Development Block Grant	Fountain Valley Financing Authority	Drainage	Sewer Assessment	Fountain Valley Financing Authority	2014	2013
\$ 205,178	\$1,106,637	\$ 6,613	\$- 874,403	\$ 193,430 -	\$3,789,905	\$ - 1,642,009	\$ 9,219,508 2,516,412	\$ 10,569,441 2,533,880
 - 68,243	173,244	80,960 127,398	-	-	246,956	-	696,965 195,641	531,620 222,331
\$ 273,421	\$1,279,881	\$ 214,971	\$ 874,403	\$ 193,430	\$4,036,861	\$1,642,009	\$ 12,628,526	\$13,857,272
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,593	\$ -	\$ 99,792	\$ 238,500 60,450	\$-	\$ 415,212 190,601	\$ 324,246
68,243	-	127,399	-	-	-	-	195,642	222,331
 -	-	-	-		-	-	372,593	2,442
68,243	-	138,992	-	99,792	298,950	-	1,174,048	549,019
 _							10,592	4,431
 68,243		138,992		99,792	298,950		1,184,640	553,450
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	969,992	1,391,512
- 205,178	1,279,881	-	-	-	-	-	3,844,776 205,178	4,414,795 204,172
- 203,178	-	- 75,979	-	-	-	-	75,979	56,971
-	-	-	874,403	- 93,638	- 3,737,911	1,642,009	2,516,412 3,831,549	889,600 6,346,772
 205,178	1,279,881	75,979	874,403	93,638	3,737,911	1,642,009	11,443,886	13,303,822
\$ 273,421	\$1,279,881	\$ 214,971	\$ 874,403	\$ 193,430	\$4,036,861	\$1,642,009	\$ 12,628,526	\$ 13,857,272

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2013)

	Special Revenue Funds									
		riminal tivities		Gas Fax	v	oandoned Vehicle oatement	Traffic Improvement			ollution
REVENUES:	۴	5 225	¢	7 (04	¢	201	¢	16	¢	1 201
Investment income	\$	5,325	\$	7,694	\$	391	\$	46	\$	1,301
Intergovernmental		285,259	1,	953,338		-		396,000		51,560
Charges for services		-		-		-		158,571		-
Miscellaneous		13,320		-		-		6,300		-
TOTAL REVENUES		303,904	1,	961,032		391		560,917		52,861
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
Public safety		296,858		-		-		-		2,639
Transportation		-	1,	709,525		-		2,152,801		-
Community development		-	,	-		-		-		-
Community services		-		-		12,191		-		-
Capital outlay		478,788		-		-		-		-
Debt service:		,								
Principal		-		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-				-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		775,646	1,	709,525		12,191		2,152,801		2,639
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	((471,742)		251,507		(11,800)	(1,591,884)		50,222
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out		-		216,947 418,347)		-		1,500,433		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			()	201,400)				1,500,433		
EXTRAORDINARY GAIN (LOSS): Removal of disallowed advance								-		_
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	((471,742)		50,107		(11,800)		(91,451)		50,222
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1	,149,660	2,	246,672		87,849		283,518		241,852
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	677,918	\$ 2,	296,779	\$	76,049	\$	192,067	\$	292,074

Fountain Grant Fountain M2 Fountain Block Grant Fountain Authority Fountain Drainage Fountain Assessment Fountain Authority Totals \$ 1,006 \$ 10,493 \$ 12,167 \$ 94 \$ - \$ 21,871 \$ 171 \$ 60,559 \$ 84,084 - - 5,175 210,378 - - 3,851,710 3,554,541 - - 27,060 - - - 3,862,326 2,084,090 - - 27,060 - - - - 3,862,326 3,69,0733 1,006 965,668 249,605 94 6,197 1,809,929 171 5,911,775 6,089,626 - - - - - - 29,497 234,707 - - - - - - 1,809,929 171 5,911,775 6,089,626 - - - - - - 234,707 - 234,707 - - - </th <th> Special Re</th> <th>evenue Funds (</th> <th>Continued)</th> <th>Debt Service Fund</th> <th>Cap</th> <th>vital Projects Fu</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	 Special Re	evenue Funds (Continued)	Debt Service Fund	Cap	vital Projects Fu			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			Development	Financing	Duringer		Financing		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	 Grant	IVIZ	Block Glain	Authority	Drainage	Assessment	Authority	2014	2013
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$ 1,006 -	-		\$ 94 -	-	-		3,851,710	3,554,541
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	 -	-		-	6,197	1,788,058	-		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	 1,006	965,668	249,605	94	6,197	1,809,929	171	5,911,775	6,089,626
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	299,497	234,707
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-	230,597	-	-	726,757	-		1,160,361
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-	-	-	99,793	1,763,877	-	2,342,458	738,527
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-	-	515,000	-	-	-	515,000	500,000
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	 -			363,661		-	-	363,661	381,711
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	 -		230,597	878,661	99,793	2,490,634		8,352,487	6,506,039
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	 1,006	965,668	19,008	(878,567)	(93,596)	(680,705)	171	(2,440,712)	(416,413)
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				0.62.250				2 500 550	000.012
. .	 -	- (1,482,543)				(99,084)	-		-
. .									
1,006 (516,875) 19,008 (15,197) (93,596) (779,789) 171 (1,859,936) (9,495,992) 204,172 1,796,756 56,971 889,600 187,234 4,517,700 1,641,838 13,303,822 22,799,814	 -	(1,482,543)		863,370		(99,084)		580,776	195,421
204,172 1,796,756 56,971 889,600 187,234 4,517,700 1,641,838 13,303,822 22,799,814	-					_			(9,275,000)
	 1,006	(516,875)	19,008	(15,197)	(93,596)	(779,789)	171	(1,859,936)	(9,495,992)
\$ 205,178 \$1,279,881 \$ 75,979 \$ 874,403 \$ 93,638 \$3,737,911 \$1,642,009 \$11,443.886 \$13.303.822	 204,172	1,796,756	56,971	889,600	187,234	4,517,700	1,641,838	13,303,822	22,799,814
	\$ 205,178	\$1,279,881	\$ 75.979	\$ 874,403	\$ 93.638	\$3,737,911	\$1,642,009	\$ 11,443,886	\$ 13,303.822

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

CRIMINAL ACTIVITIES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2013)

		20)14		2013
				Variance with	
	Pudget	ed Amounts		Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
REVENUES:				(1,09,001,0)	
Investment income	\$ 100	\$ 100	\$ 5,325	\$ 5,225	\$ 6,703
Intergovernmental	217,869	363,137	285,259	(77,878)	431,031
Miscellaneous	15,000	15,000	13,320	(1,680)	14,100
TOTAL REVENUES	232,969	378,237	303,904	(74,333)	451,834
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Public safety	281,751	423,168	296,858	126,310	234,054
Capital outlay	-	891,745	478,788	412,957	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	281,751	1,314,913	775,646	539,267	234,054
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(48,782	(936,676)	(471,742)	464,934	217,780
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:					
Transfers in	23,591	23,591		(23,591)	
TOTAL OTHER					
FINANCING SOURCES	23,591	23,591		(23,591)	
NET CHANGE IN					
FUND BALANCE	(25,191) (913,085)	(471,742)	441,343	217,780
FUND BALANCE -					
BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,149,660	1,149,660	1,149,660		931,880
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,124,469	\$ 236,575	\$ 677,918	\$ 441,343	\$ 1,149,660

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GAS TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2013)

		2013			
	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
REVENUES:				(= (= 8,)	
Investment income	\$ 17,817	\$ 17,817	\$ 7,694	\$ (10,123)	\$ 13,237
Intergovernmental	1,539,747	1,539,747	1,953,338	413,591	1,638,451
TOTAL REVENUES	1,557,564	1,557,564	1,961,032	403,468	1,651,688
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Transportation	2,064,000	2,388,314	1,709,525	678,789	2,248,899
Capital outlay	25,000	25,000		25,000	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,089,000	2,413,314	1,709,525	703,789	2,248,899
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(531,436)	(855,750)	251,507	1,107,257	(597,211)
OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	611,000	611,000	216,947	(394,053)	583,506
Transfers out	(425,000)	(425,000)	(418,347)	6,653	(517,104)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)	186,000	186,000	(201,400)	(387,400)	66,402
NET CHANGE IN					
FUND BALANCE	(345,436)	(669,750)	50,107	719,857	(530,809)
FUND BALANCE -					
BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,246,672	2,246,672	2,246,672		2,777,481
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,901,236	\$ 1,576,922	\$ 2,296,779	\$ 719,857	\$ 2,246,672

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

ABANDONED VEHICLE ABATEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2013)

			20	14				2013
		Budgeted				iance with al Budget ositive		
DEVENILIEG.	(Driginal	 Final		Actual	(N	egative)	 Actual
REVENUES: Investment income Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$ -	\$	391	\$	391	\$ 641 11,555
TOTAL REVENUES		-	 -		391		391	 12,196
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
Community services		75,653	 75,653		12,191		63,462	 -
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		75,653	 75,653		12,191		63,462	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(75,653)	(75,653)		(11,800)		63,853	12,196
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		87,849	 87,849		87,849		-	 75,653
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	12,196	\$ 12,196	\$	76,049	\$	63,853	\$ 87,849

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

TRAFFIC IMPROVEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2013)

		20	14		2013
				Variance with	
	Budgeted	Amounts		Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
REVENUES:					
Investment income	\$ 14,000	\$ 14,000	\$ 46	\$ (13,954)	\$ 5,612
Intergovernmental	396,000	396,000	396,000	-	-
Charges for services	10,000	10,000	158,571	148,571	64,008
Miscellaneous			6,300	6,300	130,758
TOTAL REVENUES	420,000	420,000	560,917	140,917	200,378
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Transportation	2,245,000	3,390,710	2,152,801	1,237,909	1,241,834
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,245,000	3,390,710	2,152,801	1,237,909	1,241,834
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,825,000)	(2,970,710)	(1,591,884)	1,378,826	(1,041,456)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:					
Transfers in	1,086,409	1,086,409	1,500,433	414,024	109,540
TOTAL OTHER					
FINANCING SOURCES	1,086,409	1,086,409	1,500,433	414,024	109,540
NET CHANGE IN					
FUND BALANCE	(738,591)	(1,884,301)	(91,451)	1,792,850	(931,916)
FUND BALANCE -					
BEGINNING OF YEAR	283,518	283,518	283,518		1,215,434
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ (455,073)	\$ (1,600,783)	\$ 192,067	\$ 1,792,850	\$ 283,518

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

POLLUTION REDUCTION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2013)

			20	14			2013
						Variance with	
	Decile	4 - 1	A			Final Budget	
	Original		Amounts Final		Actual	Positive (Negative)	Actual
REVENUES:	Onginar		1 mai		Tetuai	(Regative)	 Tetual
Investment income	\$ 1,19	00	\$ 1,190	\$	1,301	\$ 111	\$ 2,113
Intergovernmental	65,00	00	65,000		51,560	(13,440)	 67,325
TOTAL REVENUES	66,19	0	66,190		52,861	(13,329)	 69,438
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public safety	2,65	56	2,656		2,639	17	 653
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,65	6	2,656		2,639	17	 653
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	63,53	64	63,534		50,222	(13,312)	 68,785
OTHER FINANCING USES:							
Transfers out	(40,00)0)	(40,000)		-	40,000	 (100,000)
TOTAL OTHER							
FINANCING USES	(40,00)0)	(40,000)		-	40,000	 (100,000)
NET CHANGE IN							
FUND BALANCE	23,53	34	23,534		50,222	26,688	(31,215)
FUND BALANCE -							
BEGINNING OF YEAR	241,8	52	241,852		241,852	-	 273,067
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 265,38	86	\$ 265,386	\$	292,074	\$ 26,688	\$ 241,852

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

MEASURE M2 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2013)

		20	14		2013		
	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive			
	Original	Final	Actual	Actual			
REVENUES:	Original Final Actual (Negative)						
Investment income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,493	\$ 10,493	\$ 9,801		
Intergovernmental	1,111,409	1,147,085	955,175	(191,910)	989,802		
TOTAL REVENUES	1,111,409	1,147,085	965,668	(181,417)	999,603		
EXPENDITURES							
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,111,409	1,147,085	965,668	(181,417)	999,603		
OTHER FINANCING USES: Transfers out	(1,111,409)	(1,147,085)	(1,482,543)	(335,458)			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	(1,111,409)	(1,147,085)	(1,482,543)	(335,458)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	(516,875)	(516,875)	999,603		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,796,756	1,796,756	1,796,756		797,153		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,796,756	\$ 1,796,756	\$ 1,279,881	\$ (516,875)	\$ 1,796,756		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2013)

				20	14				2013
	В	udgeted	Amo	ounts			Fin	iance with al Budget Positive	
	Orig	inal		Final	Actual (Negative)				Actual
REVENUES:									
Investment income	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,167	\$	12,167	\$ 6,548
Intergovernmental	2:	56,574		279,382		210,378		(69,004)	416,377
Miscellaneous		-		-		27,060		27,060	 13,669
TOTAL REVENUES	2:	56,574		279,382		249,605		(29,777)	436,594
EXPENDITURES: Current:									
Community development	5:	56,574		379,382		230,597		148,785	 418,218
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5:	56,574		379,382		230,597		148,785	 418,218
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(30	00,000)		(100,000)		19,008		119,008	 18,376
OTHER FINANCING USES: Transfers out		-		-					 (5,248)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES		-		-		-			 (5,248)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(3)	00,000)		(100,000)		19,008		119,008	13,128
FUND BALANCE -									
BEGINNING OF YEAR	:	56,971		56,971		56,971		-	 43,843
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ (24	43,029)	\$	(43,029)	\$	75,979	\$	119,008	\$ 56,971

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOUNTAIN VALLEY FINANCING AUTHORITY DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2013)

		20	014		2013
	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Actual
REVENUES:				· · · · ·	
Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 120	\$ 120	\$ 94 _	\$ (26)	\$ 47 194,715
TOTAL REVENUES	120	120	94	(26)	194,762
EXPENDITURES: Debt service:					
Principal	515,000	515,000	515,000	-	500,000
Interest	374,021	374,021	363,661	10,360	381,711
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	889,021	889,021	878,661	10,360	881,711
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(888,901)	(888,901)	(878,567)	10,334	(686,949)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	888,961	888,961	863,370	(25,591)	186,967
Transfers out	(60)	(60)	-	60	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	000.001	000.001	0.00.000	(25.521)	100.007
SOURCES (USES)	888,901	888,901	863,370	(25,531)	186,967
EXTRAORDINARY LOSS: Removal of disallowed advance					(9,275,000)
Removal of disanowed advance					(9,275,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	(15,197)	(15,197)	(9,774,982)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	889,600	889,600	889,600	<u> </u>	10,664,582
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 889,600	\$ 889,600	\$ 874,403	\$ (15,197)	\$ 889,600

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

DRAINAGE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2013)

				20	14					2013
		1 4	1.4				Fin	iance with al Budget		
		udgeted	1 Amc			A (1		Positive		A / 1
DEVENILIES.	Origi	nal		Final		Actual	(N	legative)		Actual
REVENUES:	¢	785	¢	705	¢		¢	(705)	¢	
Investment income	\$		\$	785	\$	-	\$	(785)	\$	-
Charges for services		2,500		2,500		6,197		3,697		34,739
TOTAL REVENUES		3,285		3,285		6,197		2,912		34,739
EXPENDITURES:										
Capital outlay	12	5,000		125,000		99,793		25,207		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	12	5,000		125,000		99,793		25,207		-
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(12	1,715)		(121,715)		(93,596)		28,119		34,739
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in	10	0,000		100,000				(100,000)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	10	0,000		100,000				(100,000)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2	1,715)		(21,715)		(93,596)		(71,881)		34,739
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	18	7,234		187,234		187,234				152,495
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 16	5,519	\$	165,519	\$	93,638	\$	(71,881)	\$	187,234

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

SEWER ASSESSMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2013)

		20	14		2013
				Variance with Final Budget	
	Budgeted			Positive	1
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
REVENUES:	¢ 2.120	¢ 2 120	¢ 21 9 7 1	¢ 10.722	¢ 20.707
Investment income	\$ 2,139	\$ 2,139	\$ 21,871	\$ 19,732 74,159	\$ 30,787
Charges for services	1,713,900	1,713,900	1,788,058	74,158	1,985,343
TOTAL REVENUES	1,716,039	1,716,039	1,809,929	93,890	2,016,130
EXPENDITURES: Current:					
Community development	751,675	751,675	726,757	24,918	742,143
Capital outlay	1,715,000	2,275,906	1,763,877	512,029	738,527
1 5			,	,	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,466,675	3,027,581	2,490,634	536,947	1,480,670
EVCESS OF DEVENUES OVER					
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(750,636)	(1,311,542)	(680,705)	630,837	535,460
(UNDER) EAFENDITURES	(750,050)	(1,311,342)	(080,703)	030,837	555,400
OTHER FINANCING USES:					
Transfers out	(127,734)	(127,734)	(99,084)	28,650	(62,240)
			(- ,	
TOTAL OTHER					
FINANCING USES	(127,734)	(127,734)	(99,084)	28,650	(62,240)
NET CHANGE IN					
FUND BALANCE	(878,370)	(1,439,276)	(779,789)	659,487	473,220
FUND BALANCE -					
BEGINNING OF YEAR	4,517,700	4,517,700	4,517,700		4,044,480
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,639,330	\$ 3,078,424	\$ 3,737,911	\$ 659,487	\$ 4,517,700

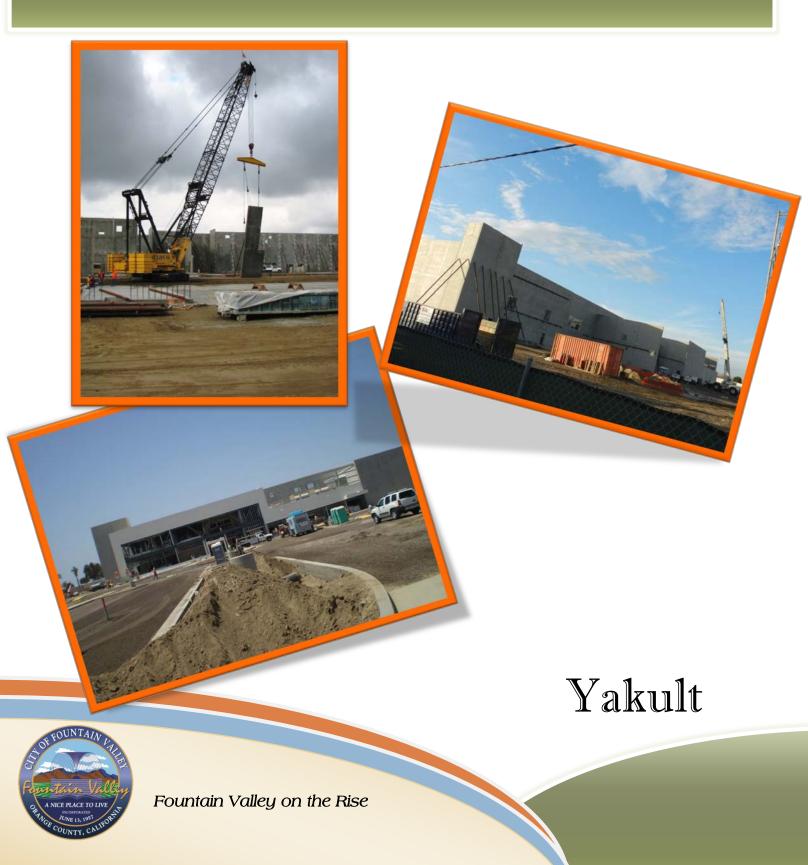
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOUNTAIN VALLEY FINANCING AUTHORITY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2013)

			20	14				2013
	 Variance with Final Budget							
	 Budgeted	Am					Positive	
	Original		Final		Actual	1)	Negative)	 Actual
REVENUES:								
Investment income	\$ 80	\$	80	\$	171	\$	91	\$ 88
TOTAL REVENUES	 80		80		171		91	 88
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
General government	 1,400		1,400		-		1,400	 -
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 1,400		1,400		-		1,400	 -
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,320)		(1,320)		171		1,491	88
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,641,838		1,641,838		1,641,838		-	1,641,750
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,640,518	\$	1,640,518	\$	1,642,009	\$	1,491	\$ 1,641,838





FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2014

PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

Industrial Area Debt Service - This debt service fund is used to account for tax increment revenue and interest income related to the Industrial Project Area. These funds are used for repayment of principal and interest on the indebtedness of the former Fountain Valley Agency for Community Development.

Industrial Area Capital Projects - This capital projects fund is used to account for the construction of all capital projects located in the Industrial Project Area and financed by the former Fountain Valley Agency for Community Development.

Redevelopment Property Tax Trust - This fund is used to account for Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Funds (RPTTF) received from the County for payment of Department of Finance approved debt.

AGENCY FUNDS

Special Deposit and Receipt - This fund is used to account for receipts of money that the City is holding in deposit on the behalf of other persons or entities that are to be refunded or forfeited at a future period in time.

Developer Agreements - This fund is used to account for activities related to developer agreements and environmental impact studies for future developments.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

June 30, 2014 (with comparative totals as of June 30, 2013)

	Suc	Totals			
	Industrial Area Debt Service	Industrial Area Capital Projects	Redevelopment Property Tax Trust	2014	2013
ASSETS:					
Cash and investments	\$ 1,952,712	\$ 9,282,969	\$ -	\$ 11,235,681	\$ 11,224,328
Cash and investments					
with fiscal agents	2,035,737	-	-	2,035,737	2,078,655
Accrued interest receivable		4,455		4,455	5,343
TOTAL ASSETS	3,988,449	9,287,424		13,275,873	13,308,326
LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable	-	143,264	-	143,264	181,339
Advances payable:					
Housing Authority	2,706,802	-	-	2,706,802	3,364,450
Accrued interest payable	85,305	-	-	85,305	124,750
Long-term liabilities:					
Due within one year	1,775,000	-	-	1,775,000	1,715,000
Due in more than one year	1,855,000			1,855,000	3,630,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	6,422,107	143,264		6,565,371	9,015,539
NET POSITION:					
Held in trust for Successor Agency	\$ (2,433,658)	\$ 9,144,160	\$-	\$ 6,710,502	\$ 4,292,787

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2014 (with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2013)

Sue	ccessor Agency Fu	Totals		
Industrial Area Debt Service	Industrial Area Capital Projects	Redevelopment Property Tax Trust	2014	2013
	•	\$ 3,163,136		\$ 3,084,804
9,643	19,669		29,312	60,330
9,643	19,669	3,163,136	3,192,448	3,145,134
-	245,893	-	245,893	245,975
-	318,785	-	318,785	478,007
210,055	-	-	210,055	351,295
				47,594,740
210,055	564,678		774,733	48,670,017
(200,412)	(545,009)	3,163,136	2,417,715	(45,524,883)
	<u> </u>			
2.642.703	520,433	-	3,163,136	3,084,804
-	-	(3.163.136)		(3,084,804)
-	-	-	-	6,220,542
				- 3 - 3-
				9,275,000
2,642,703	520,433	(3,163,136)		15,495,542
2,442,291	(24,576)	-	2,417,715	(30,029,341)
(4,875,949)	9,168,736		4,292,787	34,322,128
\$ (2,433,658)	\$ 9,144,160	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 6,710,502	\$ 4,292,787
	Industrial Area Debt Service \$ - 9,643 9,643 9,643 - 210,055 - 210,055 - 210,055 - 210,055 - 210,055 - - 210,055 - - 210,055 - - - 210,055 - - - 210,055 - - - - - 210,055 - - - - - - - 210,055 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Area Debt Service Area Projects Property Tax Trust \$ - \$ 3,163,136 9,643 19,669 - 9,643 19,669 - 9,643 19,669 - 9,643 19,669 3,163,136 - 245,893 - - 245,893 - - 210,055 - 210,055 564,678 - 210,055 564,678 - 2200,412) (545,009) 3,163,136 2,642,703 520,433 - - - - 2,642,703 520,433 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

June 30, 2014 (With comparative totals as of June 30, 2013)

	 Agenc	y Funds		_	То	tals	
	Special Deposit d Receipt		eveloper greements		2014		2013
ASSETS: Cash and investments	\$ 932,386	\$	101,871	\$	1,034,257	\$	967,502
LIABILITIES: Deposits payable	\$ 932,386	\$	101,871	\$	1,034,257	\$	967,502

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2014

	Balance July 1, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2014
SPECIAL DEPOSIT AND RECEIPT FUND ASSETS: Cash and investments	\$ 864,071	\$ 308,826	\$ (240,511)	\$ 932,386
LIABILITIES: Deposits payable	\$ 864,071	\$ 308,826	\$ (240,511)	\$ 932,386
REIMBURSEMENT AGREEMENT FUND ASSETS: Cash and investments	\$ 103,431	\$ 38,735	\$ (40,295)	\$ 101,871
LIABILITIES: Deposits payable	\$ 103,431	\$ 38,735	\$ (40,295)	\$ 101,871
ALL AGENCY FUNDS				
Cash and investments	\$ 967,502	\$ 347,561	\$ (280,806)	\$ 1,034,257
LIABILITIES: Deposits payable	\$ 967,502	\$ 347,561	\$ (280,806)	\$ 1,034,257

(THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK)

City of Fountain Valley Statistical Section



Solana Walk



Fountain Valley on the Rise

DESCRIPTION OF STATISTICAL SECTION CONTENTS

June 30, 2014

This part of the City of Fountain Valley's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information say about the government's overall financial health.

Contents:	Pages
Financial Trends - Theses schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	106
Revenue Capacity - These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	116
Debt Capacity - These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	122
Demographic and Economic Information - These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	129
Operating Information - These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	131

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Nine Fiscal Years (accrual bases of accounting)

		Fiscal Year E	nded June 30,	
	2006	2007	2008	2009
Governmental activities:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 43,252,159	\$ 39,422,342	\$ 48,559,056	\$ 52,818,364
Restricted	19,962,740	88,910,408	82,467,911	50,821,452
Unrestricted	80,165,804	26,696,350	35,629,136	63,661,029
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 143,380,703	\$ 155,029,100	\$ 166,656,103	\$ 167,300,845
Business-type activities: Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 7,125,907	\$ 6,751,060	\$ 6,351,432	\$ 9,308,318
Restricted	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	8,766,951	9,794,116	10,429,534	8,679,178
Total business-type activity net position	\$ 15,892,858	\$ 16,545,176	\$ 16,780,966	\$ 17,987,496
Primary government:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 50,378,066	\$ 46,173,402	\$ 54,910,488	\$ 62,126,682
Restricted	19,962,740	88,910,408	82,467,911	50,821,452
Unrestricted	88,932,755	36,490,466	46,058,670	72,340,207
Total primary government net position	\$ 159,273,561	\$ 171,574,276	\$ 183,437,069	\$ 185,288,341

The City of Fountain Valley implemented GASB 44 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Information prior to the implementation of GASB 44 is not available.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,								
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014				
74,207,233	\$ 92,919,149	\$ 103,091,982	\$ 99,543,316	\$ 101,557,748				
55,038,160	52,990,041	14,475,232	14,428,516	15,452,824				
56,156,029	60,549,852	55,985,076	42,839,271	39,381,257				
185,401,422	\$ 206,459,042	\$ 173,552,290	\$ 156,811,103	\$ 156,391,829				
10 470 014	¢ 10.045.007	¢ 11.74C 210	¢ 11.700.026	¢ 11.070.770				
10,479,014	\$ 10,945,907	\$ 11,746,210	\$ 11,799,936	\$ 11,878,770				
-	-	- 6 040 760	5 828 112	6,467,394				
0,170,774	4,331,237	0,049,709	5,828,115	0,407,394				
16.649.788	\$ 15.477.164	\$ 17.795.979	\$ 17.628.049	\$ 18,346,164				
,,	+	4	÷ :,;==;;;;;	+				
84,686,247	\$ 103,865,056	\$ 114,838,192	\$ 111,343,252	\$ 113,436,518				
55,038,160	52,990,041	14,475,232	14,428,516	15,452,824				
62,326,803	65,081,109	62,034,845	48,667,384	45,848,651				
202,051,210	\$ 221,936,206	\$ 191,348,269	\$ 174,439,152	\$ 174,737,993				
	74,207,233 55,038,160 56,156,029 185,401,422 10,479,014 6,170,774 16,649,788 84,686,247 55,038,160 62,326,803	2010 2011 74,207,233 \$ 92,919,149 55,038,160 52,990,041 56,156,029 60,549,852 185,401,422 \$ 206,459,042 10,479,014 \$ 10,945,907 6,170,774 4,531,257 16,649,788 \$ 15,477,164 84,686,247 \$ 103,865,056 55,038,160 52,990,041 62,326,803 65,081,109	2010 2011 2012 $74,207,233$ \$ 92,919,149\$ 103,091,982 $55,038,160$ $52,990,041$ $14,475,232$ $56,156,029$ $60,549,852$ $55,985,076$ $185,401,422$ \$ 206,459,042\$ 173,552,290 $10,479,014$ \$ 10,945,907\$ 11,746,210 $6,170,774$ $4,531,257$ $6,049,769$ $16,649,788$ \$ 15,477,164\$ 17,795,979 $84,686,247$ \$ 103,865,056\$ 114,838,192 $55,038,160$ $52,990,041$ $14,475,232$ $62,326,803$ $65,081,109$ $62,034,845$	2010 2011 2012 2013 $74,207,233$ \$ 92,919,149\$ 103,091,982\$ 99,543,316 $55,038,160$ $52,990,041$ $14,475,232$ $14,428,516$ $56,156,029$ $60,549,852$ $55,985,076$ $42,839,271$ $185,401,422$ \$ 206,459,042\$ 173,552,290\$ 156,811,103 $10,479,014$ \$ 10,945,907\$ 11,746,210\$ 11,799,936 $6,170,774$ $4,531,257$ $6,049,769$ $5,828,113$ $16,649,788$ \$ 15,477,164\$ 17,795,979\$ 17,628,049 $84,686,247$ \$ 103,865,056\$ 114,838,192\$ 111,343,252 $55,038,160$ $52,990,041$ $14,475,232$ $14,428,516$ $62,326,803$ $65,081,109$ $62,034,845$ \$ 48,667,384				

CHANGES IN NET POSITION EXPENSES AND PROGRAM REVENUES

Last Nine Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,					
	2006	2007	2008	2009		
Expenses:						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 7,316,887	\$ 4,342,847	\$ 4,560,162	\$ 4,708,164		
Public safety	20,923,978	22,755,905	24,642,618	26,816,254		
Transportation	6,405,142	6,836,619	9,005,540	12,923,795		
Community development	3,508,622	3,844,623	10,457,159	3,730,625		
Community services	5,553,845	4,746,987	4,669,708	4,818,069		
Capital projects	-	-	-	-		
Interest and other charges	2,383,339	2,320,615	3,445,535	3,152,506		
Total governmental activities expenses	46,091,813	44,847,596	56,780,722	56,149,413		
Business-type activity:						
Water	8,859,328	8,990,486	8,946,570	7,530,478		
Solid Waste	*	*	*	*		
Total business-type activity expenses	8,859,328	8,990,486	8,946,570	7,530,478		
Total primary government expenses	54,951,141	53,838,082	65,727,292	63,679,891		
Program revenues:						
Governmental activities:						
Charges for services:						
General government	-	1,433,042	2,760,778	1,841,010		
Public safety	5,926,408	2,525,676	2,931,907	2,619,078		
Transportation	-	1,291,911	1,104,839	-		
Community development	2,358,636	2,764,799	3,398,343	2,386,267		
Community services	-	4,991,386	2,869,246	4,158,532		
Interest and other activities	304,285	-	, , - -	-		
Operating grants and contributions	1,327,846	3,571,376	4,966,810	5,356,881		
Capital grants and contributions	1,555,614	489,366	8,430,015	3,847,667		
Total governmental activities		,				
program revenues	11,472,789	17,067,556	26,461,938	20,209,435		
Business-type activities:						
Charges for services:						
Water	8,332,738	9,078,937	8,659,952	8,830,145		
Solid Waste	*	*	*	*		
Total business-type activities						
program revenues	8,332,738	9,078,937	8,659,952	8,830,145		
Total primary government						
program revenues	19,805,527	26,146,493	35,121,890	29,039,580		
Net revenues (expenses):						
Governmental activities	(34,619,024)	(27,780,040)	(30,318,784)	(35,939,978)		
Business-type activities	(526,590)	88,451	(286,618)	1,299,667		
Total net revenues (expenses)	(35,145,614)	(27,691,589)	(30,605,402)	(34,640,311)		
			<u>_</u>			

* Solid Waste Funds previously reported in governmental activities

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,							
2010	0	2011	2012	2013	2014		
¢ 120	0.500	¢ 2.200.544	¢ 2 (22 912	¢ 2.2(0.710	¢ 2 200 720		
\$ 4,38 25,29	9,509	\$ 2,288,544 26,634,914	\$ 3,623,812 26,039,750	\$ 3,268,718 26,100,788	\$ 3,398,739 25,531,715		
10,84		9,535,081	10,486,308	8,085,945	8,602,763		
	8,224	4,546,691	4,709,958	5,675,610	5,256,405		
	9,810	2,198,738	2,520,280	2,433,094	2,649,541		
1,70	-	-	-	401,606	2,019,011		
1,44	6,472	1,058,808	631,851	389,544	349,089		
50,40		46,262,776	48,011,959	46,355,305	45,788,252		
			<u></u>				
10,75		9,464,335	9,640,203	11,961,160	12,344,634		
	5,275	2,859,051	2,912,260	2,923,270	2,936,437		
13,73	7,428	12,323,386	12,552,463	14,884,430	15,281,071		
64.12	0 757	50 506 160	60 564 422	61 220 725	61 060 222		
64,13	8,732	58,586,162	60,564,422	61,239,735	61,069,323		
1.98	6,574	1,799,114	1,542,780	1,313,296	1,589,201		
	1,734	2,145,255	2,402,968	2,551,306	2,437,171		
	-	-	-	-	-		
2,69	6,944	2,764,100	3,452,877	4,570,944	3,571,688		
3,08	5,631	1,416,509	1,349,743	2,865,863	1,696,636		
4.50	-	-	-	-	-		
	0,691	20,306,778	4,808,433	3,763,161	4,417,860		
2,47	8,423	380,511	703,155	255,300			
17.00	9,997	28,812,267	14,259,956	15,319,870	13,712,556		
					,		
8 63	4,443	10,550,050	11,434,206	12,030,680	12,939,652		
	1,822	3,007,925	3,221,070	3,175,972	3,096,014		
5,00	1,022	5,007,725	5,221,070	5,175,772	5,070,014		
11,63	6,265	13,557,975	14,655,276	15,206,652	16,035,666		
		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	<u></u>		· · · · · ·		
28,64	6,262	42,370,242	28,915,232	30,526,522	29,748,222		
(33,39	1,327)	(17,450,509)	(33,752,003)	(31,035,435)	(32,075,696)		
	1,163)	1,234,589	2,102,813	322,222	754,595		
(35,49	2,490)	(16,215,920)	(31,649,190)	(30,713,213)	(31,321,101)		

CHANGES IN NET POSITION GENERAL REVENUES

Last Nine Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,					
	2006	2007	2008	2009		
General revenues and other changes						
in net position:						
Governmental activities:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes	\$ 15,090,054	\$ 15,827,766	\$ 19,077,590	\$ 16,690,555		
Franchise taxes	1,349,173	1,449,384	1,467,613	1,789,533		
Sales tax	11,517,398	11,925,716	11,967,435	9,964,534		
Other taxes	1,274,410	1,098,130	1,065,886	737,630		
Revenue from other governmental agencies	4,316,227	4,232,595	5,104,203	4,787,550		
Other revenue	1,891,451	-	-	-		
Investment income	4,770,235	5,648,819	3,134,116	3,751,641		
Assessments	143,422	-	-	-		
Transfers	(132,601)	(132,670)	(67,609)	344,796		
Gain (loss) on sale of property	(485,826)	701,933	196,553	2,733		
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-		
Extraordinary gain (loss)						
Total governmental activities	39,733,943	40,751,673	41,945,787	38,068,972		
Business-type activities:						
Investment income	299,804	431,197	454,799	251,659		
Transfers	132,601	132,670	67,609	(344,796)		
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-		
Extraordinary Gain (Loss)	-					
Total business-type activities	432,405	563,867	522,408	(93,137)		
Total primary government	40,166,348	41,315,540	42,468,195	37,975,835		
Changes in net position:						
Governmental activities	5,114,919	12,971,633	11,627,003	2,128,994		
Business-type activities	(94,185)	652,318	235,790	1,206,530		
Total primary government	\$ 5,020,734	\$ 13,623,951	\$ 11,862,793	\$ 3,335,524		

The City of Fountain Valley implemented GASB 44 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Information prior to the implementation of GASB 44 is not available.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,								
2010		2011	2012	2013	2014			
\$	13,753,615	\$ 16,259,507	\$ 14,247,327	\$ 16,071,106	\$ 10,423,211			
	1,660,650	1,710,195	1,775,922	1,712,754	1,628,690			
	9,179,402	10,328,426	10,948,760	11,407,422	11,442,672			
	616,375	732,375	744,079	2,632,282	2,739,433			
	4,623,154	4,792,704	4,468,380	4,587,172	4,569,352			
	-	-	-	-	-			
	2,003,963	1,222,953	552,828	(65,914)	707,717			
	-	-	-	-	-			
	-	2,489,616	824,382	72,940	79,800			
	-	577	3,612	2,404	32,419			
	208,667	971,776	550,830	225,313	33,128			
	-	-	(33,237,247)	(14,983,772)	-			
	32,045,826	38,508,129	878,873	21,661,707	31,656,422			
	120,820	82,403	54,604	50,416	33,905			
	318,176	(2,489,616)	(824,382)	(72,940)	(79,800)			
	-	-	-	44,142	9,415			
	-	-	-	(511,770)	-			
	438,996	(2,407,213)	(769,778)	(490,152)	(36,480)			
	32,484,822	36,100,916	109,095	21,171,555	31,619,942			
	(1,345,501)	21,057,620	(32,873,130)	(9,373,728)	(419,274)			
	(1,662,167)	(1,172,624)	1,333,035	(167,930)	718,115			
\$	(3,007,668)	\$ 19,884,996	\$ (31,540,095)	\$ (9,541,658)	\$ 298,841			

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Nine Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,							
	20	06		2007		2008		2009
General fund: Reserved	¢	05 117	¢	1 500 002	¢	459 246	¢	246 140
Unreserved		505,117 267,890	\$	1,508,003 40,383,858	\$	458,346 43,417,603	\$	346,140 41,451,520
Oneserved		207,870		+0,305,050		-5,-17,005		1,751,520
Total general fund	\$ 40,5	873,007	\$	41,891,861	\$	43,875,949	\$	41,797,660
All other governmental funds:								
Reserved	\$ 38,	367,528	\$	25,203,749	\$	40,193,043	\$	33,890,215
Unreserved, reported in:								
Special revenue funds Debt service funds)32,273 160,176		5,275,957 2,814,283		(4,886,262) 2,814,230		5,482,130 2,814,116
Capital projects funds		978,088		47,785,563		2,814,230 37,123,954		2,814,116 32,279,931
Cupital projects funds	20,	//0,000		17,705,505		57,125,551		52,219,951
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 72,3	538,065	\$	81,079,552	\$	75,244,965	\$	74,466,392
General fund:								
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Assigned		-		-		-		-
Unassigned				-		-		-
Total general fund	\$		\$		\$		\$	
All other governmental funds:								
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted	•	-	•	-	•	-	•	-
Assigned				-		-		-
Total all other governmental funds	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	

Note: GASB 54 was implement in fiscal year 2010, prior years have no comparable data.

The City of Fountain Valley implemented GASB 44 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Information prior to the implementation of GASB 44 is not available.

	Fis	cal Year Ended June	30,	
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>
<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ </u>	\$ -	\$	<u>\$ </u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
- -	-	-	-	-
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 2,360,972 38,233,080	\$ 2,271,395 40,563,646	\$ 1,831,432 	\$ 1,846,323 	\$ 1,966,451 12,100,000 28,497,308
\$ 40,594,052	\$ 42,835,041	\$ 40,747,720	\$ 42,591,535	\$ 42,563,759
\$ 10,755,520 56,518,979 7,152,709	\$ 10,260,000 53,968,387 7,243,162	\$ 17,219,367 7,258,865 5,838,725	\$ 7,216,367 7,212,149 6,346,772	\$ - 15,452,824 3,831,549
\$ 74,427,208	\$ 71,471,549	\$ 30,316,957	\$ 20,775,288	\$ 19,284,373

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Nine Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,				
	2006	2007	2008	2009	
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 29,977,510	\$ 31,253,588	\$ 32,068,803	\$ 30,214,810	
Licenses and permits	1,445,694	1,710,162	1,904,415	1,798,630	
Fines and forfeitures (penalties)	871,895	934,538	919,127	871,673	
Revenue from use of money and property	4,592,912	916,066	894,371	978,415	
Investment income	(188,890)	5,648,819	5,288,416	3,750,171	
Intergovernmental	7,563,236	8,038,196	15,394,421	12,389,425	
Charges for services	5,962,499	7,002,326	9,109,895	8,312,658	
Miscellaneous	2,467,174	2,024,241	4,118,932	1,880,004	
Total revenues	52,692,030	57,527,936	69,698,380	60,195,786	
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	5,900,370	3,382,349	4,440,714	4,189,795	
Public safety	20,698,380	22,445,780	24,899,666	25,400,083	
Transportation	6,405,142	6,836,619	9,036,928	13,290,929	
Community development	2,613,673	2,544,831	10,445,502	2,983,448	
Community services	5,360,791	4,481,599	4,463,218	4,607,806	
Capital outlay	3,882,308	2,574,732	15,774,107	4,737,265	
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	1,854,880	1,715,000	1,883,385	2,018,023	
Interest and fiscal charges	1,887,647	2,562,763	2,620,715	2,180,617	
Pass-through payments	510,659	579,303	644,577	1,032,558	
Total expenditures	49,113,850	47,122,976	74,208,812	60,440,524	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	3,578,180	10,404,960	(4,510,432)	(244,738)	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	2,400,930	2,775,567	9,799,212	8,380,744	
Transfers out	(2,533,531)	(2,908,237)	(9,866,821)	(9,619,948)	
Issuance of leases		611,288	457,541	381,332	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(132,601)	478,618	389,932	(857,872)	
Net change in fund balances, before					
extraordinary item	3,445,579	10,883,578	(4,120,500)	(1,102,610)	
Extraordinary gain (loss)					
Net change in fund balances	\$ 3,445,579	\$ 10,883,578	\$ (4,120,500)	\$ (1,102,610)	
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	9.4%	10.9%	8.8%	9.4%	

The City of Fountain Valley implemented GASB 44 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Information prior to the implementation of GASB 44 is not available.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014					
\$ 29,746,135	\$ 30,796,616	\$ 27,551,121	\$ 30,142,198	\$ 24,609,300					
1,510,769	1,597,034	1,661,600	2,260,643	1,834,212					
810,868	915,314	771,860	799,794	751,302					
1,377,236	1,488,521	1,445,466	1,151,228	1,163,515					
1,879,310	1,219,533	800,796	(15,506)	744,447					
9,167,306	8,798,365	9,301,515	8,066,501	8,489,979					
4,923,766	5,213,090	6,047,713	6,552,896	6,124,998					
1,219,229	2,623,945	1,792,391	3,197,853	1,679,542					
50,634,619	52,652,418	49,372,462	52,155,607	45,397,295					
3,893,528	4,431,120	3,174,656	2,919,814	2,870,199					
23,478,042	28,612,844	24,797,114	25,071,510	24,616,202					
9,081,940	9,011,091	9,853,602	8,084,134	8,446,708					
4,107,181	4,658,578	3,885,966	4,449,856	3,989,139					
1,736,105	2,014,282	2,249,853	2,123,704	2,321,707					
772,615	1,047,498	4,147,242	1,194,478	3,640,756					
2,114,535	2,205,258	2,285,397	717,422	747,414					
1,761,157	1,103,263	798,958	381,711	363,661					
4,536,093	1,888,001	-	-	-					
51,481,196	54,971,935	51,192,788	44,942,629	46,995,786					
(846,577)	(2,319,517)	(1,820,326)	7,212,978	(1,598,491)					
3,818,818	16,787,826	2,040,038	1,402,365	3,061,091					
(4,003,456)	(16,003,210)	(2,944,656)	(1,329,425)	(2,981,291)					
112,882	-	-	-	-					
(71,756)	784,616	(904,618)	72,940	79,800					
(/1,/50)	/04,010	(904,010)	12,940	19,000					
(918,333)	(1,534,901)	(2,724,944)	7,285,918	(1,518,691)					
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(40,483,347)	(14,983,772)						
\$ (918,333)	\$ (1,534,901)	\$ (43,208,291)	\$ (7,697,854)	\$ (1,518,691)					
16.6%	9.6%	6.4%	2.5%	2.6%					

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Nine Fiscal Years

				C	lity		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Sec	ured	1	Unsecured		ess: ptions	 Taxable Assessed Value
2006	\$ 5,349	,309,112	\$	257,922,331	\$	-	\$ 5,607,231,443
2007	5,784	,953,429		287,232,798		-	6,072,186,227
2008	6,310	,344,079		284,437,291		-	6,594,781,370
2009	6,382	2,947,330		287,957,315		-	6,670,904,645
2010	6,482	2,764,941		287,619,118		-	6,770,384,059
2011	6,679	,192,884		302,119,850		-	6,981,312,734
2012	6,777	,682,538		259,218,249		-	7,036,900,787
2013	6,922	2,510,895		241,861,867		-	7,164,372,762
2014	7,131	,038,979		295,542,241		-	7,426,581,220

Notes:

Amounts are shown net of exemptions

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

The City of Fountain Valley implemented GASB 44 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Information prior to the implementation of GASB 44 is not available.

City of Fountain Valley Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency							ency	
	Secured		Unsecured		ess: options		Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
\$	631,721,712	\$	151,356,552	\$	-	\$	783,078,264	1.00000%
	667,800,630		167,311,063		-		835,111,693	1.00000%
	749,222,135		156,285,338		-		905,507,473	1.00000%
	785,238,123		150,717,223		-		935,955,346	1.00000%
	802,335,858		145,996,675		-		948,332,533	1.00000%
	813,208,044		159,430,374		-		972,638,418	1.00000%
	830,549,168		125,833,546		-		956,382,714	1.00000%
	836,994,525		116,634,319		-		953,628,844	1.00000%
	871,690,984		183,678,328		-		1,055,369,312	1.00000%

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (Rate per \$100 of taxable value)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,					
	2005	2006	2007	2008		
City Direct Rate: City basic rate	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000		
Overlapping Rates: Fountain Valley El Tax Override - 1970 SSBA	0.06371	0.06588	0.00592	N/A		
Huntington Beach High School 2004 - Bond 2004A	0.02999	0.02388	0.02197	0.02366		
Coast Community College	0.01383	0.01545	0.01599	0.01472		
Metro Water District of Orange County	0.01371	0.00520	0.00470	0.00430		
Huntington Beach High School 2004 - Bond 2005	0.00580	0.00151	0.00008	0.00232		
Huntington Beach High School 2004 - Bond 2007	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.00024		
Total Direct Rate	1.12704	1.11192	1.04866	1.04524		

Notes:

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which sets the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of the School District bonds.

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,							
2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014			
1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000			
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				
0.02522	0.02605	0.02617	0.02726	0.02605	0.02271			
0.01673	0.17500	0.01754	0.01881	0.01750	0.02899			
0.00430	0.00370	0.00370	0.00350	0.00370	0.00350			
0.00260	0.00265	0.00266	0.00275	0.00265	0.00001			
0.00159	0.00144	0.00143	0.00142	0.00144	0.00132			
1.05044	1.20884	1.05150	1.05374	1.05134	1.05653			

,

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	201	4	200	5
		Percent of Total City		Percent of Total City
	Taxable	Taxable	Taxable	Taxable
	Assessed	Assessed	Assessed	Assessed
Taxpayer	Value	Value	Value	Value
Fountain Valley Reg Hosp & Med Ctr	\$ 146,543,177	1.97%	\$ 123,235,211	2.35%
Orange Coast Memorial Medical Ctr	137,317,080	1.85%	-	0.00%
JKS-CMFV LLC	95,413,681	1.28%	69,016,459	1.32%
Fountain Valley City Center LLC	46,932,444	0.63%	-	0.00%
SHEA Center Crystal Springs	41,971,780	0.57%	-	0.00%
Hyundai Motor America	40,799,530	0.55%	29,416,837	0.56%
Fountain Valley Senior Housing	39,099,848	0.53%	34,541,930	0.69%
US Millennium	36,208,047	0.49%	-	0.00%
Fountain Valley MHP Associates	34,837,267	0.47%	-	0.00%
MTSC-Lake Elsinore Partners	34,278,431	0.46%	-	0.00%
Arden Realty Limited Partnership	-	0.00%	37,849,284	0.72%
17665 Newhope Manufacturing LLC	-	0.00%	23,421,896	0.45%
Price Company	-	0.00%	23,043,343	0.44%
Chandler Real Properties	-	0.00%	20,278,292	0.39%
Priceland Properties International	-	0.00%	14,663,672	0.28%
Arden Realty Finance III LLC	<u> </u>	0.00%	11,575,551	0.22%
	\$ 653,401,285	9.12%	\$ 387,042,475	7.42%

The amounts shown above include assessed value data for both the City and the Redevelopment Agency.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Nine Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Taxes Levied	Collected wi Fiscal Year		Collections in	Total Collectio	ons to Date
Year Ended June 30,	Year Ended for the		Percent of Levy	Subsequent Years**	Amount	Percent of Levy
2006	\$ 7,137,294	\$ 7,188,146	100.71%	\$ 86,440	\$ 7,274,586	101.92%
2007	7,597,511	7,501,066	98.73%	148,589	7,649,655	100.69%
2008	8,449,522	8,353,866	98.87%	264,181	8,618,047	101.99%
2009	8,271,990	8,306,058	100.41%	146,890	8,452,948	102.19%
2010	8,249,362	8,671,222	105.11%	58,017	8,729,239	105.82%
2011	8,506,281	8,607,874	101.19%	45,028	8,652,902	101.72%
2012	8,546,953	8,643,889	101.13%	79,327	8,723,216	102.06%
2013	8,844,898	9,657,475	109.19%	48,937	9,706,412	109.74%
2014	9,227,976	10,330,113	111.94%	40,888	10,371,001	112.39%

Note:

*The amounts presented include City property taxes only.

**These amounts consist of "prior year" taxes (excluding penalties and interest) remitted in the subsequent

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Nine Fiscal Years

	Governmental Activities							
Fiscal Year		Tax		Certificates	Other Post	Total		
Ended	Leases	Allocation	Notes	of	Employment	Governmental		
June 30,	Payable	Bonds	Payable	Participation (1)	Benefits (3)	Activities		
2006	\$ 791,893	\$ 15,520,000	\$ 17,904,551	\$ 12,505,000	\$ -	\$ 46,721,444		
2007	63,797	14,235,000	18,452,805	12,075,000	-	44,826,602		
2008	1,373,218	12,900,000	18,910,346	11,635,000	-	44,818,564		
2009	1,219,811	11,510,000	19,262,062	11,190,000	1,423,271	44,605,144		
2010	1,124,313	10,065,000	16,536,398	10,730,000	2,875,654	41,331,365		
2011	899,055	8,555,000	-	10,260,000	-	19,714,055		
2012	668,658	-	-	9,775,000	-	10,443,658		
2013	451,236	-	-	9,275,000	806,857	10,533,093		
2014	218,822	-	-	8,760,000	1,889,417	10,868,239		

The City of Fountain Valley implemented GASB 44 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Information prior to the implementation of GASB 44 is not available.

(1) On July 9, 2003, the City issued 2003 Certificates of Participation in the amount of \$13,270,000.

(2) These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

(3) Added in accordance with GASB 45

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

	siness-type Activities					
Loans Payable		Total Primary Government		Percentage of Personal Income	Debt per Capita (2)	
\$	890,160	\$	47,611,604	1.82%	\$	829
	850,955		45,677,557	1.73%		795
	810,377		45,628,941	1.62%		788
	768,379		45,373,523	1.58%		778
	724,912		42,056,277	1.60%		716
	679,923		20,393,978	0.73%		369
	633,359		11,077,017	0.38%		197
	585,165		11,118,258	0.37%		197
	535,285		11,403,524	0.35%		201

RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

Last Nine Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Certificates of Participation	of Assessed		Per Capita
2006	\$ 15,520,000	0.28%	\$	270
2007	14,235,000	0.23%		248
2008	11,635,000	0.18%		201
2009	11,190,000	0.17%		192
2010	10,730,000	0.16%		183
2011	10,260,000	0.15%		185
2012	9,775,000	0.14%		174
2013	9,275,000	0.13%		164
2014	8,760,000	0.12%		154

The City of Fountain Valley has elected to show only nine years of data for this schedule.

General bonded debt is debt payable with governmental fund resources and general obligation bonds recorded in enterprise funds.

(1) Assessed value has been used because the actual value of taxable property is not readily available in the State of California.

CITY OF FOUNTAIN VALLEY DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT June 30, 2014

2013-2014 City Assessed Valuation:

Total Assessed Valuation

\$ 7,426,581,220

Metropolitan Water District 0.339% \$ 132,275,000 \$ 448,412 Coast Community College District 6.786% 632,413,698 42,915,594 Rancho Santiago Community College District 0.321% 285,430,201 916,231 Garden Grove Unified School District 11.722% 244,995,160 28,718,333 Huntington Beach Union High School District 11.722% 244,995,160 28,718,333 TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT 206,874,998 24,369,875 \$ 97,368,445 Orange County General Fund Obligations 1.679% 145,476,000 2,442,542 Orange County Board of Education Certificates of Participation 1.679% 32,195,288 540,559 Orange County Board of Education Certificates of Participation 1.679% 15,500,000 260,245 Municipal Water District Certificates of Participation 1.780% 59,921,090 7,058,704 Fountain Valley School District Certificates of Participation 11,780% 5,292,932,378 2 City of Fountain Valley Certificates of Participation 0.963% 15,720,000 151,384 City of Fountain Valley Certificates of Participation	OVEDI ADDING TAV AND ASSESSMENT DEDT.	Percentage Applicable (1)	Total Debt June 30, 2014	City's Share of Debt June 30, 2014
Coast Community College District6.786% 0.321%632,413,698 285,430,20142,915,594 916,231Rancho Santiago Community College District 0.321% 285,430,201285,430,201 916,231916,231 287,18,333Huntington Beach Union High School District 11.722% 244,995,160243,698,75 243,698,75243,698,75 243,698,057TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT $\frac{1}{2}.501,989,057$ $\frac{9}{8}$ 97,368,445DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT: Orange County General Fund Obligations 1.679% 145,476,000 260,245 $2,442,542$ 20range County Board of Education Certificates of Participation 1.679% 15,500,000 260,245 $2,442,542$ 2000Orange County Board of Education Certificates of Participation 1.675% 15,500,000 	OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT: Matropolitan Water District	0.2200/	\$ 122 275 000	¢ 110 110
Rancho Santiago Community College District0.321%285,430,201916,231Garden Grove Unified School District11.722%244,995,16028,718,333Huntington Beach Union High School District11.780%206,874,99824,369,875TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT\$ 1,501,989,057\$ 97,368,445DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:02,442,542Orange County General Fund Obligations1.679%145,476,0002,442,542Orange County Board of Education Certificates of Participation1.679%12,500,000260,245Municipal Water District of Orange County Water Facilities Corporation2.008%7,775,000156,122Huntington Beach Union High School District Certificates of Participation11.780%59,921,0907,058,704Fountain Valley School District Certificates of Participation0.963%15,720,000151,384City of Fountain Valley Certificates of Participation0.963%15,720,000153,844TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT24,915,405156,12224,915,405Less: MWDOC Water Facilities Corporation (100% self-supporting)100.000%\$3,630,0003,630,000TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT\$ 24,975,928324,915,405156,122OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):100.000%\$3,630,0003,630,000TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT\$ 117,153,850\$ 117,153,850OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):100.000%\$3,630,000\$ 117,153,850<	•			* -)
Garden Grove Unified School District11.722% 244,995,160 26,874,99824,995,160 24,369,875 				
Huntington Beach Union High School District TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT 11.780% $206,874,998$ \$ 1,501,989,057 $24,369,875$ \$ 97,368,445DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT: Orange County General Fund Obligations 1.679% 145,476,000 $2,442,542$ ($2,442,542$) ($2,442,542$) $2,195,288$ $540,559$ Orange County Board of Education Certificates of Participation 1.679% 1675\% $125,90,000$ $260,245$ $260,245$ Municipal Water District of Orange County Water Facilities Corporation Fountain Valley School District Certificates of Participation 1.780% $59,921,090$ $7,058,704$ Fountain Valley School District Certificates of Participation Ocean View School District Certificates of Participation 0.963% 0.963% $15,720,000$ $87,600,000$ $8 292,932,378$ TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT Less: MWDOC Water Facilities Corporation (100% self-supporting) TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT Less: MWDOC Water Facilities Corporation (100% self-supporting) TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT Less: MWDOC Water Facilities Corporation (100% self-supporting) TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT Less: MWDOC Water Facilities Corporation (100% self-supporting) TOTAL DIRECT DEBT TOTAL DIRECT DEBT TOTAL DIRECT DEBT $$$ 87,600,000$ \$ 117,153,850 \$ 117,153,850QVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency): 100.000% $$3,630,000$ TOTAL DIRECT DEBT TOTAL DEBT ($$$ 117,153,850$ \$ 116,997,728 $$$ 116,997,728$ GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2) $$$ 125,913,850$				
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT $$ 1,501,989,057$ $$ 97,368,445$ DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT: Orange County General Fund Obligations1.679%145,476,0002,442,542Orange County Board of Education Certificates of Participation1.679%32,195,288540,559Orange County Board of Education Certificates of Participation1.675%15,500,000260,245Municipal Water District of Orange County Water Facilities Corporation2.008%7,775,000156,122Huntington Beach Union High School District Certificates of Participation11.780%59,921,0907,058,704Fountain Valley School District Certificates of Participation0.963%15,720,000151,384City of Fountain Valley Certificates of Participation0.963%15,720,000151,384City of Fountain Valley Certificates of Participation100.000%8,760,00087,600,000S 292,932,37824,915,405156,122156,122TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT Less: MWDOC Water Facilities Corporation (100% self-supporting) TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT Less: MUDOC Water Facilities Corporation (100% self-supporting) TOTAL NET ORBINED TOTAL DEBT (Successor Agency):100.000%\$3,630,000OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT TOTAL DEBT\$ 87,600,000\$ 117,153,850GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT COTAL DEBT\$ 116,997,728GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2)\$ 125,913,850			, ,	
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT: Orange County General Fund Obligations1.679%145,476,0002,442,542Orange County Pension Obligations1.679%32,195,288540,559Orange County Pension Obligations1.679%32,195,288540,559Orange County Board of Education Certificates of Participation1.675%15,500,000260,245Municipal Water District of Orange County Water Facilities Corporation2.008%7,775,000156,122Huntington Beach Union High School District Certificates of Participation11.780%59,921,0907,058,704Fountain Valley School District Certificates of Participation7,3116%7,585,0005,545,849Ocean View School District Certificates of Participation0.963%15,720,000151,384City of Fountain Valley Certificates of Participation100.000%8,760,00087,600,000S 292,932,37824,915,405156,122156,122TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT24,915,405156,122Less: MWDOC Water Facilities Corporation (100% self-supporting)100.000%\$3,630,0003,630,000TOTAL DIRECT DEBT\$ 24,759,283\$ 24,759,283OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):100.000%\$3,630,000\$ 117,153,850TOTAL GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT\$ 116,997,728\$ 116,997,728GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2)\$ 125,913,850\$ 125,913,850		11.70070		
Orange County General Fund Obligations1.679%145,476,0002,442,542Orange County Pension Obligations1.679%32,195,288540,559Orange County Board of Education Certificates of Participation1.675%15,500,000260,245Municipal Water District of Orange County Water Facilities Corporation2.008%7,775,000156,122Huntington Beach Union High School District Certificates of Participation11.780%59,921,0907,058,704Fountain Valley School District Certificates of Participation73.116%7,585,0005,545,849Ocean View School District Certificates of Participation0.963%15,720,000151,384City of Fountain Valley Certificates of Participation0.963%15,720,000151,384City of Fountain Valley Certificates of Participation0.963%15,720,00087,600,000S 292,932,37824,915,405156,122156,122156,122TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT Less: MWDOC Water Facilities Corporation (100% self-supporting) TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT100.000%\$3,630,000OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):100.000%\$3,630,0003,630,000TOTAL GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT TOTAL DEBT\$ 87,600,000\$ 117,153,850GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2)\$ 125,913,850			\$ 1,501,909,057	φ 97,500,115
Orange County General Fund Obligations1.679%145,476,0002,442,542Orange County Pension Obligations1.679%32,195,288540,559Orange County Board of Education Certificates of Participation1.675%15,500,000260,245Municipal Water District of Orange County Water Facilities Corporation2.008%7,775,000156,122Huntington Beach Union High School District Certificates of Participation11.780%59,921,0907,058,704Fountain Valley School District Certificates of Participation73.116%7,585,0005,545,849Ocean View School District Certificates of Participation0.963%15,720,000151,384City of Fountain Valley Certificates of Participation0.963%15,720,000151,384City of Fountain Valley Certificates of Participation0.963%15,720,00087,600,000S 292,932,37824,915,405156,122\$ 24,759,283OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT Less: MWDOC Water Facilities Corporation (100% self-supporting)100.000%\$3,630,0003,630,000TOTAL DIRECT DEBT\$ 24,759,283\$ 117,153,850\$ 116,997,728OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):100.000%\$3,630,000\$ 116,997,728GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2)\$ 125,913,850\$ 116,997,728	DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:			
Orange County Pension Obligations1.679%32,195,288540,559Orange County Board of Education Certificates of Participation1.675%15,500,000260,245Municipal Water District of Orange County Water Facilities Corporation2.008%7,775,000156,122Huntington Beach Union High School District Certificates of Participation11.780%59,921,0907,058,704Fountain Valley School District Certificates of Participation73.116%7,585,0005,545,849Ocean View School District Certificates of Participation0.963%15,720,000151,384City of Fountain Valley Certificates of Participation100.000%8,7600,00087,600,000TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT Less: MWDOC Water Facilities Corporation (100% self-supporting)24,915,405156,122OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):100.000%\$3,630,0003,630,000TOTAL GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT TOTAL DEBT\$ 87,600,000\$ 117,153,850GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2)\$ 125,913,850		1.679%	145,476,000	2,442,542
Orange County Board of Education Certificates of Participation1.675%15,500,000260,245Municipal Water District of Orange County Water Facilities Corporation2.008%7,775,000156,122Huntington Beach Union High School District Certificates of Participation11.780%59,921,0907,058,704Fountain Valley School District Certificates of Participation73.116%7,585,0005,545,849Ocean View School District Certificates of Participation0.963%15,720,000151,384City of Fountain Valley Certificates of Participation100.000%8,760,00087,600,000\$ 292,932,37824,915,405156,122156,122TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT Less: MWDOC Water Facilities Corporation (100% self-supporting) TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT24,915,405OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):100.000%\$3,630,0003,630,000TOTAL GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (Successor Agency):\$117,153,850\$117,153,850GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2)\$ 125,913,850		1.679%		540,559
Huntington Beach Union High School District Certificates of Participation11.780%59,921,0907,058,704Fountain Valley School District Certificates of Participation73.116%7,585,0005,545,849Ocean View School District Certificates of Participation0.963%15,720,000151,384City of Fountain Valley Certificates of Participation0.963%15,720,00087,600,000S292,932,37824,915,405TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT Less: MWDOC Water Facilities Corporation (100% self-supporting) TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT24,915,405OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):100.000%\$3,630,0003,630,000TOTAL GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT TOTAL DEBT\$ 87,600,000\$ 117,153,850GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2)\$ 125,913,850		1.675%	15,500,000	260,245
Huntington Beach Union High School District Certificates of Participation11.780%59,921,0907,058,704Fountain Valley School District Certificates of Participation73.116%7,585,0005,545,849Ocean View School District Certificates of Participation0.963%15,720,000151,384City of Fountain Valley Certificates of Participation0.963%15,720,00087,600,000S292,932,37824,915,405TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT Less: MWDOC Water Facilities Corporation (100% self-supporting) TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT24,915,405OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):100.000%\$3,630,0003,630,000TOTAL GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT TOTAL DEBT\$ 87,600,000\$ 117,153,850GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2)\$ 125,913,850		2.008%	7,775,000	156,122
Ocean View School District Certificates of Participation0.963%15,720,000151,384City of Fountain Valley Certificates of Participation100.000%8,760,00087,600,000TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT Less: MWDOC Water Facilities Corporation (100% self-supporting) TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT24,915,405OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):100.000%\$3,630,000TOTAL DIRECT DEBT TOTAL GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT\$ 87,600,000S\$117,153,850GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2)\$ 125,913,850		11.780%	59,921,090	7,058,704
City of Fountain Valley Certificates of Participation100.000%8,760,00087,600,000S292,932,37824,915,405Less: MWDOC Water Facilities Corporation (100% self-supporting) TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT156,122S24,759,283OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):100.000%\$3,630,000TOTAL DIRECT DEBT TOTAL GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT\$ 87,600,000TOTAL ORDSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT\$ 117,153,850GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2)\$ 125,913,850	Fountain Valley School District Certificates of Participation	73.116%	7,585,000	5,545,849
Image: Solution of the second state of the second	Ocean View School District Certificates of Participation	0.963%	15,720,000	151,384
TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT Less: MWDOC Water Facilities Corporation (100% self-supporting) TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT24,915,405 156,122 \$ 24,759,283OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):100.000%\$3,630,000TOTAL DIRECT DEBT TOTAL GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT\$ 87,600,000TOTAL ORDSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT\$ 117,153,850GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2)\$ 125,913,850	City of Fountain Valley Certificates of Participation	100.000%	8,760,000	87,600,000
Less: MWDOC Water Facilities Corporation (100% self-supporting) TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT156,122 \$OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):100.000%\$3,630,0003,630,000TOTAL DIRECT DEBT TOTAL GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT TOTAL NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2)\$\$87,600,000GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2)\$\$\$117,153,850\$\$\$116,997,728\$\$\$125,913,850			\$ 292,932,378	
TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT\$ 24,759,283OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):100.000%\$3,630,000TOTAL DIRECT DEBT TOTAL GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT TOTAL NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2)\$ 117,153,850GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2)\$ 125,913,850	TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT			24,915,405
OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency): 100.000% \$3,630,000 3,630,000 TOTAL DIRECT DEBT \$ 87,600,000 \$ \$ 87,600,000 \$ TOTAL GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT \$ 117,153,850 \$ 117,153,850 \$ 116,997,728 \$ 116,997,728 GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2) \$ 125,913,850 \$ 125,913,850 \$ 125,913,850 \$ 125,913,850	Less: MWDOC Water Facilities Corporation (100% self-supporting)			156,122
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT \$ 87,600,000 TOTAL GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT \$ 117,153,850 TOTAL NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT \$ 116,997,728 GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2) \$ 125,913,850	TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT			\$ 24,759,283
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT \$ 87,600,000 TOTAL GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT \$ 117,153,850 TOTAL NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT \$ 116,997,728 GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2) \$ 125,913,850				
TOTAL GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT\$ 117,153,850TOTAL NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT\$ 116,997,728GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2)\$ 125,913,850	OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):	100.000%	\$3,630,000	3,630,000
TOTAL GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT\$ 117,153,850TOTAL NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT\$ 116,997,728GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2)\$ 125,913,850	TOTAL DIDECT DEDT			¢ 97.700.000
TOTAL NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT \$ 116,997,728 GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2) \$ 125,913,850				
GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2) \$ 125,913,850				
	IOTAL NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			\$ 116,997,728
NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT	GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT (2)			\$ 125,913,850
φ 125,77,25	NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			\$ 125,757,728

(1) Percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the city divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.

(2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

Ratios to 2013-14 Assessed Valuation:

Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	1.31%
Total Direct Debt (\$8,760,000)	0.12%
Gross Combined Total Debt	1.70%
Net Combined Total Debt	1.69%
Ratios to Redevelopment Incremental Valuation (\$1132848165): Total Overlapping Tax Increment Debt	0.32%

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc. (July 31, 2014)

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

Last Nine Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year E	nded June 30,	
	2006	2007	2008	2009
Assessed valuation	\$ 5,607,231,443	\$ 6,072,186,227	\$ 6,594,781,370	\$ 6,670,904,645
Conversion percentage	25%	25%	25%	25%
Adjusted assessed valuation	1,401,807,861	1,518,046,557	1,648,695,343	1,667,726,161
Debt limit percentage	15%	15%	15%	15%
Debt limit	210,271,179	227,706,984	247,304,301	250,158,924
Total net debt applicable to limitation: General obligation bonds				
Legal debt margin	\$ 210,271,179	\$ 227,706,984	\$ 247,304,301	\$ 250,158,924
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

The City of Fountain Valley has elected to show only nine years of data for this schedule.

The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The computations shown above reflect a conversion of assessed valuation data for each fiscal year that was in effect at the time that the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the state.

Sources: Orange County Assessor's Office City Finance Department

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,								
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014				
\$ 6,770,384,059	\$ 6,981,312,734	\$ 7,036,900,784	\$ 7,164,372,762	\$ 7,426,581,220				
25%	25%	25%	25%	25%				
1,692,596,015	1,745,328,184	1,759,225,196	1,791,093,191	1,856,645,305				
15%	15%	15%	15%	15%				
253,889,402	261,799,228	263,883,779	268,663,979	278,496,796				
\$ 253,889,402	\$ 261,799,228	\$ 263,883,779	\$ 268,663,979	\$ 278,496,796				
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%				

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE

Last Nine Fiscal Years

			Tax Alloca	ation Bo	onds		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Tax Increment	Debt Principal		Service Interest		Coverage	
2006	\$ 6,065,995	\$	1,235,000	\$	728,678	3.(09
2007	6,241,917		1,285,000		680,513	3.1	18
2008	7,086,966		1,335,000		629,113	3.0	51
2009	7,170,290		1,390,000		575,713	3.0	65
2010	7,477,137		1,445,000		518,773	3.8	81
2011	7,484,250		1,510,000		457,310	3.8	80
2012	4,245,463		1,570,000		392,380	2.1	16
2013	1,926,400		1,640,000		323,300	0.9	98
2014	1,925,055		1,715,000		210,055	1.0	00

Notes:

The City of Fountain Valley has elected to show only nine years of data for this schedule.

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

Beginning with fiscal year 2013, the "Tax Increment" amount represents the deposit into the successor Agency's Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPTTF) by the County Auditor-Controller. The deposit in the RPTTF is used to paying to the Successor Agency the amounts due on the Successor Agency's enforceable obligations for the upcoming six-month period.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Population (1)	Personal Income nillions) (2)	Per Capita Personal ncome (2)	Unemployment Rate (3)
2005	57,149	\$ 133,032	\$ 44,453	3.10%
2006	57,405	14,700	45,638	3.00%
2007	57,475	147,800	45,969	4.80%
2008	57,925	154,800	48,523	7.70%
2009	58,309	161,700	49,298	11.90%
2010	58,741	145,100	44,789	12.10%
2011 *	55,313	159,000	50,372	11.80%
2012	56,153	168,800	51,770	9.60%
2013	56,464	172,400	53,320	9.20%
2014	56,707	180,700	56,697	7.10%

Sources:

(1) California State Department of Finance/2013 U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics: City of F.V, (estimates: last updated 2014)

(2) California Department of Transportation - Division of Planning (data shown is forecasted for Orange County: last updated 9/2014

(3) State of California Employment Development Department/U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (last updated 9/2014)

* State of California, Department of Finance, E-4 Estimates for Cities, Counties and the State, 2001-2010, with 2000 & 2010 Census Counts. Sacramento, CA Sept. 2011

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	20)14	2	.005
Employer	Number of Employees	Percent of Total Employment (1)	Number of Employees	Percent of Total Employment (2)
Fountain Valley Regional Hospital	1,667	7.79%	1744	N/A
Orange Coast Memorial Medical Center	967	4.52%	880	N/A
Kingston Technology Corporation	651	3.04%	738	N/A
Memorial Health Services	554	2.59%	N/A	N/A
Surefire, LLC	422	1.97%	350	N/A
*Hyundai Motor America	421	1.97%	406	N/A
Snelling	382	1.78%	N/A	N/A
Costco Wholesale, # 411	322	1.50%	399	N/A
Ceridian Tax Service, Inc.	285	1.33%	513	N/A
Sam's Club #6615	264	1.23%	N/A	N/A
Manor Care of Fountain Valley	204	0.95%	N/A	N/A
D-Link Systems, Inc.	192	0.90%	281	N/A
Holly Graphics			350	N/A
Fry's Electronics			292	N/A
Coastline Community College			200	N/A
Ultimate Maintenance Service			200	N/A

(1) Excludes transient business including: Landscape/gardeners, pool, contractors, pest control.

(2) Historical Percent values for whole city are not available until 2006

* Business license temporarily inactive in Fountain Valley due to construction of new building, Hyundai will return 2013-14

FULL-TIME CITY EMPLOYEES BY DEPARTMENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years

_				Fise	cal Year Ei	nded June 3	30,			
Department	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Administration	4.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
City Clerk	4.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0
Finance	14.0	14.0	15.0	15.0	12.0	11.0	11.0	10.6	10.6	10.6
Information services	*	*	*	*	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Personnel	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5
Planning/Building	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
Public works	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0
Field services	50.0	48.0	48.0	45.0	45.0	32.0	31.5	32.0	31.0	28.0
Fire	50.0	47.0	47.0	47.0	47.0	43.0	43.0	43.0	43.0	43.0
Police	92.0	90.0	89.0	89.0	89.0	78.0	78.0	78.0	79.0	85.0
Community services	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	4.0	5.0	5.0	6.0	6.0
Utilities (water and sew	14.0	17.0	17.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
Total	257.0	251.0	251.0	252.0	252.0	215.5	217.0	218.1	219.1	223.1

* Information services in prior years was included in the Finance Department Building Department was part of the Fire Department prior to 2010

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year End	led June 30,	
Function	2005	2006	2007	2008
Police:				
Arrests	1,736	1,764	2,380	2,230
Parking citations issued	11,230	10,134	12,532	11,534
Fire:				
Number of emergency calls	4,142	4,064	4,247	4,661
Inspections	13,700	14,000	16,033	12,890
Public works:				
Street resurfacing (miles)	20	20	22	26
Parks and recreation:				
Number of recreation classes	629	738	752	1,098
Number of facility rentals	151	289	172	184
Water:				
New connections Average daily consumption	1,306	1,046	1,119	1,027
(thousands of gallons)	12,209	12,230	10,340	10,064

		Fiscal Year End	led June 30,		
2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
2,134	2,037	1,779	1,563	1,649	1,636
10,550	9,562	8,143	8,138	7,209	7,373
5,042	4,260	4,260	4,366	4,557	4,638
11,582	13,346	16,126	7,902	7,885	2,542
14	11	11	14	11	ç
-	1,140 453	1,169 1,760	1,143 1,642	1,257 1,108	1,103 3,768
-		1,700	1,042	1,100	5,700
1,080	1,512	399	107	21	340
8,866	8,222	7,995	8,110	7,775	7,870

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year End	led June 30,	
Function	2005	2006	2007	2008
Police:				
Stations	1	1	1	1
Fire:				
Fire stations	2	2	2	2
Public works:				
Street (miles)	141.30	141.30	141.30	141.30
Streetlights**	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Traffic signals	49	53	52	52
Parks and recreation:				
Parks	19	19	19	19
Community centers	2	2	2	2
Water:				
Water mains (miles) Maximum daily capacity	183.80	183.80	184.00	184.00
(thousands of gallons)	18,000,000	18,000,000	18,000,000	18,000,000

**Streetlights are owned by So. Cal Edison

			Fiscal Year End		
2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2
165.00	165.00	141.30	141.30	141.30	141.30
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
54	53	53	53	53	53
20	20	20	20	20	20
2	2	2	2	2	2
202.00	202.00	187.00	187.00	185.00	185.00
13,500,000	13,500,000	12,500,000	15,000,000	18,000,000	8,000,000

(THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK)